

1.1.1: The Institution ensures effective curriculum planning and delivery through a well-planned and documented process including Academic calendar and conduct of continuous internal Assessment.

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PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Lr No: AVIH/2022-23/Committee/2

Date: 12/08/2022

The principal is pleased to appoint the following faculties as members of Institute Academic Committee for the Academic Year 2022-23. They are directed to take up the assignment and extend their support for the smooth conduct of Institute Academic Committee as per the guidelines.

Institute Academic Committee

SI.No	Name	Designation	Signature /
1	Dr.G. Ramachandra Reddy	Principal (Convenor)	ARL
2	Y. Jayapradha	Director (Member)	R
3	Swamy Rao Kulakarni	IQAC Coordinator (Member)	A
4	Dr.S. Kishore Reddy	HOD, ECE (coordinator)	SUX
5	Dr. ShakeerBasha	HOD, CSE (Member)	1 A
6	Dr. Y. Ramesh Babu	HOD, MECH (Member r)	Doull
7	Dr.T. Kranthi Kumar	HOD, EEE (Member)	TILL
8	S. Rajendar	(Member)	SA.
9	K. Nagaraju	HOD, H&S (Member)	Ky
10	E. Prasanna	EEE (Member)	(alab).
11	Dr. N. Ramana Reddy	MBA (Member)	Terece.
12	P. Krishna Murthy Naidu	Librarian (Member)	A unt
13	Syed Mahaboobvali	PD (Member)	Smut

2022-23

Copy to:

- 1. Notice Board
- 2. All the Members



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AVIH/AC/2022-2023/01

Date: 16-08-2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform all the staff members that Institute Academic Committee will be meeting on 18th August 2022 at10.00 AM in the Principal's chamber to discuss the following agenda. All members are requested to attend the meeting without fail.

Agenda:

1. Preparation of Academic Calendar for the A.Y 2022-2023

2. Preparation of Faculty workloads.

- 3. Preparation of Semester Time Tables.
- 4. Discussions on utilization of Library Resources.
- 5. Certificate Courses/Internship Courses.
- 6. Discussions on Training and Placements.
- 7. Sports Activities.
- 8. R&D Activities.
- 9. Self-Appraisal form.
- 10. Discussions on FFC.
- 11. Discussions on AISHE.

12.Discussion on setting of level for CO & PO attainment.

- 13. Discussions on Research Committees.
- 14. Review on the feedback obtained from various stake holders.
- 15. Any other Issues.

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Copy to:

- 1. All HODs
- 2.IQAC coordinator
- 3.All the Committee Members

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MINUTES OF THE INSTITUTE ACADEMIC COMMITTEE

The Institute Academic Committee meeting was held on 18 August 2022 at 10AM in Principal's chamber. The principal welcomed the staff and briefed on the above objective of the Institute Academic Committee meeting. The principal started the deliberations by discussing the Academic issues and emphasized the need to concentrate on new University regulations.

Item-1:

• Preparation of Academic of calendar for A.Y. 2022-2023

Resolution:

- Swamy Rao Kulakarni, IQAC Coordinator prepared the Academic calendar based on the calendar provided by the University and issued it to the Department Heads of the college.
- Department wise Academic calendars were prepared by the HODs of every department based on the calendar and submitted it to principal for further approval.

Item-2:

· Preparation of Faculty workloads

Resolution:

 Department wise faculty workloads were prepared by the HODs of every department based on the curriculum and submitted it to principal for approval.

Item-3:

Preparation of Semester Time tables

Resolution:

• Department wise semester Time tables were prepared by the HODs of every department based on the curriculum and submitted it to principal for approval.

Item-4:

· Discussions on utilization of Library Resources

Resolution:

 HODs of all the departments instructed the students to utilize Library Resources and advised the Librarian to purchase books if necessary and make them available for students and faculty members.

Item 5:

Certificate Courses/Internship Courses

Resolutions:

• The members suggested that every student should complete two internships. One during summer vacation and the other during the semester break. It is also advised to undertake internships from MOU organizations

Item-6:

Training and Placements

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Resolutions:

 TPO has to submit the training program schedules for each department and the department HODs should include the given schedule in the upcoming semester time tables and send it to principal for approval.

Item-7:

Sports Activities

Resolutions:

• The Sports Schedule should be submitted by the Physical Director to the entire department HODs for sports hour in the time table.

Item-8:

R&D Activities

Resolutions:

 Every faculty in the institution should get involved in various R&D activities such as publishing paper in renowned journals with high quality index, publishing books, participating in workshops/ FDPs, filing patents under the guidance of Doctorates present in the college.

Item-9:

• Self Appraisal form

Resolutions:

• Every faculty working in the institution should undergo the process of self performance evaluation under the supervision of their HOD, at least once in a year and will be allowed to opt for self appraisal forms as per the norms of the institution.

Item-10:

Discussions on FFC

Resolutions:

• Detailed information on different parameters such as student's data, faculty data, infrastructural information, financial information etc., should be formulated and updated as per the requirements of FFC (Fact Finding Committee).

Item-11:

Discussions on AISHE

Resolutions:

• Detailed information on different parameters such as student's data, faculty information, infrastructural information, financial related information etc should be formulated and updated as required by AISHE.

Item-12:

Discussion on setting of level for CO & PO attainment.

Resolutions:

- The staff members have proposed to keep 50% marks as CO benchmark for Internal examinations and 26 marks out of 75 for external Examinations.
- It was approved to follow below thumb rule to calculate attainment
- 50 to 60% level 1

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- 60% to 70% level 2
- 70% to 80 % level 3

Item-13:

· Discussions on Research committees

Resolutions:

 Research committees should be formed to look over and maintain a record for the proceedings of the research activities happening in the Institution.

Item-14:

• Any other Issues

Resolutions:

- The IQAC coordinator instructed all the departments to maintain updated Stock registers, Maintenance Registers, Complaint Registers, etc of all the laboratories duly verified by the committee.
- It was also resolved after the discussion that all the departments should follow IQAC Audit Action Taken Report.
- The IQAC coordinator instructed all the departments to maintain updated Stock registers, Maintenance Registers, Complaint Registers, etc of all the laboratories duly verified by the committee.
- IQAC coordinator informed all the faculty to submit the AQAR for the academic year 2022-23.

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Attendance sheet:

SI.No	Name	Designation	Signature
1	Dr.G. Ramachandra Reddy	Principal (Convenor)	GANL
2	Y. Jayapradha	Director (Member)	D
3	Swamy Rao Kulakarni	IQAC Coordinator (Member)	A
4	Dr.S. Kishore Reddy	HOD, ECE (coordinator)	Set
5	Dr. ShakeerBasha	HOD, CSE (Member)	A Contraction of the second se
6	Dr.Y. Ramesh Babu	HOD, MECH (Member r)	North
7	Dr.T. Kranthi Kumar	HOD, EEE (Member)	Tutt
8	S. Rajendar	(Member)	SP
9	K. Nagaraju	HOD, H&S (Member)	Wix
10	E. Prasanna	EEE (Member)	(aland).
11	Dr. N. Ramana Reddy	MBA (Member)	tere.
12	P. Krishna Murthy Naidu	Librarian (Member)	AA MA
13	Syed Mahaboobvali	PD (Member)	Sound

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Date: 20/08/2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform that the Department Academic Committee (DAC) will be held on 22th August 2022 at 3:30PM in the principal chamber. All members are requested to attend the meeting without fail.

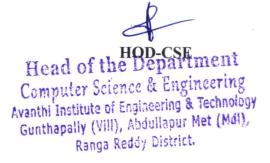
Agenda:

- 1. Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.
- 2. Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.
- 3. Workload and Time table preparation.
- 4. Review on CRT classes and placements.
- 5. Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.
- 6. Student workshops.
- 7. Projects of IV CSE Students.
- 8. Internship training programs
- 9. Review on the Feedback received by various stake holders.
- 10. Value added Courses.
- 11. Any other relevant point.

Copy To:

- 1. Principal Office.
- 2. DAC Members.
- 3. Department file.

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Minutes of the Meeting:

The following committee met on 22/08/2022 at Principal's chamber and discussed on following agenda.

Item-1:

• Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.

Resolution:

HOD-CSE assessed 2021-22 academic year results. All the faculty members who
met the target of 85 percentages or more appreciated by the committee for
outstanding achievement. Those who failed to achieve the 85-percentage target were
reprimanded by the committee and were asked to step up their efforts.

Item-2:

• Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and industry.

Resolution:

- Mr. Dr. M. Prasad Rao suggested to bring the students to industrial visits regularly to bridge the gap between academic and industry.
- HOD-CSE proposed to organize regular industrial visits for the students in reputed companies like Infosys,BHEL,NRSC, etc
- Mr M. Shireesha has been appointed as the faculty in-charge for arranging guest lecturers for the students regularly.
- Mr U. Uma has been appointed as the overall lab in-charge for conducting of additional experiments in all laboratories.

Item-3:

• Workload and Time table preparation.

Resolution:

- Mrs. Dr. T. Lalitha Saroja has been assigned the role of timetable and workload incharge for the current semester.
- HOD-CSE suggested allotting the workload to the faculty as per the curriculum of the current semester. Also suggested preparing of the timetable for the current semester.
 Workloads and timetables for the current semester is prepared according to interest

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shown by the staff.

Item-4:

• Review on CRT classes and placements

Resolution:

- Mr Dr. Abdul Ahad Afroz has been appointed as CRT in charge for smooth running Of classes.
- Ms.P. Haimavathi has been appointed as training and placement in-charge to regular follow up the students.
- HOD advised Students who cleared all the subjects and secured CGPA above 7 should enroll for Pega Academic Program. All the remaining students should attend CRT classed conducted by the college.
- The coordinator informed the faculty members to organize various activities in the form of Competitions, Guest lectures, Career guidance, Entrepreneurship programs etc for the students to improve their knowledge, skills and keep them abreast with the changing demands of the companies.
- The DAC has taken stock of the placement record of the institute. All those students who were placed in prestigious MNCs and the faculty members behind them were praised by the committee for their achievement. The committee has advised the placement cell of the institute to augment their efforts in up-skilling the present lot of students to meet the demands of the job market and improve the placement record. All the students should attend CRT classes conducted by the FACE ACADEMY. All the students avail the internships provided by SASHAKT HR Services PVT. Ltd. MANAC infotech pvt ltd etc.

Item-5:

• Providing guidelines to organize FDPs

Resolution:

- Mrs A. Sravani has been appointed as the faculty in charge for conducting FDPs, for which the attendance of the staff members is mandatory.
- HOD-CSE advised the faculty members to attend at least one FDP organized by AJCTE/ IIT/ NIT/ Universities and informed each and every faculty to enroll in PRINCIPAL

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NPTEL courses and to complete certification. He further stated about the provision of research incentives to the faculty involved in research and development activities as per the research promotion policy of the college in order to promote research culture and encourage faculty to involve in research activities. Discussions were carried out on the learning activities conducted by the faculty members in the last semesters.

Item-6:

• Student workshops

Resolution:

• Mrs A.Sravani has been appointed as the faculty in charge for organizing workshop

HOD-CSE suggested organizing training programs on in-demand skills for both teaching and non-teaching staff of department.

Item-7:

• Electives as per CBCS

Resolution:

• Dr Shakeer Basha, HOD, speaking about Choice Based Credit System informed all the faculty to give choice to the students to choose the Open electives. He also informed that the Professional electives are very useful for higher education and placement purposes and informed faculty members to encourage students in this direction.

Item-8:

Value added Courses

Resolution:

 HOD proposed that the department should include three values added courses not mentioned in the curriculum in addition to the regular courses to improve students' employability.

Item-9:

• Academic Projects for B. Tech students.

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Resolution:

• The committee has advised the department staff members to identify the scope of projects in latest trends.

ltem-10:

• Any other relevant point

Resolution:

 The DAC appreciated the efforts of the management for organizing online yoga sessions and psychological counseling for students by experts. They felt that such programs help the student's battle mental issues and stress during the times of uncertainty.

List of DAC members attended:

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Role	Signature
1	Dr. G. Ramachandra Reddy	Principal	Chair Person	-GRA
2	Dr. Shaik Shakeerbasha	HOD	Member	- Cro
3	Dr. M. Prasad Rao	Associate Professor	Academic Member	M. Basalto
4	Dr. K.Suri Babu	Associate Professor	Academic Member	OF
5	Dr. Shahebaz Ahmad Khan	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Alt
6	Dr. T. Lalitha Saroja	Associate Professor	Academic Member	D. Saraja
7	Dr. Abdul Ahad Afroz	Associate Professor	Academic Member	Afroz-
8	A. Sravani	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Snowin
9	M. Shieesha	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Bei
10	L. Shiva Shankar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Dauf
11	S. Rajender	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	St
12	U. Uma	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	and .
13	P. Haimavathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	H.
14	Y. Satish Kumar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Jon
16	Dr. Hameeda Shaik	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Le
17	N.Pavani	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	N-Pavapi

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HOD-CSE Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl),



DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING

Date: 22/08/2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform that the Department Academic Committee (DAC) will be held on 24th August 2022 at 3:00PM in the HOD chamber. All members are requested attend the meeting without fail.

Agenda:

- 1. Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.
- 2. Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.
- 3. Workload and time table preparation.
- 4. Electives as per CBCS
- 5. Review on CRT classes and placements.
- 6. Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.
- 7. Student workshops.
- 8. Suggestions on Internship programs.
- 9. Value added Courses.
- 10. Review of Feedback by various stakeholders.
- 11. Projects for IV-ECE Students
- 12. Any other relevant point.

Copy To:

- 1. Principal Office
- 2. DAC Member

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



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Minutes of the Meeting:

The following committee met on 24/08/2022 at HOD's chamber and discussed on following agenda.

Item-1:

• Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.

Resolution:

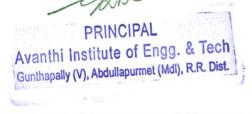
 HOD-ECE assessed 2021-22 academic year results. All the faculty members who met the 85 percentages or more appreciated by the committee for outstanding achievement. Those who failed to achieve above 70-percentage were reprimanded by the committee and were asked to step up their efforts.

Item-2:

• Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry

Resolution:

- Mr. Dr. J. Bangaru Siddhartha suggested to bring the students to industrial visits regularly to bridge the gap between academic and industry.
- HOD-ECE proposed to organize regular industrial visits for the students in reputed companies like BSNL, NRSC etc.
- Mr. Dr.G. Chandrashekar has been appointed as the faculty in-charge for arranging guest lecturers for the students regularly.
- Mr. Dr. V. Nagaraju has been appointed as the overall lab in-charge for smooth conducting of experiments in all laboratories.





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Item-3:

• Workload and Time table preparation.

Resolution:

- Mrs. M.Yamini has been assigned the role of timetable and workload in-charge for the current semester.
- HOD-ECE suggested allotting the workload to the faculty as per the curriculum of the current semester, also suggested preparing of the timetable for the current semester.
 Workloads and Timetables for the current semester are prepared according to interest shown by the staff.

Item-4:

• Review on CRT classes and placements.

Resolution:

- Mrs. T.Padmavathi has been appointed as CRT in charge for smooth running of classes.
- Mr. S.Saidireddy has been appointed as training and placement in-charge to regular follow up the students.
- HOD advised Students who cleared all the subjects and secured CGPA above 7 should enroll for Pega Academic Program. Students who cleared all subjects and obtained CGPA between 6 and 7 should enroll for Full Stack Training Program. All the remaining students should attend CRT classed conducted by the college. The coordinator informed the faculty members to organize various activities in the form of Competitions, Guest lectures, Career guidance, Entrepreneurship programs etc for the students to improve their knowledge, skills and keep them with the changing demands of the companies.

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• The DAC has taken stock of the placement record of the institute. All those students who were placed in prestigious MNCs and the faculty members behind them were praised by the committee for their achievement The committee has advised the placement cell of the institute to augment their efforts in up-skilling the present lot of students to meet the demands of the job market and improve the placement record. All the students should attend CRT classes conducted by the FACE ACADEMY. All the students avail the internships provided by SASHAKT HR Services PVT. Ltd, MANAC infotech pvt ltd.

Item-5:

• Providing guidelines to organize FDPs

Resolution:

- Dr. G. Sai Kumar has been appointed as the faculty in charge for conducting FDPs, for which the attendance of the staff members is mandatory.
- HOD-ECE advised the faculty members to attend at least one FDP organized by AICTE/ IIT/ NIT/ Universities and informed each and every faculty to enroll in NPTEL courses and to complete certification. He further stated about the research incentives to the faculty involved in Research and Development activities as per the research Promotion Policy of the college in order to promote research culture and to encourage faculty to involve in research activities. Discussions were carried out on the learning activities conducted by the faculty members in the last semester.

Item-6:

• Student workshops.

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Resolution:

• Mr. R. Laxmikanth has been appointed as the faculty in charge for organizing workshop

And instructed to collaborate with MNC's for better outcomes.

• HOD-ECE suggested organizing training programs on in-demand skills for both teaching and non-teaching staff of department.

Item-7:

• Suggestions on certification programs.

Resolution:

• The committee believed various certification programs will enable students to confidently face the challenges of the changing job market. Hence, it is advised that training in add-on courses should be made compulsory for all the students by arranging guest lectures.

Item-8:

• Value added Courses.

Resolution:

 HOD proposed that department should include three value added courses not mentioned in the curriculum in addition to the regular courses to improve student's employability.

Item-9:

• Electives as per CBCS

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Resolution:

Dr S. Kishore Reddy, HOD, speaking about Choice Based Credit System informed all the faculty to give choice to the students to choose the Open electives. He also informed that the Professional electives are very useful for higher education and placement purposes and informed faculty members to encourage students in this direction.

Item-10:

Academic Projects for B. Tech students. .

Resolution:

The committee has advised the department staff members to identify the scope of . projects in latest trends.

Item-11:

Any other relevant point.

Resolution:

The DAC appreciated the efforts of the management for organizing online yoga sessions and psychological counseling for students by experts. They felt that such programs help the students battle mental issues and stress during the times of uncertainty.

List of DAC members attended:

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Role	Signature
1	Dr. G.Ramachandra Reddy	Principal	Chair Person	-Carl
2	Dr. S. Kishore Reddy	HOD	coordinator	- CV
3	Dr. G.Sai Kumar	Associate Professor	Academic Member	Ser0
4	Dr. J. Bangaru Siddhartha	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	BL
5	Dr. G. Chandrashekar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Gelel

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6	Dr. M. Satyanarayana	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	No la
7	Dr. V Nagaraju	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	(V.NSB)
8	D.Neelakanteswara	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Neelate.
9	O.Mounika	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	ture
10	S. SaidiReddy	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	ANT
11	T. Padmavathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	padmavathi
12	R. Laxmikanth	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Lapmikenth
13	G. Srinivas	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Simu
14	V. Nagaswathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Ano
15	M.Yamini	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Alt
16	B. Kalpana	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Kalft

Head of the Department

Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapolly (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Date: 24/08/2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform that the Department Academic Committee (DAC) will be held on 26th August 2022 at 3:00PM in the HOD chamber. All members are requested to attend the meeting without fail.

Agenda:

- 1. Reviews of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.
- 2. Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.
- 3. Target value Refinement of PO's and PSO's attainments.
- 4. Workload and Time table preparation.
- 5. Review on CRT classes and placements.
- 6. Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.
- 7. Student workshops.
- 8. Suggestions on Add-on courses.
- 9. Projects for IV-EEE Students
- 10. Review of Feedback received by various stakeholders.
- 11. Any other relevant point.

Copy To:

- 1. Principal Office
- 2. DAC Members

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

HOD-EEE Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (Approved by AICTE, Recg. By Govt. of T.S & Affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad)



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Minutes of the Meeting:

The following committee met on 26/08/2022 at HOD's chamber and discussed on following agenda.

Item-1:

• Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.

Resolution:

• HOD-EEE assessed 2021-22 academic year results. All the faculty members who met the 80 percentages or more appreciated by the committee for outstanding achievement. Those who failed to achieve the 80% were reprimanded by the committee and were asked to step up their efforts.

Item-2:

• Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.

Resolution:

- Mr. Dr. M. Surender Reddy suggested to bring the students to industrial visits regularly to bridge the gap between academic and industry.
- Mr. Chandra Shekar has been appointed as the faculty in-charge of industrial visits to bring the students to reputed organizations like, BHEL, Masqati Dairy, T-Hub, TCS.etc.
- Mr. Dr.S. Srikanth Reddy has been appointed as the faculty in-charge for arranging guest lecturers for the students regularly.

Item-3:

• Target value Refinement of PO's and PSO's attainments.

Resolution:

• Committee discussed and observed PO's and PSO's target levels to reach to satisfactory level.

Item-4:

• Workload and Timetable preparation.

Resolution:

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

• Mr. M. Satish Kumar has been assigned the role of timetable and workload incharge for the current semester. HOD-EEE allotted the workload to the faculty as



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per the curriculum of the current semester, also suggested to prepare the timetable for the current semester. Workloads and Timetables for the current semester is prepared.

Item-5:

• Review of CRT classes and placements.

Resolution:

- Mrs. M. Ragini has been appointed as CRT In charge of the smooth running of classes.
- HOD-EEE suggested students to undergo company specific training for the job aspirants. All the remaining students should attend CRT classes conducted by the college.
- The coordinator informed the faculty members to organize various activities in the form of Competitions, Guest lectures, Career guidance, Entrepreneurship programmes etc. for the students to improve their knowledge, skills and keep them abreast with the changing demands of the companies.
- The DAC has taken stock of the placement record of the institute. All those students who were placed in prestigious MNCs and the faculty members behind them were praised by the committee for their achievement. The committee has advised the placement cell of the institute to augment their efforts in up-skilling the present lot of students to meet the demands of the job market and improve the placement record.

Item-6:

• Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.

Resolution:

- Mr. Dr. S. Srikanth Reddy has been appointed as the faculty in charge for conducting FDPs, for which the attendance of the staff members is mandatory.
- HOD-EEE suggested conducting at least one FDP on the latest topics organized by AICTE I IIT/ NIT Universities and informed every faculty to enrol in NPTEL courses.
- The emphasis should be on bridging the knowledge gaps and re-skilling of the faculty members. Experts from industry and academia have to guide the faculty members in updating their knowledge, skill set and the teaching methodologies. He further stated about the provision of research incentives to the faculty involved in research and development activates as per research promotion policy of the college in order to encourage faculty in research activities.

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology of Engg. & Tech Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abduilapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Item-7:

• Student workshops.

Resolution:

- Mr. M. Shankar has been appointed as the faculty in charge for organizing workshop.
- HOD-EEE suggested organizing training programs on in-demand skills for both teaching and non-teaching staff of the department.

Item-8:

• Suggestions on Add-on courses.

Resolution:

• The committee believed that add-on courses and various certification programs will enable students to confidently face the challenges of the changing job market. Hence, it is advised that training in add-on courses should be made compulsory for all the students by arranging guest lectures.

Item-9:

• Academic Projects for B. Tech students.

Resolution:

• The committee has advised the department staff members to identify the scope of projects in latest trends.

Item-10:

• Electives as per CBCS

Resolution:

• Dr T.Kranthi Kumar HOD, speaking about Choice Based Credit System informed all the faculty to give choice to the students to choose the Open electives. He also informed that the Professional electives are very useful for higher education and placement purposes and informed faculty members to encourage students in this direction.

Item-11:

• Any other relevant point

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Resolution:

• The DAC appreciated the efforts of the management for organizing online yoga sessions and psychological counselling for students by experts. They felt that such programs help the students battle mental issues and stress during the times of uncertainty.

List of DAC members attended:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Role	Signature
1	Dr. G. Ramachandra	Principal	Chairperson	CAN
	Reddy			100.0
2	Dr. T. Kranti Kumar	HOD	coordinator	T. Kett
3	E. Prasanna	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	62002.
4	M. Ragini	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	One
5	K. Chandrasekhar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Bu-
6	Dr. M. Surender Reddy	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	R
7	M. Shankar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	2
8	M. Satish Kumar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Salt
9	P. Saraswathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Solm
10	K. Madhavi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Machani
11	U. Ganesh	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Q
12	S. Srikanth Reddy	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	8
13	B. Srikanth	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	B.South
14	G. Pavan Kumar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	P
15	D.Nageshwar Rao	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Orn

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Head of the DEFartment Electrical & Electronics Engine 7 withi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Mei (1944), Ranga Reddy District.



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Date: 23/08/2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform that the Department Academic Committee (DAC) will be held on 25th September 2022 at 3:00PM in the HOD chamber. All members are requested attend the meeting without fail.

Agenda:

- 1. Reviews of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.
- 2. Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.
- 3. Electives as per CBCS.
- 4. Workload and Time table preparation.
- 5. Review on CRT classes and placements.
- 6. Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.
- 7. Student workshops.
- 8. Suggestions on Add on courses.
- 9. Review on feedback received by stakeholders.
- 10. Any other relevant point.

Copy To:

- 1. Principal Office
- 2. DAC Members

PRINCIPAL

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



Minutes of the Meeting:

The following committee met on 25/08/2022 at HOD's chamber and discussed on following agenda.

Item-1:

• Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.

Resolution:

HOD-MECH assessed 2021-22 academic year results. All the faculty members who
met the 80 percentages or more appreciated by the committee for outstanding
achievement. Those who failed to achieve the 80 percentage were reprimanded by
the committee and were asked to step up their efforts.

Item-2:

• Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.

Resolution:

- Mrs. B. Swathi suggested to bling the students to industrial visits regularly to bridge the gap between academic and industry.
- Mr. V. Hari Nayak has been appointed as the faculty in-charge of industrial visits to take the students to reputable organizations like BHEL, PARLE, DRDO etc.
- Mr. M. Venkateshwarlu has been appointed as the faculty in-charge for arranging guest lecturers for the students regularly.
- Mr. V. Prahalad Relangi has been appointed as the overall lab in-charge for conducting additional experiments in all laboratories.

Item-3:

• Target value Refinement of PO's and PSO's attainments.

Resolution:

• Committee discussed and observed PO's and PSO's target levels to reach to satisfactory level.

Item-4:

• Workload and Time table preparation.

Resolution:

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



Resolution:

- Mr. K. Sumanth has been assigned the role of timetable and workload in-charge for the current semester.
- HOD-MECH allotted the workload to the faculty as per the curriculum of the current semester, also suggested to preparing the timetable for the current semester.
- Workloads and Timetables for the current semester is prepared.

Item-5:

• Review on CRT classes and placements.

Resolution:

- Mr. A. Shankar has been appointed as CRT In charge of the smooth running of classes.
- The DAC has taken stock of the placement record of the institute. All those students who were placed in prestigious MNCs and core companies and the faculty members behind them were praised by the committee for their achievement. The committee has advised the placement cell of the institute to augment their efforts in up-skilling the present lot of students to meet the demands of the job market and improve the placement record.

Item-6:

• Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.

Resolution:

- Mrs. A. Swathi has been appointed as the faculty in charge for conducting FDPs, for which the attendance of the staff members is mandatory.
- HOD -MECH suggested conducting of at least two FDPs on the latest topics. The emphasis should be on bridging the knowledge gaps and re-skilling of the faculty members. Experts from the industry and academia have to guide the faculty members in updating their knowledge, skill-set and the teaching methodologies.

Item-7:

• Student workshops

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapaily (V). Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dir



Resolution:

- Mr. A. Shankar has been appointed as the faculty in charge for organizing workshops.
- HOD-MECH suggested organizing programs on in demand skills for both teaching and non-teaching staff of department.

Item-8:

• Electives as per CBCS

Resolution:

• Dr Y. Ramesh babu HOD, speaking about Choice Based Credit System informed all the faculty to give choice to the students to choose the Open electives. He also informed that the Professional electives are very useful for higher education and placement purposes and informed faculty members to encourage students in this direction.

Item-9:

• Academic Projects for B. Tech students.

Resolution:

• The committee has advised the department staff members to identify the scope of projects in latest trends.

•

Item-10:

• Any other relevant point

Resolution:

The DAC appreciated the efforts of the management for organizing online yoga sessions and psychological counseling for students by experts. They felt that such programs help the students battle mental issues and stress during the times of uncertainty.

List of DAC members attended:

S.No.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Role	Signature
1	Dr G. Ramachandra Reddy	Principal	Chair Person	- AAL
2	Y. Ramesh Babu	HOD	Coordinator	apan
		Entrance -	PRINCIPAL	

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech



3	M.Venkateshwarlu	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	mt
4	V.Harinayak	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Henne
5	V. Prahlad Relangi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	PP
6	K.Sumanth	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	
7	B.Swathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	1 ADO
8	A. Swathi	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	Suctor
9	A. Shankar	Assistant Professor	Academic Member	A.Sh

GARL

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

HOD-MECH

Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy Discrict.



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DEPARTMENT OF MBA

Date: 22/08/2022

CIRCULAR

This is to inform that the Department Academic Committee (DAC) will be held on 23rd August 2022 at 12:30PM in the HOD chamber. All members are requested to attend the meeting without fail.

Agenda:

- 1. Reviews of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.
- 2. Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.
- 3. Workload and Time table preparation.
- 4. Review placements.
- 5. Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.
- 6. Electives as per CBCS
- 7. Student workshops.
- 8. Suggestions on Add-on courses.
- 9. Projects for II-MBA Students
- 10. Review on feedback received from various stakeholders.
- 11. Any other relevant point.

Copy To:

- 1. Principal Office
- 2. DAC Members

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Minutes of the Meeting:

The following committee met on 23/08/2022 at HOD's chamber and discussed on following agenda.

Item-1:

• Report of Department progress for the academic year 2021-22.

Resolution:

• HOD MBA assessed 2021-22 academic year results. All the faculty members who met the 80 percentages or more appreciated by the committee for outstanding achievement. Those who failed to achieve the 80% were reprimanded by the committee and were asked to step up their efforts.

Item-2:

• Identify curriculum gaps between Academic and Industry.

Resolution:

- Mr. Dr. N.Ramana Reddy suggested to bring the students to industrial visits regularly to bridge the gap between academic and industry.
- Mr. D.Manikanta has been appointed as the faculty in-charge of industrial visits to bring the students to reputed organizations like, Masqati Dairy, T-Hub, TCS.etc.
- Mr. G. Lingaiah has been appointed as the faculty in-charge for arranging guest lecturers for the students regularly.

Item-3:

• Target value Refinement of PO's and PSO's attainments.

Resolution:

• Committee discussed and observed PO's and PSO's target levels to reach to satisfactory level.

Item-4:

• Workload and Timetable preparation.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (MdI), R.R. Dist.



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 www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

Resolution:

• Mr. Ashraf Hussian has been assigned the role of timetable and workload in-charge for the current semester. HOD-EEE allotted the workload to the faculty as per the curriculum of the current semester, also suggested to prepare the timetable for the current semester. Workloads and Timetables for the current semester is prepared.

Item-5:

• Review of placements.

Resolution:

- Dr. A. Venkata Bala Krishna The coordinator informed the faculty members to organize various activities in the form of Competitions, Guest lectures, Career guidance, Entrepreneurship programmes etc. for the students to improve their knowledge, skills and keep them abreast with the changing demands of the companies.
- The DAC has taken stock of the placement record of the institute. All those students who were placed in prestigious MNCs and the faculty members behind them were praised by the committee for their achievement. The committee has advised the placement cell of the institute to augment their efforts in up-skilling the present lot of students to meet the demands of the job market and improve the placement record.

Item-6:

• Providing guidelines to organize FDPs.

Resolution:

- Dr B. Nayeema has been appointed as the faculty in charge for conducting FDPs, for which the attendance of the staff members is mandatory.
- HOD-EEE suggested conducting at least one FDP on the latest topics organized by AICTE *I* IIT/ NIT Universities and informed every faculty to enroll in NPTEL courses.
- The emphasis should be on bridging the knowledge gaps and re-skilling of the faculty members. Experts from industry and academia must guide the faculty members in updating their knowledge, skill set and the teaching methodologies. He further stated about the provision of research incentives to the faculty involved in research and development activates as per research promotion policy of the college to encourage faculty in research activities.

PRINCIPAL

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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 www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

Item-7:

• Student workshops.

Resolution:

- Mrs. S. Sandhya has been appointed as the faculty in charge for organizing workshop.
- HOD MBA suggested organizing training programs on in-demand skills for both teaching and non-teaching staff of the department.

Item-8:

• Suggestions on Add-on courses.

Resolution:

• The committee believed that add-on courses and various certification programs will enable students to confidently face the challenges of the changing job market. Hence, it is advised that training in add-on courses should be made compulsory for all the students by arranging guest lectures.

Item-9:

• Academic Projects for MBA students.

Resolution:

• The committee has advised the department staff members to identify the scope of projects in latest trends.

Item-9:

• Electives as per CBCS

Resolution:

• Dr B.Nayeema, HOD, speaking about Choice Based Credit System informed all the faculty to give choice to the students to choose the Open electives. He also informed that the Professional electives are very useful for higher education and placement purposes and informed faculty members to encourage students in this direction.

Item-10:

• Any other relevant point

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Resolution:

• The DAC appreciated the efforts of the management for organizing online yoga sessions and psychological counselling for students by experts. They felt that such programs help the students battle mental issues and stress during the times of uncertainty.

List of DAC members attended:

S.No	Name	Desig	nation	Role	Signature
1	Dr. G. Ramachandra Reddy	Principa		Chairperson	BAL
2	Dr. B.Nayeema	HOD		coordinator	W
3	Jayaprada Duggirala	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	A
4	Dr.N.Raman Reddy	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	Reem
5	Dr. A. Venkata Bala Krishna	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	vorkate
6	Kashavennalolu Sabitha	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	
7	Lingaiah Gudipati	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	604
8	Mankala Naresh	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	Nored
9	Medipally Sudhakar	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	M.g.dz
10	Morri Sharadha	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	£1
11	Nageshwer Rao M	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	Nagehour
12	Naresh Aelkaraj	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	Arragich
13	Oruganti Venkatesh	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	
14	Siliveru Rambabu	Assistant	Professor	Academic Member	Show

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

B. Tech./B. Pharm. IV YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

4

G .N.	Description		Duration
S. No	Description	From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork		29.08.2022
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Dussehra Recess)	29.08.2022	31.10.2022 (9 Weeks)
3	Dussehra Recess	03.10.2022	08.10.2022 (1 Week)
4	First Mid Term Examinations	01.11.2022	07.11.2022 (1 Week)
5	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	12.11.2022	
6	2 nd Spell of Instructions	09.11.2022	03.01.2023 (8 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	04.01.2023	10.01.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	11.01.2023	19.01.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	17.01.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	20.01.2023	02.02.2023(2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working/instructional days: 94

II SEM

e Na	Description		Duration
S. No	Description	From	То
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork		03.02.2023
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	03.02.2023	31.03.2023 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	01.04.2023	08.04.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before 15.04		15.04.2023
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	10.04.2023	17.06.2023 (10 Weeks)
6	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	19.06.2023	24.06.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	26.06.2023	01.07.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	01.07.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	03.07.2023	15.07.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working/ instructional days: 91

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REGISTRAR

PRINCIPAL Avanthil Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapelly (V), Abduilapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

B. Tech./B. Pharm. III YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

45

S. No	Description	Duration	
		From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork	09.09.2022	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Dussehra Recess)	09.09.2022	10.11.2022 (9 Weeks)
3	Dussehra Recess	03.10.2022	08.10.2022 (1 Week)
4	First Mid Term Examinations	11.11.2022	17.11.2022 (1 Week)
5	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	24.11.2022	
6	2 nd Spell of Instructions	18.11.2022	12.01.2023 (8 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	16.01.2023	21.01.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	23.01.2023	28.01.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	30.01.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	30.01.2023	11.02.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working/ instructional days: 92

II SEM

S. No	Description	Duration	
		From	То
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork	13.02.2023	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	13.02.2023	08.04.2023 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	10.04.2023	15.04.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	22.04.2023	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	17.04.2023	24.06.2023 (10 Weeks)
6	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	26.06.2023	01.07.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	03.07.2023	08.07.2023 (1 Week)
9 .	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	08.07.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	10.07.2023	22.07.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working/ instructional days: 90

stitute of (V), Abdullapunnet (i

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

B. Tech./B.Pharm. II YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

C N	Description	Duration	
S. No		From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork		28.11.2022
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	28.11.2022	21.01.2023 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	23.01.2023	30.01.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	04.02.2023	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	31.01.2023	29.03.2023 (8 Weeks)
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	31.03.2023	08.04.2023 (1 Week)
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	10.04.2023	15.04.2023 (1 Week)
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	15.04.2023	
9	End Semester Examinations	17.04.2023	29.04.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 93

II SEM

C NI-	Description	Duration	
S. No		From	То
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork	01.05.2023	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	01.05.2023	08.07.2023 (10 Weeks)
3	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
4	First Mid Term Examinations	10.07.2023	15.07.2023 (1 Week)
5	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	22.07.2023	
6	2 nd Spell of Instructions	18.07.2023	11.09.2023 (8 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	12.09.2023	16.09.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	19.09.2023	23.09.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	23.09.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	25.09.2023	07.10.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 92

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REGISTRAR

te of Engg. & Tech et (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

B.Tech. I YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

S. No	Description	Duration	
5. 190		From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork (including Induction programme)	03.11.2022	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	03.11.2022	28.12.2022 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	29.12.2022	04.01.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	10.01.2023	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	05.01.2023	02.03.2023 (8 Weeks)
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	03.03.2023	09.03.2023 (1 Week)
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	10.03.2023	16.03.2023 (1 Week)
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	16.03.2023	
9	End Semester Examinations	17.03.2023	01.04.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 91

II SEM

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S. No	Description	Duration	
5. NO		From	To
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork		03.04.2023
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	03.04.2023	10.06.2023 (10 Weeks)
	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	12.06.2023	17.06.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	and an and a second	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	19.06.2023	12.08.2023 (8 Weeks)
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	14.08.2023	19.08.2023 (1 Week)
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	21.08.2023	26.08.2023 (1 Week)
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	26.08.2023	
9	End Semester Examinations	28.08.2023	09.09.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 90

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REGISTRAR

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (1411), R.R. Dist.

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

M.Tech./ M.Pharm. I YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

S. No	Description	Duration	
5. NO		From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork		26.10.2022
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	26.10.2022	20.12.2022 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	21.12.2022	28.12.2022 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	04.01.2023	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	29.12.2022	25.02.2023 (8 Weeks)
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	27.02.2023	04.03.2023 (1 Week)
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	06.03.2023	11.03.2023 (1 Week)
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	11.03.2023	
9	End Semester Examinations	13.03.2023	25.03.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 94

II SEM

C NIC	Description	Duration	
S. No		From	To
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork	27.03.2023	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	27.03.2023	03.06.2023 (10 Weeks)
3	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
4	First Mid Term Examinations	05.06.2023	10.06.2023 (1 Week)
5	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	17.06.2023	
6	2 nd Spell of Instructions	12.06.2023	08.08.2023 (8 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	09.08.2023	16.08.2023 (1 Week)
8	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	17.08.2023	23.08.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	23.08.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	24.08.2023	06.09.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 91

REGISTRAR

Avanthi Institute of En(19. or Ford

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

C NI	Develoption	Duration	
S. No	Description	From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork		21.10.2022
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	21.10.2022	15.12.2022 (8 Weeks)
3	Preparation of Project Work Proposals	21.10.2022	17.11.2022 (4 Weeks)
4 <	Project Work Review-1: (Project Submission & approval)	18.11.2022	24.11.2022 (1 Week)
5	Last date for submission of list of approved PRC-1 students from the College to the University Examination branch.		26.11.2022
6	First Mid Term Examinations	16.12.2022	22.12.2022 (1 Week)
7	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	30.12.2022	
8	2 nd Spell of Instructions	23.12.2022	16.02.2023 (8 Weeks)
9	Second Mid Term Examinations	17.02.2023	23.02.2023 (1 Week)
10	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	24.02.2023	02.03.2023 (1 Week)
11	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	01.03.2023	
12	End Semester Examinations	03.03.2023	16.03.2023 (2 Weeks)

M. Tech./ M. Pharm. II YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 92

II SEM

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S. No	Description	Duration	
5. 10		From	То
1	Commencement of II Semester (Project Work Continuation) (25.11.2022 to 16.03.2023 – 16 weeks)		17.03.2023
2	Project Work Review -II (Phase-1)	17.03.2023	23.03.2023 (1 Week)
3	** Project Work Review -II (Phase-II)	11.04.2023	13.04.2023 (3 days)
4	Last date for submission of PRC-II marks		20.04.2023
5	Project Work Review -III (Phase -I) (24.03.2023 to 26.08.2023 - 22 Weeks)	28.08.2023	02.09.2023 (1 Week)
6	Last date for submission of Project Work Review-III (Phase-I) Marks	09.09.2023	
7	* Date of eligibility of thesis submission		09.09.2023
8	Submission of Thesis and Project Viva – Voce Examination (PRC-III Phase-I)		
9	** Project Work Review – III (Phase –II) (04.09.2023 to 02.12.2023 – 13 Weeks)	04.12.2023	06.12.2023 (3 days)
10 «	Last date for submission of Project Work Review –III (Phase-II) Marks	09.12.2023	
11	Submission of Thesis and Project Viva –Voce Examination (Phase-II) follows		

After completion of 40 weeks from the date of approval of project work proposal and subject to approval of Project Work Review-III.

** Phase-II will be conducted only for unsuccessful students in Phase -I

- Note:1 The unsuccessful students in Project Work Review-II (Phase-II) shall appear for Project Work Review-II at the time of Project Work Review-III. These students shall reappear for Project Work Review-III in the next academic year at the time of Project Work Review -I only after completion of Project Work Review -II, and then Project Work Review -III follows.
 - 2 The Project Viva-Voce External examination Marks must be submitted on the day of examination to the University.

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urmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

MBA/MCA I YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

0.51	Description	Duration	
S. No		From	То
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork (including Induction programme)	03.11.2022	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	03.11.2022	28.12.2022 (8 Weeks)
3	First Mid Term Examinations	29.12.2022	04.01.2023 (1 Week)
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	10.01.2023	
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	05.01.2023	02.03.2023 (8 Weeks)
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	03.03.2023	09.03.2023 (1 Week)
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	10.03.2023	16.03.2023 (1 Week)
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	16.03.2023	
9	End Semester Examinations	17.03.2023	01.04.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 91

II SEM

C No	Description	Duration		
S. No		From	To	
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork		03.04.2023	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	03.04.2023	10.06.2023 (10 Weeks)	
	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)	
3	First Mid Term Examinations	12.06.2023	17.06.2023 (1 Week)	
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	23.06.2023		
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	19.06.2023	12.08.2023 (8 Weeks)	
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	14.08.2023	19.08.2023 (1 Week)	
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	21.08.2023	26.08.2023 (1 Week)	
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	26.08.2023		
9	End Semester Examinations	28.08.2023	09.09.2023 (2 Weeks)	

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 90

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REGISTRAR

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dis

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

MBA/MCA II YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

I SEM

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S. No	Description	Duration		
5. INO		From	То	
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork	10.11.2022		
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	10.11.2022	04.01.2023 (8 Weeks)	
3	First Mid Term Examinations	05.01.2023	11.01.2023 (1 Week)	
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	19.01.2023		
5	2 nd Spell of Instructions	12.01.2023	11.03.2023 (8 Weeks)	
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	13.03.2023	18.03.2023 (1 Week)	
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	20.03.2023	25.03.2023 (1 Week)	
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	25.03.2023		
9	End Semester Examinations	27.03.2023	12.04.2023 (2 Weeks)	

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 93

II SEM

S. No	Description	Duration	
		From	То
1	Commencement of II Semester classwork	13.04.2023	
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	13.04.2023	21.06.2023 (10 Weeks)
3	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)
4	First Mid Term Examinations	22.06.2023	28.06.2023 (1 Week)
5	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	04.07.2023	
6	2 nd Spell of Instructions	30.06.2023	24.08.2023 (8 Weeks)
7	Second Mid Term Examinations	25.08.2023	31.08.2023 (1 Week)
8 😞	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	01.09.2023	08.09.2023 (1 Week)
9	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	08.09.2023	
10	End Semester Examinations	09.09.2023	23.09.2023 (2 Weeks)

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 92

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INSTITUTION ACADEMIC CALENDAR FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-23

IST -SEM

ACTIVITY	DATE
COLLEGE ACADEMIC COMMITTEE MEETING	22-08-2022
IQAC MEETING -I	22-08-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK IV B TECH	29-08-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS IV B TECH	29-08-2022
CRT TRAINING FOR IV B. TECH	
VINAYAKA CHAVITHI HOLIDAY	31-08-2022
TEACHERS DAY CELEBRATIONS	05-09-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK III B TECH	09-09-2022
I st SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS III B TECH	09-09-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE WORKSHOP ON PROFESSIONALISM AND ETHICS	13-09-2022 TO 18-09-2022
ENGINEERS DAY CELEBRATIONS	15-09-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II B TECH	19-09-2022
BATHUKAMMA STARTING DAY HOLIDAY	25-09-2022
MAHATMA GANDHI JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	02-10-2022
DUSSEHRA HOLIDAYS	03-10-2022 TO 08-10-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK I MBA	03-10-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I MBA	03-10-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II MTECH	21-10-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II MTECH	21-10-2022
DEEPAVALI HOLIDAY	25-10-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK I MTECH	26-10-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I MTECH	26-10-2022





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Ist MID EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	01-11-2022
INDUCTION PROGRAM FOR I B TECH	03-11-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I B TECH	04-11-2022
GURU NANAK JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	08-11-2022
IIND SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS IV B TECH	09-11-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II MBA	10-11-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE ORIENTATION DAY	10-11-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II MBA	10-11-2022
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	11-11-2022
IIND SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS III B TECH	18-11-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II B TECH	28-11-2022
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS B TECH & MBA	01-12-2022 TO 03-12-2022
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS I MBA	04-12-2022
PLANNING ORGANIZE SEMINAR ON WEB PAGE DESIGN	06-12-2022 TO 09-12-2022
IIND SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I MBA	12-12-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FDP ON RECENT TRENDS IN DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING SYSTEM DESIGN BY DEPARTMENT OF ECE	12-12-2022 TO 16-12-2022
PLANNING TO CONDUCT ANTI RAGGING MEETING	14-12-2022 TO 16-12-2022
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	16-12-2022
I st MID EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	21-12-2022
PLANNING TO CONDUCT WORKSHOP ON ELECTRIC VEHICLES CARRER OPPORTUNITIES	21-12-2022 TO 27-12-2022
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II MTECH	23-12-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FRESHERS' DAY	23-12-2022 TO 24-12-2022
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY	25-12-2022
BOXING DAY HOLIDAY	26-12-2022





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Ist MID EXAMINATIONS I B TECH	29-12-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE SPORTS DAY	27-12-2022 TO 29-12-2022
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I MTECH	29-12-2022
NEW YEAR CELEBRATIONS	31-12-2022
NEW YEAR HOLIDAY	01-01-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INTERNSHIP TRAINING PROGRAM FOR IV B TECH	02-01-2023 TO 29-04-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	04-01-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I B TECH	05-01-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS II MBA	05-01-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	11-01-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II MBA	12-01-2023
SANKRANTHI/PONGAL HOLIDAYS	14-01-2023 TO 15-01-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	16-01-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	20-01-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	23-01-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	23-01-2023
REPUBLIC DAY CELEBRATIONS	26-01-2023
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II YR B TECH	30-01-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS III YR B TECH	30-01-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS I MBA	12-02-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS II MBA	13-02-2023 TO 17-02-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	17-02-2023
MAHA SHIVARATRI HOLIDAY	18-02-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I MBA	19-02-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FDP ON BIG DATA ANALYTICS BY DEPARTMENT OF CSE	20-02-2023 TO 24-02-2023

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PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	24-02-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS I MBA	26-02-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	27-02-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS I B TECH	03-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	03-03-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE TRADITIONAL DAY	04-03-2023 TO 06-03-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	06-03-2023
HOLI HOLIDAY	07-03-2023
INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY CELEBRATIONS	08-03-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I B TECH	10-03-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FDP ON SOLAR POWER SYSTEM BY DEPARTMENT OF EEE	12-03-2023 TO 16-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	13-03-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS II MBA	13-03-2023
INAUGURATION AND MOU EXCHANGE PROGRAM FOR LAUNCHING PEGA UNIVERSITY PROGRAM	15-03-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR II B TECH	15-03-2023 TO 25-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS I B TECH	17-03-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II MBA	20-03-2023
UGADHI HOLIDAY	22-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS II MBA	27-03-2023
SRI RAMANAVAMI HOLIDAY	30-03-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	31-03-2023
BABU JAGJIVANRAM JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	05-04-2023
GOOD FRIDAY HOLIDAY	07-04-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	10-04-2023

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DR B R AMBEDKAR JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	14-04-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	17-04-2023

IInd -SEM

ACTIVITY	DATE
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK IV BTECH	03-02-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS IV BTECH	03-02-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK III BTECH	13-02-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS III BTECH	13-02-2023
CRT TRAINING FOR III B. TECH	
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II MBA	14-03-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II MBA	14-03-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK I MBA	27-03-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I MBA	27-03-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	01-04-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK I BTECH	03-04-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I BTECH	03-04-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	10-04-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS IV BTECH	10-04-2023
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS III BTECH	17-04-2023
IQAC MEETING -II	19-04-2023
RAMZAN HOLIDAY	22-04-2023
PLANNING TO ORAGANIZE TECH RESONANCE 2K23	24-04-2023 TO 29-04-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II BTECH	01-05-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II BTECH	01-05-2023





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PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS	12-05-2023 TO 14-05-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FDP ON BY DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	15-05-2023 TO 19-05-2023
SUMMER VACATION	15-05-2023 TO 27-05-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INTERNSHIP TRAINING PROGRAM FOR II B TECH	15-05-2023 TO 31-05-2023
I st MID EXAMINATIONS II MBA	28-05-2023
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II MBA	03-06-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS I MBA	05-06-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR III&IV B TECH	07-06-2023 TO 19-06-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS I BTECH	12-06-2023
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I MBA	12-06-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE YOUTH FEST	15-06-2023 TO 17-06-2023
II nd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I BTECH	19-06-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	19-06-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	26-06-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	26-06-2023
BAKRID HOLIDAY	29-06-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	03-07-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	03-07-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	10-07-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	10-07-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR II B TECH	15-07-2023 TO 24-07-2023
BONALU HOLIDAY	17-07-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II BTECH	18-07-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE GRADUATION DAY	21-07-2023 TO 24-07-2023
MOHARAM HOLIDAY	29-07-2023

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS	01-08-2023 TO 10-08-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS II MBA	05-08-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS I MBA	09-08-2023
PLANNING TO ORAGANIZE TREE PLANTATION	09-08-2023 TO 12-08-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II MBA	12-08-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS I BTECH	14-08-2023
INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATIONS	15-08-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I MBA	17-08-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS II MBA	19-08-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I BTECH	21-08-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS I MBA	24-08-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS I BTECH	28-08-2023
SRI KRISHNA ASHTAMI HOLIDAY	07-09-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	12-09-2023
VINAYAKA CHAVITHI HOLIDAY	18-09-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	19-09-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	25-09-2023

IQAC COORDINATOR

CO ORDINATOR Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology, Gunthapaily (V), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy Dist, Tetangana.



Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

IST -SEM

ACTIVITY	DATE
DEPARTMENT ACADEMIC COMMITTEE MEETING	22-08-2022
WORK LOAD & TIME TABLE PREPARATION	25-08-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK IV B TECH	29-08-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS IV B TECH	29-08-2022
CRT TRAINING FOR IV B. TECH	
VINAYAKA CHAVITHI HOLIDAY	31-08-2022
TEACHERS DAY CELEBRATIONS	05-09-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK III B TECH	09-09-2022
I st SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS III B TECH	09-09-2022
ENGINEERS DAY CELEBRATIONS	15-09-2022
I st SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II B TECH	19-09-2022
BATHUKAMMA STARTING DAY HOLIDAY	25-09-2022
MAHATMA GANDHI JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	02-10-2022
DUSSEHRA HOLIDAYS	03-10-2022 TO 08-10-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II MTECH	21-10-2022
PREPARATION OF PROJECT WOEK PROPOSALS II M TECH	21-10-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II MTECH	21-10-2022
DEEPAVALI HOLIDAY	25-10-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK I MTECH	26-10-2022
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I MTECH	26-10-2022
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	01-11-2022

14+19



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GURU NANAK JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	08-11-2022
IIND SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS IV B TECH	09-11-2022
I st MID EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	11-11-2022
SUBMISSION OF IV B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	12-11-2022
PROJECT WORK REVIEW-I II M.TECH	18-11-2022
IIND SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS III B TECH	18-11-2022
SUBMISSION OF III B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	24-11-2022
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II B TECH	28-11-2022
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS	01-12-2022 TO 03-12-2022
PLANNING ORGANIZE SEMINAR ON WEB PAGE DESIGN	06-12-2022 TO 09-12-2022
PLANNING TO CONDUCT ANTI RAGGING MEETING	14-12-2022 TO 16-12-2022
I st MID EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	16-12-2022
I st MID EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	21-12-2022
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II MTECH	23-12-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FRESHERS' DAY	23-12-2022 TO 24-12-2022
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY	25-12-2022
BOXING DAY HOLIDAY	26-12-2022
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE SPORTS DAY	27-12-2022 TO 29-12-2022
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS I MTECH	29-12-2022
SUBMISSION OF II M TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	30-12-2022
NEW YEAR CELEBRATIONS	31-12-2022
NEW YEAR HOLIDAY	01-01-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INTERNSHIP TRAINING PROGRAM FOR IV B TECH	02-01-2023 TO 29-04-2023
SUBMISSION OF I M TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	04-01-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	04-01-2023



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PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	11-01-2023
SANKRANTHI/PONGAL HOLIDAYS	14-01-2023 TO 15-01-2023
II nd MID EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	16-01-2023
SUBMISSION OF IV B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	17-01-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS IV B TECH	20-01-2023
Ist MID EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	23-01-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS III B TECH	23-01-2023
REPUBLIC DAY CELEBRATIONS	26-01-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II YR B TECH	30-01-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS III YR B TECH	30-01-2023
SUBMISSION OF III B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	30-01-2023
SUBMISSION OF II B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	04-02-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	17-02-2023
MAHA SHIVARATRI HOLIDAY	18-02-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE FDP ON BIG DATA ANALYTICS	20-02-2023 TO 24-02-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	24-02-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	27-02-2023
SUBMISSION OF II M TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	01-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS II MTECH	03-03-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE TRADITIONAL DAY	04-03-2023 TO 06-03-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	06-03-2023
HOLI HOLIDAY	07-03-2023
INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY CELEBRATIONS	08-03-2023
SUBMISSION OF I M TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	11-03-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	13-03-2023



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PLANNING MOU EXCHANGE PROGRAM FOR LAUNCHING PEGA UNIVERSITY PROGRAM	15-03-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR II B TECH	15-03-2023 TO 25-03-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II MBA	20-03-2023
UGADHI HOLIDAY	22-03-2023
SRI RAMANAVAMI HOLIDAY	30-03-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	31-03-2023
BABU JAGJIVANRAM JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	05-04-2023
GOOD FRIDAY HOLIDAY	07-04-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	10-04-2023
DR B R AMBEDKAR JAYANTHI HOLIDAY	14-04-2023
SUBMISSION OF II B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	15-04-2023
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS II B TECH	17-04-2023

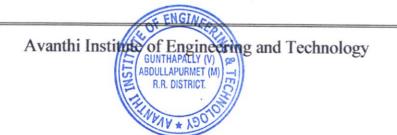
IInd -SEM

ACTIVITY	DATE
WORK LOAD & TIME TABLE PREPARATION	31-01-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK IV BTECH	03-02-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS IV BTECH	03-02-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK III BTECH	13-02-2023
Ist SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS III BTECH	13-02-2023
CRT TRAINING FOR III B. TECH	
COMMENCEMENT OF II MTECH II SEMESTER	17-03-2023
PROJECT WORK REVIEW -II PAHSE-I	17-03-2023



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COMMENCEMENT OF I MTECH II SEMESTER	27-03-2023
I ST SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I MTECH	27-03-2023
I st MID EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	01-04-2023
I st MID EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	10-04-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS IV BTECH	10-04-2023
SUBMISSION OF IV B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	15-04-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS III BTECH	17-04-2023
SUBMISSION OF PRC-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	20-04-2023
RAMZAN HOLIDAY	22-04-2023
SUBMISSION OF III B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	23-04-2023
PLANNING TO ORAGANIZE TECH RESONANCE 2K23	24-04-2023 TO 29-04-2023
COMMENCEMENT OF CLASS WORK II BTECH	01-05-2023
I st SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS II BTECH	01-05-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS	12-05-2023 TO 14-05-2023
SUMMER VACATION	15-05-2023 TO 27-05-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INTERNSHIP TRAINING PROGRAM FOR II B TECH	15-05-2023 TO 31-05-2023
I st MID EXAMINATIONS I MTECH	05-06-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR III&IV B TECH	07-06-2023 TO 19-06-2023
II ND SPELL OF INSTRUCTIONS I M TECH	12-06-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE YOUTH FEST	15-06-2023 TO 17-06-2023
SUBMISSION OF I M TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVER SITY	17-06-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	19-06-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	26-06-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	26-06-2023
BAKRID HOLIDAY	29-06-2023





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SUBMISSION OF IV B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	01-07-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	03-07-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS IV BTECH	03-07-2023
SUBMISSION OF III B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	08-07-2023
I st MID EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	10-07-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS III BTECH	10-07-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT GUEST LECTURES FOR II B TECH	15-07-2023 TO 24-07-2023
BONALU HOLIDAY	17-07-2023
IInd SPELLOF INSTRUCTIONS II BTECH	18-07-2023
PLANNING TO ORGANIZE GRADUATION DAY	21-07-2023 TO 24-07-2023
SUBMISSION OF II B TECH MID-I MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	22-07-2023
MOHARAM HOLIDAY	29-07-2023
PLANNING TO CONDUCT INDUSTRIAL VISITS	01-08-2023 TO 10-08-2023
PLANNING TO ORAGANIZE TREE PLANTATION	09-08-2023 TO 12-08-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS I M TECH	09-08-2023
INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATIONS	15-08-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATIONS I M TECH	17-08-2023
SUBMISSION OF I M TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	23-08-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS I M TECH	24-08-2023
PROJECT WORK REVIEW - III	28-08-2023
SRI KRISHNA ASHTAMI HOLIDAY	07-09-2023
SUBMISSION OF PROJECT WORK REVIEW-III MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	09-09-2023
IInd MID EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	12-09-2023
VINAYAKA CHAVITHI HOLIDAY	18-09-2023
PREPARATION AND PRACTICLE EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	19-09-2023



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SUBMISSION OF II B TECH MID-II MARKS TO UNIVERSITY	23-09-2023
END SEMISTER EXAMINATIONS II BTECH	25-09-2023

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- 1. Principal
- 2.All Department Faculty
- 3.Students
- 4.Library
- 5. Office



HOD Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008) Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R22) FOR B.TECH REGULAR STUDENTS WITH EFFECT FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-23

1.0 <u>Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T)</u>

Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad (JNTUH) offers a 4-year (8 semesters) **Bachelor of Technology** (B.Tech.) degree programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at its non-autonomous constituent and affiliated colleges with effect from the academic year **2022-23**.

2.0 Eligibility for Admission

- 2.1 Admission to the undergraduate(UG) programme shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualified student in entrance test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET) or the University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the government from time to time.
- **2.2** The medium of instructions for the entire undergraduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be **English** only.

3.0 B.Tech. Programme Structure

- 3.1 A student after securing admission shall complete the B.Tech. programme in a minimum period of **four** academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of **eight** academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech course. Each student shall secure 160 credits (with CGPA \geq 5) required for the completion of the undergraduate programme and award of the B.Tech. degree.
- **3.2** UGC/ AICTE specified definitions/ descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these academic regulations/ norms, which are listed below.
- 3.2.1 Semester Scheme

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Each undergraduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year divided into two semesters of 22 weeks (\geq 90 instructional days) each and in each semester - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)' under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) indicated by UGC, and curriculum/course structure suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit Courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for Theory/ Lecture (L) courses or Tutorials.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for Laboratory/ Practical (P) courses.

Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

3.2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the undergraduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The University has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description	
1	BS – Basic Sciences Includes Mathematics, Physics and Ch subjects			
2	Foundation Courses	ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes Fundamental Engineering Subjects	
3	(FnC)	HS – Humanities and Social Sciences	Includes subjects related to Humanities, Social Sciences and Management	
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
5		PE – Professional Electives	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
6	Courses (E&C)	OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects which include inter- disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
7	Core Courses Project Work B.Tech. Project or UG Project or UG Ma Project or Project Stage I & II		B.Tech. Project or UG Project or UG Major Project or Project Stage I & II	

8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 7 9 7		Industry Training/ Internship/ Industry Oriented Mini-Project/ Mini-Project/ Skill Development Courses
9		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor Courses		1 or 2 Credit Courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)

4.0 Course Registration

- **4.1** A 'faculty advisor or counselor' shall be assigned to a group of 20 students, who will advise the students about the undergraduate programme, its course structure and curriculum, choice/option for subjects/ courses, based on their competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.
- 4.2 The academic section of the college invites 'registration forms' from students before the beginning of the semester through 'on-line registration', ensuring 'date and time stamping'. The on-line registration requests for any 'current semester' shall be **completed before the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'preceding semester'**.
- **4.3** A student can apply for **on-line** registration, **only after** obtaining the 'written approval' from faculty advisor/counselor, which should be submitted to the college academic section through the Head of the Department. A copy of it shall be retained with the Head of the Department, Faculty Advisor/ Counselor and the student.
- 4.4 A student may be permitted to register for all the subjects/ courses in a semester as specified in the course structure with maximum additional subject(s)/course(s) limited to 6 Credits (any 2 elective subjects), based on **progress** and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the '**pre-requisites'** as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents.
- **4.5** Choice for 'additional subjects/ courses', not more than any 2 elective subjects in any Semester, must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/Mentor/HOD.
- 4.6 If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during on-line registration for the subject(s) / course(s) under a given/ specified course group/ category as listed in the course structure, only the first mentioned subject/ course in that category will be taken into consideration.

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- **4.7** Subject/ course options exercised through **on-line** registration are final and **cannot** be changed or inter-changed; further, alternate choices also will not be considered. However, if the subject/ course that has already been listed for registration by the Head of the Department in a semester could not be offered due to any inevitable or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new subject (subject to offering of such a subject), or for another existing subject (subject to availability of seats). Such alternate arrangements will be made by the Head of the Department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within **a week** after the commencement of class-work for that semester.
- **4.8** Dropping of subjects/ courses may be permitted, only after obtaining prior approval from the faculty advisor/ counselor 'within a period of 15 days' from the beginning of the current semester.
- **4.9 Open Electives**: The students have to choose three Open Electives (OE-I, II & III) from the list of Open Electives given by other departments. However, the student can opt for an Open Elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if the student has not registered and not studied that subject under any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) offered by parent department in any semester. Open Elective subjects already studied should not repeat/should not match with any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) of subjects even in the forthcoming semesters.
- **4.10 Professional Electives**: The students have to choose six Professional Electives (PE-I to VI) from the list of professional electives given.

5.0 Subjects/ courses to be offered

- 5.1 A subject/ course may be offered to the students, only if a minimum of 15 students opt for it.
- 5.2 More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, selection of choice for students will be based on 'first come first serve basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e. the first focus shall be on early **on-line entry** from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.3 If more entries for registration of a subject come into picture, then the Head of the Department concerned shall decide, whether or not to offer such a subject/ course for two (or multiple) sections.
- 5.4 In case of options coming from students of other departments/ branches/ disciplines (not considering open electives), first priority shall be given to the student of the 'parent department'.

6.0 Attendance requirements:

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- 6.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (including attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab) for that semester. Two periods of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered, if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject. This attendance should also be included in the attendance uploaded every fortnight in the University Website.
- **6.2** Shortage of attendance in aggregate upto 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 6.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in **NO** case be condoned.
- 6.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled, including all academic credentials (internal marks etc.) of that semester. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the same set of elective subjects offered under that category.
- 6.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

7.0 Academic Requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in Item No. 6.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (14 marks out of 40 marks including minimum 35% of average Mid-Term examinations for 25 marks) in the internal examinations, not less than 35% (21 marks out of 60 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship (or) Seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is

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deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industry Oriented Mini Project/Internship, or (ii) not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship evaluations.

A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

S. No. Promotion Conditions to be fulfilled 1 First year first semester to first Regular course of study of first year vear second semester first semester. 2 First year second semester to (i) Regular course of study of first year Second year first semester second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 20 credits out of 40 credits i.e., 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not. 3. Regular course of study of second year Second year first semester to Second year second semester first semester. 4 Second year second semester to (i) Regular course of study of second Third year first semester year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 48 credits out of 80 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular supplementary and examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not. 5 Third year first semester to Third Regular course of study of third year year second semester first semester. Third year second semester to 6 (i) Regular course of study of third Fourth year first semester year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 72 credits out of 120 credits i.e., 60% up to third year second credits

7.3 **Promotion Rules**

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		semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth year first semester to Fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 7.4 A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA \geq 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA \geq 5 (at the end of 8 semesters), (iv) **passes all the mandatory courses**, to successfully complete the undergraduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be considered for the calculation of the final CGPA (at the end of undergraduate programme), and shall be indicated in the grade card / marks memo of IV-year II semester.
- 7.5 If a student registers for 'extra subjects' (in the parent department or other departments/branches of Engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those 'extra subjects' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be considered while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra subjects' registered, percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card / marks memo as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations Items 6 and 7.1 7.4 above.
- **7.6** A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure 'C' grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.7 A student detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be re-admitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which a student has been re-admitted shall be applicable. Further, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.
- **7.8** A student detained **due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required number of academic credits.** The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.

8.0 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of Marks

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- The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practicals and Project 8.1 Stage - I & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 40 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 60 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).
- 8.2 In CIE, for theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each Mid-Term examination consists of two parts i) Part - A for 10 marks, ii) **Part** - **B** for 15 marks with a total duration of 2 hours as follows:
 - 1. Mid Term Examination for 25 marks:
 - a. Part A : Objective/quiz paper for 10 marks.
 - b. Part B : Descriptive paper for 15 marks.

Student shall have to earn 35%, i.e 9 marks out of 25 marks from average of two midterm examinations (I Mid-Term & II Mid-Term).

The remaining 15 marks of Continuous Internal Assessment (out of 40) are distributed as:

- 2. Assignment for 5 marks. (Average of 2 Assignments each for 5 marks)
- 3. Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject for 10 marks.
- The objective/quiz paper is set with multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and match the following type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The descriptive paper shall contain 5 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 3 questions, each carrying 5 marks. The student has to get minimum of 35% (on 25 marks allocated for Mid-Term examinations) on average of two Mid-Term examinations.

While the first mid-term examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second mid-term examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus.

Five (5) marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-term examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The average of the two assignments shall be taken as the final marks for assignment (for 5 marks).

Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the subject concerned for 10 marks before II Mid-Term Examination.

The details of the end semester question paper pattern are as follows:

- 8.2.1 The semester end examinations (SEE), for theory subjects, will be conducted for 60 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) **Part- A** for 10 marks, ii) **Part - B** for 50 marks.
 - A A Part-A is a compulsory question which consists of ten sub-questions from all units carrying equal marks.

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- Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from each unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- The duration of Semester End Examination is 3 hours.
- **8.3** For practical subjects there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the semester for 40 marks and 60 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 40 marks for internal evaluation:
 - 1. A write-up on day-to-day experiment in the laboratory (in terms of aim, components/procedure, expected outcome) which shall be evaluated for 10 marks
 - 2. **10 marks for viva-voce (**or) tutorial (or) case study (or) application (or) poster presentation of the course concerned.
 - 3. Internal practical examination conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
 - 4. The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Project, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the cluster / other colleges which will be decided by the examination branch of the University.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

- 1. 10 marks for write-up
- 2. 15 for experiment/program
- 3. 15 for evaluation of results
- 4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
- 5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course
- **8.4** The evaluation of courses having ONLY internal marks in I-Year I Semester and II-Year II Semester is as follows:
 - 1. I Year I Semester course (*ex., Elements of CE/ME/EEE/ECE/CSE*): The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations is the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) is absent as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.

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- 2. II Year II Semester *Real-Time (or) Field-based Research Project* course: The internal evaluation is for 50 marks and it shall take place during I Mid-Term examination and II Mid-Term examination. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations is the final for 50 marks. Student shall have to earn 40%, i.e 20 marks out of 50 marks from average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the internal committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.
- 8.5 There shall be an Industry training (or) Internship (or) Industry oriented Mini-project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students shall register for this immediately after II-Year II Semester Examinations and pursue it during summer vacation/semester break & during III Year without effecting regular course work. Internship at reputed organization (or) Skill development courses (or) Paper presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in III-year II semester before end semester examination. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an External Examiner, Head of the Department, Supervisor of the Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship etc, Internal Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member of the Department. There shall be NO internal marks for Industry Training (or) Internship (or) Mini-Project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper Presentation in reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project.
- 8.6 The UG project shall be initiated at the end of the IV Year I Semester and the duration of the project work is one semester. The student must present Project Stage I during IV Year I Semester before II Mid examinations, in consultation with his Supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his Project work to the departmental committee for approval before commencement of IV Year II Semester. Only after obtaining the approval of the departmental committee, the student can start his project work.
- 8.7 UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage I for approval of project before Mid-II examinations in IV Year I Semester and Project Stage II during IV Year II Semester. Student has to submit project work report at the end of IV Year II Semester. The project shall be evaluated for 100 marks before commencement of SEE Theory examinations.
- **8.8** For Project Stage I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall approve the project work to begin before II Mid-Term examination of IV Year I Semester. The student is deemed to be not eligible to register for the Project work, if he does not submit a report on Project Stage I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule.

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

8.9 For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 60 marks and the internal project committee shall evaluate it for 40 marks. Out of 40 internal marks, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, Project Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member shall evaluate the project work for 20 marks and Project Supervisor shall evaluate for 20 marks. The topics for Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship/SDC etc. and the main Project shall be different from the topic already taken. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the External Examiner as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of project, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

A student who has failed, may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

- 8.10 A student shall be given one time chance to re-register for a maximum of two subjects:
 - If the internal marks secured by a candidate in Mid examinations (average of two mid-term examinations consisting of Objective & descriptive parts) are less than 35% and failed in those subjects (or)
 - failed in Assignment & Subject Viva-voce/ PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject but fulfilled the attendance requirement.

A student must re-register for the failed subject(s) for 40 marks within four weeks of commencement of the classwork in next academic year. Also, the student has to earn 35% of total internal marks (14 out of 40 marks including Mid-Term examinations, Assignment & Subject Viva-voce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject).

In the event of the student taking this chance, his Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 and Semester End Examination marks for 60 obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.

9.0 Grading Procedure

9.1 Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each Theory Subject, Laboratory/Practicals/ Industry-Oriented Mini Project/Internship/SDC and Project Stage. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.

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As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using 9.2 the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course	Letter Grade	Grade Points	
(Class Intervals)	(UGC Guidelines)	Grade Folints	
Creater than or equal to 90%	0	10	
Greater than or equal to 90%	(Outstanding)		
80 and less than 90%	\mathbf{A}^{+}	9	
ob and less than 50%	(Excellent)	9	
70 and less than 80%	Α	8	
70 and less than 80%	(Very Good)	0	
60 and less than 70%	\mathbf{B}^+	7	
oo and less than 7078	(Good)	/	
50 and less than 60%	В	6	
50 and less than 0070	(Average)	0	
40 and less than 50%	С	5	
40 and less than 50%	(Pass)	5	
Below 40%	F	0	
Delow 40 /6	(FAIL)	U	
Absent	Ab	0	

- 9.3 A student who has obtained an 'F' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have 'failed' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.4 To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, 'Ab' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have 'Failed'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.5 A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- 9.6 A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits For a course

- 9.7 A student passes the subject/ course only when $GP \ge 5$ ('C' grade or above)
- 9.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points (Σ CP) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to two decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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SGPA = { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i$ } / { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i$ } For each semester,

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (considering all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects '**registered**' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department), C_i is the no. of credits allotted to the ith subject, and G_i represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that ith subject.

9.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in **all** registered courses (of 160) in **all** semesters, and the total number of credits registered in **all** the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

CGPA = { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j$ } / { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j$ } ... for all S semesters registered

(i.e., up to and inclusive of S semesters, $S \ge 2$),

where '**M**' is the **total** no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has '**registered**' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters), C_j is the no. of credits allotted to the jth subject, and G_j represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that jth subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	А	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$
Course 2	4	0	10	$4 \times 10 = 40$
Course 3	4	С	5	$4 \times 5 = 20$
Course 4	3	В	6	$3 \times 6 = 18$
Course 5	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$
Course 6	3	С	5	$3 \times 5 = 15$
	21			152

Illustration of calculation of SGPA:

SGPA = 152/21 = 7.24Illustration of Calculation of CGPA up to 3rd Semester:

Semester	Course/ Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Points
Ι	Course 1	3	А	8 A	124

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111	Total Credits	69	D	Total Credit Points	518
III	Course 20 Course 21	3	B+	8	21
III	Course 20	4	A	8	32
III	Course 19	4	B	6	24
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 17	4	0	10	40
III	Course 16	1	C	5	5
III	Course 15	2	A	8	16
II	Course 14	3	0	10	30
II	Course 13	4	A	8	32
II	Course 12	4	В	6	24
II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 10	3	0	10	30
II	Course 9	3	C	5	15
II	Course 8	4	A	8	32
II	Course 7	4	В	6	24
Ι	Course 6	4	C	5	20
Ι	Course 5	3	A+	9	27
Ι	Course 4	4	A	8	32
Ι	Course 3	3	В	6	18
Ι	Course 2	3	0	10	30

CGPA = 518/69 = 7.51

The calculation process of CGPA illustrated above will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8th semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8th semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. programme.

- **9.10** For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the '**rounded off'** values of the CGPAs will be used.
- **9.11** SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam in that semester. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

10.0 Passing Standards

10.1 A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a semester, if he secures a $GP \ge 5$ ('C' grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when the student gets an SGPA ≥ 5.0 at the end of that particular semester); and he shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire undergraduate programme, only when gets a CGPA ≥ 5.00 ('C' grade or above) for the award of the degree as required.

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. 10.2 After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, grade earned, etc.) and credits earned. There is NO exemption of credits in any case.

11.0 **Declaration of results**

- 11.1 Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 9.6 to 9.9.
- 11.2 For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

% of Marks = (final CGPA - 0.5) x 10

12.0 **Award of Degree**

- 12.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA \geq 5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have 'qualified' for the award of B.Tech. degree in the branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.
- 12.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.
- 12.3 A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) > 8.00, and fulfilling the following conditions - shall be placed in 'First Class with Distinction'. However, he
 - (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in 'First Appearance' within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
 - (ii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA > 8 shall be

placed in 'First Class'.

- 12.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) \geq 7.0 but < 8.00 shall be placed in 'First Class'.
- 12.5 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) ≥ 6.00 but < 7.00, shall be placed in 'Second Class'.
- 12.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) \geq 5.00 but < 6, shall be placed in 'pass class'.
- A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree. 12.7 PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech

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12.8 Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.3 alone will be eligible for award of '**Gold Medal**'.

12.9 Award of 2-Year B.Tech. Diploma Certificate

- A student is awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate in the concerned engineering branch on completion of all the academic requirements and earned all the 80 credits (with in 4 years from the date of admission) upto B. Tech. – II Year – II Semester, if the student want to exit the 4-Year B. Tech. program. The student once opted and awarded for 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate, the student will not be permitted to join in B. Tech. III Year – I Semester and continue for completion of remaining years of study for 4-Year B. Tech. Degree.
- 2. A student may be permitted to take one year break after completion of II Year II Semester or B. Tech. III Year II Semester (with university permission through the principal of the college well in advance) and can re-enter the course in **next** Academic Year in the same college and complete the course on fulfilling all the academic credentials within a stipulated duration i.e. double the duration of the course (Ex. within 8 Years for 4-Year program).

13.0 Withholding of results

13.1 If the student has not paid the fees to the University at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Transitory Regulations

- A. For students detained due to shortage of attendance:
 - A Student who has been detained in I year of R18 Regulations due to lack of attendance, shall be permitted to join I year I Semester of R22 Regulations and he is required to complete the study of B.Tech./B. Pharmacy programme within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year.
 - 2. A student who has been detained in any semester of II, III and IV years of R18 regulations for want of attendance, shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester of R22 Regulations and is required to complete the study of B.Tech./B. Pharmacy within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year. The R22 Academic Regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable to that student from that semester. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.
- B. For students detained due to shortage of credits:

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- 3. A student of R18 Regulations who has been detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next semester of R22 Regulations only after acquiring the required number of credits as per the corresponding regulations of his/her first admission. The total credits required are 160 including both R18 & R22 regulations. The student is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the year of first admission. The R22 Academic Regulations are applicable to a student from the year of readmission. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.
- C. For readmitted students in R22 Regulations:
 - 4. A student who has failed in any subject under any regulation has to pass those subjects in the same regulations.
 - 5. The maximum credits that a student acquires for the award of degree, shall be the sum of the total number of credits secured in all the regulations of his/her study including R22 Regulations. There is NO exemption of credits in any case.
 - 6. If a student is readmitted to R22 Regulations and has any subject with 80% of syllabus common with his/her previous regulations, that particular subject in R22 Regulations will be substituted by another subject to be suggested by the University.

Note: If a student readmitted to R22 Regulations and has not studied any subjects/topics in his/her earlier regulations of study which is prerequisite for further subjects in R22 Regulations, the College Principals concerned shall conduct remedial classes to cover those subjects/topics for the benefit of the students.

15.0 **Student Transfers**

- 15.1 There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- 15.2 There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- 15.3 The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of JNTUH, and also pass the subjects of JNTUH which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of JNTUH, the students have to study those subjects in JNTUH in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.
- 15.4 The transferred students from other Universities/Institutions to JNTUH affiliated colleges who are on rolls are to be provided one chance to write the CBT (for internal marks) in the equivalent subject(s) as per the clearance letter issued by the University.
- 15.5 The autonomous affiliated colleges have to provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the equivalent subject(s) to the students transferred from other PRINCIPAL Avaniini Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

universities/institutions to JNTUH autonomous affiliated colleges who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.

16.0 Scope

- **16.1** The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- **16.2** In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- **16.3** The University may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the dates notified by the University authorities.
- **16.4** Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".

GARL



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME) FROM THE AY 2023-24

1. Eligibility for the award of B.Tech Degree (LES)

The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.

- 2. The student shall register for 120 credits and secure 120 credits with CGPA \ge 5 from II year to IV-year B.Tech. programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree.
- **3.** The students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech.
- 4. The attendance requirements of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech. (LES).

S. No	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 24 credits out of 40 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester.

5. <u>Promotion rule</u>

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		(ii) Must have secured at least 48 credits out of 80 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) 6. will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).
- LES students are not eligible for 2-Year B. Tech. Diploma Certificate. 7.

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Malpractices Rules

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment	
	If the student:		
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.	
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.	
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The hall ticket of the student is to be cancelled and sent to the University.	
3.	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The	

Disciplinary Action For / Improper Conduct in Examinations

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		student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent/assistant — superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
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	part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possesses any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to the police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and
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		and all other subjects the student has already appeared for including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared for including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award a suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the students as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for Institutions: (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - a. A show-cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - b. Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - c. Shifting the examination center from one college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008) Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH. REGULAR STUDENTS WITH EFFECT FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2018-19 (R-18)

1.0 Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T)

Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad (JNTUH) offers a 4-year (8 semesters) Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) degree programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at its non-autonomous constituent and affiliated colleges with effect from the academic year 2018-19.

2.0 **Eligibility for admission**

- 2.1 Admission to the under graduate (UG) programme shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualified student in entrance test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET) or the University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the government from time to time.
- 2.2 The medium of instructions for the entire under graduate programme in Engineering & Technology will be English only.

3.0 **B.Tech.** Programme structure

- 3.1 A student after securing admission shall complete the B.Tech. programme in a minimum period of four academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of eight academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech course. Each student shall secure 160 credits (with CGPA \geq 5) required for the completion of the under graduate programme and award of the B.Tech. degree.
- 3.2 UGC/ AICTE specified definitions/ descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these academic regulations/ norms, which are listed below.

3.2.1 Semester scheme

Each under graduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year divided into two semesters of 22 weeks (\geq 90 instructional days) each, each semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)' Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) indicated by UGC, and curriculum/course structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for theory/ lecture (L) courses or Tutorials.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for laboratory/ practical (P) courses.

Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

3.2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the under graduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The University has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description	
1		BS – Basic Sciences	Includes mathematics, physics and chemistry subjects	
2	Foundation Courses (FnC)	ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes fundamental engineering subjects	
3		HS – Humanities and Social sciences	Includes subjects related to humanities, social sciences and management	
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
5		PE – Professional Electives	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
6	Elective Courses (E&C)	OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects which include inter- disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.	
7	Core Courses	Project Work	B.Tech. project or UG project or UG major project or Project Stage I & II	
8		Industrial training/ Mini- project	Industrial training/ Summer Internship/ Industrial Oriented Mini-project/ Mini-project	

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9			Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor courses	-	1 or 2 Credit courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory courses (non-credit)

4.0 **Course registration**

- 4.1 A 'faculty advisor or counselor' shall be assigned to a group of 20 students, who will advise the students about the under graduate programme, its course structure and curriculum, choice/option for subjects/ courses, based on their competence, progress, prerequisites and interest.
- 4.2 The academic section of the college invites 'registration forms' from students before the beginning of the semester through 'on-line registration', ensuring 'date and time stamping'. The on-line registration requests for any 'current semester' shall be completed before the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'preceding semester'.
- 4.3 A student can apply for **on-line** registration, **only after** obtaining the 'written approval' from faculty advisor/counselor, which should be submitted to the college academic section through the Head of the Department. A copy of it shall be retained with Head of the Department, faculty advisor/ counselor and the student.
- 4.4 A student may be permitted to register for all the subjects/ courses in a semester as specified in the course structure with maximum additional subject(s)/course(s) limited to 4 credits, based on progress and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the 'pre-requisites' as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents.
- 4.5 Choice for 'additional subjects/ courses' must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the faculty advisor/ counselor.
- 4.6 If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during **on-line** registration for the subject(s) / course(s) under a given/ specified course group/ category as listed in the course structure, only the first mentioned subject/ course in that category will be taken into consideration.
- 4.7 Subject/ course options exercised through **on-line** registration are final and **cannot** be changed or inter-changed; further, alternate choices also will not be considered. However, if the subject/ course that has already been listed for registration by the Head of the Department in a semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new subject (subject to offering of such a subject), or for another existing subject (subject to availability of seats). Such alternate arrangements will be made by the head of the PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Toch Gunthapally (V), Abdullepurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the first week after the commencement of class-work for that semester.

- 4.8 Dropping of subjects/ courses may be permitted, only after obtaining prior approval from the faculty advisor/ counselor 'within a period of 15 days' from the beginning of the current semester.
- 4.9 Open electives: The students have to choose three open electives (OE-I, II & III) from the list of open electives given. However, the student cannot opt for an open elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if it is already listed under any category of the subjects offered by parent department in any semester.
- 4.10 Professional electives: The students have to choose six professional electives (PE-I to VI) from the list of professional electives given.

5.0 Subjects/ courses to be offered

- 5.1 A typical section (or class) strength for each semester shall be 60.
- 5.2 A subject/ course may be offered to the students, only if a minimum of 20 students (1/3)of the section strength) opt for it. The maximum strength of a section is limited to 80 (60 + 1/3 of the section strength).
- 5.3 More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, selection of choice for students will be based on - 'first come first serve basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e. the first focus shall be on early on-line entry from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.4 If more entries for registration of a subject come into picture, then the Head of the Department concerned shall decide, whether or not to offer such a subject/ course for two (or multiple) sections.
- 5.5 In case of options coming from students of other departments/ branches/ disciplines (not considering open electives), first priority shall be given to the student of the 'parent department'.

6.0 **Attendance requirements:**

6.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (excluding attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab) for that semester. Two periods of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered, if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject. This attendance should also be included in the fortnightly upload of attendance to the University.

PRINCIPAL Avantini Institute of Engg. & Tech The attendance of Mandatory Non-Credit courses should be uploaded separately to the University.

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- **6.2** Shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 6.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in **no** case be condoned.
- 6.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the same set of elective subjects offered under that category.
- 6.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

7.0 Academic requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (26 marks out of 75 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the seminar as required in the IV year I Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar evaluations.

A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

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7.3 **Promotion Rules**

5. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled	
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first yea first semester.	
2	First year second semester to second year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of first year second semester.	
		(ii) Must have secured at least 15 credits out of 37 credits i.e., 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examination or not.	
3.	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second yea first semester.	
4	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester.	
		(ii) Must have secured at least 4 credits out of 79 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regula and supplementary examinations whether the student takes thos examinations or not.	
5	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third yea first semester.	
6	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of thir year second semester.	
		(ii) Must have secured at least 7. credits out of 123 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regula and supplementary examinations whether the student takes thos examinations or not.	
7	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth yea first semester.	
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	6	PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapaliy (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.	

- 7.4 A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA ≥ 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA (at the end of each successive semester) ≥ 5.0, (iv) passes all the mandatory courses, to successfully complete the under graduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA (at the end of under graduate programme), and shall be indicated in the grade card of IV-year II semester.
- 7.5 If a student registers for 'extra subjects' (in the parent department or other departments/branches of Engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those 'extra subjects' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra subjects' registered, percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations 6 and 7.1 7.4 above.
- 7.6 A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure 'C' grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.7 A student detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be re-admitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable. However, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.
- **7.8** A student detained **due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits.** The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.

8.0 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of marks

- 8.1 The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practicals and Project Stage 1 & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 25 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 75 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).
- 8.2 For theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each mid-term examination consists of one objective paper, one descriptive paper and one assignment. The objective paper and the descriptive paper shall be for 10 marks each with a total duration of 1 hour 20 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 60 minutes for descriptive paper). The objective paper is set with 20 multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and matching type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The descriptive paper shall contain 4 full questions out of which, the student has to answer a prestions, each

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. carrying 5 marks. While the first mid-term examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second mid-term examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus. Five marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-term examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The total marks secured by the student in each mid-term examination are evaluated for 25 marks, and the average of the two mid-term examinations shall be taken as the final marks secured by each student in Continuous Internal Evaluation. If any student is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the end semester question paper pattern are as follows:

- 8.2.1 The semester end examinations (SEE) will be conducted for 75 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) Part- A for 25 marks, ii) Part - B for 50 marks.
 - Part-A is a compulsory question consisting of ten sub-questions. The first five sub-questions are from each unit and carry 2 marks each. The next five subquestions are one from each unit and carry 3 marks each.
 - Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- For subjects like Engineering Graphics/Engineering Drawing, the SEE shall consist 8.2.2 of five questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions. There shall be no Part – A, and Part – B system.
- 8.2.3 For subjects like Machine Drawing Practice/Machine Drawing, the SEE shall be conducted for 75 marks consisting of two parts viz. (i) Part – A for 30 marks. 3 out of 4 questions must be answered, (ii) Part – B for 45 marks. Part – B is compulsory.
- 8.2.4 For the Subject Estimation, Costing and Project Management, the SEE paper should consist of Part- A, Part-B and Part C. (i) Part -A - 1 out of 2 questions from Unit -Ifor 30 Marks, (ii) Part – B – 1 out of 2 questions from Unit – II for 15 Marks, (iii) Part -C-3 out of 5 questions from Units – III, IV, V for 30 Marks.
- 8.2.5 For subjects Structural Engineering -I & II (RCC & STEEL), the SEE will be conducted for 75 marks consisting of 2 parts viz. (i) Part - A for 15 marks and, (i) Part - B for 60 marks. Part - A is a compulsory question consisting of ten sub-questions. The first five sub-questions are from each unit relating to design theory and codal provisions and carry 2 marks each. The next five sub-questions are from each unit and carry 1 mark each. Part – B consists of 5 questions (numbered 2 to 6) carrying 12 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there is either or choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions. PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech

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- 8.3 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous internal evaluation during the semester for 25 marks and 75 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 25 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 10 marks conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned. The semester end examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the clusters of colleges which are decided by the examination branch of the University.
- 8.4 For the subject having design and/or drawing, (such as engineering graphics, engineering drawing, machine drawing, machine drawing practice and estimation), the distribution shall be 25 marks for continuous internal evaluation (15 marks for day-today work and 10 marks for internal tests) and 75 marks for semester end examination. There shall be two internal tests in a semester and the average of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.
- 8.5 There shall be an Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students will register for this immediately after III year II semester examinations and pursue it during summer vacation. Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in IV year I semester. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, supervisor of the Industrial Oriented mini project/Summer Internship and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship.
- 8.6 There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year I semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic, prepare a technical report, and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 100 internal marks. There shall be no semester end examination for the seminar.
- 8.7 UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage - I during IV Year I Semester, Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester. Each stage will be evaluated for 100 marks. Student has to submit project work report at the end of each semester. First report includes project work carried out in IV Year I semester and second report includes project work carried out in IV Year I & II Semesters. SEE for both project stages shall be completed before the commencement of SEE Theory examinations.
- 8.8 For Project Stage - I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall evaluate the project work for 75 marks and project supervisor shall evaluate for 25 marks. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

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A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

8.9 For Project Stage - II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 75 marks and the project supervisor shall evaluate it for 25 marks. The topics for industrial oriented mini project, seminar and Project Stage – I shall be different from one another. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - II, or does not make a presentation of the same before the external examiner as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of project stage – II, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

- 8.10 The laboratory marks and the internal marks awarded by the college are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the University wherever necessary. In such cases, the internal and laboratory marks awarded by the college will be referred to a committee. The committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the respective institutions as per the University rules and produced before the committees of the University as and when asked for.
- 8.11 For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the marks allotted) in the continuous internal evaluation for passing the subject/course. These marks should also be uploaded along with the internal marks of other subjects.
- 8.12 No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only Pass/Fail shall be indicated in Grade Card.

9.0 Grading procedure

- 9.1 Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each theory subject, laboratory / practicals, seminar, Industry Oriented Mini Project, and project Stage - I & II. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- 9.2 As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidefines) Grade Points
10	PRINCIPAL Distance of Engl. & Tech
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Greater than or equal to 90%	O (Outstanding)	10
80 and less than 90%	A ⁺ (Excellent)	9
70 and less than 80%	A (Very Good)	8
60 and less than 70%	B ⁺ (Good)	7
50 and less than 60%	B (Average)	6
40 and less than 50%	C (Pass)	5
Below 40%	F (FAIL)	0
Absent	Ab	0

- **9.3** A student who has obtained an '**F**' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have '**failed**' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- **9.4** To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, '**Ab**' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have '**failed**'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- **9.5** A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- **9.6** A student earns grade point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'credit points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

Credit points (CP) = grade point (GP) x credits For a course

- 9.7 A student passes the subject/ course only when $GP \ge 5$ ('C' grade or above)
- 9.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points (ΣCP) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to two decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

SGPA = { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i$ } / { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i$ } For each semester,

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects '**registered**' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department), G is the no. of credits

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allotted to the i^{th} subject, and G_i represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that i^{th} subject.

9.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in **all** registered courses in **all** semesters, and the total number of credits registered in **all** the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

CGPA = { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j$ } / { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j$ } ... for all S semesters registered

(i.e., up to and inclusive of S semesters, $S \ge 2$),

where '**M**' is the **total** no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has '**registered**' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters), C_j is the no. of credits allotted to the jth subject, and G_j represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that jth subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	А	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$
Course 2	4	0	10	$4 \times 10 = 40$
Course 3	4	С	5	$4 \times 5 = 20$
Course 4	3	В	6	$3 \times 6 = 18$
Course 5	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$
Course 6	3	С	5	$3 \times 5 = 15$
	21			152

Illustration of calculation of SGPA:

SGPA = 152/21 = 7.24

Illustration of calculation of CGPA up to 3rd semester:

Semester	Course/Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Points (CP)
Ι	Course 1	3	A	8	24
Ι	Course 2	3	0	10	30
Ι	Course 3	3	В	6	18
Ι	Course 4	4	A	8	32
Ι	Course 5	3	A+	9.	27
Ι	Course 6	4	C	EAD	- 20

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	Total Credits	69		Total Credit Points	518
III	Course 21	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 20	4	А	8	32
III	Course 19	4	В	6	24
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 17	4	0	10	40
III	Course 16	1	С	5	5
III	Course 15	2	А	8	16
II	Course 14	3	0	10	30
II	Course 13	4	А	8	32
II	Course 12	4	В	6	24
II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 10	3	0	10	30
II	Course 9	3	С	5	15
II	Course 8	4	А	8	32
II	Course 7	4	В	6	24

CGPA = 518/69 = 7.51

The above illustrated calculation process of CGPA will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8th semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8th semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. Programme.

- **9.10** For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the '**rounded off**' values of the CGPAs will be used.
- **9.11** SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam in that semester. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

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10.0 Passing standards

- 10.1 A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a semester, if he secures a GP ≥ 5 ('C' grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when the student gets an SGPA ≥ 5.00 at the end of that particular semester); and he shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire under graduate programme, only when gets a CGPA ≥ 5.00 for the award of the degree as required.
- **10.2** After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, grade earned, etc.), credits earned.

11.0 Declaration of results

- **11.1** Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 9.6 to 9.9.
- **11.2** For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

% of Marks = (final CGPA - 0.5) x 10

12.0 Award of degree

- 12.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA \ge 5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have '**qualified**' for the award of B.Tech. degree in the chosen branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.
- **12.2** A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.
- **12.3** A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 8.00 , and fulfilling the following conditions shall be placed in 'first class with distinction'. However, he
 - Should have passed all the subjects/courses in 'first appearance' within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
 - (ii) Should have secured a CGPA \ge 8.00, at the end of each of the 8 sequential semesters, starting from I year I semester onwards.
 - (iii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the semester end examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA > 8 shall be placed in **'first class'**.

12.4 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 6.50 but <

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8.00 shall be placed in 'first class'.

- **12.5** Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 5.50 but < 6.50, shall be placed in 'second class'.
- 12.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) \geq 5.00 but < 5.50, shall be placed in 'pass class'.
- **12.7** A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree.
- **12.8** Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.3 alone will be eligible for award of '**Gold Medal**'.

13.0 Withholding of results

13.1 If the student has not paid the fees to the University at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Student transfers

- 14.1 There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- **14.2** There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- **14.3** The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of JNTUH, and also pass the subjects of JNTUH which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of JNTUH, the students have to study those subjects in JNTUH in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.
- **14.4** The transferred students from other Universities/institutions to JNTUH affiliated colleges who are on rolls are to be provided one chance to write the CBT (internal marks) in the **equivalent subject(s)** as per the clearance letter issued by the University.
- 14.5 The autonomous affiliated colleges have to provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the **equivalent subject(s)** to the students transferred from other universities/institutions to JNTUH autonomous affiliated colleges who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.

15.0 Scope

- **15.1** The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- **15.2** In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.

- 15.3 The University may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the dates notified by the University authorities.
- 15.4 Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH. (LATERAL ENTRY SCHEME) FROM THE AY 2019-20

1. Eligibility for award of B. Tech. Degree (LES)

The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.

- 2. The student shall register for 123 credits and secure 123 credits with CGPA \ge 5 from II year to IV year B.Tech. programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree.
- **3.** The students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech.
- **4.** The attendance requirements of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech. (LES).

5. <u>Promotion rule</u>

S. No	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 25 credits out of 42 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester.

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		(ii) Must have secured at least 51 credits out of 86 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

6. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

MALPRACTICES RULES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the student:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to

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	of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
		The hall ticket of the student is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent/assistant – superintendent / any officer on duty or	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject
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	misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency	and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
	to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	5
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possesses any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
	20	PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurnet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

9.	If student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to the police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared for including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared for including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award a suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the students as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions: (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - a. A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - b. Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - c. Shifting the examination centre from one college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR B.TECH. REGULAR STUDENTS WITH EFFECT FROM THE

ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-17 (R-16)

Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T) 1.0

JNTUH offers a 4-year (8 semesters) Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) degree 1.1 programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at its non-autonomous constituent and affiliated colleges with effect from the academic year 2016-17 in the following branches of Engineering:

Sl. No.	Branch	
1.	Civil Engineering	
2.	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	
3.	Mechanical Engineering	
4.	Electronics and Communication Engineering	
5.	Computer Science and Engineering	
6.	Chemical Engineering	
7.	Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering	
8.	Bio-Medical Engineering	
9.	Information Technology	
10.	Mechanical Engineering (Mechatronics)	
11.	Electronics and Telematics Engineering	
12.	Metallurgy and Material Technology	
13.	Electronics and Computer Engineering	
14.	Mechanical Engineering (Production)	
15.	Aeronautical Engineering	
16.	Instrumentation and Control Engineering	
17.	Biotechnology	
18.	Automobile Engineering	
19.	Mining Engineering	
20.	Petroleum Engineering	
21.	Civil and Environmental Engineering	
22.	Mechanical Engineering (Nano Technology)	
23.	Computer Science & Technology	
24.	Pharmaceutical Engineering	

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2.0 Eligibility for admission

- 2.1 Admission to the under graduate programme shall be made either on the basis of the merit rank obtained by the qualified candidate in entrance test conducted by the Telangana State Government (EAMCET) or the University or on the basis of any other order of merit approved by the University, subject to reservations as prescribed by the government from time to time.
- **2.2** The medium of instructions for the entire under graduate programme in E&T will be **English** only.

3.0 B.Tech. Programme structure

3.1 A student after securing admission shall pursue the under graduate programme in B.Tech. in a minimum period of **four** academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of **eight** academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech course.

Each semester is structured to provide 24 credits, totaling to 192 credits for the entire B.Tech. programme.

Each student shall secure 192 credits (with CGPA \geq 5) required for the completion of the under graduate programme and award of the B.Tech. degree.

3.2 UGC/ AICTE specified definitions/ descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these academic regulations/ norms, which are listed below.

3.2.1 Semester scheme

Each under graduate programme is of 4 academic years (8 semesters) with the academic year being divided into two semesters of 22 weeks (\geq 90 instructional days) each, each semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as indicated by UGC and curriculum / course structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

3.2.2 Credit courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

- One credit for one hour/ week/ semester for theory/ lecture (L) courses.
- One credit for two hours/ week/ semester for laboratory/ practical (P) courses or tutorials (T).

Courses like Environmental Science, Professional Ethics, Gender Sensitization lab and other student activities like NCC/NSO and NSS are identified as mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

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3.2.3 Subject Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the under graduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The university has followed almost all the guidelines issued by AICTE/UGC.

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description
1		BS – Basic Sciences	Includes mathematics, physics and chemistry subjects
2	Foundation Courses (FnC)	ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes fundamental Engineering subjects
3	(FIIC)	HS – Humanities and Social sciences	Includes subjects related to humanities, social sciences and management
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
5	Elective	PE – Professional Electives	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
6	Courses (EℓC)	OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects which include inter- disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
7		Project Work	B.Tech. project or UG project or UG major project
8	Core Courses	Industrial training/ Mini- project	Industrial training/ Internship/ UG Mini-project/ Mini-project
9		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor courses	-	1 or 2 Credit courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory courses (non-credit)

4.0 Course registration

4.1 A 'faculty advisor or counselor' shall be assigned to a group of 15 students, who will advise student about the under graduate programme, its course structure and curriculum, choice/option for subjects/ courses, based on their competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.

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- **4.2** The academic section of the college invites 'registration forms' from students before the beginning of the semester through 'on-line registration', ensuring 'date and time stamping'. The on-line registration requests for any 'current semester' shall be **completed before the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'preceding semester'**.
- **4.3** A student can apply for **on-line** registration, **only after** obtaining the 'written approval' from faculty advisor/counselor, which should be submitted to the college academic section through the Head of the Department. A copy of it shall be retained with Head of the Department, faculty advisor/ counselor and the student.
- 4.4 A student may be permitted to register for the subjects/ courses of **choice** with a total of 24 credits per semester (minimum of 20 credits and maximum of 28 credits per semester and permitted deviation of \pm 17%), based on **progress** and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the **'pre-requisites'** as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents. However, a **minimum** of 20 credits per semester must be registered to ensure the **'studentship'** in any semester.
- **4.5** Choice for 'additional subjects/ courses' to reach the maximum permissible limit of 28 credits (above the typical 24 credit norm) must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the faculty advisor/ counselor.
- **4.6** If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during **on-line** registration for the subject(s) / course(s) under a given/ specified course group/ category as listed in the course structure, only the first mentioned subject/ course in that category will be taken into consideration.
- **4.7** Subject/ course options exercised through **on-line** registration are final and **cannot** be changed or inter-changed; further, alternate choices also will not be considered. However, if the subject/ course that has already been listed for registration by the Head of the Department in a semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new subject (subject to offering of such a subject), or for another existing subject (subject to availability of seats). Such alternate arrangements will be made by the head of the department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the **first week** after the commencement of class-work for that semester.
- **4.8** Dropping of subjects/ courses may be permitted, only after obtaining prior approval from the faculty advisor/ counselor (subject to retaining a minimum of 20 credits), 'within a period of 15 days' from the beginning of the current semester.
- **4.9 Open electives:** The students have to choose one open elective (OE-I) in III year I semester, one (OE-II) in III year II semester, and one (OE-III) in IV year II semester, from the list of open electives given. However, the student cannot opt for an open elective subject offered by their own (parent) department, if it is already listed under any category of the subjects offered by parent department in any semester.

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4.10 Professional electives: students have to choose professional elective (PE-I) in III year II semester, Professional electives II, III, and IV (PE-II, III and IV) in IV year I semester, Professional electives V, and VI (PE-V and VI) in IV year II semester, from the list of professional electives given. However, the students may opt for professional elective subjects offered in the related area.

5.0 Subjects/ courses to be offered

- 5.1 A typical section (or class) strength for each semester shall be 60.
- 5.2 A subject/ course may be offered to the students, only if a minimum of 20 students (1/3 of the section strength) opt for it. The maximum strength of a section is limited to 80 (60 + 1/3 of the section strength).
- **5.3** More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, selection of choice for students will be based on 'first come first serve basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e. the first focus shall be on early **on-line entry** from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.4 If more entries for registration of a subject come into picture, then the Head of Department concerned shall decide, whether or not to offer such a subject/ course for **two (or multiple)** sections.

6.0 Attendance requirements:

- 6.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for the semester end examinations, if student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (excluding attendance in mandatory courses Environmental Science, Professional Ethics, Gender Sensitization Lab, NCC/NSO and NSS) for that semester.
- **6.2** Shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- 6.3 A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in **no** case be condoned.
- 6.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand cancelled. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which student was detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; in case if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the same set of elective subjects offered under that category.

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6.6 A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.

7.0 Academic requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% marks (26 out of 75 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to UG mini-project and seminar, if student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student would be treated as failed, if student (i) does not submit a report on UG mini-project, or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the seminar as required in the IV year I Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in UG mini-project/ seminar evaluations.

Student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first year first semester.
2	First year second semester to second year first semester	 i. Regular course of study of first year second semester. ii. Must have secured at least 24 credits out of 48 credits i.e., 50% of credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3.	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
4	Second year second semester to third year first semester	 i. Regular course of study of second year second semester. ii. Must have secured at least 58 credits out of 96 credits i.g., 60% of

7.3 **Promotion Rules**

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		credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
6	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	 i. Regular course of study of third year second semester. ii. Must have secured at least 86 credits out of 144 credits i.e., 60% of credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

- 7.4 A student shall register for all subjects covering 192 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 192 credits, 'earn all 192 credits' by securing SGPA \ge 5.0 (in each semester) and CGPA (at the end of each successive semester) \ge 5.0 to successfully complete the under graduate programme.
- 7.5 After securing the necessary 192 credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire under graduate programme, the student can avail exemption of two subjects up to 6 credits, that is, one open elective and one professional elective subject or two professional elective subjects for optional drop out from these 192 credits earned; resulting in 186 credits for under graduate programme performance evaluation, i.e., the performance of the student in these 186 credits shall alone be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA (at the end of under graduate programme, which takes the SGPA of the IV year II semester into account)', and shall be indicated in the grade card of IV year II semester. However, the performance of student in the earlier individual semesters, with the corresponding SGPA and CGPA for which grade cards have already been given will not be altered.
- 7.6 If a student registers for some more 'extra subjects' (in the parent department or other departments/branches of engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 192 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those 'extra subjects' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 192 credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra subjects' registered, % of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations 6 and 7.1 7.5 above.

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- 7.7 A student eligible to appear in the end semester examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure 'C' grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, CIE assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.8 A student detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance, may be re-admitted when the same semester is offered in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which student has been readmitted shall be applicable. However, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which student has been detained.
- 7.9 A student detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits. The academic regulations under which student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.

8.0 Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of marks

- **8.1** The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practicals and UG major project) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 25 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 75 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).
- 8.2 For theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each mid-term examination consists of one objective paper, one descriptive paper and one assignment. The objective paper and the essay paper shall be for 10 marks each with a total duration of 1 hour 20 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 60 minutes for essay paper). The objective paper is set with 20 bits of multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and matching type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The essay paper shall contain 4 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 2 questions, each carrying 5 marks. While the first mid-term examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second mid-term examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus. Five marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first mid-examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second midexamination. The total marks secured by the student in each mid-term examination are evaluated for 25 marks, and the average of the two mid-term examinations shall be taken as the final marks secured by each student in internals/sessionals. If any student is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the university. The details of the question paper pattern are as follows,
 - The end semester examinations will be conducted for 75 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) **Part-A** for 25 marks, ii) **Part B** for 50 marks.
 - Part-A is compulsory question which consists of ten sub-questions. The first five sub-questions are from each unit and carry 2 marks each. The next five sub-questions are one from each unit and carry 3 marks each.



- Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- **8.3** For practical subjects there shall be a continuous internal evaluation during the semester for 25 sessional marks and 75 semester end examination marks. Out of the 25 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 10 marks conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned. The semester end examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the clusters of colleges which are decided by the examination branch of the university.
- **8.4** For the subject having design and/or drawing, (such as engineering graphics, engineering drawing, machine drawing) and estimation, the distribution shall be 25 marks for continuous internal evaluation (15 marks for day-to-day work and 10 marks for internal tests) and 75 marks for semester end examination. There shall be two internal tests in a semester and the average of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.
- **8.5** There shall be an UG mini-project, in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students will register for this immediately after III year II semester examinations and pursue it during summer vacation. The UG mini-project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in IV year I semester. It shall be evaluated for 100 marks. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, supervisor of the UG mini-project and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for UG mini-project.
- **8.6** There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year I semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic, prepare a technical report and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 100 marks. There shall be no semester end examination for the seminar.
- **8.7** Out of a total of 100 marks for the UG major project, 25 marks shall be allotted for internal evaluation and 75 marks for the end semester examination (viva voce). The end semester examination of the UG major project shall be conducted by the same committee as appointed for the UG mini-project. In addition, the UG major project supervisor shall also be included in the committee. The topics for UG mini project, seminar and UG major project shall be different from one another. The evaluation of UG major project shall be made at the end of IV year II semester. The internal evaluation shall be on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of UG major project.

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- **8.8** The laboratory marks and the sessional marks awarded by the college are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the university wherever necessary. In such cases, the sessional and laboratory marks awarded by the college will be referred to a committee. The committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the respective institutions as per the university rules and produced before the committees of the university as and when asked for.
- **8.9** For mandatory courses environmental science, professional ethics and gender sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the marks allotted) in the continuous internal evaluation for passing the subject/course.
- 8.10 For mandatory courses NCC/ NSO and NSS, a 'satisfactory participation certificate' shall be issued to the student from the authorities concerned, only after securing $\geq 65\%$ attendance in such a course.
- 8.11 No marks or letter grade shall be allotted for all mandatory/non-credit courses.

9.0 Grading procedure

- **9.1** Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of student in each theory subject, laboratory / practicals, seminar, UG mini project and UG major project. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- **9.2** As a measure of the performance of student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)	Grade Points
Greater than or equal to 90%	O (Outstanding)	10
80 and less than 90%	A ⁺ (Excellent)	9
70 and less than 80%	A (Very Good)	8
60 and less than 70%	B⁺ (Good)	7
50 and less than 60%	B (Average)	6
40 and less than 50%	C (Pass)	5
Below 40%	F (FAIL)	- 28
Absent	Ab	an o

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- **9.3** A student obtaining '**F**' grade in any subject shall be deemed to have '**failed**' and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- **9.4** A student who has not appeared for examination in any subject, '**Ab**' grade will be allocated in that subject, and student shall be considered '**failed**'. Student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the semester end examination, as and when offered.
- **9.5** A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- **9.6** A student earns grade point (GP) in each subject/ course, on the basis of the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding 'credit points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

Credit points (CP) = grade point (GP) x credits For a course

- 9.7 The student passes the subject/ course only when $GP \ge 5$ ('C' grade or above)
- **9.8** The semester grade point average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of credit points (Σ CP) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

SGPA = { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i$ } / { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i$ } For each semester,

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the no. of subjects '**registered**' for the semester (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department), C_i is the no. of credits allotted to the ith subject, and G_i represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that ith subject.

9.9 The cumulative grade point average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total credit points secured by a student in **all** registered courses in **all** semesters, and the total number of credits registered in **all** the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

CGPA = { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j$ } / { $\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j$ } ... for all S semesters registered

(i.e., up to and inclusive of S semesters, $S \ge 2$),

where '**M**' is the **total** no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the course structure of the parent department) the student has '**registered**' i.e., from the 1st semester onwards up to and inclusive of the 8th semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes

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into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters), C_j is the no. of credits allotted to the jth subject, and G_j represents the grade points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that jth subject. After registration and completion of first year first semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Course/Subject	ect (redite		Course/Subject Credits Letter Grade		Grade Points	Credit Points	
Course 1	4	А	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$			
Course 2	4	0	10	$4 \ge 10 = 40$			
Course 3	4	С	5	$4 \times 5 = 20$			
Course 4	3	В	6	$3 \times 6 = 18$			
Course 5	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$			
Course 6	3	С	5	3 x 5 = 15			
	21			152			

Illustration of calculation of SGPA

SGPA = 152/21 = 7.24

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
		I Year I Seme	ester	
Course 1	4	Α	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$
Course 2	4	A+	9	$4 \times 9 = 36$
Course 3	4	В	6	$4 \ge 6 = 24$
Course 4	3	0	10	$3 \times 10 = 30$
Course 5	3	B+	7	$3 \times 7 = 21$
Course 6	3	Α	8	$3 \times 8 = 24$
		I Year II Sem	ester	
Course 7	4	B+	7	$4 \times 7 = 28$
Course 8	4	0	10	$4 \ge 10 = 40$
Course 9	4	А	8	$4 \times 8 = 32$
Course 10	3	В	6	$3 \times 6 = 18$
Course 11	3	С	5	$3 \times 5 = 15$
Course 12	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$
	Total Credits = 42			Total Credit Points = 327

Illustration of calculation of CGPA:

CGPA = 327/42 = 7.79

9.10 For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the '**rounded off**' values of the CGPAs will be used.

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For calculations listed in regulations 9.6 to 9.9, performance in failed subjects/ courses 9.11 (securing F grade) will also be taken into account, and the credits of such subjects/ courses will also be included in the multiplications and summations. After passing the failed subject(s) newly secured letter grades will be taken into account for calculation of SGPA and CGPA. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

10.0 **Passing standards**

- 10.1 A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a semester, if student secures a $GP \ge$ 5 ('C' grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when student gets an SGPA \geq 5.00 at the end of that particular semester); and a student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire under graduate programme, only when gets a CGPA \geq 5.00 for the award of the degree as required.
- 10.2 After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet (or transcript) shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, no. of credits, and grade earned etc.), credits earned, SGPA, and CGPA.

11.0 **Declaration of results**

- 11.1 Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 9.6 to 9.9.
- 11.2 For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

% of Marks = (final CGPA - 0.5) x 10

12.0 Award of degree

- 12.1 A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the course structure and secures the required number of 192 credits (with CGPA \geq 5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have 'qualified' for the award of the B.Tech. degree in the chosen branch of Engineering as selected at the time of admission.
- 12.2 A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes.
- 12.3 Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) \geq 8.00, and fulfilling the following conditions -
 - (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in 'first appearance' within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
 - (ii) Should have secured a CGPA \geq 8.00, at the end of each of the 8 sequential semesters, starting from first year first semester onwards.





- (iii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the end semester examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason, shall be placed in 'first class with distinction'.
- **12.4** Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 6.50 but < 8.00, shall be placed in 'first class'.
- **12.5** Students with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) \geq 5.50 but < 6.50, shall be placed in 'second class'.
- 12.6 All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) ≥ 5.00 but < 5.50, shall be placed in **'pass class'**.
- **12.7** A student with final CGPA (at the end of the under graduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for the award of the degree.
- **12.8** Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.3 alone will be eligible for award of **'university rank'** and **'gold medal'**.

13.0 Withholding of results

13.1 If the student has not paid the fees to the university/ college at any stage, or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the student may be withheld, and student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

14.0 Transitory regulations

14.1 A student who has discontinued for any reason, or has been detained for want of attendance or lack of required credits as specified, or who has failed after having undergone the degree programme, may be considered eligible for readmission to the same subjects/ courses (or equivalent subjects/ courses, as the case may be), and same professional electives/ open electives (or from set/category of electives or equivalents suggested, as the case may be) as and when they are offered (within the time-frame of 8 years from the date of commencement of student's first year first semester).

15.0 Student transfers

- 15.1 There shall be no branch transfers after the completion of admission process.
- **15.2** There shall be no transfers from one college/stream to another within the constituent colleges and units of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- **15.3** The students seeking transfer to colleges affiliated to JNTUH from various other Universities/institutions have to pass the failed subjects which are equivalent to the subjects of JNTUH, and also pass the subjects of JNTUH which the students have not studied at the earlier institution. Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different

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semesters of JNTUH, the students have to study those subjects in JNTUH in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.

- **15.4** The transferred students from other Universities/institutions to JNTUH affiliated colleges who are on rolls to be provide one chance to write the CBT (internal marks) in the **failed subjects and/or subjects not studied** as per the clearance letter issued by the university.
- **15.5** The autonomous affiliated colleges have to provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the **failed subjects and/or subjects not studied**, to the students transferred from other universities/institutions to JNTUH autonomous affiliated colleges who are on rolls, as per the clearance (equivalence) letter issued by the University.
- 16.0 Scope
- **16.1** The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- **16.2** In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- **16.3** The university may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the date notified by the university authorities.

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008) Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

Academic Regulations for B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme) w.e.f the AY 2017-18

1. Eligibility for award of B. Tech. Degree (LES)

The LES students after securing admission shall pursue a course of study for not less than three academic years and not more than six academic years.

- 2. The student shall register for 144 credits and secure 144 credits with CGPA ≥ 5 from II year to IV year B.Tech. programme (LES) for the award of B.Tech. degree. Out of the 144 credits secured, the student can avail exemption up to 6 credits, that is, one open elective subject and one professional elective subject or two professional elective subjects resulting in 138 credits for B.Tech programme performance evaluation.
- **3.** The students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in six academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat in B.Tech.
- 4. The attendance requirements of B. Tech. (Regular) shall be applicable to B.Tech. (LES).

5. <u>Promotion rule</u>

S. No	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
2	Second year second semester to third year first semester	 (i) Regular course of study of second year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 29 credits out of 48 credits i.e., 60% of credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
4	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	 (i) Regular course of study of third year second semester. (ii) Must have secured at least 58 credits out of 96 credits i.e., 60% of credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

6. All the other regulations as applicable to B. Tech. 4-year degree course (Regular) will hold good for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme).

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MALPRACTICES RULES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractice/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the student:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The hall ticket of the student is to be cancelled and sent to the university.
3.	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and UG major project) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all university examinations. The continuation

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		of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
4.	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all university examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent/assistant — superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
	18	PRINCIPAL Avantil Institute of Engg. & Teor Cuntic (Cl) (V), Abdullepurmot (Mdi), R.R. Die



7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all university examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will he her dad ever to realize and a police area will
		be handed over to police and, a police case will
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	be registered against them. Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and UG major project and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared including practical examinations and UG major project of that semester/year examinations.
		Part
	19	PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. 8, Tooh Guningelly (V), Abduliepumet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.



	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11
12.	shall be reported to the university for further action to award suitable
	punishment.

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the students as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - a. A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - b. Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - c. Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

* * * * *

Avanthi Institute of Engl), & Tech Gunthapelly (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



Examination Reform Policy

November 2018

ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION Nelson Mandela Marg, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi-110070

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Examination Reform Policy

November 2018

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Examination Reform Policy

PRINCIPAL Aversivit institute of Engine & Touri Cunthepenin (M. Abdullepunnet (Mdi), R.R. Dial

MESSAGE

AICTE is taking a multi-pronged approach to recalibrate the technical education in the country, to provide competent professionals. Challenged by keeping the pace of education with the advancements in the technology and industry needs, AICTE has pushed reforms by way of a model curriculum for various engineering disciplines, providing good quality self-learning content through MOOCs, framing a policy for the training of technical teachers 3-week student induction program and enunciating guidelines for the mandatory internship for student among others. Continuing with the streak, AICTE has now come out with an Examination Reform Policy, which would not only improve the quality of technical education in general but also examine the effectiveness of earlier initiatives of AICTE and also those on the anvil.

Evaluation, grading and certification in our system rest on examinations which play an important role in the progression of a learner on the learning path. The examinations not only indicate whether the desired learning outcomes have been achieved but also assess the level of achievements against benchmarks. Thus, examinations serve as checkpoints for both the learner and the external world, allowing appropriate certification to be issued reflecting the proficiency of an individual operating in socio-economic spheres.

This policy comes at a time when knowledge is freely available for creating resources, opportunities for more knowledge, which requires skill of higher order beyond remembering and comprehension. This policy intends to push the evaluation notches up on the Bloom's taxonomy and examine the learner for higher order cognitive skills to drive critical thinking, creativity and problem solving which have to be the attributes of any technical professional. It is hoped that this will also force necessary alignment in the teaching-learning processes on one hand to the bridging of the gap between theory and practicals on the other and prepare students for innovation and creativity.

We request the technical institutions and universities in the country to adopt this examination reform policy. To facilitate this, model question papers and question banks will be developed/ shared through AICTE website. With a view to impart momentum to this much-awaited reform, AICTE shall be conducting a series of training workshops for faculty, across the country.

We thank members of the committee led by Prof. Shettar, Vice-Chancellor, KLE University for developing the policy which will go a long way to enhance the employability ratio and also enable youngsters to become problem-solvers, innovators and job creators. We especially thank MHRD for providing guidance and support throughout the process of creation of this Policy.

(Prof. Anil D. Sahasrabudhe) mot (Mdl), R.R. Diet.

Examination Reform Policy

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PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avrantial Institute of Engo. & Teëh Gunihopoliy (V), Abdullapumot (Mal), R.R. Dist. 4 Examination Reform Policy

PREFACE

Globalisation of the world economy and higher education are driving profound changes in engineering education system. Worldwide adaptation of Outcome-Based Education (OBE) framework and enhanced focus on higher-order learning and professional skills necessitates paradigm shift in traditional practices of curriculum design, education delivery and assessment. In recent years, worldwide sweeping reforms are being undertaken to bring about essential changes in engineering education in terms of what to teach (content) and how to teach (knowledge delivery) and how to assess (student learning).

Examinations/student assessments play a very important role in deciding the quality of education. The academic quality of examinations (question papers) in Indian engineering education system has been a matter of concern from a long time. This report attempts to bring out recommendations for reforms in examination system to meet challenges of emerging engineering education landscape.

The recommendations are presented in four sections. Beginning in Section-1, the most important drivers for examination reforms in Indian engineering education system are discussed. Section-2 brings out strategies to be adopted to align assessment with the desired student learning outcomes. A two-step method is proposed for mapping the examination questions with course outcomes. Section-3 highlights the necessity of designing question papers to test higher order abilities and skills. Application of blooms taxonomy framework to create an optimal structure of examination papers to test the different cognitive skills is discussed in detail. Challenge of assessing higher order abilities and professional skills through traditional examination system is brought out in Section-4. Several educational experiences and assessment opportunities are identified to overcome the challenges. Appendices contain the supplement material that is helpful for Universities/ Colleges to implement recommendations.

At this juncture, reforms in examinations are critical for the improvement of the quality and relevance of Indian engineering education. It is hoped that the Report will be of use to Universities and Colleges to bring out the much-needed change. The cooperation received from AICTE officials in bringing out the Report is gratefully acknowledged.

Prof. Ashok S. Shettar

Prof. Rama Krishna Challa Prof. Sanjay Agarwal Prof. Upendra Pandel mate of Engu unnet (Mai), R.R. Dist

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tes Guntinspelly (V), Abdullapurmot (Mdl), R.R. Diel E.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The development of an outcome based Examination Reform Policy for technical education is a result of thoughtful deliberations, involving dedicated and specialized experts. This Policy has been framed to meet the expectations of an academically challenging environment, develop problem-solving skills by students, aligning with current global standards and to enrich the students learning to make them self-enablers and/or match job requirements on successful completion of their degree.

The performance-based new-age reforms in the examination will benefit each student for preparing him/ her for success in the knowledge society. This will create proper mapping between program outcomes and assessment tools that lead to the accurate and reliable measurement of attainment of outcomes of the students. In short, the Policy focuses on providing the ability of student to understand the subject and apply the knowledge to real world problems.

We are thankful to the members of the committee Prof. Ashok S. Shettar, Prof. Rama Krishna Challa, Prof. Sanjay Agarwal and Prof. Upendra Pandel who were devotedly committed towards framing this Policy. We thank them for identifying Competencies and Performance Indicators (PIs) with Program Outcomes (POs); Sample Questions for all six levels of Bloom's Taxonomy; Model Question Papers for end semester examinations based on Bloom's Taxonomy; and Sample Scoring Rubrics for communication (written & oral), and assessment of design projects and semester mini projects.

Special thanks and gratitude to Prof. Anil D. Sahasrabdhe, Chairman; Prof M.P. Poonia, Vice Chairman and Prof. A.P. Mittal, Member Secretary, AICTE who have been pivotal in developing this Policy and encouraging throughout the process.

I appreciate the officers and officials of Policy & Academic Planning Bureau for their contribution and support in the exercise that has led to this Policy.

I also sincerely thank all officers and officials of AICTE, who have contributed in one way or other for the development of this Policy.

Thanking all once again and seeking continued support and also feedback on the Policy.

(Prof. Rajive Kumar) Adviser-I Policy & Academic Planning Bureau, AICTE di), R.R. Disi. Examination Reform Policy

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INTRODUCTION

Globalisation of the world economy and higher education are driving profound changes in engineering education system. There is a continuing need to dynamically adapt to these changes, to ensure that we remain competitive and can respond effectively to the challenges of globalisation. Future engineering graduates not only need to be knowledgeable in his/her discipline but also needs a new set of soft, professional skills and competencies [1].

In recent years, there have been essential changes in engineering education in terms of what to teach (content) and how to teach (knowledge delivery) and how to assess (student learning).

AICTE has already taken initiation to come out with model curriculum for engineering programs. The digital initiatives of MHRD and AICTE have made available very large number of MOOC courses through SWAYAM, that can help the colleges and teachers to adopt innovative methodologies in the delivery of course.

The present report focusses on the recommendations for reforms in examinations (assessment of student) in the context of emerging landscape of engineering education.

Examinations/student assessments play a very important role in deciding the quality of education. They must not only assess student's achievements (and grades) but also measure whether the desired learning outcomes have been achieved. The achievement of objectives and program outcomes are crucial and needs to be proven through accurate and reliable assessments.

The academic quality of examinations (question papers) in Indian engineering education system has been a matter of concern from a long time. It is widely acknowledged that "assessment drives learning", what and how students learn depends to a major extent on how they think they will be assessed [2]. The question papers that require simple memory recall will not ensure deep, meaningful learning. High expectations for learning motivate the students to rise to the occasion. The assessment (examination) must embed those high expectations to ensure that the learner is motivated to attain them.

Considering the above imperatives, it is clear that reforms in Examinations are critical for improvement of the quality of Indian engineering education. The most important drivers for reforms in examination system of Indian engineering education are:

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1. Adaptation of Outcome-Based Education Framework

Outcome-based education (OBE)- a performance-based approach has emerged as a major reform model in the global engineering education scenario [3]. The country that wants to be a signatory member of a multinational agreement for the mutual recognition of engineering degrees, i.e. the Washington Accord (WA) must implement OBE. This will be an endorsement that the engineering education system has demonstrated a strong, long-term commitment to quality assurance in producing engineers ready for industry practice in the international scene. Being signatory to the Washington Accord, Indian accreditation agency 'National Board of Accreditation (NBA)' has made it mandatory for engineering institutions to adapt OBE framework for their curriculum design, delivery and assessment. In OBE framework, the educational outcomes of a program are clearly and unambiguously specified. These determine the curriculum content and its organization, the teaching methods and strategies and the assessment process.

Though Indian Universities and Colleges have started adapting OBE framework for their engineering programs, the focus is limited to the curriculum design part, i.e. connecting curriculum components to the program outcomes. Very little attention is being given for connecting examination questions/assessment tools to the program outcomes. The absence of proper mapping between program outcomes and assessment tools lead to the inaccurate and unreliable measurement of attainment of outcomes by the students. This missing connect creates a big gap in the effective adaptation of OBE framework, making the whole exercise futile.

2. Importance of Higher-order Abilities and Professional Skills

In the present examination system, memorization occupies a dominant place. The recall of factual knowledge, though essential to any examination, is only one of several major abilities to be demonstrated by the graduates. The assessment process must also test higher level skills viz. ability to apply knowledge, solve complex problems, analyse, synthesise and design. Further, professional skills like the ability to communicate, work in teams, lifelong learning have become important elements for employability of the graduates [4]. It is important that the examinations also give appropriate weightage to the assessment of these higher-level skills and professional competencies.

Keeping in view of the above challenges and looking at some of the worldwide best practices in assessment, the present report comes up with several recommendations that can be used by Universities/ Colleges to design their assessment strategies.

ASSESSMENT STRATEGY FOR OUTCOME-BASED EDUCATION

1. Mapping Program Outcomes to Assessment (Examinations)

Graduate attributes (GAs) articulate the generic abilities to be looked for in a graduate of any undergraduate degree program. They form the Program Outcomes (POs) that reflect the skills, knowledge and abilities of graduates regardless of the field of study. This does not mean that POs are necessarily independent of disciplinary knowledge –rather, these qualities may be developed in various disciplinary contexts.

In outcome-based education, a "design down" process is employed which moves from POs to Course Outcomes (COs) and outcomes for individual learning experiences. Outcomes at each successive level need to be aligned with, and contribute to, the program outcomes.

Courses are the building blocks of a program. Teaching strategies, learning activities, assessments and resources should all be designed and organized to help students achieve the learning outcomes at the course level. In the assessment activities, students demonstrate their level of achievement of the course learning outcomes. In a constructively aligned program, the courses are carefully coordinated to ensure steady development or scaffolding from the introduction to mastery of the learning outcomes, leading to achievement of the intended POs. For the effectiveness of the program, the achievement of POs is crucial which needs to be proven through accurate and reliable assessments.

2. Two-step Process for Bringing Clarity to POs

POs give useful guidance at the program level for the curriculum design, delivery and assessment of student learning. However, they represent fairly high-level generic goals that are not directly measurable. Real observability and measurability of the POs at course level is very difficult. To connect high-level learning outcomes (POs) with course content, course outcomes and assessment, there is a necessity to bring further clarity and specificity to the program outcomes [5]. This can be achieved through the following two-step process of identifying Competencies and Performance Indicators (PI).

(1) Identify Competencies to be attained: For each PO define competencies –different abilities implied by program outcome statement that would generally require different assessment measures. This helps us to create a shared understanding of the competencies we want students to achieve. They serve as an intermediate step to the creation of measurable indicators.

Example:

Program Outcome (Attribute 3)

Design:

PO3: Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and

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design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

Competencies

- 1. Demonstrate an ability to define a complex, open-ended problem in engineering terms.
- 2. Demonstrate an ability to generate a diverse set of alternative design solutions.
- 3. Demonstrate an ability to select the optimal design scheme for further development.
- 4. Demonstrate an ability to advance an engineering design to the defined end state.
- (2) Define Performance Indicators: For each of the competencies identified, define performance Indicators (PIs) that are explicit statements of expectations of the student learning. They can act as measuring tools in assessment to understand the extent of attainment of outcomes. They can also be designed to determine the appropriate achievement level or competency of each indicator so that instructors can target and students can achieve the acceptable level of proficiency.

Example:

For the Competency -2

Demonstrate an ability to generate a diverse set of alternative design solutions

Performance Indicators:

- 1. Apply formal idea generation tools to develop multiple engineering design solutions
- 2. Build models, prototypes, algorithms to develop a diverse set of design solutions
- 3. Identify the functional and non-functional criteria for evaluation of alternate design solutions.

It should be noted that, when we consider the program outcome, it looks like, it can be achieved only in the Capstone project. But if we consider the competencies and performance indicators, we start seeing the opportunities of addressing them (and hence PO) in various courses of the program.

Once the above process is completed for the program, the assessment of COs for all the courses is designed by connecting assessment questions (used in various assessment tools) to the PIs. By following this process, where examination questions map with PIs, we get clarity and better resolution for the assessment of COs and POs. The pictorial representation of the process is given in Fig. 1

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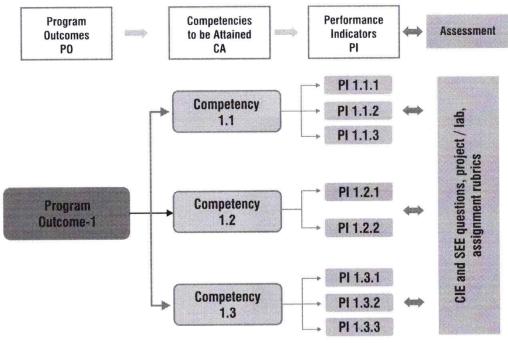


Fig. 1: Connecting POs to Assessment

3. Program Outcomes – Competencies – Performance Indicators

Following table gives the suggestive list of competencies and associated performance indicators for each of the PO in Mechanical Engineering Program.

	Competency	Indicators
1.1	Demonstrate competence in mathematical modelling	 1.1.1 Apply mathematical techniques such as calculus, linear algebra, and statistics to solve problems 1.1.2 Apply advanced mathematical techniques to model and solve mechanical engineering problems
1.2	Demonstrate competence in basic sciences	1.2.1 Apply laws of natural science to an engineering problem
1.3	Demonstrate competence in engineering fundamentals	1.3.1 Apply fundamental engineering concepts to solve engineering problems
1.4	Demonstrate competence in specialized engineering knowledge to the program	1.4.1 Apply Mechanical engineering concepts to solve engineering problems.
		, formulate, research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
	Competency	Indicators
2.1	Demonstrate an ability to identify and formulate complex engineering problem	 2.1.1 Articulate problem statements and identify objectives 2.1.2 Identify engineering systems, variables, and parameters to solve the problems 2.1.3 Identify the mathematical, engineering and other relevant knowledge that applies to a given problem

2.2	Demonstrate an ability to formulate a solution plan and methodology for an engineering problem	2.2.2 2.2.3	Reframe complex problems into interconnected sub-problems Identify, assemble and evaluate information and resources. Identify existing processes/solution methods for solving the problem, including forming justified approximations and assumptions Compare and contrast alternative solution processes to select the best process.
2.3	Demonstrate an ability to formulate and interpret a model	2.3.2	Combine scientific principles and engineering concepts to formulate model/s (mathematical or otherwise) of a system or process that is appropriate in terms of applicability and required accuracy. Identify assumptions (mathematical and physical) necessary to allow modeling of a system at the level of accuracy required.
2.4	Demonstrate an ability to execute a solution process and analyze results	2.4.2 2.4.3 2.4.4	Apply engineering mathematics and computations to solve mathematical models Produce and validate results through skilful use of contemporary engineering tools and models Identify sources of error in the solution process, and limitations of the solution. Extract desired understanding and conclusions consistent with objectives and limitations of the analysis

PO 3: Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

	Competency	Indicators
3.1	Demonstrate an ability to define a complex/ open-ended problem in engineering terms	 3.1.1 Recognize that need analysis is key to good problem definition 3.1.2 Elicit and document, engineering requirements from stakeholders 3.1.3 Synthesize engineering requirements from a review of the state-of-the-art 3.1.4 Extract engineering requirements from relevant engineering Codes and Standards such as ASME, ASTM, BIS, ISO and ASHRAE. 3.1.5 Explore and synthesize engineering requirements considering health, safety risks, environmental, cultural and societal issues 3.1.6 Determine design objectives, functional requirements and arrive at specifications
3.2	Demonstrate an ability to generate a diverse set of alternative design solutions	 3.2.1 Apply formal idea generation tools to develop multiple engineering design solutions 3.2.2 Build models/prototypes to develop a diverse set of design solutions 3.2.3 Identify suitable criteria for the evaluation of alternate design solutions
3.3	Demonstrate an ability to select an optimal design scheme for further development	 3.3.1 Apply formal decision-making tools to select optimal engineering design solutions for further development 3.3.2 Consult with domain experts and stakeholders to select candidate engineering design solution for further development
3.4	Demonstrate an ability to advance an engineering design to defined end state	3.4.1 Refine a conceptual design into a detailed design within the existing constraints (of the resources)3.4.2 Generate information through appropriate tests to improve or revise the design
PO 4: exper	: Conduct investigations of cor iments, analysis and interpreta	nplex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of tion of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
	Competency	Indicators
4.1	Demonstrate an ability to conduct investigations of technical issues consistent with their level of knowledge and understanding	 4.1.1 Define a problem, its scope and importance for purposes of investigation 4.1.2 Examine the relevant methods, tools and techniques of experiment design, system calibration, data acquisition, analysis and presentation 4.1.3 Apply appropriate instrumentation and/or software tools to make measurements of physical quantities 4.1.4 Establish a relationship between measured data and underlying physical principles.

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4.2 Demonstrate an abi design experiments to	o solve	Design and develop an experimental approach, specify appropriate equipment and procedures
open-ended problems	s 4.2.2	Understand the importance of the statistical design of experiments and choose an appropriate experimental design plan based on the study objectives
4.3 Demonstrate an abi analyze data and re valid conclusion	each a	Use appropriate procedures, tools and techniques to conduct experiments and collect data Analyze data for trends and correlations, stating possible errors and limitations
Yund Conclusion	4.3.2 4.3.3	Represent data (in tabular and/or graphical forms) so as to facilitate analysis and explanation of the data, and drawing of conclusions
	4.3.4	Synthesize information and knowledge about the problem from the raw data to reach appropriate conclusions
PO 5: Modern tool usage: (including prediction and mod	Create, select, a delling to compl	nd apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools ex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
Competency		Indicators
3.	nodern	Identify modern engineering tools such as computer-aided drafting, modeling and analysis; techniques and resources for engineering activities
engineering techniques and resou	Vi I i i	Create/adapt/modify/extend tools and techniques to solve engineering problems
5.2 Demonstrate an ab select and apply disc specific tools, tech	cipline- nniques	Identify the strengths and limitations of tools for (i) acquiring information, (ii) modeling and simulating, (iii) monitoring system performance, and (iv) creating engineering designs.
and resources	5.2.2	
5.3 Demonstrate an ab evaluate the suitabil		Discuss limitations and validate tools, techniques and resources Verify the credibility of results from tool use with reference to the accuracy and
limitations of tools to solve an engin problem	s used	limitations, and the assumptions inherent in their use.
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limitations of tools to solve an engin problem PO 6: The engineer and soc and cultural issues and the of Competency 6.1 Demonstrate an to describe engin roles in a broader of e.g. pertaining the environment, health, legal and public welf 6.2 Demonstrate understanding professional engin regulations, legislations standards PO 7: Environment and se	ability for the state of the st	limitations, and the assumptions inherent in their use. coning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal, consibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. Indicators Identify and describe various engineering roles; particularly as pertains to protection of the public and public interest at the global, regional and local level Interpret legislation, regulations, codes, and standards relevant to your discipline and explain its contribution to the protection of the public Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and he knowledge of, and the need for sustainable development. Indicators Identify risks/impacts in the life-cycle of an engineering product or activity

7.2	to apply principles of sustainable design and development	 7.2.1 Describe management techniques for sustainable development 7.2.2 Apply principles of preventive engineering and sustainable development to an engineering activity or product relevant to the discipline
PO 8: practic		is and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering
	Competency	Indicators
8.1	Demonstrate an ability to recognize ethical dilemmas	8.1.1 Identify situations of unethical professional conduct and propose ethical alternatives
8.2	Demonstrate an ability to apply the Code of Ethics	8.2.1 Identify tenets of the ASME professional code of ethics8.2.2 Examine and apply moral & ethical principles to known case studies
	Individual and team work: F isciplinary settings.	unction effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in
	Competency	Indicators
9.1	Demonstrate an ability to form a team and define a role for each member	 9.1.1 Recognize a variety of working and learning preferences; appreciate the value of diversity on a team 9.1.2 Implement the norms of practice (e.g. rules, roles, charters, agendas, etc.) of
	role for each member	9.1.2 Implement the norms of practice (e.g. rules, roles, charters, agendas, etc.) of effective team work, to accomplish a goal.
9.2	Demonstrate effective individual and team operations communication, problem- solving, conflict resolution and leadership skills	 9.2.1 Demonstrate effective communication, problem-solving, conflict resolution and leadership skills 9.2.2 Treat other team members respectfully 9.2.3 Listen to other members 9.2.4 Maintain composure in difficult situations
9.3	Demonstrate success in a team-based project	9.3.1 Present results as a team, with smooth integration of contributions from all individual efforts
the so	D: Communication: Communi- ociety at large, such as being intations, and give and receive	cate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective clear instructions
	Competency	Indicators
10.1	Demonstrate an ability to comprehend technical literature and document project work	terrie research and the
10.2	Demonstrate competence in listening, speaking, and	10.2.1 Listen to and comprehend information, instructions, and viewpoints of others
	presentation	

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PO 11: Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

	Competency	Indicators
11.1	Demonstrate an ability to evaluate the economic and financial performance of an engineering activity	11.1.1 Describe various economic and financial costs/benefits of an engineering activity11.1.2 Analyze different forms of financial statements to evaluate the financial status of an engineering project
11.2	Demonstrate an ability to compare and contrast the costs/benefits of alternate proposals for an engineering activity	11.2.1 Analyze and select the most appropriate proposal based on economic and financial considerations.
11.3	Demonstrate an ability to plan/manage an engineering	11.3.1 Identify the tasks required to complete an engineering activity, and the resources required to complete the tasks.
	activity within time and budget constraints	11.3.2 Use project management tools to schedule an engineering project, so it is completed on time and on budget.
PO 12	2: Life-long learning: Recognis	se the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long
Haim	ng in the broadest context of te	chnological change.
ieaim	ng in the broadest context of te Competency	chnological change. Indicators
12.1		chnological change.
	Competency Demonstrate an ability to identify gaps in knowledge and a strategy to close these gaps	Indicators 12.1.1 Describe the rationale for the requirement for continuing professional development 12.1.2 Identify deficiencies or gaps in knowledge and demonstrate an ability to source

The above table can be used for most of the engineering programs. However, for Computer Science & Engineering/ Information Technology programs it requires some modifications.

A suggestive list of competencies and associated performance indicators for Computer Science & Engineering/ Information Technology Programs is given in Appendix- A.

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IMPROVING STRUCTURE AND QUALITY OF ASSESSMENTS

For improving the structure and quality of assessment in various engineering programs following points need to be remembered:

- 1. In Indian engineering education system, written examinations play a major role in assessing the learning and awarding of grades to the student. Universities and colleges give highest weightage to the outcomes of the written examinations in overall grading. Questions raised in the examination/test papers play an important role in defining the level of learning the student is expected to achieve in the courses and hence in the program. Since assessment drives learning, the design of question papers needs to go beyond the mere test of memory recall. They also need to test higher-order abilities and skills.
- 2. Written examinations assess a very limited range of outcomes and cognitive levels. Particularly in the courses, where course outcomes (COs) cover a broad range of expectations, written examinations alone will not be sufficient to make valid judgements about student learning. A wide range of assessment methods (e.g., term papers, open-ended problem-solving assignments, course/lab project rubrics, portfolios etc.) need to be employed to ensure that assessment methods match with learning outcomes.
- 3. It is advisable to formulate assessment plans for each of the course in the program that brings clarity to the following:
 - a. Alignment of assessment with learning outcome of the course
 - b. Level of learning (cognitive) student is expected to achieve
 - c. Assessment method to be adapted

The method to align examination questions/assessment to COs and hence POs was discussed in the section-1. The following sections discuss the application of Bloom's taxonomy framework to create the optimal structure of examination papers to test the different cognitive skills.

1. Bloom's Taxonomy for Assessment Design

Bloom's Taxonomy provides an important framework to not only design curriculum and teaching methodologies but also to design appropriate examination questions belonging to various cognitive levels. Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives developed in 1956 by Benjamin Bloom [6] was widely accepted by educators for curriculum design and assessment. In 2001, Anderson and Krathwohl modified Bloom's taxonomy [7] to make it relevant to the present-day requirements. It attempts to divide learning into three types of domains (cognitive, affective, and behavioural) and then defines the level of performance for each domain. Conscious efforts to map the curriculum and assessment to these levels can help the programs to aim for higher-level abilities which go beyond remembering or understanding, and require application, analysis, evaluation or creation.

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Revised Bloom's taxonomy in the cognitive domain includes thinking, knowledge, and application of knowledge. It is a popular framework in engineering education to structure the assessment as it characterizes complexity and higher-order abilities. It identifies six levels of competencies within the cognitive domain (Fig. 2) which are appropriate for the purposes of engineering educators.

According to revised Bloom's taxonomy, the levels in the cognitive domain are as follows:

Level	Descriptor	Level of attainment
1	Remembering	Recalling from the memory of the previously learned material
2	Understanding	Explaining ideas or concepts
3	Applying	Using the information in another familiar situation
4	Analysing	Breaking information into the part to explore understandings and relationships
5	Evaluating	Justifying a decision or course of action
6	Creating	Generating new ideas, products or new ways of viewing things

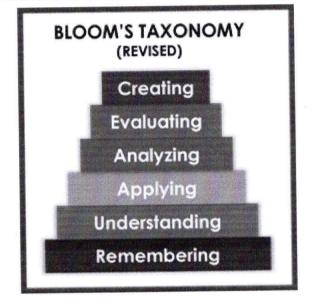


Fig. 2: Revised Bloom's Taxonomy

Bloom's taxonomy is hierarchical, meaning that learning at the higher level requires that skills at a lower level are attained.

2. Action Verbs for Assessment

Choice of action verbs in constructing assessment questions is important to consider. Quite often, the action verbs are indicators of the complexity (level) of the question. Over time, educators have come up with a taxonomy of measurable verbs corresponding to each of the Bloom's cognitive levels [8]. These verbs help us not only to describe and classify observable knowledge, skills and abilities but also to frame the examination or assignment questions that are appropriate to the level we are trying to assess.

Suggestive list of skills/ competencies to be demonstrated at each of the Bloom's level and corresponding cues/ verbs for the examination/ test questions is given below:

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Level	Skill Demonstrated	Question cues / Verbs for tests
1. Remember	 Ability to recall of information like facts, conventions, definitions, jargon, technical terms, classifications, categories, and criteria ability to recall methodology and procedures, abstractions, principles, and theories in the field knowledge of dates, events, places mastery of subject matter 	list, define, tell, describe, recite, recall, identify, show, label, tabulate, quote, name, who, when, where
2. Understand	 understanding information grasp meaning translate knowledge into new context interpret facts, compare, contrast order, group, infer causes predict consequences 	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss
3. Apply • use information • use methods concepts laws theories in new		calculate, predict, apply, solve, illustrate, use, demonstrate, determine, model, experiment, show, examine, modify
4. Analyse	 break down a complex problem into parts Identify the relationships and interaction between the different parts of a complex problem identify the missing information, sometimes the redundant information and the contradictory information, if any 	
5. Evaluate	 compare and discriminate between ideas assess value of theories, presentations make choices based on reasoned argument verify value of evidence recognize subjectivity use of definite criteria for judgments 	assess, decide, choose, rank, grade, test, measure, defend, recommend, convince, select, judge, support, conclude, argue, justify, compare, summarize, evaluate
6. Create	 use old ideas to create new ones Combine parts to make (new) whole, generalize from given facts relate knowledge from several areas predict, draw conclusions 	design, formulate, build, invent, create, compose, generate, derive, modify, develop, integrate

It may be noted that some of the verbs in the above table are associated with multiple Bloom's Taxonomy levels. These verbs are actions that could apply to different activities. We need to keep in mind that it's the skill, action or activity we need students to demonstrate that will determine the contextual meaning of the verb used in the assessment question.

3. Assessment Planning

While using Bloom's taxonomy framework in planning and designing of assessment of student learning, following points need to be considered:

1. Normally the first three learning levels; remembering, understanding and applying and to some extent fourth level analysing are assessed in the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End

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Examination Reform Policy

Examinations (SEE), where students are given a limited amount of time. And abilities; analysis, evaluation and creation can be assessed in extended course works or in a variety of student works like course projects, mini/ minor projects, internship experience and final year projects.

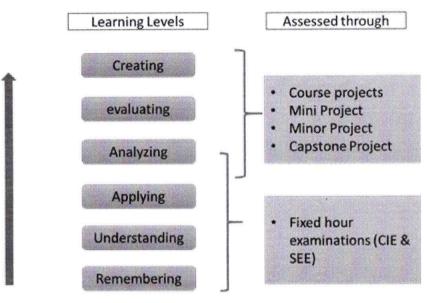


Fig. 3: Assessment methods for different Bloom's cognitive levels

- Before adopting this framework for reforms in examination system of a University/Institution, it is worthwhile to study the present pattern of assessment in each of the course in the program to gain insight about:
 - a) Alignment of assessment questions with course learning outcomes
 - b) Whether all the learning outcomes are tested; sometimes some learning outcomes are over tested at the expense of others which may be not tested at all.
 - c) Overall weightage in the assessment, to each of Bloom's learning levels
 - d) Assessment methods used to adequately assess the content and desired learning outcomes

Based on the study, improvement priorities for each of the above factors need to be arrived at. The reform process needs to be well planned and implemented through institutional strategy and communicated to all stakeholders particularly to the students.

- 3. A good and reasonable examination paper must consist of various difficulty levels to accommodate the different capabilities of students. Bloom's taxonomy framework helps the faculty to set examination papers that are well balanced, testing the different cognitive skills without a tilt towards a tough or easy paper perception. If the present examination questions are more focused towards lower cognitive skills, conscious efforts need to be made to bring in application skills or higher cognitive skills in the assessment. It is recommended that at institution/ University level, upper limit need to be arrived for lower order skills (for example, no more than 40% weightage for knowledge-oriented questions). It is important to note that, as nature of every course is different, the weightage for different cognitive levels in the question papers can also vary from course to course.
 - · Examples of typical questions for each of Bloom's cognitive level are given in Appendix-B

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· Model Question Papers are given in Appendix- C

ASSESSING HIGHER-ORDER ABILITIES & PROFESSIONAL SKILLS

In the 21st century, professional skills (also known as soft skills, generic skills or transferable skills) have emerged as important attributes of a graduate engineer. Studies show that Industry/ employers around the world value these abilities more than the disciplinary knowledge. This is also reflected in the NBA graduate attributes wherein six out of twelve attributes belong to this category, viz. (1) communication, (2) teamwork, (3) understanding ethics and professionalism, (4) understanding global and societal contexts, (5) lifelong learning, and (6) knowledge of contemporary issues. Further, higher-order cognitive abilities like critical thinking, problem-solving and making informed decisions are also crucial for a graduate to succeed in the emerging world. Though the employers consider these professional skills and higher abilities as important, students are weak in them. The main challenge surrounding them is that they are difficult to assess through existing conventional examination system.

1. Innovative Educational Experiences to Teach and Assess

One of the main obstacles in addressing these outcomes is the limitation of educational experience we create within our engineering programs. Most of the coursework in our programs are oriented towards teaching technical knowledge and skills; hence, the assessment is limited to those abilities. However, acquiring the professional outcomes may not result simply from participation in a particular class or set of classes. Rather, these outcomes are more often acquired or influenced through sources both in and outside the classroom [4].

To address these challenges, comprehensive reforms are needed in the way we design our curriculum, student learning experiences and assessment of the outcomes. Worldwide several attempts are being made to address these challenges. Following are the few educational experiences that are recommended to teach and assess professional outcomes and higher-order cognitive abilities:

- Course projects
- Open-ended experiments in laboratories
- · Project-based learning modules
- MOOCs
- Co-Curricular experiences
- Mini / Minor projects
- · Final year projects
- Internship experiences
- E-portfolios of student works

2. Using Scoring Rubrics as Assessment Tool

To evaluate the above, student works for attainment of course outcomes and hence POs, it is of

utmost importance to have reliable methods / proper assessment tools. Rubrics provide a powerful tool for assessment and grading of student work. They can also serve as a transparent and inspiring guide to learning. Rubrics are scoring, or grading tool used to measure a students' performance and learning across a set of criteria and objectives. Rubrics communicate to students (and to other markers) your expectations in the assessment, and what you consider important.

There are three components within rubrics namely (i) criteria / performance Indicator: the aspects of performance that will be assessed, (ii) descriptors: characteristics that are associated with each dimension, and (iii) scale/level of performance: a rating scale that defines students' level of mastery within each criterion.

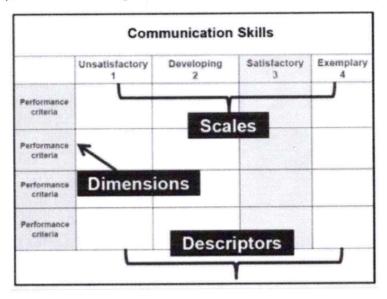


Fig. 4: Examples of Rubrics (Accessed from Rogers 2010)

3. Open-Book Examinations

In the earlier sections it was noted that the traditional written examinations have a significant weakness that they tend to encourage rote learning and more superficial application of knowledge. This deficiency can be overcome by "open-book examination". Open-book examination is similar to time constrained written examinations but designed in a way that allows students to refer to either class notes, textbooks, or other approved material while answering questions. They are particularly useful if you want to test skills in application, analysis and evaluation, i.e. higher levels of Bloom's taxonomy. However, in a program, the courses or the curriculum areas that are best suited to an open-book exam are to be carefully chosen.

Advantages of open-book examinations

- 1. Less demanding on memory and hence less stressful
- 2. Questions can emphasise more on problem-solving, application of knowledge and higher-order thinking rather than simple recall of facts.
- 3. Assessment questions can reflect real-life situations that require comprehension, information retrieval and synthesising skills of the students to solve.

Designing a good open-book examination

- Set questions that require students to do things with the information available to them, rather than
 to merely locate the correct information and then summarize or rewrite it.
- The questions in open-book exam must take advantage of the format, and give more weightage

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to the application of knowledge, critical thinking and use of resources for solving real complex engineering problems.

 As the nature of questions is complex, it is to be ensured that the students get enough time. Open book test questions typically take longer time compared to traditional examinations. It is advisable either to set less number of questions that encompass 2 or 3 concepts taught or allocate longer duration of time for the examinations.

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APPENDIX Competencies and Performance Indicators (PIs) Computer Science & Engineering/Information Technology Programs



PO 1: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialisation for the solution of complex engineering problems.

Competency		Indicators	
1.2	Demonstrate competence in mathematical modelling	 1.2.1 Apply the knowledge of discrete structures, linear algebra, statistics and numerical techniques to solve problems 1.2.2 Apply the concepts of probability, statistics and queuing theory in modeling of 	
		1.2.2 Apply the concepts of probability, statistics and queuing theory in modeling of computer-based system, data and network protocols.	
1.5	Demonstrate competence in basic sciences	1.5.1 Apply laws of natural science to an engineering problem	
1.6	Demonstrate competence in engineering fundamentals	1.6.1 Apply engineering fundamentals	
1.7	Demonstrate competence in specialized engineering knowledge to the program	1.7.1 Apply theory and principles of computer science and engineering to solve an engineering problem	
PO 2 subst	: Problem analysis: Identify, antiated conclusions using first	formulate, research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	
	Competency	Indicators	
2.1	Demonstrate an ability to identify and formulate complex engineering problem	 2.5.1 Evaluate problem statements and identifies objectives 2.5.2 Identify processes/modules/algorithms of a computer-based system and parameters to solve a problem 2.5.3 Identify mathematical algorithmic knowledge that applies to a given problem 	
2.6	Demonstrate an ability to formulate a solution plan and methodology for an engineering problem	 2.6.1 Reframe the computer-based system into interconnected subsystems 2.6.2 Identify functionalities and computing resources. 2.6.3 Identify existing solution/methods to solve the problem, including forming justified approximations and assumptions 2.6.4 Compare and contrast alternative solution/methods to select the best methods 2.6.5 Compare and contrast alternative solution processes to select the best process. 	
2.7	Demonstrate an ability to formulate and interpret a model	2.7.1 Able to apply computer engineering principles to formulate modules of a system with required applicability and performance.2.7.2 Identify design constraints for required performance criteria.	
2.8	Demonstrate an ability to execute a solution process and analyze results	2.8.1 Applies engineering mathematics to implement the solution.2.8.2 Analyze and interpret the results using contemporary tools.2.8.3 Identify the limitations of the solution and sources/causes.	

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PO 3: Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

	Competency	Indicators
.5	Demonstrate an ability to define a complex/ open-ended problem in engineering terms	 3.5.1 Able to define a precise problem statement with objectives and scope. 3.5.2 Able to identify and document system requirements from stake- holders. 3.5.3 Able to review state-of-the-art literature to synthesize system requirements. 3.5.4 Able to choose appropriate quality attributes as defined by ISO/IEC/IEEE standard. 3.5.5 Explore and synthesize system requirements from larger social and professional concerns. 3.5.6 Able to develop software requirement specifications (SRS).
3.6	Demonstrate an ability to generate a diverse set of alternative design solutions	 3.6.1 Able to explore design alternatives. 3.6.2 Able to produce a variety of potential design solutions suited to meet functional requirements. 3.6.3 Identify suitable non-functional requirements for evaluation of alternate design solutions.
3.7	Demonstrate an ability to select optimal design scheme for further development	 3.7.1 Able to perform systematic evaluation of the degree to which several design concepts meet the criteria. 3.7.2 Consult with domain experts and stakeholders to select candidate engineering design solution for further development
3.8	Demonstrate an ability to advance an engineering design to defined end state	 3.8.1 Able to refine architecture design into a detailed design within the existing constraints. 3.8.2 Able to implement and integrate the modules. 3.8.3 Able to verify the functionalities and validate the design.
PO 4:	Conduct investigations of con	nplex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of
xper	Competency	tion of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. Indicators
1.4	Demonstrate an ability to conduct investigations of technical issues consistent with their level of knowledge and understanding	 4.4.1 Define a problem for purposes of investigation, its scope and importance 4.4.2 Able to choose appropriate procedure/algorithm, dataset and test cases. 4.4.3 Able to choose appropriate hardware/software tools to conduct the experiment.
1.4	Demonstrate an ability to conduct investigations of technical issues consistent with their level of knowledge	4.4.2 Able to choose appropriate procedure/algorithm, dataset and test cases.4.4.3 Able to choose appropriate hardware/software tools to conduct the experiment.

PO 5: Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. Indicators Competency 5.4.1 Identify modern engineering tools, techniques and resources for engineering 5.4 Demonstrate an ability to activities identify/create modern tools, engineering 5.4.2 Create/adapt/modify/extend tools and techniques to solve engineering problems techniques and resources 5.5.1 Identify the strengths and limitations of tools for (i) acquiring information, (ii) 5.5 Demonstrate an ability to modeling and simulating, (iii) monitoring system performance, and (iv) creating select and apply disciplinespecific tools, techniques engineering designs. and resources 5.5.2 Demonstrate proficiency in using discipline-specific tools 5.6.1 Discuss limitations and validate tools, techniques and resources 5.6 Demonstrate an ability to evaluate the suitability and 5.6.2 Verify the credibility of results from tool use with reference to the accuracy and limitations of tools used limitations, and the assumptions inherent in their use. to solve an engineering problem PO 6: The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal, and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. Indicators Competency 6.3.1 Identify and describe various engineering roles; particularly as pertains to Demonstrate an ability 6.3 protection of the public and public interest at the global, regional and local level to describe engineering roles in a broader context, e.g. pertaining to the environment, health, safety, legal and public welfare an 6.4.1 Interpret legislation, regulations, codes, and standards relevant to your discipline 6.4 Demonstrate and explain its contribution to the protection of the public understanding of professional engineering regulations, legislation and standards PO 7: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and the need for sustainable development. Indicators Competency 7.3 an 7.3.1 Identify risks/impacts in the life-cycle of an engineering product or activity Demonstrate of understanding the 7.3.2 Understand the relationship between the technical, socio-economic and impact of engineering and environmental dimensions of sustainability industrial practices on social, environmental and in economic contexts 7.4.1 Describe management techniques for sustainable development 7.4 Demonstrate an ability to apply principles of 7.4.2 Apply principles of preventive engineering and sustainable development to an sustainable design and engineering activity or product relevant to the discipline development PO 8: Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. Competency Indicators Demonstrate an ability to 8.3.1 Identify situations of unethical professional conduct and propose ethical alternatives 8.3 recognize ethical dilemmas R.R. Dist.

	apply the Code of Ethics	8.4.2 Examine and apply moral & ethical principles to known case studies
	ndividual and team work: H sciplinary settings.	unction effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in
	Competency	Indicators
).4	Demonstrate an ability to form a team and define a	9.4.1 Recognize a variety of working and learning preferences; appreciate the value of diversity on a team
	role for each member	9.4.2 Implement the norms of practice (e.g. rules, roles, charters, agendas, etc.) of effective team work, to accomplish a goal.
).5	Demonstrate effective individual and	9.5.1 Demonstrate effective communication, problem-solving, conflict resolution and leadership skills
	team operations communication, problem- solving, conflict resolution	9.5.2 Treat other team members respectfully9.5.3 Listen to other members9.5.4 Maintain composure in difficult situations
	and leadership skills	
9.6	Demonstrate success in a team-based project	9.6.1 Present results as a team, with smooth integration of contributions from all individual efforts
the sou	Communication: Communic ciety at large, such as being a tations, and give and receive	ate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with ble to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective clear instructions
	Competency	Indicators
10.4	Demonstrate an ability to comprehend technical literature and document	 10.4.1 Read, understand and interpret technical and non-technical information 10.4.2 Produce clear, well-constructed, and well-supported written engineering documents
	project work	10.4.3 Create flow in a document or presentation - a logical progression of ideas so that the main point is clear
10.5	Demonstrate competence in listening, speaking, and presentation	10.5.1 Listen to and comprehend information, instructions, and viewpoints of others 10.5.2 Deliver effective oral presentations to technical and non-technical audiences
10.6	Demonstrate the ability to integrate different modes of	10.6.1 Create engineering-standard figures, reports and drawings to complement writing and presentations
	communication	10.6.2 Use a variety of media effectively to convey a message in a document or a presentation
princip	: Project management and tales and apply these to one's nments.	inance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary
	Competency	Indicators
11.4	Demonstrate an ability to evaluate the economic and financial performance of an engineering activity	 11.4.1 Describe various economic and financial costs/benefits of an engineering activity 11.4.2 Analyze different forms of financial statements to evaluate the financial status of an engineering project
11.5	Demonstrate an ability to compare and contrast the costs/benefits of alternate proposals for an engineering activity	11.5.1 Analyze and select the most appropriate proposal based on economic and financial considerations.
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11.6	Demonstrate an ability to plan/manage an engineering activity within time and budget constraints	11.6.1 Identify the tasks required to complete an engineering activity, and the resources required to complete the tasks.11.6.2 Use project management tools to schedule an engineering project, so it is completed on time and on budget.
PO 12 learnir	: Life-long learning: Recognis ing in the broadest context of te	se the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long chnological change.
	Competency	Indicators
12.4	Demonstrate an ability to identify gaps in knowledge and a strategy to close these gaps	12.4.1 Describe the rationale for the requirement for continuing professional development12.4.2 Identify deficiencies or gaps in knowledge and demonstrate an ability to source information to close this gap
12.5	Demonstrate an ability to identify changing trends in engineering knowledge and practice	 12.5.1 Identify historic points of technological advance in engineering that required practitioners to seek education in order to stay current 12.5.2 Recognize the need and be able to clearly explain why it is vitally important to keep current regarding new developments in your field
12.6	Demonstrate an ability to identify and access sources for new information	 12.6.1 Source and comprehend technical literature and other credible sources of information 12.6.2 Analyze sourced technical and popular information for feasibility, viability, sustainability, etc.

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APPENDIX

Sample questions for Bloom's Taxonomy levels

Appendix-B

SAMPLES QUESTIONS FOR BLOOMS TAXONOMY LEVELS:

1. REMEMBER

Skill Demonstrated		Question Ques / Verbs for tests	
• •	Ability to recall of information like, facts, conventions, definitions, jargon, technical terms, classifications, categories, and criteria ability to recall methodology and procedures, abstractions, principles, and theories in the field		
•	knowledge of dates, events, places		
	mastery of subject matter		

Sample Questions:

- 1. State Ohm's law
- 2. List the physical and chemical properties of silicon
- 3. List the components of A/D converter
- 4. List the arithmetic operators available in C in increasing order of precedence.
- 5. Define the purpose of a constructor.
- 6. Define the terms: Sensible heat, Latent heat and Total heat of evaporation
- 7. List the assembler directives.
- 8. Describe the process of galvanisation and tinning
- 9. Write truth table and symbol of AND, OR, NOT, XNOR gates
- 10. Define the terms: Stress, Working stress and Factor of safety.
- 11. What is the difference between declaration and definition of a variable/function?
- 12. List the different storage class specifiers in C.
- 13. What is the use of local variables?
- 14. What is a pointer to a pointer?
- 15. What are the valid places for the keyword "break" to appear?
- 16. What is a self-referential structure?

pun Appendix

2. UNDERSTAND

Skill Demonstrated		Question Ques / Verbs for tests	
•	understanding information grasp meaning	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss	
	translate knowledge into new context	Summanze, uncremate interpret, discuss	
•	interpret facts, compare, contrast		
•	order, group, infer causes		
•	predict consequences		

Sample Questions:

- 1. Explain the importance of sustainability in Engineering design
- 2. Explain the behaviour of PN junction diode under different bias conditions
- 3. Describe the characteristics of SCR and transistor equivalent for a SCR
- 4. Explain the terms: Particle, Rigid body and Deformable body giving two examples for each.
- 5. How many values of the variable num must be used to completely test all branches of the following code fragment?

```
else
```

```
Value=30*num
```

- 6. Discuss the effect of Make in India initiative on the Indian manufacturing Industry.
- 7. Summarise the importance of ethical code of conduct for engineering professionals
- 8. Explain the syntax for 'for loop'.
- 9. What is the difference between including the header file with-in angular braces < > and double quotes ""?
- 10. What is the meaning of base address of the array?
- 11. What is the difference between actual and formal parameters?
- 12. Explain the different ways of passing parameters to the functions.
- 13. Explain the use of comma operator (,).
- 14. Differentiate between entry and exit controlled loops.
- 15. How is an array different from linked list?

PRINCIPAL Discussion in Contraction

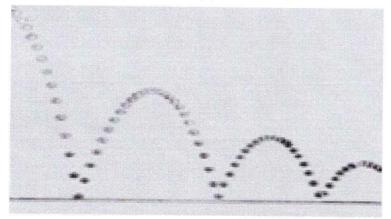
3. APPLY

Skill Demonstrated		Question Ques / Verbs for tests	
•	use information use methods, concepts, laws, theories in new situations	calculate, predict, apply, solve, illustrate, use, demonstrate, determine, model, experiment, show, examine, modify	
•	solve problems using required skills or knowledge		
•	Demonstrating correct usage of a method or procedure		

Sample Questions:

- 1. Model and realize the following behaviors using diodes with minimum number of digital inputs.
 - (i) Turning on of a burglar alarm only during night time when the locker door is opened.
 - (ii) Providing access to an account if either date of birth or registered mobile number or both are correct.
 - (iii) Updating the parking slot empty light in the basement of a shopping mall.
- 2. One of the resource persons needs to address a huge crowd (nearly 400 members) in the auditorium. A system is to be designed in such a way that everybody attending the session should be able to hear properly and clearly without any disturbance. Identify the suitable circuit to boost the voice signal and explain its functionality in brief.
- 3. A ladder 5.0 m long rests on a horizontal ground & leans against a smooth vertical wall at an angle 20^o with the vertical. The weight of the ladder is 900 N and acts at its middle. The ladder is at the point of sliding, when a man weighing 750 N stands on a rung 1.5 m from the bottom of the ladder. Calculate the coefficient of friction between the ladder & the floor.
- 4. A ball is dropped from 6 meters above a flat surface. Each time the ball hits the surface after falling a distance h, it rebounds a distance rh. What will be the total distance the ball travels in each of the following cases.

(a) r > 1 (b) 0 < r < 1 (c) r = 1



- 5. The region bounded by the curves $y=e^{(-1)}x$, y=0, x=1, and x=5 is rotated about the x-axis. Use Simpson's Rule with n=8 to estimate the volume of the resulting solid.
- 6. An electric train is powered by machine which takes the supply from 220 V DC rail running above the train throughout. Machine draws current of 100 A from the DC rail to account for high torque during starting and runs at 700 r.p.m initially. Calculate the new speed of the train once it picks up the speed

where the torque output required is only 70% of starting torque. Assume the motor has a resistance of 0.1Ω across its terminals.

- 7. Write an algorithm to implement a stack using queue.
- 8. A single array A[1..MAXSIZE] is used to implement two stacks. The two stacks grow from opposite ends of the array. Variables top1 and top2 (topl < top2) point to the location of the topmost element in each of the stacks. What is the condition for "stack full", if the space is to be used efficiently.
- 9. Consider the following table of arrival time and burst time for three processes P0, P1 and P2.

Process	Arrival time	Burst Time
P0	0 ms	9 ms
P1	1 ms	4 ms
P2	2 ms	9 ms

The pre-emptive shortest job first scheduling algorithm is used. Scheduling is carried out only at arrival or completion of processes. What is the average waiting time for the three processes?

10. A CPU generates 32-bit virtual addresses. The page size is 4 KB. The processor has a translation lookaside buffer (TLB) which can hold a total of 128-page table entries and is 4-way set associative. What is the minimum size of the TLB tag?

4. ANALYZE

Skill Demonstrated		Question Ques / Verbs for tests
•	break down a complex problem into parts. Identify the relationships and interaction between the different parts of complex problem	classify, outline, break down, categorize, analyse, diagram, illustrate, infer, select

Sample Questions:

- 1. A class of 10 students consists of 5 males and 5 females. We intend to train a model based on their past scores to predict the future score. The average score of females is 60 whereas that of male is 80. The overall average of the class is 70. Give two ways of predicting the score and analyse them for fitting model.
- Suppose that we want to select between two prediction models, M1 and M2. We have performed 10 rounds of 10-fold cross-validation on each model, whereas the same data partitioning in round one is used for both M1 and M2. The error rates obtained for M1 are 30.5, 32.2, 20.7, 20.6, 31.0, 41.0, 27.7, 26.0, 21.5, 26.0. The error rates for M2 are 22.4, 14.5, 22.4, 19.6, 20.7, 20.4, 22.1, 19.4, 16.2, 35.0. Comment on whether one model is significantly better than the other considering a significance level of 1%.
- 3. Return statement can only be used to return a single value. Can multiple values be returned from a function? Justify your answer.
- 4. Bob wrote a program using functions to find sum of two numbers whereas Alex wrote the statements to find the sum of two numbers in the main() function only. Which of the two methods is efficient in execution and why?
- 5. Carly wants to store the details of students studying in 1st year and later on wishes to retrieve the

information about the students who score the highest marks in each subject. Specify the scenario where the data can be organized as a single 2-D array or as multiple 1-D arrays.

- 6. Dave is working on a Campus Management Software but is unable to identify the maximum number of students per course. He decided to implement the same using arrays but discovered that there is memory wastage due to over-provisioning. Which method of memory storage should be used by Dave and how it can be implemented using C?
- 7. Albert is working on a 32-bit machine whereas Julie is working on a 64-bit machine. Both wrote the same code to find factorial of a number but Albert is unable to find factorial of a number till 9 whereas Julie is able to find the factorial of higher number. Identify the possible reason why Albert is unable to find the factorial. Suggest some changes in the code so that Albert can handle bigger inputs.
- 8. While writing a C code, the problem faced by the programmers is to find if the parenthesis is balanced or not. Write an algorithm to check if the parenthesis in C code are balanced. Initially your code should work for balanced { and } braces.
- 9. Swapping of the data in a linked list can be performed by swapping the contents in the linked list. Can the contents of a linked list be swapped without actually swapping the data?

5. EVALUATE

Skill	Demonstrated	Question Ques / Verbs for tests	
•	compare and discriminate between ideas	assess, decide, choose, rank, grade, test, measure, defend,	
•	assess value of theories, presentations	recommend, convince, select, judge, support, conclude,	
•	make choices based on reasoned argument	argue, justify, compare, summarize, evaluate	
•	verify value of evidence		
•	recognize subjectivity		
•	use of definite criteria for judgments		

6. CREATE

Skill Demonstrated		Question Ques / Verbs for tests					
• use old idea	s to create new ones	design, formulate, build, invent, create, compose, generate					
Combine pa	rts to make (new) whole,	derive, modify, develop, integrate					
generalize fr	om given facts						
relate knowl	edge from several areas						
 predict, drav 	/ conclusions						

Both higher order cognitive skills 'Evaluate' and 'Create' are difficult to assess in time-limited examinations. These need to be assessed in variety of student works like projects, open ended problemsolving exercises etc. Typical examples of problem statements or need statements which need higher order abilities to solve are given below

Sample Problem / Need statements:

- 1. Automatic tethering of milking machine to the udder of a cow. A milk diary wants to automate the milking process. The milking process involves attaching the milking cups to the teats. Design a system for the same.
- 2. An electric vehicle uses LIoN batteries. The batteries have to be charged and get discharged during use.

The batteries require continuous monitoring during charging and discharging so that they remain healthy and yield a long life. Design a system to monitor and manage the health of the batteries.

- 3. A Biotech industry needs automation for filling its product into 20 ltr bottles. Design a system to meter the flow into the bottles so that each bottle has 20 ltr of the liquid. There will be more than one filling station and the system has to monitor all the filling stations as well as keep count of the total production on a daily basis.
- 4. Microwave Doppler radar with a range of 9m are available for motion detection. Design a surround view monitoring system for a 3 wheeler to detect human obstacles while the vehicle is in motion.
- 5. Design a system to assist the driver by using cameras to detect lane markers and pedestrians while the vehicle is in motion.
- 6. Develop a small size USB 2.0 / 3.0 CMOS camera system which can be used for industrial inspection, medical applications, microscopy, etc. The system should be able to capture the image quickly and be able to process the captured image and then store it also





Appendix-C

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Course: Programming for Problem solving (ESC 103) Maximum Marks :100; Duration: 03 hours

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL	PI
1(a)	Explain the steps involved in solving a problem using computer.	08	C01	L2	1.4.1
1(b)	Write an algorithm to find roots of a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ reading the values of a, b and c.	12	C02	L3	1.4.1
2(a)	Compare if-else-if and switch statement giving examples for their relevant use.	08	C02	L2	1.4.1
2b	Write a C program that reads a given integer number and checks whether it a palindrome. A palindrome is a number that has same value even when it is reversed. Eg: 12321 is a palindrome.	12	C03	L3	1.4.1
3a	Compare the working of three looping constructs of C language giving their syntax.	08	C03	L2	1.4.1
3b	What does the following program do? #include $<$ stdio.h> int main() { char ch; int vcnt = 0, ccnt=0; for (ch = getchar(); ch != '\n'; ch=getchar()) { if(ch=='a' ch=='e' ch=='i' ch=='o' ch=='u' ch=='A' ch=='E' ch=='I' ch=='O' ch=='U') vcnt++; else if((ch>= 'a' && ch <= 'z') (ch>= 'A' && ch <= 'Z')) ccnt++; } printf(" %d %d\n", vcnt, ccnt); } Rewrite the above program using while and switch constructs.	12	C04	L4	1.4.1
4a	Compare call by value and call by reference with relevant examples.	8	C03	L2	1.4.1
4b	Write a C function to find the largest and smallest in a given list of integers of size n using call by reference: void minmax(int list[], int n, int *min, int *max);	12	C03	L3	1.4.1
5a	Explain at least four file handling operations available in C language giving their syntax.	4	C03	L2	L ^{1.4.1}
5b	Identify the bug in the following function written to return the swapped values of two integer variables given:		l	pl	

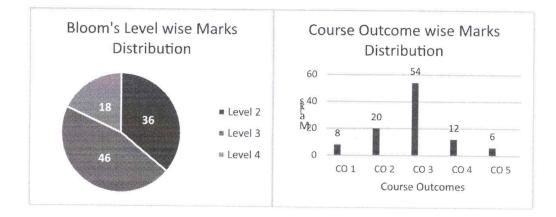
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	int swap(int *x, int *y)	6	C05	L4	1.4.1
	<pre>{ int *temp; temp = x, x=y, y = temp; }</pre>				
50	Define a structure to store time with three components hours, mins and seconds. Write a modular C program to compute the time taken by an athlete to complete a marathon reading the start and end time of his run.	10	C03	L3	1.4.1

BL-Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (1- Remembering, 2- Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 – Analysing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 - Creating)

CO – Course Outcomes

PO - Program Outcomes; PI Code - Performance Indicator Code



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MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

Course Name: Programming for Problem Solving Duration: 3 hrs. ; Max. Marks: 100

Instructions:

- a. Attempt five questions selecting ONE from each section. Question 9 (Section E) is compulsory.
- b. All the questions carry equal marks.
- c. Draw neat diagrams wherever applicable.

	Question	Marks	BL	CO	PO	PI Code
	Section-A					
1.	a. What is an algorithm? Explain the characteristics of an algorithm.	2+6	1,2	2	1	1.4.1
	b. Write an algorithm to find angle between hour and minute hands of a clock at a given time.	7	3	3	1	1.4.1
	c. Is it mandatory to declare main() function with return type as void or int. What will be the effect if there is no return type declared for main() function?	3+2	4	3	1	1.4.1
	OR	100				
2.	 What is the difference between definition and declaration in C? When a user writes "int x;" is it treated as declaration or definition in C. 	3+2	2,4	3	1	1.4.1
	b. Write a program in C to find largest of 3 positive integer numbers using conditional operators.	7	3	3	1,2	1.4.1, 2.2.4
	c. What is meant by iterative statements? What are the different types of iterative statements in C?	8	1,2	3	1	1.4.1
	Section-B					
3.	a. Bob has placed N objects in a row which are marked with a number equal to their weight in Kg. He wants to check whether the objects are in increasing order of their weights or not. Write a C program to help Bob.	12	3	3,6,7	1,2	1.4.1, 2.2.4
1	b. Differentiate between Big-O and Big-Omega notation.	4	2	3	1	1.4.1
	c. What is the role of index in an array? How are the elements of a 2D array accessed in C?	2+2	2	3	1	1.4.1
	OR					
4.	 a. Ram is conducting a study which is based on counting the number of cars crossing the highway. Every hour he generates a random string containing sequence of characters <rbwbwr>, where r represents red color, w denotes white color and b denotes blue color cars. The string is forwarded to Shyam for analysis who computes the number of red, blue and white color cars crossing Ram every hour. Assume that Ram works for 5 hours in a day, help Shyam generate a daily report containing the following:</rbwbwr> i. Total number of different colour cars crossing Ram in an hour. 	4+4+4	3	3,6,7	1.2 D	1.4.1, 2.2.4
	iii. Total number of cars crossing Ram in a day.		/	r		

Section-C					
a. Write a program which will read positive integer numbers from the users and compute the sum if the number can be expressed as power of 2. The test whether a number can be expressed as power of 2 will be done using a function power_of_two(int a).	12	3	3,6,7	1,2	1.4.
b. What is recursion? Differentiate between homogeneous and heterogeneous recursion with the help of an example.	2+3+3	2	3	1	1.4.
OR					
a. What are the different ways to pass parameters to a function? Explain with the help of a suitable example.	4+4	2	3,5	1	1.4.
b. Is it possible to return multiple values from a function? Justify the statement with the help of an example.	4+8	3	3,6,7	1,2	1.4.
Section-D					
a. What is a structure? What is the benefit offered by using a structure over multiple arrays?	2+6	2	5	1	1.4.
b. Ram is working on a project which requires returning multiple values from a function. He observed that a return statement can only be used to return a single value from a function. How the function should be implemented so that multiple values can be returned by Ram?	12	4	5	1	1.4.
OR					
a. Write a program that reads a number as input from the user. The entered number is written to a file "even.bxt" if the input is even else it is written to "odd.txt". Write a C code to perform the desired task.	12	3	5	1	1.4.
b. What are the different methods to open a file? Explain each with the help of a C program.	3+5	2	5	1	1.4.
Section-E (Compulsory Ques	tion)				
a. What is a compiler? List names of any 2 compilers.	2 1/2	1	1	1	1.4.
b. What are the benefits of designing a flowchart for solving a problem?	2 1/2	4	2	1	1.4.
<pre>c. What is the output of the following code? int main(){ int x=10; int y=sizeof(x/2); printf("%d",y); }</pre>	2 1/2	3	4	1	1.4.
d. What is the difference between creating constant using #define macro and const keyword?	2 1/2	3	3	1	1.4.
e. What is the role of function prototype? When is it required in C?	2 1/2	2	3	1	1.4.
f. Which of the following are unary operators in C? State reason for your answer.a. !b. sizeof	2 1/2	2	3	1	1.4.
C. ~			2 Al	N	
	<pre>from the users and compute the sum if the number can be expressed as power of 2. The test whether a number can be expressed as power of 2 will be done using a function power_of_two(int a).</pre> b. What is recursion? Differentiate between homogeneous and heterogeneous recursion with the help of an example. OR a. What are the different ways to pass parameters to a function? Explain with the help of a suitable example. b. Is it possible to return multiple values from a function? Justify the statement with the help of an example. b. Is it possible to return multiple values from a function? Justify the statement with the help of an example. a. What is a structure? What is the benefit offered by using a structure over multiple arrays? b. Ram is working on a project which requires returning multiple values from a function. He observed that a return statement can only be used to return a single value from a function. How the function should be implemented so that multiple values can be returned by Ram? OR a. Write a program that reads a number as input from the user. The entered number is written to a file "even.txt" if the input is even else it is written to "odd.btt". Write a C code to perform the desired task. b. What are the different methods to open a file? Explain each with the help of a C program. Section-E (Compulsory Ques a. What is a compiler? List names of any 2 compilers. b. What are the benefits of designing a flowchart for solving a problem? c. What is the output of the following code? int main(){ int x=10; int y=sizeof(x/2); printf("%d",y); } d. What is the difference between creating constant using #define macro and const keyword? e. What is the role of function prototype? When is it required in C? f. Which of the following are unary operators in C? State reason for your answer. a.! b. sizeof	from the users and compute the sum if the number can be expressed as power of 2. 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The entered number is written to a file "even.bt" if the input is even else it is written to a file? Explain each with the help of a C program. 3+5 b. What are the different methods to open a file? Explain each with the help of a C program. 2 ½ c. What is the output of the following code? 2 ½ b. What are the benefits of designing a flowchart for solving a problem? 2 ½ c. What is the routput of the following code? 2 ½ f. What is the role	from the users and compute the sum if the number can be expressed as power of 2. The test whether a number can be expressed as power of 2 will be done using a function power_of_two(int a). 2 b. What is recursion? Differentiate between homogeneous and heterogeneous recursion with the help of an example. 2+3+3 2 OR 0R 4+4 2 a. What are the different ways to pass parameters to a function? Explain with the help of a suitable example. 4+4 2 b. 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PRINCIP'

 g. Which of the following special symbol allowed in a variable name? State reason for your answer. a. * (asterisk) b. (pipeline) c (hyphen) d (underscore) 	2 1/2	2	3	1	1.4.1
 h. In which header file is the NULL macro defined? State reason for your answer. a. stdio.h b. stddef.h c. stdio.h and stddef.h d. math.h 	2 1/2	2	3	1	1.4.1

BL – Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (1- Remembering, 2- Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 – Analysing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 - Creating)

CO – Course Outcomes

PO - Program Outcomes; PI Code - Performance Indicator Code

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Total Duration (H:M): 3:00

Course : Basic Electrical Engineering (ESC101)

Maximum Marks :100

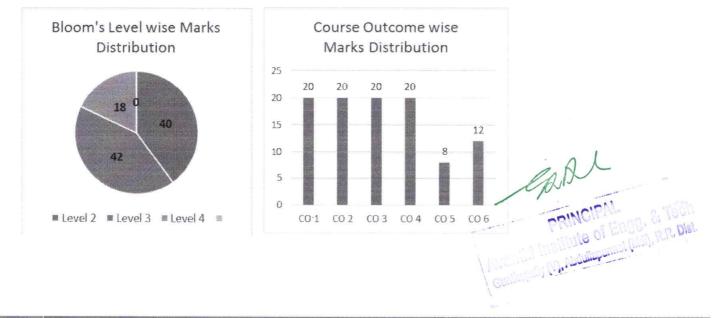
).No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL	PI
1 (a)	Calculate current through 4 Ω resistor using Kirchoff's Laws? Verify the same using Superposition Theorem.	12	C01	L3	1.3.1
(b)	Derive the expression for the transient current in a series 'R-L' circuit when a 'dc' voltage of V volts is applied. Sketch time variation of current in the circuit.	8	C01	L2	1.3.1
?(a)	Two impedances $Z1=15+j12\Omega$ and $Z2=8-j5\Omega$ are connected in parallel. If the potential difference across one of the impedance is 250 V, calculate i) total current and branch currents ii) total power and power consumed in each branch iii) overall p.f. IV) draw the phasor diagram	12	C02	L3	1.3.1
2b	It is desired to operate a 100 W, 120 V, electric bulb at its rated current on a 240 V, 50 Hz supply. The simplest arrangement is to use either (a) a resistor, or (b) a capacitor or (c) an inductor having 10 Ω resistance in series with the electric bulb so as to drop the excess voltage. Determine the value of the component used, the total power consumed and the power factor in each case. Giving reasons, state which alternative is the best.	8	CO2 .	2A4	1.3.1

За	A single phase 25 kVA 1000/2000 V, 50 Hz transformer has maximum efficiency of 98% at full load upf. Determine its efficiency at,	12	CO3	L3	1.3.1
	(a) 3/4th full load, unity power factor				
	(b) 3/4th full load 0.8 power factor				
3b	Explain the working of a practical transformer with relevant phasor diagram. and define voltage regulation.	8	C03	L2	1.3.1
4a	A two pole 3 phase 50 Hz induction motor is running on load with a slip of 4%. Calculate the actual speed and the synchronous speed of the machine. Sketch the speed/ load characteristic of the machine.	8	C04	L2	1.3.1
4b	A wireless battery powered drilling machine operates on 24 V DC with constant speed and negligible field current. Initially when the machine is powered it runs at 1200 rpm and draws 0.5 A from the battery. Further when the drill bit starts drilling the hole, the speed reduces to 1120 rpm. Determine power requirement from the battery for drilling if the resistance of the armature is 0.2Ω . What is the power drawn initially?	12	C04	L4	1.3.1
5a	Explain the working principle of a single phase pulse width modulated voltage source inverter with relevant circuit diagram and draw the output voltage wave form.	8	C05	L2	1.3.1
5b	To protect an expensive circuit component from being delivered too much power, you decide to incorporate a fast blowing fuse into the design. Knowing that the circuit component is connected to 12 V, its minimum power consumption is 12 watts and the maximum power it can safely dissipate is 100 watts, which of the three available fuse ratings should you select: 1A, 4A or 10 A? Give reasons.	6	C06	L4	1.3.1
5c	Calculate the i) ampere-hour and ii) watt-hour efficiency of a secondary cell which is discharged at a uniform rate of 30 A for 6 hours at an average terminal voltage of 2 V. It is then charged at a uniform rate of 40 A for 5 hours to restore it to its original condition. The terminal voltage during charging is 2.5 V.	6	C06	L3	1.3.1

BL – Bloom's Taxonomy Levels (1- Remembering, 2- Understanding, 3 – Applying, 4 – Analysing, 5 – Evaluating, 6 - Creating)

CO – Course Outcomes

PO – Program Outcomes; PI Code – Performance Indicator Code





Appendix-D

RUBRICS FOR COMMUNICATION (WRITTEN & ORAL)

Component	Proficient	Acceptable	Needs Improvements
Written Communication	Report is well organized and clearly written. The underlying logic is clearly articulated and easy to follow. Words are chosen that precisely express the intended meaning and support reader comprehension. Diagrams or analyses enhance and clarify presentation of ideas. Sentences are grammatical and free from spelling errors.	Report is organized and clearly written for the most part. In some areas the logic or flow of ideas is difficult to follow. Words are well chosen with some minor exceptions. Diagrams are consistent with the text. Sentences are mostly grammatical and only a few spelling errors are present but they do not hinder the reader.	Report lacks an overall organization. Reader has to make considerable effort to understand the underlying logic and flow of ideas. Diagrams are absent or inconsistent with the text. Grammatical and spelling errors make it difficult for the reader to interpret the text in places.
Presentation Visual Aids	Slides are error-free and logically present the main components of the process and recommendations. Material is readable and the graphics highlight and support the main ideas.	Slides are error-free and logically present the main components of the process and recommendations. Material is mostly readable and graphics reiterate the main ideas.	Slides contain errors and lack a logical progression. Major aspects of the analysis or recommendations are absent. Diagrams or graphics are absent or confuse the audience.
Oral Presentation	Speakers are audible and fluent on their topic, and do not rely on notes to present or respond. Speakers respond accurately and appropriately to audience questions and comments.	Speakers are mostly audible and fluent on their topic, and require minimal referral to notes. Speakers respond to most questions accurately and appropriately.	Speakers are often inaudible or hesitant, often speaking in incomplete sentences. Speakers rely heavily on notes. Speakers have difficulty responding clearly and accurately to audience questions.
Body Language	Body language, as indicated by appropriate and meaningful gestures (e.g., drawing hands inward to convey contraction, moving arms up to convey lift, etc.) eye contact with audience, and movement, demonstrates a high level of comfort and connection with the audience.	Body language, as indicated by a slight tendency to repetitive and distracting gestures (e.g., tapping a pen, wringing hands, waving arms, clenching fists, etc.) and breaking eye contact with audience, demonstrates a slight discomfort with the audience.	Body language, as indicated by frequent, repetitive and distracting gestures, little or no audience eye- contact, and /or stiff posture and movement, indicate a high degree of discomfort interacting with audience.

RUBRICS FOR ASSESSMENT OF DESIGN PROJECTS

Category	Needs Improvements	Acceptable	Proficient
Purpose of the Project	Does not clearly explain the intended outcome of the project or provides little information about the problem that was being solved, the need being met, or why the project was selected	Provides a description of the intended outcome of the project which includes information about the problem that was being solved or the need being met, and why the project was selected	Provides a detailed intended outcome of the project which includes information about the problem that was being solved or the need being met, and clearly articulates the reasons and decision-making process used to select the project
Research	Lacks awareness of similar work done by others in an unacceptable literary form	Reflects awareness of similar work done by others and presents it in an acceptable literary format	• Reflects thorough understanding of similar work done by others and presents it in an acceptable literary format
Choices	Lacks justification of choices with little or no references to functional, aesthetic, social, economic, or environmental considerations	Justifies choices made with reference to functional, aesthetic, social, economic, or environmental considerations	Demonstrates sophisticated justification of choices with reference to functional, aesthetic, social, economic, or environmental consideration
Alternative Designs	Only one design presented or clearly infeasible alternative given. Serious deficiencies in exploring and identifying alternative designs.	Alternative approaches identified to some degree.	Final design achieved after review of reasonable alternatives.
Application of Engineering Principles	No or erroneous application of engineering principles yielding unreasonable solution. Serious deficiencies in proper selection and use of engineering principles.	Effective application of engineering principles resulting in reasonable solution.	Critical selection and application of engineering principles ensuring reasonable results.
Final Design	Not capable of achieving desired objectives.	Design meets desired objectives.	Design meets or exceeds desired objectives.
Interpretation of Results	No or erroneous conclusions based on achieved results. Serious deficiencies in support for stated conclusions.	Sound conclusions reached based on achieved results.	Insightful, supported conclusions and recommendations.

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Rubrics can also be used effectively to design the continuous assessment of the student projects. The Performance Indicators referred to in the previous sections can be used measurement criteria in the rubric. In the following example, we can see that for different phases of the students projects, we can design the rubrics keeping in mind the deliverables of the project at that particular stage.

5 - SEMESTER MINI PROJECT

RUBRICS FOR REVIEW - I

PI	PI	Marks	Very Poor	Poor	Average	Good	Very good
Code			Up to 20%	Up to 40%	Up to 60%	Up to 80%	Up to 100%
2.1.1	Articulate problem statements and identify objectives - GA	02	Problem statement and objectives are not identified	Problem statement and objectives are not clear	Problem statement is clear and objectives are not in line with problem statement	Problem statement is clear and objectives are not completely defined.	Problem statement is clear and objectives are completely defined
2.1.2	Identify engineering systems, variables, and parameters to solve the problems - IA	02	Engineering systems are not identified. Variables, and parameters to solve the problems are not defined	Engineering systems are identified but not clear. Variables, and parameters to solve the problems are not defined	Engineering systems are clear. Variables, and parameters to solve the problems are not defined	Engineering systems are identified. Variables, and parameters to solve the problems are partially defined	Engineering systems are identified. Variables, and parameters to solve the problems are completely defined
2.2.3	Identify existing processes/ solution methods for solving the problem, including forming justified approximations and assumptions - GA	02	Not able to identify existing solution for solving the problem. The assumptions, approximations and justifications are also not identified.	Not able to identify existing solution for solving the problem. The assumptions, approximations and justifications are identified but not clear	Not able to identify existing solution for solving the problem. But assumptions and approximations are aligned to the objectives.	Able to identify existing solution for solving the problem. Assumptions, and approximations are clear	Able to identify existing solution for solving the problem. But assumptions, approximations and justifications are clear
2.2.4	Compare and contrast alternative solution processes to select the best process - GA	02	Not able to identify alternative solution processes	Not able to compare alternative solution processes	Able to compare alternative solution processes but could not contrast clearly	Able to compare alternative solution processes and contrast clearly but not able to select best process	Able to compare alternative solution processes, contrast it and also able to select best process
10.1.1	Read, understand and interpret technical and non-technical information - GA	02	Not able to identify technical and non-technical information	Able to identify non-technical information	Able to read technical and non-technical information, but could not understand and interpret	Able to read, understand technical and non-technical information, but could not interpret	Able to read, understand and interpret technical and non-technical information

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GA – Group Assessment IA – Individual Assessment

RUBRICS FOR REVIEW – II

Pl Code	PI	Marks	Very Poor Up to 20%	Poor Up to 40%	Average Up to 60%	Good Up to 80%	Very good Up to 100%
3.2.1	Apply formal idea generation tools to develop multiple engineering design solutions - GA	02	Not able to identify tools to develop solutions	Able to identify but not able to use it effectively	Able to use the tool but not able to generate engineering designs	Able to generate engineering designs but not able to justify	Able to generate engineering designs with justification
3.2.3	Identify suitable criteria for evaluation of alternate design solutions - GA	02	Not able to identify criteria	Able to identify criteria but not able to use them	Able to use criteria but not able to compare alternatives	Not able to justify the comparison with criteria	Able to justify the comparison with criteria
3.3.1	Apply formal decision- making tools to select optimal engineering design solutions for further development - GA	02	Not able to identify decision-making tools	Able to identify but not able to choose optimum one	Able to identify optimum one but not able to use it	Able to use optimum one but not able to justify	Able to use optimum one with justification
3.2.2	Build models/ prototypes to develop diverse set of design solutions - IA	02	Not able to identify tool to build model/ prototype	Able to choose the tool but not able to use it effectively	Able to use the tool but not able to generate alternatives	Able to generate alternatives but not able to justify the best solution	Able to generate and justify the best solution
13.1.1	Develop 2D drawings of components/ systems using modern CAD tools - IA	02	Not able to identify CAD tools	Able to identify but not able to use CAD tool	Able to use CAD tool but not able to generate drawings	Able to generate drawings but not able to follow drawing standards	Able to generate drawings with standards
13.1.2	Develop 3D models of components/systems using modern CAD tools - IA	03	Not able to identify CAD tools	Able to identify but not able to use CAD tool	Able to use CAD tool but not able to generate 3D models	Able to generate models but not able to follow standards	Able to generate models with standards
13.1.3	Apply GD&T principles as per ASME standards to manufacturing drawings, with all relevant data like material, hardness, surface finish, and tolerances - IA	02	Not able to extract GD&T principles from ASME standards	Able to extract but not able to understand them	Able to understand but not able to apply GD&T standards	Able to apply GD&T standards to drawings but not able to justify	Able to apply and justify GD&T standards to drawings

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GA – Group Assessment

IA – Individual Assessment

RUBRICS FOR REVIEW – III

PI Code	PI	Marks	Very Poor Up to 20%	Poor Up to 40%	Average Up to 60%	Good Up to 80%	Very good Up to 100%
3.4.2	Generate information through appropriate tests to improve or revise design - GA	02	Not able to identify suitable tests to be done	Able to identify but not able to follow testing procedure	Able to follow testing procedures but not able to collect information	Able to collect information but not able to apply it for improvement	Able to apply information for the improvement
4.3.1	Use appropriate procedures, tools and techniques to conduct experiments and collect data - GA	04	Not able to identify tools, techniques and procedures	Able to identify but not able to conduct experiments	Able to conduct experiments but not able to follow procedure	Able to follow procedure but not able to collect data	Able to collect data as per the standards
4.3.2	Analyze data for trends and correlations, stating possible errors and limitations - GA	03	Not able to understand data	Able to understand but not able to analyze data	Able to analyze data but not able to correlate them	Able to correlate but not able to identify errors and limitations	Able to identify errors and limitations
10.2.2	Deliver effective oral presentations to technical and non- technical audiences - IA	03	Could not deliver effective presentations.	Could not deliver presentation, but presentation was prepared and attempted.	Able to deliver fair presentation but not able to answer to the audiences	Deliver effective presentations but able to answer partially to the audience queries.	Deliver effective presentation and able to answer all queries of the audience.
9.3.1	Present results as a team, with smooth integration of contributions from all individual efforts – GA + IA	03	No Contribution from an individual to a team	Contributions from an individual to a team is minimal	Contributions from an individual to a team is moderate	A contribution from an individual to a team is good but not well groomed in team.	Contribution from an individual to a team is good and results in an integrated team presentation.

GA – Group Assessment

IA – Individual Assessment

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AICTE COMMITTEE ON EXAMINATION REFORMS

Members of the Committee

- 1. Prof. Ashok S. Shettar, Chairman Vice Chancellor, KLE Technological University, Hubballi, Karnataka
- 2. Prof. Rama Krishna Challa, Head, Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering, NITTTR, Chandigarh
- 3. Prof. Sanjay Agrawal Dept. of Computer Engineering and Applications, NITTR, Bhopal (M.P)
- 4. **Prof. Upendra Pandel** Dept. of Metallurgical & Material Engineering, MNIT, Jaipur

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ALL INDIA COUNCIL FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION Nelson Mandela Marg, Vasant Kunj, New Delhi-110070



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by State Act No. 30 of 2008)

Kukatpally, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

Academic requirements

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no.6.

- A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course, if student secures not less than 35% (26 marks out of 75 marks) in the semester end examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'C' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar, if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e. 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) does not present the seminar as required in the IV year I Semester, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship and seminar evaluations.
- A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations, when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it isscheduled.

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled		
1	First year first semester to first year second semester	Regular course of study of first year first semester.		
2	First year second semester to second year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of first year second semester.		

Promotion Rules

		(ii) Must have secured at least 18 credits out of 37 credits i.e., 50% credits up to first year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3.	Second year first semester to second year second semester	Regular course of study of second year first semester.
4	Second year second semester to third year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of second year second semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 47 credits out of 79 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Third year first semester to third year second semester	Regular course of study of third year first semester.
6	Third year second semester to fourth year first semester	(i) Regular course of study of third year second semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 73 credits out of 123 credits i.e., 60% credits up to third year second semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth year first semester to fourth year second semester	Regular course of study of fourth year first semester.

A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfills all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA ≥ 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA (at the end of each successive semester) ≥ 5.0 , (iv) **passes all the mandatory courses**, to successfully complete the under graduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be taken into account for the calculation of 'the final CGPA (**at the end of under graduate programme**), and shall be indicated in the grade card of IV year II semester.

If a student registers for 'extra subjects' (in the parent department or other

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departments/branches of Engg.) other than those listed subjects totaling to 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those **'extra subjects'** (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such **'extra subjects'** registered, percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations 6 and 7.1 - 7.4 above.

- A student eligible to appear in the semester end examination for any subject/ course, but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure 'C' grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over, and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examination for evaluating performance in that subject.
- A student detained in a semester due to shortage of attendance may be readmitted in the same semester in the next academic year for fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable. However, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has beendetained.
- student detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.

Evaluation - Distribution and Weightage of marks

- The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practical's and Project Stage I & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 25 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 75 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).
- ➢ For theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each mid-term examination consists of one objective paper, one descriptive paper and one assignment. The objective paper and the descriptive paper shall be for 10 marks each with a total duration of 1 hour 20 minutes (20 minutes for objective and 60 minutes for descriptive paper). The objective paper is set with 20 multiple choice, fill-
- in the blanks and matching type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The descriptive paper shall contain 4 full questions out of which, the student has to answer 2 questions, each carrying 5 marks. While the first midterm examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second midterm examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus. Five marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted

before the conduct of the first mid-term examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The total marks secured by the student in each mid-term examination are evaluated for 25 marks, and the average of the two mid-term examinations shall be taken as the final marks secured by each student in Continuous Internal Evaluation. If any student is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the end semester question paper pattern are as follows:

- The semester end examinations (SEE) will be conducted for 75 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) Part- A for 25 marks, ii) Part
 B for 50 marks.
- Part-A is a compulsory question consisting of ten sub-questions. The first five sub-questions are from each unit and carry 2 marks each. The next five sub-questions are one from each unit and carry 3 marks each.
- Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
- ➢ For subjects like Engineering Graphics/Engineering Drawing, the SEE shall consist of five questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions. There shall be no Part − A, and Part − B system.
- For subjects like Machine Drawing Practice/Machine Drawing, the SEE shall be conducted for 75 marks consisting of two parts viz. (i) Part A for 30 marks. 3 out of 4 questions must be answered, (ii) Part B for 45 marks. Part B is compulsory.
- ➢ For the Subject Estimation, Costing and Project Management, the SEE paper should consist of Part- A, Part-B and Part C. (i) Part A 1 out of 2 questions from Unit I for 30 Marks, (ii) Part B 1 out of 2 questions from Unit II for 15 Marks, (iii) Part C 3 out of 5 questions from Units III, IV, V for 30 Marks.
- For subjects Structural Engineering I & II (RCC & STEEL), the SEE will be conducted for 75 marks consisting of 2 parts viz. (i) Part A for 15 marks and, (i) Part B for 60 marks. Part A is a compulsory question consisting of ten sub-questions. The first five sub-questions are from each unit relating to design theory and codal provisions and carry 2 marks each. The next five sub-questions are from each unit and carry 1 mark each. Part B consists of 5 questions (numbered 2 to 6) carrying 12 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there is either or choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.

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- 8.3 For practical subjects there shall be a continuous internal evaluation during the semester for 25 marks and 75 marks for semester end examination. Out of the 25 marks for internal evaluation, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for
- 15 marks and internal practical examination shall be evaluated for 10 marks conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned. The semester end examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the clusters of colleges which are decided by the examination branch of the University.
- 8.4 For the subject having design and/or drawing, (such as engineering graphics, engineering drawing, machine drawing, machine drawing practice and estimation), the distribution shall be 25 marks for continuous internal evaluation (15 marks for day-to-day work and 10 marks for internal tests) and 75 marks for semester end examination. There shall be two internal tests in a semester and the average of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.
- 8.5 There shall be an Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship, in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students will register for this immediately after III year II semester examinations and pursue it during summer vacation. Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in IV year I semester. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an external examiner, Head of the Department, supervisor of the Industrial Oriented mini project/Summer Internship and a senior faculty member of the department. There shall be no internal marks for Industrial Oriented Mini Project/Summer Internship.
- There shall be a seminar presentation in IV year I semester. For the seminar, the student shall collect the information on a specialized topic, prepare a technical report, and submit it to the department. It shall be evaluated by the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, seminar supervisor and a senior faculty member. The seminar report shall be evaluated for 100 internal marks. There shall be no semester end examination for the seminar.
- UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage I during IV Year I Semester, Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester. Each stage will be evaluated for 100 marks. Student has to submit project work report at the end of each semester. First report includes project work carried out in IV Year I semester and second report includes project work carried out in IV Year I & II Semesters. SEE for both project stages shall be completed before the commencement of SEE Theory examinations.
- For Project Stage I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall evaluate the project
- work for 75 marks and project supervisor shall evaluate for 25 marks. The student PRINCIPAL DE DISCONTRACTOR DE DISCONTRAC

is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 75 marks and the project supervisor shall evaluate it for 25 marks. The topics for industrial oriented mini project, seminar and Project Stage – I shall be different from one another. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - II, or does not make a presentation of the same before the external examiner as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of project stage - II, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

- The laboratory marks and the internal marks awarded by the college are subject to scrutiny and scaling by the University wherever necessary. In such cases, the internal and laboratory marks awarded by the college will be referred to a committee. The committee will arrive at a scaling factor and the marks will be scaled accordingly. The recommendations of the committee are final and binding. The laboratory records and internal test papers shall be preserved in the respective institutions as per the University rules and produced before the committees of the University as and when asked for.
- For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the marks allotted) in the continuous internal evaluation for passing the subject/course. These marks should also be uploaded along with the internal marks of other subjects.
- No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only Pass/Fail shall be indicated in Grade Card.

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Department of EEE

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects & Labs	Class/ Branch	No of periods	Total Workload
		ECA	II EEE	5	
1	Dr.T. Kranti Kumar	ECA-I	I-EEE	5	16
		EC LAB	II EEE	6	
		HVDC T	IV EEE	5	
2	E. Prasanna	EMF	II EEE	5	16
		BEE LAB I CSD	6		
3	M.Satish Kumar	CS	III ECE- A&B	10	16
2		EC LAB	II EEE	6	10
		PSS LAB	III EEE	6	
5	M.Ragini	BEE	I CSE-A	5	17
		BEE LAB	I CSE-A	6	
		PS-II	III EEE	5	
5	M.Shankar	BEE	I CSE-B	5	16
		BEE LAB	I CSE-B	6	
6	K. Chandrashekar	NATL	II ECE A&B	10	16
Ū	IC. Chundrushekui	EM-I LAB	II EEE	6	10
		BEE LAB	I CSE-A	6	
7	B. Srikanth	BEE LAB	I CSE-B	6	14
		EEEE	I EEE	2	
Y		EHV	IV EEE	5	
8	Dr.M. Surender Reddy	SEMIANR	IV EEE	4	14
		IOMP	IV EEE	5	

Teaching Faculty Work Load I SEM for the Academic year 2022-23





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		EM-I	II EEE	5	
9	D.Nageshwar Rao	BEE LAB	I CSD	6	17
		EM-I LAB	II EEE	6	
		BEE	I CSE-C	5	
10	K. Madhavi	PE LAB	III EEE	6	17
		BEE LAB	I CSE-C	6	
		PE	III EEE	5	
11	Dr.S. Srikanth Reddy	IOMP	IV EEE	5	16
		PE LAB	III EEE	6	
		HVE	III EEE	5	
12	G. Pavan Kumar	BEE LAB	I CSE-C	6	17
		M&I LAB	III EEE	6	
		SEMINAR	IV EEE	4	
13	P. Sarawathi	BEE	CSD	5	17
		E&ED LAB	IV EEE	6	
		M&I	III EEE	5	
14	U. Ganesh	E&ED LAB	IV EEE	6	17
		M&I LAB	III EEE	6	

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Hon Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering (vanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Md!), Ranga Reddy District.

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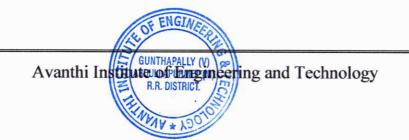


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Department of Mechanical Engineering

Teaching Faculty Work Load I SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
	Ŷ	EG	I CSE-A	6	
1	Dr. Y. Ramesh Babu	TE-II LAB	III YEAR	3	14
		POE	IV YEAR	5	
2	Dr.C. Pamaahandra Paddu	EG	I CSE-B	6	8
2	Dr G Ramachandra Reddy	SEMINAR	IV YEAR	2	8
		TD	II YEAR	5	
3	Dr. A. Sing Kuman	R&AC	IV YEAR	5	10
3	Dr A Siva Kumar	CAEG	I EEE	6	18
		EME	I MECH	2	
	4	MOS	II YEAR	5	
4	A. Shankar	AMT	IV YEAR	5	21
4		EM	II EEE	5	21
		IOMP	IV YEAR	6	
		EG CSD	I YEAR	6	
5	M. Varlataria	MD	II YEAR	3	17
3	M. Venkateswarlu	DOM	III YEAR	5	17
		KOM/DOM LAB	III YEAR	3	
		MS&MOS LAB	II YEAR	3	
6	V. Hari Nayak	DMM-I	III YEAR	5	20
0		EW	I MECH	6	20
		EG	I CSE-C	6	





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r	1	T			
		MS&M	II YEAR	5	
7	A.Swathi	TE-II	III YEAR	5	17
	A.Swaim	EW	I ECE-B	6	16
	÷	CAEG	I CSD	6	
		PT	II YEAR	5	
8	R.V Prahlad	PT LAB	II YEAR	3	10
0	K.v Flamau	EW	I CSM	6	19
		PPE	IV YEAR	5	
		MT&M	III YEAR	5	
9	K. Sumanth	MT&M LAB	III YEAR	3	10
	K. Sumanu	EW	I ECE-A	6	19
		ТВ	IV YEAR	5	

Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





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Department of Electronics & Communication Engineering

Teaching Faculty Work Load I SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
		MWOC	IV-ECE-A	5	
1	D-C SAWIDAAD	MWOC LAB	IV-ECE-A	6	15
	DI.G.SAIKUMAR	SEMINAR	IV-ECE-A	2	15
		SEMINAR	IV-ECE-B	2	
		EDC	II-ECE-A	5	
2	G.SRINIVAS	EDC LAB	II-ECE-A	6	17
	2 G.SRINIVAS EDC LAB II-ECE-A PROJECT IV-ECE-B 3 P V RAJU DSD LAB III-ECE-A IOMP IV-ECE-A III-ECE-A	6			
		DSD	II-ECE-A	5	
3	P V RAJU	DSD LAB	III-ECE-A	6	17
		IOMP	IV-ECE-A	6	
		МРМС	III-ECE-A	5	
4	V.GURAVAIAH	MPMC LAB	III-ECE-A	6	17
		ADE LAB	II-CSE-A		
		DIP	IV-ECE-A	5	
5	D.SURYAPRAKASH	AE LAB	II EEE	6	12
		ADE	II CSE-A	5	
6	S.SAGAR	ADE LAB	II CSE-A	6	17
		DCN LAB	III-ECE-B	6	
		SS	II-ECE-A	5	
7	M.YAMANI	BS LAB	II-ECE-A	6	17
	1 Dr.G.SAIKUMAR 2 G.SRINIVAS 3 P V RAJU 4 V.GURAVAIAH 5 D.SURYAPRAKASH 6 S.SAGAR	MPMC LAB	III-ECE-A	6	





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		ADE LAB	II-CSE-B	6	
8	E.NAGEASH	DSD LAB	II-ECE-A	6	12
		SEMINAR	IV-ECE-B	2	
9	K.SHILPA	MWOC LAB	IV-ECE-B	6	14
		MPMC LAB	III ECE-B	6]
10	C NACU NAW	DIP	IV-ECE-B	5	11
10	G.NAGU NAIK	EDC LAB	II-ECE-A	6	11
		DCN	III-ECE-A	5	
11	K.SONY	DCN LAB	III-ECE-A	6	13
		EECE	I-ECE-A	2	
	Dr.G CHANDRASHEKAR	EMI	III-ECE-A	5	
12		DCN LAB	III-ECE-A	6	17
		DSD LAB	II-ECE-B	6	
		МРМС	III-ECE-B	5	
13	B.KALPANA	MPMC LAB	III-ECE-B	6	17
		EDC LAB	II-ECE-B	6	
		SS	II-ECE-B	5	
14	M.SWATHI	BS LAB	II-ECE-B	6	13
		EECE	I-ECE-B	2	
		EDC	II-ECE-B	5	
15	V.NAGASWATHI	EDC LAB	II-ECE-B	6	17
		ADE LAB	II-CSE-C	6	
		DSD	II-ECE-B	5	
16	B.VENKATESHWARLU	DSD LAB	II-ECE-B	6	17
		MWOC LAB	IV ECE-B	6	





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		NSCY	IV-ECE-A	5	
17	K.ARUNA	BS LAB	II-ECE-A	6	14
		INABS LABII-ECE-ADSDFPGA LABI VLSIDSDFPGA LABI VLSIEB&II VLSIEDC LABII ECE-BCMOSICAD LABII VLSIDCNIII-ECE-BDCN LABIII-ECE-BBS LABIV-ECE-AEPBS LABI VLSIBS LABI ECE-AMINI PROJECTIV-ECE-AMWOC LABII ECE-BDSD LABII ECE-AMWOC LABII ECE-APTSPII-ECE-APROJECTIV-ECE-APROJECTIV-ECE-BALAKANASWARAPMPMC LABMPMC LABII-ECE-BAE LABII-ECE-BNSCYIV-ECE-B	3		
		CB&I	I VLSI	5	
18	J.RAJKUMAR	EDC LAB	II ECE-B	6	14
		CMOSICAD LAB	II VLSI	3	
		DCN	III-ECE-B	5	
19	M.SAI KRISHNA	DCN LAB	III-ECE-B	6	13
		SEMINAR	IV-ECE-A	2	
		MT	I VLSI	5	
20	G.DILEEP	BS LAB	II ECE-A	6	17
		MINI PROJECT	IV-ECE-A	6	
		PTSP	II ECE-B	5	
21	B DASHARATHA	DSD LAB	II ECE-A	6	17
		MWOC LAB	IV-ECE-A	6	
		PTSP	II-ECE-A	5	
22	P.GEETHA	BS LAB	II-ECE-B	6	17
			IV-ECE-B	6	
		EMI	III-ECE-B	5	
23	D.NEELAKANASWARAO	MPMC LAB	III-ECE-B	6	17
		AE LAB	II-EEE	6	
		NSCY	IV-ECE-B	5	
24	O.MOUNIKA	EDC LAB	II ECE-A	6	17
		MWOC LAB	IV-ECE-A	6	





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		MWOC	IV-ECE-B	5	
25	P.PADMAVATHI	MWOC LAB	IV ECE-B	6	17
	EDC LAB II ECE-A ADE II-CSE-C ADE LAB II-CSE-C DSD LAB II ECE-B ADE II CSE-B ADE LAB II CSE-B II CSE-B DCN LAB II ECE-B II ECE-B	6			
		ADE	II-CSE-C	5	
26	S.SAIDIREDDY	ADE LAB	II-CSE-C	6	17
		DSD LAB	II ECE-B	6	
	27 Dr J B SIDDARTHA	ADE	II CSE-B	5	
27		ADE LAB	II CSE-B	6	17
		DCN LAB	III ECE-B	6	
		DSDFPGA	I VLSI	5	
28	Dr S KISHORE REDDY	DSDFPGA LAB	I VLSI	3	14
		DISSERTATION	II VLSI	6	
		AE	II EEE	5	
29	D- V NACADAHI	AE LAB	II EEE	6	20
29	Dr v NAGARAJU	AUDIT COURSE-I	I VLSI	3	20
		DISSERTATION	II VLSI	6	
		CMOSAICD	I VLSI	5	
20	Dr M	CMOSAICD LAB	I VLSI	3	20
30	SATYANARAYANA	SEMINAR	II VLSI	6	20
		MPMC LAB	III ECE-A	6	
		ADE LAB	II CSE-A	6	
31	R LAXMIKANTH	RM&IPR	I VLSI	2	14
		DISSERTATION	II VLSI	6	





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32 MOUNIKA CHOUHAN	WTE	II VLSI	5		
	ADE LAB	II CSE-B	6	17	
	DCN LAB	III ECE-A	6		
33 V SRAVANTHI	РР	II VLSI	5		
	ADE LAB	II-CSE-C	6	17	
		BS LAB	II ECE-A	6	

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

PRI

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





Department of CSE, CSE(DS)&CSE(AL&ML) Teaching Faculty work load I Sem for Academic Year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects & Labs	Class/ Branch	No of periods	Total Workload
1	Dr Shaik Shakeerbasha	SE	III CSE-A, B	10	16
1	Dr Snaik Snakeerbasna	SE LAB	III CSE-A, B	6	10
2		CN	III CSE- A, B	10	16
2	Alla Sravani	CN&WT LAB	III CSE-A, B	6	16
2	Balakrishna Goud	ITW LAB	II CSE-A, B	12	21
3	Gardulla	PPS LAB	I CSE-A, B, C	9	21
		DDB	III CSE-A, B	10	15
4	Banda Jainabbi	PPS	I CSE-C	5	15
		ITW LAB	II CSE-A, B	12	
5	Bomaraboina Shailaja	CPE	I ECE - A	5	22
		PPS	I CSM	5	-
		PP LAB	II CSM, CSD	6	
6	Devendla Vijayakrishna	CPE	I ECE-B	5	14
		CPE LAB	I ECE-B	3	-
		CPDS	I EEE	5	
7	Doti Nagaraju	CPDS LAB	I EEE	3	13
		CC	IV CSE- C	5	
0		РР	PP II CSM, CSD	10	
8	Dr Abdul Ahad Afroz	PP LAB	II CSM, CSD	6	16
		PPS	I CSE-A, B	10	
9	Dr Hameeda Shaik	PYTHON	IV ECE A,B	10	20





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		CNS	IV CSE-A	5	
10	Dr J Sridatta Venkata Sastry	PROJECT STAGE-1	IV CSE-A	6	16
		MFCS	I-M.TECH	5	
		CNS	IV CSE-B	5	
11	Dr Prasad Rao Mandala	PROJECT STAGE-1	IV CSE-B	6	16
		CC	I-M.TECH	5	
	Dr Shahebaz Ahmed	СОА	II CSM, CSD	10	
12	Khan	ML LAB	III-CSM	3	13
		ML	I M TECH	5	
13	Dr Suribabu Korada	ML LAB	I M TECH	4	13
		SEMINAR	IV CSE B,C	4	
		CNS	IV CSE-C	5	
14	Dr T Lalitha Saroja	DWR-II	II M TECH	12	17
		IP	III CSM	5	13
15	Duggirala Sai Suman Ravi Teja	IDS	III CSD	5	
	Ravi Ieja	PPS LAB	1 CSD	3	-
		WT	III CSE-A, B	10	
16	Gosala Subhashini	WT LAB	III CSE-A, B	6	16
		DM	IV CSE-A, B	10	
17	Joolu Spandana	DS LAB	II -CSM	3	13
		DM	IV CSE-C	5	
18	Kanchanapalli Swathi	WT LAB	III CSE-A, B	6	17
		ECSE	I CSE A,B	6	
		PPS	I CSD	5	
19	Lavakumar Gande	SE LAB	III CSE-A, B	6	14
		DS LAB	II-CSD	3	





20	Lavudya Shivashankar	COA	II CSE-A, B, C	15	15
21	Mohd Aziz Ur Rahman	DS LAB	II CSE-A, B, C	9	14
21	Wond Aziz Of Kaninan	CPDS	I MECH	5	14
22	Mushan Srinath	MINI PROJECT	IV CSE-A, B, C	15	15
		CNS LAB	IV CSE-A, B, C	9	
23	Nagaraj Devatha	ECSE	I CSM	3	15
		CPDS LAB	I MECH	3	
24	Nallahalu Davani	CNS LAB	IV CSE-A, B, C	9	12
24	Nallabolu Pavani	PPS LAB	I CSE-A	3	12
25	N	ECSE	I EEE, ECE	10	12
25	Nenevat Mangan	PPS LAB	I CSE-B	3	13
26	Derethen al Haimanethi	CC	IV CSE- B,C	10	12
26	Panthangi Haimavathi	PPS LAB	I CSE-C	3	13
		CD	III CSM	5	
27	Peteri Ashwanth Kumar	CPDS LAB	I MECH	3	12
		ADS	I M.TECH	4]
20	Destas Selle	SPPM	IV CSE-A, B	10	12
28	Raghu Salla	CPE LAB	I ECE-A	3	13
20	D	SEMINAR	IV CSE-A, B, C	6	
29	Rangani Himabindhu	OOPS LAB	II CSE-A, B, C	9	15
		FLAT	III CSE-A, B	10	
30 S	Shirisha Meka	PROJECT STAGE-1	IV CSE-C	6	16
31	Siddagani Pahini	OOPS LAB	II CSE-A, B, C	9	12
31	Siddagoni Rohini	CPDS LAB	I EEE	3	12



M + 19



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32	Silveri Pajender	OOPS	II CSE-A, B	10	16
32	Silveri Rajender	OOPS LAB	II CSE-A, B	6	10
		OOPS	II CSE-C	5	
		OOPS LAB	II CSE-C	3	
33	Sirikonda Vasantha	SEMINAR	IV-CSE-A	2	13
		CPE LAB	I ECE-B	3	
	4 G	DS	II CSE-C	5	
34	Souda Sravanvardhan	DS LAB	II CSE-A, B, C	9	14
		DAA	III CSM, CSD	10	
35	Uddagiri Uma	DS LAB	II CSE-C	3	13
	36 Yenaganti Satish Kumar	DS	II CSE-A, B	10	
30		DS LAB	II CSE-A, B	6	16
		IRS	III CSM, CSD	10	
37	G Nikhilareddy	IT WORKSHOP LAB	II-CSE-A,C	12	22
		IP	III CSD	5	
38	Naveen Kumar Badugu	IT WORKSHOP LAB	II-CSE-C	` 6	17
30	Naveen Kumar Dadugu	DM LAB	III CSD	3	1/
		ECSE	I CSD	3	
		ML	III CSM	5	
20	Shail Subhar Abdul	ML LAB	III CSM	3	• •
39	Shaik Subhan Abdul	SE LAB	III CSE-B	3	14
		PPS LAB	I CSM	3	
40		IP	III CSE-A, B	10	
40 Si	Subhan Ali Shaik	SE LAB	III CSE-A	3	13





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		CD I		-	
	÷	CN	III CSM	5	
41	Udayabhanu Mankena	CN LAB	III CSM	3	14
		PPS LAB	I CSM	3	
		CPE LAB	I ECE-A	3	
42	Dissista Press	DS	II CSM, CSD	10	16
42	Digajarla Prasad	DS LAB	II CSM, CSD	6	10
		CN	III CSD	5	
43	Neelakantam Kalagoni	CN LAB	III CSD	3	12
		ML LAB	I M TECH	4	
		СС	IV CSE-A	5	
44	Pampana Tulasi	ITW LAB	II CSE - C	6	17
		CN LAB	III CSD, IIICSD	6	
1 11 T	Praveen Arukula	DL	II MTECH	5	13
45		ADS	I M TECH	5	
		ML LAB	III CSM	3	
		RM & IPR	I M TECH	2	
		DM LAB	III CSD	3	
46	Rajobha Satheesh Kumar	PPS LAB	I CSE-C	3	17
	Kuillai	ECSE	ICSC -C	3	
		IT WORKSHOP	II-CSE-C	6	
		DM	III CSD	5	
		DM LAB	III CSD	3	13
47	Sridevi Oruganti	PPS LAB	I CSD	3	
		AC-I	I M TECH	2	

Head of the Department

PRINCIPAL Computer Science & Engineering vanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology **GUNTHAPALLY** thapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist. Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullanur Mat.(Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana. ABDULLAPURMET (M) ing and Technology ofEngineer NAVA * YE

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Department of H&S

Teaching Faculty Work Load I SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

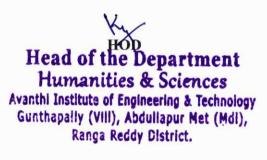
S.No	Name of the Faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
1	Dr Kotte Shailaja	EC	I CSE-A,B	10	22
I	Di Kone Shanaja	EC LAB	I CSE-A,B	12	22
2	Kapa Reddy Raja	EC	I CSE-C	5	17
2	Manohar	EC LAB	I CSE-C,CSD	18	17
		EC	I CSD,I EEE	10	
3	Pittala Venkatswamy	ES	I MECH	2	14
	2	ES	I ECE-A	2	
		EC LAB	I EEE	6	
		ES	I CSM	2	
4	Srilakshmi Damerla	ES	I ECE-B	2	22
		GS LAB	II CSE - A,B,C,CSM,CSD,EEE	12	
5	Chatharasupalli Sunanda	ACS LAB	III ECE-A,B,EEE	18	18
		ESE	I CSM,MECH	10	
6	Dr Sundeep Pally	ELCS LAB	I CSM	6	16
7	Appala Gatteshwar	ESE	I ECE-A	5	17
/	Roy	ELCS LAB	I ECE-A,MECH	12	17
		ESE	I ECE-B	5	
8	Ramesh Narige	ELCS LAB	I ECE-B	6	17
		ACS LAB	III CSD	6	
9	Swarupa Kumari	ACS LAB	III CSE-A,B,CSM	18	18
10	Nagaraju Kurella	MC	I CSM,I EEE	10	20
10	Inagaraju Kurena	MSF	II CSM,CSD	10	20





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		MC	I MECH	5		
11	Sesha Giri Rao Kalluri	PSCV	II MECH	5	25	
		COSM	II CSE A,B,C	15		
12	12 Sarwani Karlapalem	MC	I CSD,I ECE-B	10	20	
12		DM	I CSM,CSD	10	20	
13	A Anjaneyulu	MC	I CSE-A,B,C,ECE-A	20	20	
13	Gogikar	Gogikar	AP	I ECE-A, MECH	10	16
15	Laxminarayana	AP LAB	I ECE-A	6	10	
14	Ravi Eslavath	AP	I ECE-B	5	17	
14	Kavi Eslavaui	AP LAB	I ECE-B, MECH	12	17	
15	Swamuraa Kulkarni	AP	I CSM	5	11	
15	Swamyrao Kulkarni	AP LAB	I CSM	6	11	



PRINC

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





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S.No	Name of the Faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
		SAPM	II MBA-A	5	
1	Marila Ia Maraak	SAPM	II MBA-C	5	17
1	Mankala Naresh	COI	II MECH	2	17
		PRLE	IV ECE-A	5	
		FRA	I MBA-A	5	
2	Y Jaya Pradha	OR	III MECH	5	15
		FRA	I MBA-B	5	
		BE	I MBA-B	5	
3	D. Manikanta	ТРМ	II MBA-C	5	15
		RMSA	I MBA-A	5	
		LBE	I MBA-A	5	
4	Kasaramoni Sharath	PRLE	IV ECE-B	5	15
		РОМ	II MBA-A	5	
		LD	II-MBA B	5	
5	Venkata Veera	ССМ	I MBA-A	5	14
5	Narayana	SDA Lab	I MBA-A	2	14
		COA	II ECE-A	2	
		BE	I MBA-A	5	
		DA	II MBA-B	5	
6	A.Naresh	BC Lab	I MBA-A	2	19
		ТРМ	II MBA-A	5	
		IPR	III ECE-A	2	

<u>Department of MBA</u> <u>Teaching Faculty Work Load I SEM for the Academic year 2022-23</u>





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		POM	II MBA-C	5	
-		BEFA	II EEE	5	17
7	Medipally Sudhakar	мов	I MBA-A	5	17
		SDA Lab	I MBA -B	2	
		мов	I MBA -B	5	
8	G.Lingaiah	BE	I MBA -C	5	15
		DA	II MBA-A	5	
		LBE	I MBA -B	5	
9	K.Sabitha	POM	II MBA-C	5	15
		LBE	I MBA -C	5	
	R. Srilatha	ССМ	I MBA -B	5	
10		ССМ	I MBA -C	5	16
		IPR	III CSM, III CSD	6	
		MOB	I MBA -C	5	
11	K.Sindhuri	BEFA	III MECH	5	20
11	K.Sindhuri	MIS	II MBA-A	5	20
		MIS	II MBA-C	5	
		FRA	I MBA -C	5	
12	A Ramesh Goud	SDA Lab	I MBA -C	2	15
12	A Rancsh Goud	IPR	III MECH	3	15
		РОМ	II MBA-B	5	
		RMSA	I MBA -C	5	
13	Morri Sharadha	RMFD	II MBA-C	5	17
15		SAPM	II MBA-B	5	1/
•		IPR	III ECE-B	2	



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		LD	II MBA-A	5	
1.4		RMFD	II MBA-B	5	17
14	Siliveru Rambabu	FOM	IV EEE	5	17
		BC LAB I MBA -C	2		
		RMFT	II MBA-A	5	
15	Nageshwer Rao	RMSA	I MBA -B	5	18
15	Mothukuri	IPR	III EEE	3	18
		MIS	II MBA-B	5	
	Oruganti Venkatesh	ТРМ	II MBA-B	5	
16		COA	II ECE-B	2	14
10		DA	II MBA-C	5	14
		BC Lab	I MBA -B	2	
17	Dr. P. Navaama	LD	II MBA-C	5	15
17	Dr. B. Nayeema	POE	IV CSE-A&B	10	15
		BEFA	II CSM &CSD	10	
18	N.Ramana Reddy	BEFA	III ECE-A	5	20
		FOM	IV EEE	5	
		IPR	III CSE-A,B	6	
19	Ashraf Hussain	BEFA	III ECE-B	5	21
		POE	IV CSE-C, EEE	10	

HOD Head of the Department MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abduilapurmet (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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Department of EEE

Teaching Faculty Work Load II SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects & Labs	Class/ Branch	No of periods	Total Workload
	Dr.T. Kranti Kumar	PSP	III EEE	5	
1		PROJECT STAGE-II	IV-EEE	6	16
		BPE	IV-CSE	5	
		PS-I	II EEE	5	
2	E. Prasanna	BEE	I CSM	5	16
		BEE LAB	I CSM	6	
		CS	II EEE	5	
3	M.Satish Kumar	PSD	III EEE	5	16
		CS LAB	CS LAB III EEE	6	
	M.Ragini	EM-II	II EEE	5	
5		EM-II LAB	II EEE	6	16
		BEEE	II MECH	5	
		BPE	IV ECE-A	5	
5	M.Shankar	BEE LAB	I CSM	6	17
		ECA LAB	I-EEE	6	
		PSOC	III EEE	5	
6	K. Chandrashekar	ECA-II	I EEE	5	16
		BEE LAB	I ECE-B	6	
		BPE	IV CSE-B	5	
7	B. Srikanth	BEE LAB	I ECE-A	6	18
		EM-II LAB	II ÈEE	6	







		EDS	IV EEE	5	
8	Dr.M. Surender Reddy	BEE	I ECE-B	5	16
		CS LAB	II EEE	6	
		PROJECT STAGE-II	IV-EEE	6	
9	D.Nageshwar Rao	BPE	IV ECE-A	5	17
		BEE LAB	I ECE-A	6	
		ECA-II	I EEE	5	
10	K. Madhavi	CS LAB	II EEE	6	17
		PS LAB	III EEE	6	
	Dr.S. Srikanth Reddy	NCES	III EEE	5	
11		BEE	I ECE-A	5	16
		BEE LAB	I ECE-A	6	*
		PQ&FACTS	IV EEE	5	
12	G. Pavan Kumar	BEEE LAB	II MECH	6	17
		ECA LAB	I EEE	6	
		NCSE	IV EEE	5	
13	P. Sarawathi	BEEE LAB	II MECH	6	17
		PS LAB	III EEE	6	
		PS LAB	III EEE	6	
14	U. Ganesh	EM-II LAB	II EEE	6	17
		BPE	IV CSE-A	5	

Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Aventhi Institute of Engineering & Technclogy Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (MdI), Ranga Reddy District.



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Department of Mechanical Engineering

Teaching Faculty Work Load II SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the Faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
	Dr. Y. Ramesh Babu	ICS	II MECH	5	
1		IR	IV MECH	5	16
		EW	I CSE-A	6	
2	2 Dr G Ramachandra Reddy	PROJECT STAGE -II	IV MECH	6	15
		CAEG	1 CSM	6	
		DMM-II	III MECH	5	
3	Dr A Siva Kumar	PROJECT STAGE -II	IV MECH	6	17
		CAEG	I ECE-A	6	
	A. Shankar	TE-I	II MECH	5	
4		HT	III MECH	5	19
		HT LAB	III MECH	3	
		EW	I CSE-B	6	
		FEM	III MECH	5	
5	M. Venkateswarlu	ICS LAB	II MECH	6	17
		CAG	I MECH	6	
		TQM	IV MECH	5	
6	V. Hari Nayak	EMT	I MECH	5	19
-		FLL LAB	I MECH	3	17
		CAEG	I ECE-B	6	
		КОМ	II MECH	5	
7	A.Swathi	UMP	III MECH	5	16
		EW	I CSE-C	6	





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		FM&HM	II MECH	5		
8 R.V Prahlad	IM	IV MECH	5	19		
	o K.v Hainau	FM&HM LAB	II MECH	6		
		EW	I EEE	3]	
		CAD&CAM	III MECH	5		
9	K. Sumanth	CAD&CAM LAB	III MECH	3	19	
		EM	I MECH	5		
		EW	I CSD	6	1	

Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.

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Department of Electronics & Communication Engineering

Teaching Faculty Work Load II SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload
	D-C CAWIDAAD	PS-II	IV ECE-B	14	17
1	Dr.G.SAIKUMAR	SEMINAR	IV ECE-B	3	1/
		ECA	II ECE-A	5	
2	G.SRINIVAS	ECA LAB	II ECE-A	6	15
		MPS	I VLSI	4	
		A&DC	II ECE-A	5	
3	P V RAJU	A&DC LAB	II ECE-A	6	16
		SOC	IV ECE-A	5	
		DE	II EEE	5	
4	V.GURAVAIAH DELAB ESD	DELAB	II EEE	6	16
		ESD	III ECE-A	5	
	D.SURYAPRAKASH	EDC	I CSE-A	5	
5		LICA LAB	II ECE-A	6	14
		SEMINAR	IV ECE-A	3	
		S&S	III EEE	5	
6	S.SAGAR	S&S LAB	III EEE	6	17
		ECAD & VLSI LAB	III ECE-A	6	
		A&DC	II ECE-B	5	
7	M.YAMANI	A&DC LAB	III ECE-A	6	15
		MPS	I VLSI	4	
		DSP	III ECE-A	5	
8	E.NAGEASH	DSP LAB	III ECE-A	6	17
		S&S LAB	III EEE	6	



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		EMFW	II ECE-B	5	
9	K.SHILPA	LICA LAB	II ECE-B	6	17
		SL LAB	III ECE-A	6	
		SEMINAR	IV ECE-A	3	
10	G.NAGU NAIK	ECA LAB	II ECE-A	6	14
		SOC	IV ECE-B	5	
		SC	IV ECE-A	5	
11	K.SONY	SL LAB	III ECE-A	6	17
		ECA LAB	II ECE-A	6	
12	Dr.G CHANDRASHEKAR	PS-II	IV ECE-B	14	20
12	Dr.o CHANDRASHEKAR	SL LAB	III ECE-B	6	20
	B.KALPANA	DSP	III ECE-B	5	
13		DSP LAB	III ECE-B	6	17
		LICA LAB	II ECE-B	6	
	M.SWATHI	VLSID	III ECE-B	5	
14		ECAD & VLSI LAB	III ECE-B	6	17
		ECE LAB	II ECE-B	6	
		ECA	II ECE-B	5	
15	V.NAGASWATHI	ECA LAB	II ECE-B	6	16
		AWP	III ECE-B	5	
		ESD	III ECE-B	5	
16	B.VENKATESHWARLU	VLSID	III ECE-A	5	16
		A&DC LAB	II ECE-B	6	
17	K.ARUNA	PS-II	IV ECE-A	14	14





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10		MP&MC LAB	III EEE	6	16
18	J.RAJKUMAR	DVV	II VLSI	10	16
	M.SAI KRISHNA	LICA	II ECE-B	5	
19		SEMINAR	IV ECE-A	3	18
		DVV	II VLSI	10	
20	C DU EED	EDC	I CSE-B	5	11
20	G.DILEEP	SL LAB	III ECE-B	6	11
		AWP	III ECE-A	5	
21	B DASHARATHA	E CAD& VLSI LAB	III ECE-A	6	11
		SC	IV ECE-B	5	
22	P.GEETHA	SEMINAR	IV ECE-B	3	14
		DSP LAB	II ECE-A	6	
23	D.NEELAKANASWARAO	PS-II	IV ECE-B	14	14
24		EDC	I CSE-C	5	19
24	O.MOUNIKA	PS-II	IV ECE-A	14	19
	P.PADMAVATHI	EDC	I CSD	5	
25		SCTP-UVM LAB	I VLSI	4	15
		E CAD& VLASI LAB	III ECE-B	6	
		EDC	1 CSM	5	
26	S.SAIDIREDDY	SCTP-UVM LAB	I VLSI	4	15
		DSP LAB	III ECE-B	6	
27		EMFW	II ECE-A	5	19
27	Dr J B SIDDARTHA	PS-II	IV ECE-A	14	19
28	D. S KISHODE DEDDV	DW-III	II VLSI	12	19
28	Dr S KISHORE REDDY	VLSIAPD	I VLSI	5	19





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	LICA	II ECE-A	-	
		II ECE-A	5	
Dr V NAGARAJU	LICA LAB	II ECE-A	6	19
	DVV	II VLSI	8	
	MP&MC	III EEE	5	
Dr M SATYANARAYANA	MP&MC LAB	III EEE	6	16
	SVTBUVM	I VLSI	5	
	SOCD	I VLSI	5	
R LAXMIKANTH	DELAB	II EEE	6	14
	SEMINAR	IV ECE-B	3	
	EDC	I ECE-A	5	
MOUNIKA CHOUHAN	D-MOD	I VLSI	5	14
	VLSIAPD LAB	I VLSI	4	
	EDC	I ECE-B	5	
V SRAVANTHI	VLSIAPD LAB	I VLSI	4	13
	DM	I VLSI	4	
I	SATYANARAYANA R LAXMIKANTH MOUNIKA CHOUHAN	Dr M SATYANARAYANA SATYANARAYANA MP&MC LAB SVTBUVM SOCD DELAB SEMINAR EDC D-MOD VLSIAPD LAB EDC VLSIAPD LAB DM	Dr M SATYANARAYANA MP&MC LAB III EEE SVTBUVM I VLSI SOCD I VLSI DELAB II EEE SEMINAR IV ECE-B EDC I ECE-A I VLSI VLSIAPD LAB I VLSI EDC I ECE-B I ECE-B I ECE-B I ECE-B	MP&MC III EEE 5 MP&MC LAB III EEE 6 SVTBUVM I VLSI 5 SOCD I VLSI 5 SOCD I VLSI 5 DELAB II EEE 6 SEMINAR IV ECE-B 3 EDC I ECE-A 5 VLSIAPD LAB I VLSI 4 EDC I ECE-B 5 VLSIAPD LAB I VLSI 4

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl),

Ranga Reddy District.

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Teaching Faculty work load II Sem for Academic Year 2022-23						
S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects & Labs	Class/ Branch	No of periods	Total Workload	
	Dr Shaik Shakeerbasha	OS	II CSE-A	5		
1		FLAT	II CSM	5	16	
		OS LAB	II CSE-A	6		
		OS	II CSE-C	5		
2	Alla Sravani	OS LAB	II CSE-C	6	17	
		ML LAB	III CSE-A	6		
		HCI	IV CSE-A	5		
3	Balakrishna Goud Gardulla	COI	II CSM,CSD	6	17	
		CD LAB	III CSE-A	6		
	Banda Jainabbi	AI	III CSM	5		
4		AI/NLP LAB	III CSM	6	17	
		DVT LAB	III CSD	6	-	
		NLP	III CSM	5		
5	Bomaraboina Shailaja	AI/NLP LAB	III CSM	6	14	
		COI	II CSE-A	3		
		C&NS	III CSM	5		
6	Devendla Vijayakrishna	C&NS LAB	III CSM	6	17	
		PS-II	IV CSE-B	6		
		OS	II CSE-B	5		
7	Doti Nagaraju	OS LAB	II CSE-B	6	17	
		STM LAB	III CSE-A	6	-	

<u>Department of CSE, CSE(DS)&CSE(AL&ML)</u> whing Faculty work load II Sem for Academic Year 2022.



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		DBMS	II CSM	5	
8	Dr Abdul Ahad Afroz	DBMS LAB	II CSM	6	17
		PS-II	IV CSE-A	6	
		PYTHON LAB	I CSE-A,B,C	9	
9	Dr Hameeda Shaik	PS-II	IV CSE-C	6	20
		HCI	IV CSE-B	5	
		DVV	II M TECH	14	
10	Dr J Sridatta Venkata Sastry	ACM	I M TECH	5	23
		ML LAB	III CSE-B	6	
		DVV	II M TECH	14	
11	Dr Prasad Rao Mandala	RPA	I M TECH	5	21
		MPS	I M TECH	4	
	Dr Shahebaz Ahmed Khan	OS	II CSM	5	
12		OS LAB	II CSM	6	17
		PS-II	IV CSE-B	6	
		DWR-III	II M TECH	12	
13	Dr Suribabu Korada	AA	I M TECH	5	20
		DM	I M TECH	3	
		DWR-III	II M TECH	12	
14	Dr T Lalitha Saroja	ACA	I M TECH	5	17
		HCI	IV CSE-C	5	
15	Duggirala Sai Suman Ravi Teja	AA LAB	I M TECH	4	15
		PS-II	IV CSE-A	6	
		DEVOPS	III CSM	5	
16	Gosala Subhashini	DEVOPS LAB	III CSM	6	14
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-A	3	

ENGIN



		ML	III CSE-A	5	
17	Joolu Spandana	ML LAB	III CSE-A	6	14
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-B	3	
		ML	III CSD	5	
18	Kanchanapalli Swathi	ML LAB	III CSD	6	17
		PS-II	IV ECE-A	6	1
19	Lavakumar Gande	PYTHON LAB	I CSD,CSM,MECH	9	14
19	Lavakumai Ganue	CD	III CSD	5	14
		JAVA	II CSM	5	
20	Lavudya Shivashankar	JAVA LAB	II CSM	6	17
		CD LAB	III CSE-B	6	
	Mohd Aziz Ur Rahman	PS-II	IV CSE-B	6	
21		STM LAB	III CSE-B	6	16
		ACN LAB	I M TECH	4	
	Mushan Srinath	BDA	III CSD	5	
22		BDA LAB	III CSD	6	14
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-C	3	
		PYTHON LAB	I CSE-A,B,C	9	
23	Nagaraj Devatha	QABD	III CSD	5	14
24	N-11-1-1-D'	PYTHON LAB	I ECE A,B,EEE	9	
24	Nallabolu Pavani	QABD	III CSM	5	14
25	New Marine	DVT	III CSD	5	
25	Nenevat Mangan	DVT LAB	III CSD	6	11
		CD	III CSE-B	5	
26	Panthangi Haimavathi	CD LAB	III CSE-B	6	17
		JAVA LAB	II CSD	6	-



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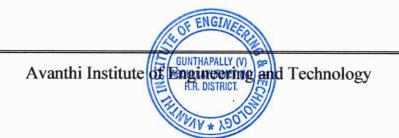
		JAVA	II CSD	5	
27	Peteri Ashwanth Kumar	JAVA LAB	II CSD	6	17
		DEVOPS	III CSM	6	
		ITW LAB	I CSE-A,B,C	9	
28	Raghu Salla	DBMS LAB	II CSD	6	18
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-C	3	
		DAA	III CSE-B	5	
29	Rangani Himabindhu	OS LAB	II CSD	6	14
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-B	3	
		CD	III CSE-A	5	
30	Shirisha Meka	CD LAB	III CSE-A	6	17
		JAVA LAB	II CSM	6	
	Siddagoni Rohini	ITW LAB	I CSE-A,B,C	9	
31		DBMS LAB	II CSM	6	18
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-C	3	
32	Silveri Rajender	JAVA	II CSE-A,B	10	22
	Sirven Rujender	JAVA LAB	II CSE-A,B	12	
		PYTHON LAB	I CSD,CSM,MECH	9	
33	Sirikonda Vasantha	OS LAB	II CSM	6	18
		SEMINAR	IV CSE-A	3	
		QABD	III CSE-A	5	
34	Souda Sravanvardhan	QABD	III CSE-B	5	16
		JAVA LAB	II CSE-C	6	
		DAA	III CSE-A	5	
35	Uddagiri Uma	SEMINAR	IV CSE-A	3	14
		DBMS LAB	II CSE-C	6	1

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36	V	DBMS	II CSE-A,B	10	22
30 I chaganti S	Yenaganti Satish Kumar	DBMS LAB	II CSE-A,B	12	22
37		STM	III CSE-A	5	
	G Nikhilareddy	STM LAB	III CSE-A	6	17
		OS LAB	II CSE-C	6	
		OS	II CSD	5	
38	Naveen Kumar Badugu	OS LAB	II CSD	6	17
		CNS LAB	III CSM	6	
		DBMS	II CSD	5	
39	Shaik Subhan Abdul	DBMS LAB	II CSD	6	17
		ML LAB	III CSD	6	
	Subhan Ali Shaik	SE	II CSM	5	16
40		SE	II CSD	5	
		JAVA LAB	II CSE-B	6	
		FLAT	II CSD	5	14
41	Udayabhanu Mankena	SEMINAR	IV CSE-B	3	
		DBMS LAB	II CSE-B	6	
42	Dissionle Dessed	PYTHON LAB	I ECE A,B,EEE	9	14
42	Digajarla Prasad	JAVA	II CSE-C	5	
		DBMS	II CSE-C	5	17
43	Neelakantam Kalagoni	DBMS LAB	II CSE-C	6	
		BDA LAB	III CSD	6	
		ITW LAB	I CSD,CSM	6	
44	Pampana Tulasi	PS-II	IV CSE-C	6	18
		OS LAB	II CSE-B	6	





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		ML	III CSE-B	5	
45	Praveen Arukula	ML LAB	III CSE-B	6	17
		JAVA LAB	II CSE-A	6	
		STM	III CSE-B	5	
46	Rajobha Satheesh Kumar	STM LAB	III CSE-B	6	17
		DBMS LAB	II CSE-A	6	
		ITW LAB	I CSD,CSM	6	
47	Sridevi Oruganti	PS-II	IV CSE-C	6	18
		OS LAB	II CSE-A	6	



Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthabally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.

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Department of H&S

Teaching Faculty Work Load II SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload	
		EC	I CSM	5		
1	Dr Kotte Shailaja	EC LAB	I CSM, I ECE-A	12	19	
		GS LAB	II ECE-A,B	2		
		ES	I CSE-B,C	4		
2	Kapa Reddy Raja Manohar	EC	I ECE-A, I MECH	10	17	
		EC	I MECH	3		
		ES	I CSE(DS)	2		
		EC	I ECE-B	5		
3	Pittala Venkatswamy	EC LAB	I ECE-B, ICSM	12	21	
		GS LAB	II ECE-B	2		
		ES	I CSE-A, I EEE	4		
4	Srilakshmi Damerla	GS LAB	II MECH	2	18	
		EC LAB	I ECE-A,B	12		
	Chatharasupalli	ESE	I CSE-A	4		
5	Sunanda	ELCS LAB	I CSE-A,B	12	16	
		ESE	I CSE C	4		
6	Dr Sundeep Pally	ELCS LAB	I CSE C, DS	12	20	
7	Appala Gatteshwar	ESE	I CSE-B	5	16	
7	Roy	ELCS LAB	I CSE-A,B	12	16	
		ELCS LAB	I EEE	4		
0	Ramash Narias	ELCS LAB	I EEE	3	14	
8	Ramesh Narige	ACS LAB	II MECH	3	14	
		ESE	I CSD	4		



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9	Swarupa Kumari	ELCS LAB	I CSE C, DS	12	15
	Swarupa Kumari	ACS LAB	III MECH	3	15
10	Name in Kamella	OD&VC	I ECE-B, I EEE	10	20
10	Nagaraju Kurella	LNCV	II ECE-A,B	10	20
	Sesha Giri Rao	OD&VC	I ECE-A	5	20
11	Kalluri	DM	II CSE-A,B,C	15	20
12	Sarwani Karlapalem	OD&VC	I CSE-C, DS, MECH	15	20
12	Salwani Karapatén	LNCV	II EEE	5	20
12		OD&VC	I CSE-A,B	10	15
13	A Anjaneyulu	OD&VC	I ECE-A	5	15
		AP	I CSE-B	5	
12	Gogikar	AP	I EEE	5	10
13	Laxminarayana	AP LAB	I EEE	3	19
	I	APLAB	I CSE-B	6	
14		AP	I CSE-A	5	17
14	Ravi Eslavath	APLAB	I CSE-A, DS	12	17
15	C	AP	I CSE-C, DS	10	16
15	Swamyrao Kulkarni	APLAB	I CSE-A	6	16

HOD Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (MdI), Ranga Reddy District.

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Department of MBA

Teaching Faculty Work Load II SEM for the Academic year 2022-23

S.No	Name of the faculty	Subjects	Class	No of periods	Total Workload	
		LSCM	I MBA-A	5		
	Marchala Marcak	RMFD	II MBA-C	5	- 19	
1	Mankala Naresh	RMFD	II MBA-B	5		
		ESS/MA	II MBA -C	4		
		LCM	II MBA-B	5		
2	Y Jaya Pradha	IHRM	II MBA-C	5	20	
		OB	IV- CSE-A,B	10		
3	D. Manikanta	LSCM	I MBA-B	5	- 20	
3	D. Manikanta	CRM	II MBA-A,B&C	15		
	Kasaramoni Sharath	FM	I MBA-B	5		
4		QABD	I MBA-C	5		
4		STM	II MBA-C	5	20	
		IFM	II MBA-B	5		
		RM	I MBA-A	5		
5	N Venkata Veera	RM	I MBA-B	5] 20	
3	Narayana	IM	II MBA-A	5	- 20	
		SIFD	II MBA-C	5]	
		MM	I MBA-A	5		
		ММ	I MBA-B	5		
6	A.Naresh	ТКМ	II MBA-C	5	18	
		COI	II CSE-B	3		



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		HRM	I MBA-A	5	
-		EDT	I MBA-B	5	
7	Medipally Sudhakar	LSCM	I MBA-C	5	20
		IFM	II MBA-B	5	
		FM	I MBA-A	5	
0		EDT	I MBA-C	5	
8	G.Lingaiah	IFM	II MBA-A	5	18
		СОІ	II CSE-C	3	
		RM	I MBA-C	5	
0	K O-1:4	IM	II MBA-B	5	10
9	K.Sabitha	LCM	II MBA-C	5	19
		SEMINAR	II MBA-B	4	
	1	EDT	I MBA-A	5	
10	R. Srilatha	IHRM	II MBA-A	5	16
		MPVV	II MBA-B	6	
		SIFD	II MBA-A	5	
11	K.Sindhuri	SIFD	II MBA-B	5	19
11	K.Sindhuri	IFM	II MBA-C	5	19
		SEMINAR	II MBA-C	4	
		IHRM	II MBA-B	5	
12	A Ramesh Goud	RMFD	II MBA-A	5	18
e-1-01-01-01		SEMINÀR	II MBA-A,B	8	
		HRM	I MBA-C	5	
13	Morri Sharadha	ESS/MA	II MBA-A	6	16
		IM	II MBA-C	5	





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		FM	I MBA-C	5	
14	C'I' D L L	ESS/MA	II MBA-B	6	20
14	Siliveru Rambabu	COI	II EEE	3	20
		ESS	II MBA-B	6	
		ТКМ	II MBA-A	5	
15	Nageshwer Rao	ТКМ	II MBA-B	5	20
15	Mothukuri	MPVV	II MBA-C	6	20
		SEMINAR	II MBA-C	4	
		MM	I MBA-C	5	
16	One of Variation	STM	II MBA-A	5	10
16	Oruganti Venkatesh	SEMINAR	II MBA -A	4	19
		STM	II MBA-B	5	
		QABD	I MBA-B	5	
17	Dr. B. Nayeema	MPVV	II MBA -A	6	16
		LCM	II MBA-A	5	
18	D-NB	QABD	I MBA-A	5	20
18	Dr N.Ramana Reddy	BEFA	II-CSE A, B,C	15	20
	~	HRM	I MBA-B	5	
19	Ashraf Hussain	FOM	IV ECE-A&B	10	20
		FOM	III MECH	5	

Hop . Head of the Department

PRINCIPAL

MBA Vanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapurmet (MdI), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II B. Tech H	LEE I- SEM	W.	.E. F:28-11-2022	COL	LLEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	EM	ECA	EM-I	AE	k	EMF	SPO	RTS
TUE	ECA	EM	EM-I LAB	EC LAB	eal	EM	EMF	AE
WED	AE	EM-I	ECA	DAA	Br	AE	EM-I	ECA
THU	EC LAB/	AE LAB	EMF	EM	hch	COU	EM-I	EMF
FRI	EM-I	ECA	AE LAB/EM-I LAB		In	GS I	.AB	DAA
SAT	EMF	AE	EM	LIB		EM	LIB	AW

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Engineering Mechanics (EM)	A SHANKAR	Assistant Professor
Electrical Circuit Analysis (ECA)	Dr.T. KRANTHI UMAR	Associate Professor
Analog Electronics (AE)	Dr V NAGARAJU	Associate Professor
Electrical Machines - I (EM-I)	D.NAGESHWAR RAO	Assistant Professor
Electromagnetic Fields (EMF)	E. PRASANNA	Assistant Professor
Electrical Machines Lab - I (EM-I LAB)	D.NAGESHWAR RAO/K.CHANDRASHEKAR	Assistant Professor
Analog Electronics Lab (AE LAB)	Dr V NAGARAJU/ D.NEELAKANASWARAO/D SURYAPRAKASH	Assistant Professor
Electrical Circuits Lab (ECLAB)	Dr.T. KRANTHI KUMAR/M.SATISH KUMAR	Assoc/Assistant Professor
Gender Sensitization Lab (GS LAB)	D.SRILAXMI	Assistant Professor

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Ranga Reddy District Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	III B. Tech	I- SEM	W.E. F:09-09-2022		COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM			50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	PE	M&I	PS-II	BEFA		ACS LAB	/ PE LAB	IPR
TUE	PS-II	PE	PSS LA LA	B/ M&I B	eak	M&I	BEFA	SPORTS
WED	M&I	PS-II	HVE	IPR	Br	IPR	PE	DAA
THU	BEFA	HVE	BEFA	LIB	nch	PSS LA LA	B/ M&I B	PE
FRI	HVE	PS-II	ACS LAB	/ PE LAB	Lun	HVE	M&I	LIB
SAT	IPR	BEFA	PE	HVE		PS-II	M&I	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Power Electronics (PE)	Dr.S. SRIKANTH REDDY	Assistant Professor
Power System-II (PS-II)	M.SHANKAR	Assistant Professor
Measurements and Instrumentation (M&I)	U. GANESH	Assistant Professor
High Voltage Engineering (HVE)	GUDIPALLY PAVAN KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Business Economics and Financial Analysis (BEFA)	MEDIPALLY SUDHAKAR	Assistant Professor
Power System Simulation Lab (PSS LAB)	M.RAGINI	Assistant Professor
Power Electronics Lab (PE LAB)	Dr.S. SRIKANTH REDDY/K.MADHAVI	Assistant Professor
Measurements and Instrumentation Lab (M&I LAB)	U. GANESH/G PAVAN KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Advanced Communication Skills Lab (ACS LAB)	CH SUNANDA	Assistant Professor
Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	NAGESHWER RAO MOTHUKURI	Assistant Professor

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Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdi),

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	IV B. Tech	EEE I- SEM	I- SEM W.E. F:29-08-2022			COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM		
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	FOM	POE	HVDCT	EHV	eak	EEI	D LAB/ION	мР
TUE	POE	EE	EED LAB/IOMP			DAA	EHV	LIB
WED	EHV	FOM	HVDCT	HVDCT	Br		CRT	-
THU	HVDCT	EHV	POE	FOM	Ich	SPOI	RTS	POE
FRI	EHV	POE	FOM	HVDCT	In	COU	SEMI	NAR
SAT	FOM	POE	EHV	LIB		5	SEMINAR	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Principles of Entrepreneurship (POE)	MD.ASHRAF HUSSAIN	Assistant Professor
Electrical and Hybrid Vehicles (EHV)	Dr MANDADI SURENDER REDDY	Associate Professor
HVDC Transmission (HVDC T)	E. PRASANNA	Assistant Professor
Fundamentals of Management for Engineers (FOM)	S RAMBABU	Associate Professor
Electrical & Electronics Design Lab (E&ED LAB)	P. SARASWATHI/U.GANESH	Assistant Professor
Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship(IOMP)	Dr MANDADI SURENDER REDDY/S.SRIKANTH REDDY	Assoc/Assistant Professor
Seminar	P. SARASWATHI/ Dr MANDADI SURENDER REDDY	Assistant Professor /Assoc prof

THOBALL

Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Wanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (MdI), Ranga Reddy District.

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R.R. DISTRICT.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech MECH I- SEM W.E. F:28-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM 9:30 -11:10-12:00-12:50-01:20-02:10-DAY 10:20-11:10 03:00-03:50 10:20 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:00 MON PS&CV MOS TD MS&M PT TD COI PS&CV TUE MOS PT MS&M PT LAB Lunch Break WED MS&M PS&CV MOS TD MD LAB THU РТ MS&M MOS TD PS&CV PT LIBRARY FRI TD MS&M PT MOS PS&CV SPORTS COI SAT MOS MS&M PS&CV PT MS&M LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS & COMPLEX VARIABLES	SESHAGIRI RAO	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
MECHANICS OF SOLIDS	A SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
MATERIAL SCIENCE AND METALLURGY	A.Swathi	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY	R.V. PRAHALAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
THERMO DYNAMICS	Dr SHIVA KUMAR	PROFESSOR	
PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY LAB	R.V. PRAHALAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
MATERIAL SCIENCE AND MECHANICS OF SOLIDS LAB	V. HARI NAYAK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
MACHINE DRAWING PRACTICE	M. VENKATESWARLU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	M.NARESH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Re sur Head of the Department PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech ENGIN Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M) STIT Ranga Reddy District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology 11 + 19



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech MECH I- SEM

W.E. F:09-09-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20-11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00-12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20-02:10	02:10-03:00	03:00-03:50	
MON	OR	MMT	IPR	DOM		MMT LAB			
TUE	BEFA	DMM-I	OR	DOM		TE LAB			
WED	OR	DMM-I	MMT	TE-II	Lunch Break	BEFA	MMT	LIBRARY	
THU	TE-II	BEFA	DOM	DMM-I	Lunch	К	OM/DOM LAI	В	
FRI	DOM	OR	DMM-I	MMT		TE-II	IPR	MMT	
SAT	DMM-I	OR	BEFA	TE-II		DOM	IPR	TE-II	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
THERMAL ENGINEERING-II	A.SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS- I	V. HARI NAYAK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
DYNAMICS OF MACHINERY	M.VENKATESWARLU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
MACHINE TOOLS AND METROLOGY	K.SUMANTH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
OPERATION RESEARCH	Y JAYAPRADA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
BEFA	K.SINDHURI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
KOM/DOM LAB	M.VENKATESWARLU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
THERMAL ENGINEERING-II LAB	Dr. Y. RAMESH BABU	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR
MACHINE TOOLS AND METROLOGY LAB	K.SUMANTH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Intellectual Property Rights	A.RAMESH GOUD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

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Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mgil) Institute of Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech MECH I- SEM W.E. F:29-08-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50	
MON	R&AC	POE	AMT	ТВМ		PPE LIBRARY			
TUE	AMT	PPE	POE	TBM		IOMP			
WED	PPE	AMT	POE	R&AC	h Break	4MOI			
THU	РОЕ	R&AC	PPE	ТВМ	Lunch	ТВМ	АМТ	TBM	
FRI	TBM	PPE	CR	Т		PPE	R&AC	AMT	
SAT	AMT	ТВМ	R&AC	POE		POE	SEMI	INAR	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
POWER PLANT ENGINEERING	R.V. PRAHALAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
TURBO MACHINARY	K. SUMANTH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING	Dr A SIVA KUMAR	PROFESSOR
ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING	A SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
PRINCIPLES OF ENTERPRENEURSHIP	Dr. Y. RAMESH BABU	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR
MIMI PROJECT SEMINAR	A SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
IOMP	A SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.



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]	II B. Tech EC	CE-A I- SEM	W.E	. F:28-11-2022	COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM			
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON	DSD	S&S	EDC	NATL		PTSP COI		
TUE	EDC	DSD	S&S	NATL		EDC	LAB /DSI) LAB
WED	NATL	S&S	PTSP	EDC	Brea	DSD	PTSP	LIBRARY
THU	EDC	PTSP	NATL	DSD	unch	DSI	D LAB /BS	LAB
FRI	DSD	PTSP	EDC	NATL	In	BS	LAB /EDC	LAB
SAT	EDC	DSD	S&S	NATL		PTSP	S&S	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Electronic Devices and Circuits	G.SRINIVAS	Assistant Professor
Signals and Systems	M.YAMINI	Assistant Professor
Digital System Design	P V. RAJU	Assistant Professor
Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes	P.GEETHA	Assistant Professor
Network Analysis and Transmission Lines	K CHANDRASHEKAR	Assistant Professor
Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab	G.SRINIVAS/G NAGU NAIK/O MOUNIKA	Assistant Professor
Digital System Design Lab	B DASHARATHA /PV .RAJU / E. NAGESH	Assistant Professor
Basic Simulation Lab	G DILEEP/M.YAMINI/ K.ARUNA	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India	N V V NARAYANA REDDY	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department

Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapsily (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II B. Tech ECE-B I-SEM W.E. F:28-11-2022			COLL	EGE TIMINGS:	09.30AM -03.50	PM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	EDC	DSD	SS	PTSP		NATL	SS	DSD
TUE	DSD	NATL	EDC	SS	eak	NATL	PTSP	PTSP
WED	SS	EDC	LAB/DSD	LAB	Br	EDC	DSD	NATL
THU	NATL	EDC	DSD	EDC	lch	SS	PTSP	LIB
FRI	PTSP	DSD LAB/BS LAB			Lur	EDC	SS	SPORTS
SAT	EDC	BS	LAB/EDC I	.AB		DSD	C	IC

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Electronic Devices and Circuits	V.NAGASWATHI	Assistant Professor
Signals and Systems	M.SWATHI	Assistant Professor
Digital System Design	B.VENKATESHWARLU	Assistant Professor
Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes	B.DASHARATHA	Assistant Professor
Network Analysis and Transmission Lines	K.CHANDRASHEKAR	Assistant Professor
Electronic Devices and Circuits Lab	V.NAGASWTHI/B.KALAPANA/J RAJKUMAR	Assistant Professor
Digital System Design Lab	Dr.G CHANDRASHEKAR/ B.VENKATESHWARLU/S SAIDI REDDY	Assistant Professor
Basic Simulation Lab	M.SWATHI /P.GEETHA/V SRAVANTHI	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India	O.VENKATESH	Assistant Professor

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Head of Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Gunthapal

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech ECE-A I- SEM

W.E. F:09-09-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20-02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	AWP	DSP	ESD	VLSI	k	FOM	DSP	ESD
TUE	VLSI	VLSI	FOM	AWP	real	FOM	CRT CI	ASSES
WED	ESD	DSP	AWP	VLSI	Br	DSP/E-	CAD&VLSI	LAB
THU	AWP	E-CAD&V	LSI/SCRIPTI	NG LAB	lch	ESD	IF	PR.
FRI	DSP	ESD	AWP	VLSI	un	SCRIF	TING /DSP	LAB
SAT	FOM	AWP	DSP	FOM		SEMINAR	LIB	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	V.GURAVAIAH	Assistant Professor
Data Communications and Networks	K.SONY	Assistant Professor
Control Systems	M.SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Dr. RAMANNA REDDY	Assistant Professor
Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	Dr.G CHANDRASHEKAR	Assistant Professor
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab	Dr M SATYANARAYANA/ V.GURAVAIAH/ M.YAMINI	Assistant Professor
Data Communications and Networks Lab	Dr.G CHANDRASHEKAR /K.SONY/MOUNIKA	Assistant Professor
Advanced Communication Skills Lab	CH SUNANDA	Assistant Professor
Intellectual Property Rights	A NARESH	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



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III B. Tech ECE-B I- SEM

W.E. F:09-09-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DA Y	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00-12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	AWP	DSP	VLSI	ESD	eak	VLSI]	IPR
TUE	DSP	so	CRIPTING LAB/I	RIPTING LAB/DSP LAB			FOM	SEMINAR
WED	VLSI	DSP	ESD	FOM	Br	ESD	AWP	LIB
THU	ESD	VLSI	CRT CI	LASSES	ıch	DSP	ESD	SPORTS
FRI	FOM	AWP	ESD AWP		un	E-CAI	D&VLSI/SO LAB	CRIPTING
SAT	FOM	VLSI	DSP	AWP		DSP LA	B/E-CAD&	&VLSI LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	B. KALPANA	Assistant Professor
Data Communications and Networks	M.SAIKRISHNA	Assistant Professor
Control Systems	M.SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Business Economics & Financial Analysis	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	Assistant Professor
Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	D.NEELAKANTASWARAO	Assistant Professor
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab	B.KALAPANA/D.NEELAKANTASWARAO / K SHILPA	Assistant Professor
Data Communications and Networks Lab	Dr JB SIDDARTHA /M.SAIKRISHNA/S.SAGAR	Assoc/Assistant Professor
Advanced Communication Skills Lab	CH SUNANDA	Assistant Professor
Intellectual Property Rights	M.SHARADHA	Assistant Professor

ENG

GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M

gineering and Technology

Head of th ment Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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IV B Tech FCF-A L SEM

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	IV B. Tech	ECE-A I- SE	ivi w.	.E. F:29-08-2022	COL	LEGE TIMINGS	: 09.30AM -03.50	JPM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON	PPLE	DIP	DAA	PYTHON		NS&CY	MW&OC	LIB
TUE	NS&CY	PPLE	MW&OC	DIP	eak	MW&OC	PPLE	NS&CY
WED	DIP	SEMI	INAR	PYTHON	Bre	CI	RT NS&CY	
THU	MW&OC	PYTHON	C	RT	ch]	PPLE	SP	ORTS
FRI	NS&CY	MW&OC	DIP	PPLE	oun	MW	&OC LAB/IOMP	
SAT	PYTHON	DIP	NS&CY	MW&OC	L	I	OMP/MW&0	ЭС

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	Dr.G.SAIKUMAR	Associate Professor
PE-III: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING	D SURYAPRAKASH	Assistant Professor
PE-IV: NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY	K.ARUNA	Assistant Professor
PYTHON PROGRAMMING	Dr. HAMEEDA	Associate Professor
PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE, LAW & ETHICS	M NARESH	Assistant Professor
MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS LAB	Dr G SAIKUMAR/B.DASHARATHA/ O.MOUNIKA	Assoc/Assistant Professor
INDUSTRIAL ORIENTED MINI PROJECT	PV. RAJU/DILEEP	Assistant Professor
SEMINAR	Dr.G.SAIKUMAR/M SAI KRISHNA	Assoc/Associate Professor

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology ENGI Cuthopally (V), Abdullapurnet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), GUNTHAPALLY (V) Ranga Reddy District. ABDULLAPURMET (M Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

Province in the second second	IV B. Tech ECE-B I- SEM W.E. F:29-08-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM)PM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50	
MON	DIP	PYTHON	PPLE	MW&OC		MW&OC	PPLE	NS&CY	
TUE	MW&OC	PYTHON	NS&CY	DIP	eak	NS&CY	MW&OC	PPLE	
WED	DIP	NS&CY	CI	RT	Bre	PPLE	SPORTS		
THU	NS&CY	PYTHON	CRT		ch]	PYTHON	NS&CY	PPLE	
FRI	MW&OC	М	IW&OC / ION	ИР	un	LIB	PYTHON	PYTHON DIP	
SAT	PYTHON	DIP	SEMI	NAR	IN IOMP/MW&OC				

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	P.PADMAVATHI	Assistant Professor
PE-III: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING	G.NAGU NAIK	Assistant Professor
PE-IV: NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY	O.MOUNIKA	Assistant Professor
PYTHON PROGRAMMING	Dr. HAMEEDA	Assistant Professor
PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE, LAW & ETHICS	K SHARATH	Associate Professor
MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS LAB	P PADMAVATHI/K.SHILPA/B VENKATESHWARLU	Assistant Professor
INDUSTRIAL ORIENTED MINI PROJECT	G.SRINIVAS/P.GEETHA	Assistant Professor
SEMINAR	Dr.G.SAIKUMAR /K SHILPA	Assoc/Associate Professor

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-A I-SEM

W.E. F: 28-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	DS	OOPS	COA	COSM	k	ADE LAB	/ IT WORK S	SHOP LAB
TUE	0	OPS C++ LA	В	ADE	ea	COA	DS	SPORTS
WED	COSM	ADE	OOPS	COA	Br		DS LAB	
THU	DS	OOPS	COSM	COA	Ich	ADE	COSM	LIB
FRI	ADE	ADE LAB	/ IT WORK S	SHOP LAB	un	OOPS	DS	COSM
SAT	OOPS	COSM	ADE	DS		COA	GS	LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE)	SAGAR SABBINENI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Data Structures (DS)	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Computer Oriented Statistical Methods (COSM)	SESHA GIRI RAO KALLURI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Computer Organization and Architecture (COA)	LAVUDYA SHIVASHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Object Oriented Programming using C++ (OOPS)	SILVERI RAJENDER	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE) Lab	SAGAR SABBINENI/R LAXMIKANTH/V GURAVAIAH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Data Structures (DS) Lab	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR /AZIZ UR RAHMAN/S SRAVANVARDHAN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
IT Workshop Lab	BOMARABOINA SHAILAJA/ BALAKRISHNA GOUD/G NIKHILA REDDY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
OOPS C++ Programming Lab	SILVERI RAJENDER/S ROHINI/R HIMABINDU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Gender Sensitization (GS) Lab	SRILAKSHMI DAMERLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

ENG

GUNTHAPALLY



Head of the Department

Computer Science & Engineering Aranthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana vanthi Institute

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-B I-SEM W.E. F: 28-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM 9:30 -10:20 -12:00 -12:50-01:20 -03:00 -11:10 -02:10 -DAY 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 COSM DS ADE OOPS COA **GS LAB** MON Lunch Break OOPS ADE LIB TUE COSM DS LAB COSM ADE DS COA **OOPS LAB** WED COSM ADE DS OOPS ADE LAB / IT WORK SHOP LAB THU OOPS DS COA COSM ADE LAB / IT WORK SHOP LAB FRI ADE OOPS OOPS COA DS COSM SPORTS SAT

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE)	Dr J B SIDDARTHA	ASSOC PROFESSOR	
Data Structures (DS)	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Oriented Statistical Methods (COSM)	SESHA GIRI RAO KALLURI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Organization and Architecture (COA)	LAVUDYA SHIVASHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Object Oriented Programming using C++ (OOPS)	SILVERI RAJENDER	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE) Lab	Dr J B SIDDARTHA/MOUNIKA CHOUHAN/E NAGESH	ASSOC/ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Structures (DS) Lab	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR /AZIZ UR RAHMAN/ S SRAVANVARDHAN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
IT Workshop Lab	BOMARABOINA SHAILAJA/ BALAKRISHNA GOUD/NAVEEN KUMAR BADUGU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
OOPS C++ Programming Lab	SILVERI RAJENDER/S ROHINI/R HIMABINDU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Gender Sensitization (GS) Lab	SRILAKSHMI DAMERLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Frenthi Institute of Engineering & Technology



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-C I-SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM W.E. F: 28-11-2022 9:30 -10:20 -12:50-11:10 -12:00 -01:20 -02:10 -03:00 -DAY 03:00 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:50 DS LAB COA OOPS ADE LIB MON Lunch Break DS COSM ADE OOPS TUE ADE LAB / IT WORK SHOP LAB OOPS COSM ADE DS **GS LAB** COA WED COA OOPS COSM DS ADE DS SPORTS THU OOPS COA DS ADE FRI ADE LAB / IT WORK SHOP LAB DS COSM ADE COA SAT OOPS LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE)	SEELAM SAIDI REDDY		
Data Structures (DS)	S SRAVANVARDHAN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Oriented Statistical Methods (COSM)	SESHA GIRI RAO KALLURI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Organization and Architecture (COA)	LAVUDYA SHIVASHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Object Oriented Programming using C++ (OOPS)	SIRIKONDA VASANTHA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Analog and Digital Electronics (ADE) Lab	SEELAM SAIDI REDDY/V SRAVANTHI/V NAGASWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Structures (DS) Lab	S SRAVANVARDHAN /AZIZ UR RAHMAN/ UDDAGIRI UMA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
IT Workshop Lab	P TULASI /R SATEESH KUMAR / G NIKHILA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
OOPS C++ Programming Lab	SIRIKONDA VASANTHA /S ROHINI/R HIMABINDU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Gender Sensitization (GS) Lab	SRILAKSHMI DAMERLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering

A with Institute of Engineering & Technology Sountha<u>pally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)</u>



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II B. Tech (CSM I-SEM	W	.E. F: 28-11-2022	COLI	LEGE TIMINGS	: 09:30AM - 03:5	OPM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50	
MON	DS	COA	РР	BEFA	K	MSF	DM	LIB	
TUE	MSF	COA	BEFA	DM	eal		DS LAB		
WED	DS	РР	COA	РР	Br	BEFA	DM	SPORTS	
THU	DS	COA	BEFA	MSF	lch		PP LAB		
FRI	DM	COA	BEFA	РР	un	BEFA	GS LAB		
SAT	DM	COA	DM	BEFA		DS	DS	MSF	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation		
Discrete Mathematics (DM)	K SARWANI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Data Structures (DS)	DIGAJARLA PRASAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Mathematical and Statistical Foundations (MSF)	NAGARAJU KURELLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Computer Organization and Architecture (COA)	Dr. SHAHEBAZ AHMED KHAN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Python Programming (PP)	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ	ASSOC PROFESSOR		
Business Economics & Financial Analysis (BEFA)	Dr. NARU RAMANA REDDY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Data Structures (DS) Lab	DIGAJARLA PRASAD /J SPANDANA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Python Programming (PP) Lab	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ/ D VIJAY KRISHNA	ASSOC/ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Gender Sensitization (GS) Lab	SRILAKSHMI DAMERLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		

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Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering F anthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II B. Tech C	CSD I-SEM	w	.E. F: 28-11-2022	COLI	EGE TIMINGS	: 09:30AM - 03:5	60PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	COA	MSF	BEFA	DM	k		DS LAB	
TUE	DS	COA	РР	MSF	eak	DM	BEFA	LIB
WED	COA	MSF	BEFA	DM	Br	DM	РР	DS
THU	BEFA	MSF	РР	РР	lch	DM	DS	SPORTS
FRI	COA	РР	DS	MSF	un		PP LAB	
SAT	COA	DS	GS I	LAB		BEFA	MSF	DM

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Discrete Mathematics (DM)	K SARWANI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Structures (DS)	DIGAJARLA PRASAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Mathematical and Statistical Foundations (MSF)	NAGARAJU KURELLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Organization and Architecture (COA)	Dr. SHAHEBAZ AHMED KHAN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Python Programming (PP)	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ	ASSOC PROFESSOR	
Business Economics & Financial Analysis (BEFA)	Dr. NARU RAMANA REDDY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Structures (DS) Lab	DIGAJARLA PRASAD /G LAVA KUMAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Python Programming (PP) Lab	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ/D VIJAY KRISHNA	ASSOC/ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Gender Sensitization (GS) Lab	SRILAKSHMI DAMERLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

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Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering / sothi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech CSE-A I-SEM W.E. F: 09-09-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM 12:00 -12:50-9:30 -10:20 -11:10 -01:20 -02:10 -03:00 -DAY 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 FLAT DDB CRT CRT CN & WT LAB MON Lunch Break SE WT IP IP FLAT CN IPR TUE IP CN SE FLAT WED ACES LAB LIB/SPORTS WT CN DDB SE IP FLAT IPR THU IP CN WT DDB SE LAB FRI DDB FLAT CN SE WT IPR SE SAT

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation		
Formal Languages & Automata Theory (FLAT)	SHIRISHA MEKA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Software Engineering (SE)	Dr. SHAIK SHAKEERBASHA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Computer Networks (CN)	ALLA SRAVANI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Web Technologies (WT)	GOSALA SUBHASHINI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Image Processing (IP)	SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Distributed Databases (DDB)	BANDA JAINABBI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Software Engineering (SE) Lab	Dr. SHAIK SHAKEERBASHA/G LAVA KUMAR/ SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Computer Networks & Web Technologies (CN&WT) Lab	ALLA SRAVANI/ GOSALA SUBHASHINI/K SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab	SWARUPA KUMARI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)



PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Cuninapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech CSE-B I-SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM W.E. F: 09-09-2022 9:30 -10:20 -12:00 -12:50-11:10 -01:20 -02:10 -03:00 -DAY 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 DDB SE LAB SE IPR IP MON Lunch Break IP CN CRT CRT CN DDB FLAT TUE WT CN & WT LAB FLAT SE IPR WED CN ACES LAB IP DDB WT SE THU SE WT CN IP FLAT DDB LIB/SPORTS FRI FLAT DDB IP IPR SE CN FLAT SAT

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Formal Languages & Automata Theory (FLAT)	SHIRISHA MEKA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Software Engineering (SE)	Dr. SHAIK SHAKEERBASHA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks (CN)	ALLA SRAVANI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Web Technologies (WT)	GOSALA SUBHASHINI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Image Processing (IP)	SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Distributed Databases (DDB)	BANDA JAINABBI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Software Engineering (SE) Lab	Dr. SHAIK SHAKEERBASHA/G LAVA KUMAR/ SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks & Web Technologies (CN&WT) Lab	ALLA SRAVANI/ GOSALA SUBHASHINI/K SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab	SWARUPA KUMARI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Hop Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

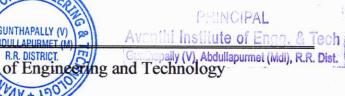
	III B. Tech CSM I-SEM W.E. F: 09-09-2022				COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM			
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10 - 02:10 03:00		03:00 - 03:50
MON	ML	CD	CRT	CRT		DAA	IRS	IPR
TUE	ML	CD	CN	DAA	eak	ML LAB		
WED	CD	ML	IP	IPR	Breal	IDS	CN	IP
THU	ML	ACES	LAB		lch	DAA	IP	IRS
FRI	ML	C D	IRS	CN	Lun	DAA	IP	LIB/SPORTS
SAT	DAA	CN LAB				CN	IRS	CN

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Design and Analysis of Algorithms (DAA)	UDDAGIRI UMA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Machine Learning (ML)	SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks (CN)	UDAYABHANU MANKENA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Compiler Design (CD)	PETERI ASHWANTH KUMAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Image Processing (IP)	DUGGIRALA SAI SUMAN RAVI TEJA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Information Retrieval Systems (IRS)	G NIKHILA REDDY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Machine Learning (ML)Lab	Dr SHEBAZ AHMED KHAN/SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL/A PRAVEEN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks (CN) Lab	UDAYABHANU MANKENA/ P TULASI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab	SWARUPA KUMARI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	SRILATHA RAVVI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangaña.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	III B. Tech CSD I-SEM W.E. F: 09-09-2022				COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM			
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	DM	IDS	CRT		k	DAA	IPR	IRS
TUE	IDS	DM	CN	CN DAA		ACES LAB		LIB/SPORTS
WED	DM	IDS	IPR	CN	Brea	DAA	IRS	IP
THU	IP	CN LAB			lch	IDS	CN	IP
FRI	DM	IDS	DM	IDS	un	DAA	IP	IPR
SAT	DAA	DM LAB				CN	IRS	CN

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Design and Analysis of Algorithms (DAA)	UDDAGIRI UMA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Introduction to Data Science (IDS)	DUGGIRALA SAI SUMAN RAVI TEJA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks (CN)	NEELAKANTAM KALAGONI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Mining (DM)	SRIDEVI ORUGANTI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Image Processing (IP)	NAVEEN KUMAR BADUGU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Information Retrieval Systems (IRS)	G NIKHILA REDDY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Data Mining (DM) Lab	SRIDEVI ORUGANTI/ NAVEEN KUMAR BADUGU/R SATEESH KUMAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Computer Networks (CN) Lab	/NEELAKANTAM KALAGONI/P TULASI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab	N.RAMESH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	SRILATHA RAVVI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech CSE-A I-SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM W.E. F: 29-08-2022 9:30 -12:50-10:20 -11:10 -12:00 -01:20 -02:10 -03:00 -DAY 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 MON **SPPM** DM POE CC C&NS Mini Project Lunch Break **CRT/CERTIFICATION** TUE SPPM POE CC DM C&NS COURSE **SPPM** CC POE C&NS Project Stage - I WED DM Project Stage - I THU **SPPM** CC **C&NS LAB SPPM** FRI POE CC C&NS DM SEMINAR SAT SPPM CC POE C&NS Project Stage - I SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation		
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS)	Dr J S V SASTRY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Data Mining (DM)	JOOLU SPANDANA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Cloud Computing (CC)	P TULASI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Software Process & Project Management (SPPM)	RAGHU SALLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Principles of Entrepreneurship (POE)	Dr BAJJIS NAYEEMA	ASSOC PROFESSOR		
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS) Lab	NALLABOLU PAVANI/D NAGARAJU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship	MUSHAN SRINATH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Seminar	RANGANI HIMABINDHU/SIRIKONDA VASNTHA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Project Stage - I	Dr J S V SASTRY	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		

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Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering

F Jothi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Banga Reddy District, Telangaga conthi PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gundispally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mail), R.R. Dist.

Ranga Reddy District. Telangana vanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



IV B Tech CSE-B LSEM

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

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	IV B. IECH CSE-B I-SEIVI W.E. F: 29-08-2022 COLLEGE HMINGS: 09:30AM – 03:50PM							ourm
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20 01:20 - 02:10		02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	POE	СС	DM	C&NS	k	SPPM	CRT/CERTIFICATION COURSE	
TUE	CC	DM	POE	SPPM	eal	C&NS LAB		
WED	SPPM	СС	Project Stage - I		Br	C&NS	SEMINAR	
THU	POE	DM	SPPM	SPPM C&NS		CC	Project Stage - I	
FRI	CC	POE	DM	SPPM	un	C&NS Project Stag		Stage - I
SAT	DM	СС	C&NS	POE		Mini Project		SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS)	Dr M PRASADA RAO	ASSOC PROFESSOR	
Data Mining (DM)	JOOLU SPANDANA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Cloud Computing (CC)	PANTHANGI HYMAVATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Software Process & Project Management (SPPM)	RAGHU SALLA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Principles of Entrepreneurship (POE)	Dr BAJJIS NAYEEMA	ASSOC PROFESSOR	
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS) Lab	NALLABOLU PAVANI/D NAGARAJU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship	MUSHAN SRINATH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR	
Seminar	Dr K SURIBABU/RANGANI HIMABINDHU	ASSOC/ASSISTANT PROFESSO	
Project Stage - I	Dr M PRASADA RAO	ASSOC PROFESSOR	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering A ranthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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IV B. Tech CSE-C I-SEM

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COLLECE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

W.F. F. 29-08-2022

	IV D. ICCH CSE-C I-SEIVI W.E. F: 29-08-2022 COLLEGE HIMINGS: 09:50AM – 03:50PM							
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10 - 03:0 02:10 03:00 03::		
MON	СС	POE	DM	SPPM	K		C&NS LAB	
TUE	DM	CC	C&NS	POE	eal	C&NS	Mini I	Project
WED	CC	Project Stage - I		SPPM	Br	SPPM CRT/CERTIFICATION COURSE		
THU	SPPM	CC	DM	POE	Ich	Project Stage - I		SPORTS
FRI	POE	CC	DM	C&NS	n	C&NS Project S		Stage - I
SAT	POE	DM	SPPM	C&NS		CC SEMINA		INAR

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation		
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS)	Dr T LALITHA SAROJA	ASSOC PROFESSOR		
Data Mining (DM)	K SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Cloud Computing (CC)	PANTHANGI HAIMAVATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Software Process & Project Management (SPPM)	DOTI NAGARAJU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Principles of Entrepreneurship (POE)	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Cryptography & Network Security (C&NS) Lab	NALLABOLU PAVANI/D NAGARAJU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Industrial Oriented Mini Project/ Summer Internship	MUSHAN SRINATH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		
Seminar	Dr K SURIBABU /RANGANI HIMABINDHU	ASSOC/ASSISTANT PROFESSOF		
Project Stage - I	MEKA SHIREESHA	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR		

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Fonthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Sunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana:

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Currinopally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIMETABLE

	I B. Tech CSE-A I- SEM W.E. F:03-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM								
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10-03:00	03:00-03:50	
MON	МС	PPS	PPS	Y	EC		CAEG		
TUE	EC LAB/ BEE LAB		eal	BEE	МС	BEE	LIBRARY		
WED	BEE	PPS	PPS	Br	EC	PPS LAB			
THU		CAEG		l ch	МС	EC	LIBRARY	EC	
FRI	EC LAB/ BEE LAB		In	BEE	MC SPORTS		RTS		
SAT	EC	МС	PPS		BEE	ECSE			

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (Mc)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Programing For Problem Solving (Pps)	Dr. Hameeda Shaik	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering (Bee)	M. Ragini	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (Caeg)	Dr. Y. Ramesh Babu	Associate Professor
Elements Of Computer Science & Engineering (ECSE)	K.Swathi	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	Dr. K. Shailaja	Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (Ec Lab)	Dr. K. Shailaja	Professor
Programming For Problem Solving Laboratory (PPS LAB)	G. Balakrishna /N.Pavani	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (Bee Lab)	M. Ragini/B.Srikanth	Assistant Professor

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ally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIMETABLE

	IB. Iech C	SE-B I- SEM	W.E.	F:03-11-20	22 COLL	EGE TIMINGS:	09.30AM -03.50	РМ
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20-11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON		CAEG		k	МС	EC	BEE	МС
TUE	МС	PPS	PPS	eal	EC	LAB/BEE	LAB	EC
WED	PPS LAB		Br	МС	BEE	SPO	ORTS	
THU	BEE PPS PPS		lch	CAEG		CAEG		
FRI	МС	LIBRARY	PPS	In	EC LAB/BEE LAB EC		EC	
SAT		ECSE			EC	BEE	EC	LIBRARY

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Programing For Problem Solving (PPS)	Dr Hameeda Shaik	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering (BEE)	M. Shankar	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	Dr.G.Ramachandra Reddy	Professor
Elements of Computer Science & Engineering (ECSE)	K.Swathi	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	Dr. K. Shailaja	Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	Dr. K. Shailaja	Professor
Programming for Problem Solving Laboratory (PPS LAB)	G. Bala Krishna/N Mangan	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	M. Shankar/B.Srikanth	Assistant Professor

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nthi Institute of Engg. & Tech apally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M)

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech CSE-C I- SEM W.E.					1-2022 COL	LEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	.50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON				k	BEE	PPS SPORTS		
TUE	BEE	EC	МС	eal	EC		PPS LAI	3
WED	MC	PPS	EC	Br	LIBRARY		CAEG	
THU	EC LAB/BEE LAB		lch	PPS	МС	PPS	LIBRARY	
FRI	BEE	PPS	EC	In	МС		ECSE	
SAT		CAEG	D		BEE	EC	МС	BEE

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Programing For Problem Solving (PPS)	B.Jainabbi	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering (BEE)	K.Madhavi	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	V.Harinayak	Assistant Professor
Elements Of Computer Science & Engineering (ECSE)	R.Sateesh Kumar	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	K.Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	K.Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Programming For Problem Solving Laboratory (PPS LAB)	G.Bala Krishna/R Sateesh Kumar/P Hymavathi	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	K.Madhavi/G.Pavan Kumar	Assistant Professor

HON Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District



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Ranga Reddy District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology





A.Y 2022-23 TIMETABLE

I B. Tech CSE-DS I- SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM W.E. F:03-11-2022 12:00-12:30-02:10-03:00-01:20-9:30 -10:20-11:10-12:00 DAY 10:20 12:30 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 11:10 **PPS LAB** EG EC LAB/BEE LAB MON Lunch Break LIBRARY EC SPORTS PPS MC BEE TUE PPS BEE BEE EG WED CAEG THU MC **PPS** LIBRARY MC EC LAB/BEE LAB BEE MC PPS EC FRI ECSE BEE **PPS** CAEG SAT MC EC

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	K. Sarwani	Assistant Professor
Programing For Problem Solving (PPS)	G Lava Kumar	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering (BEE)	P.Saraswathi	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	A.Swathi	Assistant Professor
Elements of Computer Science & Engineering (ECSE)	B.Naveen Kumar	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	P. Venkataswamy	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	K.Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Programming for Problem Solving Laboratory (PPS LAB)	D Sai Suman Ravi Teja/O Sridevi	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	D.Nageshwar Rao/E.Prasanna	Assistant Professor

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Head offene Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Net (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I B. Tech C	SE-AI &MI	L I- SEM	W.E. F:03-1	11-2022 COLL	EGE TIMINGS: 09.	30AM -03.50PM	1
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20-02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50

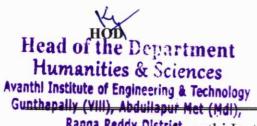
MON		ECSE		K	LIBRARY	PPS	МС	ESE
TUE	PPS	МС	AP	ea	PPS	EW LA	AB/ELCS	LAB
WED	EWI	AB/ELCS	LAB	Br	AP	МС	ES	ESE
THU	МС	ESE	PPS	Ich	PPS LAB/AP LAB			AP
FRI	ESE	AP	МС	un	AP	LIBRARY	PPS	МС
SAT	PPS LAB/AP LAB				ESE	ES	SPO	RTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (Mc)	K.Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (Ap)	Swamyrao Kulkarni	Assistant Professor
Programing For Problem Solving (Pps)	B.Shailaja	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (Ew)	R V Prahalad	Assistant Professor
English For Skill Enhancement (Ese)	Dr. P. Sundeep	Assistant Professor
Elements Of Electronics And Communication Engineering (Ecse)	Devatha Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory	Swamyrao Kulkarni	Assistant Professor
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (Elcs)	Dr. P. Sundeep	Assistant Professor
Programming For Problem Solving Laboratory (Pps Lab)	Udayabhanu Mankena/Shaik Subhan Abdul	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (Es)	B. Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech ECE-A I- SEM

W.E. F:03-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10-03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	СРЕ	MC	ESE	k	ESE	AP	LAB/CPE L	AB
TUE	EW I	LAB/ELCS	LAB	eak.	AP	МС	MC	ESE
WED	СРЕ	AP	СРЕ	Br		EECE		ES
THU	AP	LAB/CPE	LAB	unch	CPE MC SPORTS			RTS
FRI	МС	СРЕ	ESE	un,	ES	EW	LAB/ELCS	LAB
SAT	ESE	AP	МС		МС	AP	LIBRARY	СРЕ

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (Mc)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (Ap)	G. Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor
C Programming For Engineers (CPE)	B. Shailaja	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (Ew)	K.Sumanth	Assistant Professor
English For Skill Enhancement (Ese)	A.Gateshwar Roy	Assistant Professor
Elements Of Electronics And Communication Engineering (EECE)	K.Sony	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory (Ap Lab)	G. Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS)	A.Gateshwar Roy	Assistant Professor
C Programming For Engineers Laboratory (CPE LAB)	Raghu Salla/Udaya Bhanu	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (Es)	P. Venktaswamy	Assistant Professor

Huad of the Department PRINCIPAL FNGIN PRINCIPAL Humanities & Sciences nthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology **GUNTHAPALLY** (V) pally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Gunthapally (VIII), Abduilapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District wanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology R. DISTRICT.





A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech ECE-B I- SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM W.E. F:03-11-2022 12:00-12:30-9:30 -01:20-02:10-03:00-10:20-DAY 11:10-12:00 10:20 12:30 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 11:10 MON ESE PPS EECE MC AP Lunch Break **AP LAB/PPS LAB** MC TUE ESE AP AP WED MC PPS AP PPS **EW LAB/ELCS LAB** THU ESE MC LIBRARY AP PPS ES MC AP PPS **AP LAB/PPS LAB** FRI ESE ES **EW LAB/ELCS LAB** PPS MC SAT SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	K.Sarwani	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (AP)	E. Ravi	Assistant Professor
C Programming for Engineers (CPE)	D. Vijay Krishna	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (EW)	A.Swathi	Assistant Professor
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	N. Ramesh	Assistant Professor
Elements Of Electronics and Communication Engineering (EECE)	M.Swathi	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	E. Ravi	Assistant Professor
English Language and Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS)	N. Ramesh	Assistant Professor
C Programming for Engineers Laboratory (CPE LAB)	D. Vijay Krishna/S Vasantha	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (ES)	B. Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor

Hon Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) PRINCIPAL

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech

Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District Vanthi Instituteeor Provincering and Technology R.R. District ally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I B. Tech EEE I- SEM W.E. F:03-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: (S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50	
MON	ECL	AB/ ECA-I	LAB	k	ECA-I	CP&DS	SPO	ORTS	
TUE	ECA-I	EC	МС	eal	EC		CP&DS LA	AB	
WED	МС	CP&DS	EC	Br	LIBRARY		CAEG		
THU	EC L	AB/ ECA-l	LAB	nch	CP&DS	МС	MC CP&DS LIBRARY		
FRI	ECA-I	CP&DS	EC		МС		EEEE		
SAT		CAEG			ECA-I	EC	МС	ECA-I	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	K. Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
C Programming and Data Structures (CP&DS)	D. Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Electrical Circuit Analysis – I	Dr.T.Kranthi Kumar	Associate Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	Dr.A.Siva Kumar	Professor
Elements Of Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEEE)	B.Srikanth	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	P.Venkata Swamy	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	D Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor
C Programming and Data Structures Laboratory (CP&DS LAB)	D. Nagaraju/S Rohini	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department

Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIMETABLE

	I B. Tech M	ECH I- SEM	I W.E.	F:28-11-20	22 COLL	EGE TIMINGS:	09.30AM -03.50	PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	МС	AP	ESE	×	CPDS		EME	
TUE	AP	LAB/CDS	LAB	eal	ESE	AP	AP	МС
WED	МС	CPDS	AP	Br	CPDS	EW LAB/ELCS LAB		
THU	ESE	МС	LIBRARY	Ich	AP	PPS	ES	МС
FRI	AP	ESE	ES	In	CPDS	AP	LAB/CDS	LAB
SAT	EW	LAB/ELC	S LAB		CPDS	МС	SPO	RTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Matrices And Calculus (MC)	K.Seshagiri Rao	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (AP)	G Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor
C Programming for Data Structures (CPDS)	Mohd Aziz Ur Rahman	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (EW)	V Hari Nayak	Assistant Professor
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	Dr. P. Sundeep	Assistant Professor
Elements Of Mechanical Engineering (EME)	Dr.A.Siva Kumar	Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	E.Ravi	Assistant Professor
English Language and Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS)	A.Gatteshwar Roy	Assistant Professor
C & Data Structures Laboratory (CDS LAB)	Peteri Ashwanth Kumar	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (ES)	P. Venkata Swamy	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Hdl),

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech opally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Ranga Reddy District Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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GUNTHAPALLY (V)

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I MBA - A I	- SEM	W	.E. F:03-11-2022	CO	LLEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	BE	LBE	FRA	MOB	K	RMSA	ССМ	MGT ACT
TUE	SDA	RMSA	MOB	FRA	eal	LBE	BE	ССМ
WED	BC	RMSA	FRA	ССМ	Br	MGT ACT	МОВ	LBE
THU	LIB/LAB	BE	FRA	МОВ	Ich	RMSA	ССМ	BC
FRI	SDA	BE	RMSA	LBE	[]un	BC	MGT ACT/PPT	LIB/LAB
SAT	RMSA	BE	LBE	FRA		ССМ	МОВ	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Management and Organizational Behavior	M Sudhakar	Assistant Professor	
Business Economics	A.Naresh	Assistant Professor	
Financial Reporting & Analysis	Y Jaya pradha	Assistant Professor	
Research Methodology and Statistical Analysis	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor	
Legal and Business Environment (LBE)	K Sharath	Assistant Professor	
Cross cultural management	N V V Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor	
Business Communication Lab	A.Naresh	Assistant Professor	
Statistical Data Analysis Lab	N V V Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor	

Head of the Department MBA

Aventhi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I MBA - B I	- SEM	W	.E. F:03-11-2022	CO	COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM		
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	BC	RMSA	FRA	ССМ	k	MGT ACT	MOB	LBE
TUE	LIB/LAB	BE	FRA	МОВ	eal	RMSA	ССМ	BC
WED	BE	LBE	FRA	МОВ	Br	RMSA	ССМ	MGT ACT
THU	RMSA	BE	LBE	FRA	Ich	ССМ	МОВ	SPORTS
FRI	SDA	RMSA	МОВ	FRA	un	LBE	BE	ССМ
SAT	SDA	BE	RMSA	LBE		BC	MGT ACT/PPT	LIB/LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Management and Organizational Behavior	G.Lingaiah	Assistant Professor
Business Economics	D Manikanta	Assistant Professor
Financial Reporting & Analysis	Y. Jaya Pradha	Assistant Professor
Research Methodology and Statistical Analysis	M Nageshwar rao	Assistant Professor
Legal and Business Environment	K. Sabitha	Assistant Professor
Cross cultural management	R Srilatha	Assistant Professor
Business Communication Lab	O Venkatesh	Assistant Professor
Statistical Data Analysis Lab	M Sudhakar	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Aventhi Institute of Engg. & Tech Cunthopally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I MBA - C I	- SEM	W	.E. F:03-11-2022	COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM			
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	LBE	BE	ССМ	SDA	k	MOB	FRA	SDA
TUE	RMSA	ССМ	BC	LIB/LAB	eal	FRA	МОВ	BE
WED	SDA	RMSA	МОВ	FRA	Br	LBE	BE	ССМ
THU	SDA	BE	RMSA	LBE	Ich	BC	MGT ACT/PPT	LIB/LAB
FRI	RMSA	BE	LBE	FRA	un	ССМ	МОВ	SPORTS
SAT	BE	LBE	FRA	МОВ		RMSA	ССМ	MGT ACT

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation		
Management and Organizational Behavior	K.Sindhuri	Assistant Professor		
Business Economics	G Lingaiah	Assistant Professor		
Financial Reporting & Analysis	A Ramesh Goud	Assistant Professor		
Research Methodology and Statistical Analysis	M.Sharadha	Assistant Professor		
Legal and Business Environment	K. Sabitha	Assistant Professor		
Cross cultural management (ccm)	R.Srilatha	Assistant Professor		
Business Communication Lab	S Rambabu	Assistant Professor		
Statistical Data Analysis Lab	A Ramesh Goud	Assistant Professor		

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II MBA - A	I- SEM	W	.E. F:10-11-2022	COI	LEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	E2	Library	E 1	MIS	k	РОМ	POWER	R POINT
TUE	E2	E 3	DA	MIS	eal	E 1	РОМ	MGT ACT
WED	SOFT SKILLS	E3	DA	MIS	Br	E 1	E 2	РОМ
THU	DA	E 3	E 2	MIS	lch	Library	E2	SOFT SKILLS
FRI	MGT ACT	E 3	DA	MIS	un	РОМ	E2	SPORTS
SAT	E2	E 3	E 1	РОМ		Р	OWER POIN	T

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Production & Operation Management [Pom]	K Sharath	Assistant Professor
Management Information System [Mis]	K Sindhuri	Assistant Professor
Data Analytics [Da]	G Lingaiah	Assistant Professor
Securty Analysis & Portfolio Management [Sapm]	M Naresh	Assistant Professor
Talent & Performance Management Systems [T&Pm]	A Naresh	Assistant Professor
Risk Management & Financial Derivatives	M Nageshwar rao	Assistant Professor
Learning And Development [L&D]	S Rambabu	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department

Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapurmet (Mag IGUNTHAPALLY (V) Republic Republic (M) Republic Republic (M)

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R.R. DISTRICT.



A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II MBA - B I- SEM				W.E. F:10-11-2022 COL			LLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM		
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50	
MON	РОМ	MIS	E 1	Library	k	POWER POINT	РОМ	MGT ACT	
TUE	E2	E 3	DA	MIS	eal	E 1	РОМ	SPORTS	
WED	E2	E3	DA	SOFT SKILLS	Br	E 1	E 2	РОМ	
THU	DA	E 3	E 2	MIS	lch	Library	E2	SOFT SKILLS	
FRI	MIS	E 3	DA	MGT ACT	Cun	РОМ	E2	SPORTS	
SAT	MIS	E 3	E 1	E2		POWER POINT		SPORTS	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Production & Operation Management [Pom]	A Ramesh Goud	Assistant Professor	
Management Information System [Mis]	M Nageshwar rao	Assistant Professor	
Data Analytics [Da]	A Naresh	Assistant Professor	
Securty Analysis & Portfolio Management [Sapm]	M.Sharadha	Assistant Professor	
Talent & Performance Management Systems [T&Pm]	O Venkatesh	Assistant Professor	
Risk Management & Financial Derivatives (Rmfd)	S Rambabu	Assistant Professor	
Learning And Development [L&D]	N V V Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor	

HOD mead of the Department MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II MBA - C I- SEM W.E. F:10-					CO	LLEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	E2	E3	DA	SOFT SKILLS	X	E 1	E 2	РОМ
TUE	E2	E 3	DA	MIS	eal	E 1	РОМ	SPORTS
WED	E2	E 3	DA	MIS	Br	E 1	РОМ	SPORTS
THU	DA	E 3	E 2	MIS	Ich	Library	E2	SPORTS
FRI	MIS	E 3	DA	MGT ACT	un	РОМ	E2	SOFT SKILLS
SAT	MIS	E 3	POWER	POINT		E 1	E2	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Production & Operation Management [Pom]	M Sudhakar	Assistant Professor
Management Information System [Mis]	K Sindhuri Assistant Professor	
Data Analytics [Da]	O.Venkatesh	Assistant Professor
Securty Analysis & Portfolio Management [Sapm]	M.Naresh	Assistant Professor
Talent & Performance Management Systems [T&Pm]	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor
Risk Management & Financial Derivatives	M Sharadha	Assistant Professor
Learning And Development [L&D]	Dr B Nayeema	Associate Professor
Production & Operation Management [Pom]	K Sabitha	Assistant Professor

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Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

Head of the Department

MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapurmet (MdI),

Ranga Reddy District.



A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II B. Tech H	CEE II- SEM	w	W.E. F:01-05-2023 COL		DLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM		
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	LN&CV	EM-II	DE CS			EM-II LAB/CS LAB		COI
TUE	CS	LN&CV	PS-I	EM-II	DAA Cak		SPORTS	
WED	EM-II	DE	CS LAB /DE LAB		Br	PS-I	CS	LIB
THU	DE	PS-I		B /EM-II AB	nch	LIB	LN&CV	COI
FRI	CS	PS-I	COI	EM-II	Lur	DE	COU	LN&CV
SAT	PS-I	LN&CV	DE	EM-II		COI	LN&CV	CS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex variables (LNCV)	K. SARWANI	Assistant Professor	
Electrical Machines – II (EM-II)	M.RAGINI	Assistant Professor	
Digital Electronics (DE)	GURAVAIAH VEMURI	Assistant Professor	
Control Systems (CS)	M.SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor	
Power System - I (PS-I)	E. PRASANNA	Assistant Professor	
Digital Electronics Lab (DE LAB)	GURAVAIAH VEMURI/ R LAXMIKANTH	Assistant Professor	
Electrical Machines Lab - II (EM- II LAB)	M.RAGINI/ U.GANESH/ B.SRIKANTH	Assistant Professor	
Control Systems Lab (CS LAB)	M.SATISH KUMAR / K.MADHAVI/	Assistant Professor	
Constitution of India (COI)	S. RAMBABU	Assistant Professor	

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GUNTHAPALLY (V)

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Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering / .nthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Sathapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl),

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Ranga Reddy District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech EEE II- SEM COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM W.E. F:13-02-2023 12:50-03:00-12:00-01:20-02:10-9:30 -10:20-11:10-DAY 01:20 02:10 03:00 03:50 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 PSD MON SS MP&MC PSOC PSP NCES DAA **Junch Break** MPMC LAB/SS **PSOC** PSP SS MP&MC PSD TUE LAB WED MP&MC PSOC NCES PSP CRT SS **PS LAB/MPMC** THU NCES SS PSD LIB PSP LAB PS LAB/SS LAB FRI PSP MP&MC PSOC PSD NCES PSOC SPORTS SAT MP&MC NCES PSD SS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Non-Conventional Energy Sources (NCES)	Dr.S. SRIKANTH REDDY	Assistant Professor
Power Semiconductor Drives (PSD)	M.SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Signals and Systems (S&S)	S. SAGAR	Assistant Professor
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers (MP&MC)	Dr. MORA SATYANARAYANA	Assistant Professor
Power System Protection (PSP)	Dr.T. KRANTHI KUMAR	Associate Professor
Power System Operation and Control (PSOC)	K. CHANDRA SHEKAR	Assistant Professor
Power System Lab (PS LAB)	K. MADHAVI/ U.GANESH/ P.SARASWATHI	Assistant Professor
Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab (MP&MC LAB)	Dr. MORA SATYANARAYANA/ J.RAJ KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Signals and Systems Lab (S&S LAB)	S. SAGAR/ E NAGESH	Assistant Professor

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GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M)

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Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

HOD Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Lunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdi),

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	IV D. Tech	EEE II- SENI	W.E	. F:03-02-2023	COLL	COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM		
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	NCSE	PQ& FACTS	CERTIFICATION COURSE		~	PROJECT STAGE-II		GE-II
TUE	EDS	PQ& FACTS	CERTIFICATION COURSE		eak	PROJECT STAGE-II		GE-II
WED	EDS	NCSE	CERTIFICATION COURSE		Br	PROJECT STAGE-II		GE-II
THU	PQ& FACTS	EDS		CERTIFICATION COURSE PROJECT STA		DJECT STA	GE-II	
FRI	NCSE	EDS	CERTIFICATION COURSE		un	PR	OJECT STA	GE-II
SAT	PQ& FACTS	NCSE	CERTIFIC			PR	OJECT STA	GE-II

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Non-Conventional Sources of energy (NCSE)	P. SARASWATHI	Assistant Professor
Power Quality & FACTS (PQ&FACTS)	G. PAVAN KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Electrical Distribution Systems (EDS)	Dr MANDADI SURENDER REDDY	Associate Professor
Project Stage - II	D.NAGESHWAR RAO/ B.SRIKANTH/ Dr.T.KRANTHI KUMAR	Assistant/ Assoc Professor

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Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Aventhi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunchapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech MECH II- SEM

W.E. F:01-05-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20-11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00-12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	КОМ	BEE	TE-I	FM&IIM		BEEE-LAB / FM&IIM-LAB		
TUE	FM&HM	BEE	КОМ	TE-I		ICS	BEE	LIBRARY
WED	ICS	КОМ	FM&HM	BEE	Lunch Break	FM&HM-LAB/ ICS-LAB		
THU	FM&HM	ICS	TE-I	КОМ	Lunc	ICS-LAB / BEEE-LAB		
FRI	ICS	BEE	ICS	TE-I		КОМ	FM&HM	LIBRARY
SAT	TE-I	FM&HM	КОМ	BEE		ICS GS-LAB		-LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	M.RAGINI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Kinematics of Machinery	A. SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Thermal Engineering - I	A. SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines	R.V. PRAHLAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Instrumentation and Control Systems	Dr.Y. RAMESH BABU	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR
Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab	G. PAVAN KUMAR/ P.SARASWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines Lab	R.V. PRAHLAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Instrumentation and Control Systems Lab	M.VENKATESWARLU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Gender Sensitization Lab	D.SRILAXMI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR

HOD ENGINE PRINCIPAL Head of the Department PRINCIPAL Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech **GUNTHAPALLY (V)** ABDULLAPURMET (M) Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology R.R. DISTRICT. Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), -Ranga Reddy District. 1V * 1



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech MECH II- SEM

W.E. F:13-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20-11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10-03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	DMM-II	FEM	НТ	UCMP		CAD/CAM	нт	FOM
TUE	нт	UCMP	DMM-II	FEM		CAD/CAM-LAB		
WED	FEM	CAD/CAM	HT	FOM	unch Break	HT-LAB		
THU	НТ	DMM-II	CAD/CAM	UCMP	Lunch	DMM-II	FEM	FOM
FRI	UCMP	FEM	FOM	DMM-II		ACS-LAB		
SAT	DMM-II	UCMP	НТ	FEM		UCMP	CAD/CAM	FOM

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Design of Machine Members-II	Dr A SIVA KUMAR	PROFESSOR
Heat Transfer	A. SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
CAD & CAM	K.SUMANTH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Finite Element Methods	M.VENKATESWARLU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Unconventional Machining Processes	A.SWATHI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
FANDAMENTAL OF MANEGEMENT	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR
Heat Transfer Lab	A. SHANKAR	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
CAD & CAM Lab	K.SUMANTH	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Advanced Communication Skills lab	N.RAMESH / SWARUPA KUMARI	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Design of Machine Members-II	Dr A SIVA KUMAR	PROFESSOR

HOD HOD Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Cunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), AR

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech MECH II- SEM

W.E. F:03-03-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	IM	IR	TQM	IR		PRO	DJECT STAGE	5- 11
TUE	IR	IM	SEMI	NAR		PRO	DJECT STAGE	3- П
WED	TQM	IR	IM	TQM	Lunch Break	PRO	DJECT STAGE	S- 11
THU	IR	IM	SEM	INAR	Lunch	PRO	DJECT STAGE	S- 11
FRI	TQM	IM	SEMI	NAR		PRC	DJECT STAGE	5- II
SAT	TQM	IR	IM	IR		PRO	DJECT STAGE	3- 11

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Industrial Management	R.V. PRAHLAD	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
Industrial Robotics	Dr.Y.RAMESH BABU	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
TOTAL QUALITY MANAGMENT	V. HARI NAYAK	ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
PROJECT STAGE -II	Dr GANDLURI RAMACHANDRA REDDY/ Dr A SIVA KUMAR	PROFESSOR

HOD HOD Head of the Department Mechanical Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Junthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech ECE-A II- SEM W.E. F:01-05-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM 9:30 -10:20-11:10-12:00-12:50-01:20-02:10-03:00-DAY 10:20 01:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 02:10 03:00 03:50 MON EMFW A&DC ICA ECA A&DC LNCV LNCV Lunch Break TUE ECA A&DC EMFW ICA **ICA/ECA LAB** WED LMCV **EMFW** ICA ECA A&DC/ICA LAB THU LNCV EMFW ECA A&DC ECA/A&DC LAB EMFW FRI LNCV ECA A&DC EMFW ICA LNCV SAT ECA **GS LAB** A&DC ICA SPORTS LIB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Electromagnetic Field and Waves(EMFW)	Dr. SIDDHRATHA	Associate Professor
Analog & Digital Communications (A&DC)	P.V RAJU	Assistant Professor
Linear IC Applications (LICA)	Dr.V.NAGARAJU	Assistant Professor
Electronic Circuit Analysis(ECA)	G. SRINIVAS	Assistant Professor
Laplace Transforms, numerical methods & complex variables	NAGARAJU KURELLA	Assistant Professor
IC Applications(ICA) LAB	Dr.V.NAGARAJU/ D. SURYA PRAKASH	Assoc /Assistant Professor
Electronic Circuit Analysis(ECA) LAB	G. SRINIVAS/G.NAGU NAIK	Assistant Professor
Analog & Digital Communications (A&DC) LAB	P.V RAJU/K.SONY	Assistant Professor
GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB	Dr.K.SHYLAJA	Assistant Professor

Head of the partment Electronics & Communication Engineering

Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Guathapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl),

GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M) vanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech R.R. DISTRICT. unthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech ECE-B II- SEM W.E. F: 01-05-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM 12:50-9:30 -10:20-11:10-12:00-01:20-02:10-03:00-DAY 12:00 01:20 02:10 03:00 10:20 11:10 12:50 03:50 A&DC ICA ECA A&DC LNCV LNCV MON **EMFW** Lunch Break TUE **ECA** ICA **EMFW** ICA/ECA LAB A&DC ICA LNCV EMFW ECA WED A&DC/ICA LAB **EMFW** THU **LNCV** ECA/A&DC LAB ECA A&DC LNCV A&DC **EMFW** GSL FRI **ECA** EMFW **ECA** LNCV SAT ICA A&DC ICA LIB SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Electromagnetic Field and Waves(EMFW)	K.SHILPA	Assistant Professor
Analog & Digital Communications (A&DC)	M.YAMINI	Assistant Professor
Linear IC Applications(LICA)	M.SAI KRISHNA	Assistant Professor
Electronic Circuit Analysis(ECA)	V.NAGASWATHI	Assistant Professor
Laplace Transforms, numerical methods & complex variables	NAGARAJU KURELLA	Assistant Professor
IC Applications(ICA) LAB	K.SHILPA/ B.KALPANA	Assistant Professor
Electronic Circuit Analysis(ECA) LAB	V.NAGASWATHI/ M.SWATHI	Assistant Professor
Analog & Digital Communications (A&DC) LAB	M.YAMINI/ B.VENKATESHWARLU	Assistant Professor
GENDER SENSIGATION LAB	P.VENKATA SWAMY	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department

Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech ECE-A II SEM

W.E. F:13-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20-02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	AWP	DSP	ESD	VLSI		FOM	DSP	ESD
TUE	VLSI	VLSI	FOM	AWP	eak	AI	C	RT
WED	ESD	DSP	AWP	VLSI	Br	DSP/E-	CAD&VLS	I LAB
THU	AWP	E-CAD&	&VLSI/SCR LAB	IPTING	Ich	ESD	SOFT S	SKILLS
FRI	DSP	ESD	AWP	VLSI	Lun	SCRIPTING	G LANGUA LAB	AGE /DSP
SAT	FOM	AWP	DSP	AI		SEMINAR	LIB	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Antennas and Propagation(AWP)	B.DASHARATHA	Assistant Professor
Digital Signal Processing (DSP)	E.NAGESH	Assistant Professor
VLSI Design(VLSI)	B.VENKATESHWARLU	Assistant Professor
Embedded System Design (ESD)	V.GURAVAIAH	Assistant Professor
Fundamentals of Management for Engineers (FOM)	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	Assistant Professor
E-CAD &VLSI Lab	S.SAGAR/B.DASHARADHA	Assistant Professor
DSP Lab	E.NAGESH/P.GEETHA	Assistant Professor
Scripting Language lab	K.SONY/K.SHILPA	Assistant Professor

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R.R. DISTRICT

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Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (MdI), R.R. Dist.



A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech ECE-B II- SEM W.E. F:13-02-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM 9:30 -12:50-03:00-10:20-11:10-12:00-02:10-DAY 01:20-02:10 01:20 03:50 10:20 11:10 12:00 12:50 03:00 E-CAD &VLSI/ MON ESD VLSI FOM DSP SCRPTING LAB Lunch Break DSP LAB/ CRT CLASSES TUE DSP FOM E-CAD&VLSI LAB WED VLSI AWP DSP ESD AI AI FOM THU ESD VLSI VLSI DSP AWP SOFT SKILLS FRI FOM FOM VLSI DSP ESD AWP LIB AWP SCRIPTING LAB/DSP LAB SAT SEMINAR INT SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Antennas and Propagation(AWP)	V. NAGA SWATHI	Assistant Professor
Digital Signal Processing (DSP)	B.KALPANA	Assistant Professor
VLSI Design(VLSI)	M.SWATHI	Assistant Professor
Embedded System Design (ESD)	B.VENKATESHWARLU	Assistant Professor
Fundamentals of Management for Engineers (FOM)	ASHRAF HUSSAIN	Assistant Professor
E-CAD &VLSI Lab	M.SWATHI/P.PADMAVATHI	Assistant Professor
DSP Lab	B.KALPANA/S.SAIDIREDDY	Assistant Professor
Scripting Language lab	G.DILEEP/Dr.G.CHANDRA SHEKAR	Assistant Professor



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech ECE-A II- SEM

W.E. F:03-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	SOC	SC	BPPE	INT	k	PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II
TUE	SOC	BPPE	BPPE	SPORTS	ea	PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II
WED	SOC	SOC	SC	SEMINAR	Br	PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II
THU	SC	SOC	BPPE	BPPE	nch	PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II
FRI	BPPE	SC	LIB	LIB	Inr	PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II
SAT	SC	SEMINAR	SEMINAR	INT		PROJ	ECT STAG	E - II

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Satellite Communications (SC)	K. SONY	Assistant Professor
System on Chip Architecture (SOC)	P.V. RAJU	Assistant Professor
BASICS OF POWER PLANT ENGINEERING (BPPE)	M.SHANKAR	Assistant Professor
PROJECT STAGE-2	Dr.J B SIDDHARTHA/ K. ARUNA/ O. MOUNIKA	Assoc/Assistant Professor
SEMINAR	G. NAGU NAIK/D.SURYA PRAKASH/ M.SAIKRISHNA	Assistant Professor

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partment

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Sunthappily (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech ECE-B II- SEM

W.E. F:03-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	PRO.	JECT STAC	GE-II	LIB	k '	SOC	SC	BPPE
TUE	PROJECT STAGE-II		SEMINAR	eak	SOC	BPPE	BPPE	
WED	PROJECT STAGE-II		INT	Br	SOC	SOC	SC	
THU	PROJECT STAGE-II		SPORTS	ıch	SC	SOC	BPPE	
FRI	PROJECT STAGE-II		SEMINAR	un	BPPE	SC	SC	
SAT	PROJ	IECT STAC	BE-II	LIB		BPPE	SOC	INT

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Satellite Communications (SC)	P. GEETHA	· Assistant Professor
System on Chip Architecture (SOC)	G.NAGU NAIK	Assistant Professor
BASICS OF POWER PLANT ENGINEERING (BPPE)	D.NAGESHWAR RAO	Assistant Professor
PROJECT STAGE-II	Dr.G. CHANDRASHEKAR/ Dr.G.SAI KUMAR/ D.NEELAKANTESHWAR RAO	Assistant /Assoc Professor
SEMINAR	Dr.G.SAI KUMAR/ R.LAXMIKANTH/P.GEETHA	Assoc/ Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Anthapolly (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-A II-SEM W.E. F: 01-05-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM – 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	DBMS	COI	OS	DM		BEFA	JAVA	LIB
TUE	JAVA	OS	BEFA	DM	eak	DBM	MS LAB/OS 1	LAB
WED	OS	DBMS	DM	BEFA	Br	JAVA	SPO	RTS
THU	BEFA	OS	LAB/ JAVA I	LAB	nch	DM	JAVA	DBMS
FRI	OS	DM	DBMS COI			JAVA	LAB/DBMS	LAB
SAT	DM	JAVA	OS	DBMS		COI	BEFA	OS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Discrete Mathematics (DM)	SESHAGIRI RAO KALLURI	Assistant Professor
Business Economics & Financial Analysis (BEFA)	Dr. NARU RAMANA REDDY	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS)	Dr. SHAKEERBASHA	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS)	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Java Programming	SILVERI RAJENDER	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS) Lab	Dr. SHAKEERBASHA/ O.SRIDEVI	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS) Lab	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR/R.SATEESH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Java Programming Lab	SILVERI RAJENDER/ A.PRAVEEN	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India (COI)	BOMARABOINA SHAILAJA	Assistant Professor





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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-B II-SEM W.E. F: 01-05-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM – 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	BEFA	JAVA	OS	COI		DBMS	DM	SPORTS
TUE	DM	DBMS	COI	JAVA	eak	BEFA	OS	JAVA
WED	OS	BEFA	DM	COI	Br	OS	LAB/JAVA L	AB
THU	DBMS	DM	BEFA	OS	nch	JAVA	A LAB/DBMS	LAB
FRI	JAVA	DBN	DBMS LAB/OS LAB			DM	OS	DBMS
SAT	COI	DBMS	COI	DBMS		BEFA	OS	LIB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Discrete Mathematics (DM)	SESHAGIRI RAO KALLURI	Assistant Professor
Business Economics & Financial Analysis (BEFA)	Dr. NARU RAMANA REDDY	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS)	DOTI.NAGARAJU	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS)	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Java Programming	SILVERI RAJENDER	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS) Lab	DOTI.NAGARAJU/P.TULASI	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS) Lab	YENAGANTI SATISH KUMAR/ M.UDAYABHANU	Assistant Professor
Java Programming Lab	SILVERI RAJENDER/ SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India (COI)	A NARESH	Assistant Professor



Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering

A sthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapatly (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSE-C II-SEM

W.E. F: 01-05-2023 COLLEGE

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	JAVA	DBMS LAB/JAVA LAB				BEFA	OS	JAVA
TUE	BEFA	JAVA	OS	COI	eak	JAV	/A LAB/OS I	.AB
WED	DM	DBMS	COI	JAVA	Br	DM	OS	DBMS
THU	OS	BEFA	DM	COI	nch	BEFA	OS	LIB
FRI	COI	DBMS	JAVA	DM	Lui	DBMS	DM	SPORTS
SAT	DBMS	DM	BEFA	OS		OSI	LAB/DBMS I	LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Discrete Mathematics (DM)	SESHAGIRI RAO KALLURI	Assistant Professor
Business Economics & Financial Analysis (BEFA)	Dr. NARU RAMANA REDDY	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS)	ALLA SRAVANI	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS)	NEELAKANTAM KALAGONI	Assistant Professor
Java Programming	DIGAJARLA PRASAD	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS) Lab	ALLA SRAVANI/ G.NIKHILA REDDY	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS) Lab	NEELAKANTAM KALAGONI/ U.UMA	Assistant Professor
Java Programming Lab	DIGAJARLA PRASAD/ S.SRAVANVARDHAN	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India (COI)	G. LINGAIAH	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering

thi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSM II-SEM

W.E. F: 01-05-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	OS	DBM	S LAB/JAVA	LAB		JAVA	FLAT	SE
TUE	SE	FLAT	DBMS	JAVA	eak	OS	FLAT	COI
WED	DBMS	JAV	A LAB/OS I	AB	Br	FLAT	SE	OS
THU	COI	JAVA	DBMS	FLAT	nch	SE	SPO	RTS
FRI	FLAT	OS	OS JAVA SE			DBMS	COI	LIB
SAT	JAVA	OS 1	LAB/DBMS	LAB		SE	DBMS	OS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Formal Language and Automata Theory (FLAT)	Dr SHAIK SHAKEERBASHA	Assistant Professor	
Software Engineering (SE)	SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	Assistant Professor	
Operating Systems (OS)	Dr SHAHEBAZ AHMED KHAN	Assistant Professor	
Database Management Systems (DBMS)	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ	Assoc Professor	
Object Oriented Programming using Java	LAVUDYA SHIVASHANKAR	Assistant Professor	
Operating Systems (OS) Lab	Dr SHAHEBAZ AHMED KHAN/ S.VASANTHA	Assistant Professor	
Database Management Systems (DBMS) Lab	Dr ABDUL AHAD AFROZ/ S.ROHINI	Assoc/ Assistant Professor	
Java Programming Lab	LAVUDYA SHIVASHANKAR/ M.SHIREESHA	Assistant Professor	
Constitution of India (COI)	BALAKRISHNA GOUD GARDULLA	Assistant Professor	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering thi Institute of Engineering & Technology Conthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

II B. Tech CSD II-SEM

W.E. F: 01-05-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	FLAT	OS	JAVA	SE	k	DBM	S LAB/JAVA	LAB
TUE	DBMS	JAV	A LAB/OS I	AB	eal	SE	FLAT	OS
WED	SE	COI	DBMS	JAVA	Br	JAVA	OS	DBMS
THU	COI	JAVA	DBMS	SE	lch	OS	FLAT	SPORTS
FRI	FLAT	OS	JAVA	COI	un	DBMS	SE	LIB
SAT	JAVA	SE	COI	FLAT		OS	LAB/DBMS I	LAB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Formal Language and Automata Theory (FLAT)	M.UDAYABHANU	Assistant Professor
Software Engineering (SE)	SUBHAN ALI SHAIK	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS)	B.NAVEEN KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS)	SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL	Assistant Professor
Object Oriented Programming using Java	P.ASHWANTH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Operating Systems (OS) Lab	B.NAVEEN KUMAR/ R.HIMABINDHU	Assistant Professor
Database Management Systems (DBMS) Lab	SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL/ S.RAGHU	Assistant Professor
Java Programming Lab	P.ASHWANTH KUMAR/ P.HYMAVATHI	Assistant Professor
Constitution of India (COI)	BALAKRISHNA GOUD GARDULLA	Assistant Professor





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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech CSE-A II-SEM W.E. F: 13-02-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM – 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	CD	STM	ML	DAA		CI	D LAB/ML LA	AB
TUE	STM	ML	LAB/STM L	AB	eak	CD	DAA	QABD
WED	ES	ML	QABD	STM	Br	DAA	CD	LIB
THU	DAA	STN	M LAB/ CD L	.AB	nch	CD	QABD	ML
FRI	QABD	DAA	STM	CD	L'ul	ML	SPO	RTS
SAT	ML	QABD	DAA	ML		ES	STM	CD

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Machine Learning (ML)	JOOLU SPANDANA	Assistant Professor
Compiler Design (CD)	M.SHIRISHA	Assistant Professor
Design and Analysis of Algorithms (DAA)	UDDAGIRI UMA	Assistant Professor
Software Testing Methodologies (STM)	G.NIKHILA	Assistant Professor
Quantitative Analysis for Business Decision (QABD)	S.SRAVANVARDHAN	Assistant Professor
Machine Learning (ML) Lab	JOOLU SPANDANA/ A.SRAVANI	Assistant Professor
Compiler Design (CD) Lab	M.SHEERISHA/G.BALAKRISHNA	Assistant Professor
Software Testing Methodologies (STM) Lab	G.NIKHILA/ D.NAGARAJU	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering thi Institute of Engineering & Technology Sunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech CSE-B II-SEM W.E. F: 13-02-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM – 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	ES	CD	DAA	QABD		ML	STM	LIB
TUE	ML	M	L LAB/CD L	AB	eak	QABD	DAA	CD
WED	CD	DAA	QABD	ML	Br	ES	STM	SPORTS
THU	QABD	ML	DAA	ES	unch	CD	STM	DAA
FRI	DAA	STM	STM ML DAA			CD	LAB/STM L	AB
SAT	STM	ST	M LAB/ML L	AB		QABD	CD	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Machine Learning (ML)	A.PRAVEEN	Assistant Professor
Compiler Design (CD)	P.HYMAVATHI	Assistant Professor
Design and Analysis of Algorithms (DAA)	R.HIMABINDHU	Assistant Professor
Software Testing Methodologies (STM)	R. SATEESH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Quantitative Analysis for Business Decision (QABD)	S.SRAVANVARDHAN RAO	Assistant Professor
Machine Learning (ML) Lab	A.PRAVEEN/ Dr.J SV SASATRY	Assistant Professor
Compiler Design (CD) Lab	P.HYMAVATHI/ L.SHIVA SHANKAR	Assistant Professor
Software Testing Methodologies (STM) Lab	R. SATEESH KUMAR/ MD. AZIZ UR REHMAN	Assistant Professor



HOD Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering thi Institute of Engineering & Technology ounthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

III B. Tech CSM II-SEM W.E. F: 13-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	C&NS	QABD	DEVOPS	NLP		AI	QABD	ES
TUE	QABD	AI	NLP	DEVOPS	eak		C&NS Lab	
WED	C&NS	NLP	DEVOPS	AI	Br	QABD	AI	LIB
THU	QABD	C&NS	NLP	DEVOPS	lch	AI	C&NS	SPORT
FRI	C&NS		NLP/AI Lab		Lun	QABD	AI	NLP
SAT	AI	QABD	C&NS	DEVOPS]	DEVOPS Lat	,

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Artificial Intelligence (AI)	B.JAINABBI	Assistant Professor
DevOps	GOSALA SUBHASHINI	Assistant Professor
Natural Language Processing (NLP)	B.SHAILAJA	Assistant Professor
Cryptography and Network Security ((C&NS))	D.VIJAYAKRISHNA	Assistant Professor
Quantitative Analysis for Business Decision (QABD)	NALLABOLU PAVANI	Assistant Professor
Artificial Intelligence and Natural Language Processing (AI/NLP)Lab	B.JAINABBI/ B.SHAILAJA	Assistant Professor
DevOps Lab	GOSALA SUBHASHINI/ P.ASHWANTH KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Cryptography and Network Security (C&NS) LAB	D.VIJAYAKRISHNA/ B.NAVEEN KUMAR	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering ini Institute of Engineering & Technology . cunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

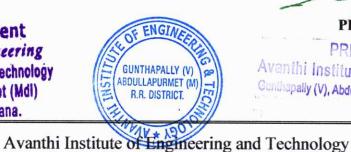
III B. Tech CSD II-SEM W.E. F: 13-02-2023 COLLEG

2-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	ES	CD	BDA	QABD	k	ML	DVT	LIB
TUE	ML		ML LAB			QABD	BDA	CD
WED	CD	BDA	QABD	ML	Brea	ES	DVT	SPORT
THU	QABD	ML	BDA	ES	nch	CD	DVT	BDA
FRI	BDA	DVT ML DAA			Lur		DVT LAB	
SAT	DVT		BDA LAB			QABD	CD	ES

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Compiler Design (CD)	G.LAVA KUMAR	Assistant Professor
Machine Learning (ML)	K.SWATHI	Assistant Professor
Big Data Analytics (BDA)	M.SRINATH	Assistant Professor
Data Visualization Techniques (DVT)	N.MANGAN	Assistant Professor
Quantitative Analysis for Business Decision (QABD)	D.NAGARAJU	Assistant Professor
Machine Learning (ML) Lab	K.SWATHI/ SHAIK SUBHAN ABDUL	Assistant Professor
Big Data Analytics Lab (BDA)	M.SRINATH/ K.NEELAKANTAM	Assistant Professor
Data Visualization Techniques (DVT) LAB	N.MANGAN/ B.JAINABBI	Assistant Professor

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

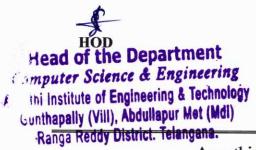
IV B. Tech CSE-A II-SEM

W.E. F: 03-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	Project Stage - II		НСІ		ОВ	BPE	LIB	
TUE	Pı	roject Stage -	п	OB	ak	BPE	НСІ	SEMINAR
WED	Pı	roject Stage -	П	BPE	Break	НСІ	OB	SPORTS
THU	Pi	roject Stage -	п	BPE	unch	OB	HCI	SPORTS
FRI	Project Stage - II		HCI	Lu	OB	BPE	SEMINAR	
SAT	Pı	roject Stage -	П	OB		НСІ	BPE	SEMINAR

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Organizational Behaviour (OB)	Y.JAYAPRADA	Assistant Professor
Human Computer Interaction (HCI)	G.BALAKRISHNA	Assistant Professor
Basics of Power Plant Engineering (BPE)	B.SRIKANTH	Assistant Professor
Project Stage - II	Dr.ABDUL AHAD AFROZ/ D.S.S.RAVI TEJA/K.SWATHI	Assoc/ Assistant Professor
Seminar	U.UMA/S.VASANTHA/ G.SUBHASHINI	Assistant Professor





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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech CSE-B II-SEM

W.E. F: 03-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	Pı	Project Stage - II		BPE		HCI	OB	SEMINAR
TUE	Pı	roject Stage -	п	HCI	eak	OB	BPE	SEMINAR
WED	Pı	roject Stage -	п	OB	Bre	BPE	HCI	SPORTS
THU	Pı	roject Stage -	п	HCI	unch	BPE	ОВ	SEMINAR
FRI	Project Stage - II		BPE	Lu	HCI	ОВ	LIB	
SAT	Pi	roject Stage -	п	BPE		OB	HCI	SPORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Organizational Behaviour (OB)	Y. JAYAPRADA	Assistant Professor
Human Computer Interaction (HCI)	Dr.HAMEEDA SHAIK	Assistant Professor
Basics of Power Plant Engineering (BPE)	U.GANESH	Assistant Professor
Project Stage - II	Dr.SHAHEBAZ AHMED KHAN/ D.VIJAYAKRISHNA/ MOHD AZIZ UR RAHAMAN	Assistant Professor
Seminar	R.HIMABINDU/ M. UDAYABHANU/ J.SPANDANA	Assistant Professor

ENGI

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R.R. DISTRICT.

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Kanga Reddy District. Telangana. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

Head of the Department

ounthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl)

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

IV B. Tech CSE-C II-SEM

W.E. F: 03-02-2023

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09:30AM - 03:50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20 - 11:10	11:10 - 12:00	12:00 - 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20 - 02:10	02:10 - 03:00	03:00 - 03:50
MON	P	Project Stage - II		ОВ		BPE	HCI	SEMINAR
TUE	Project Stage - II		BPE	ak	HCI	OB	SEMINAR	
WED	Pi	roject Stage -	Ш	HCI	Break	OB	BPE	SPORTS
THU	Pi	roject Stage -	п	OB	'unch	HCI	BPE	SEMINAR
FRI	Project Stage - II		OB	Lu	BPE	НСІ	SEMINAR	
SAT	Pi	roject Stage -	п	HCI		BPE	OB	LIB

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Organizational Behaviour (OB)	Y. JAYAPRADA	Assistant Professor
Human Computer Interaction (HCI)	D.S.S.RAVI TEJA	Assistant Professor
Basics of Power Plant Engineering (BPE)	Dr.T.KRANTHI KUMAR	Associate Professor
Project Stage - II	Dr.HAMEEDA SHAIK/ O.SRIDEVI/ P.TULASI	Assistant Professor
SEMINAR	S.ROHINI/ S.RAGHU/ M.SRINATH	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Ini Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana,



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech CSE-A II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	P	THON LA	AB		EDC	AP	SPO	ORTS
TUE	AP	ESE	EDC	eak	ESE	ELC	S(B-I)/EW	(B-II)
WED	ESE	AP	OD&VC	Br	ES	ESE	EDC	ESE
THU	EW	/(B-I)/AP(B	B-II)	lch	LIBRARY	AP	ESE	OD&VC
FRI	EDC	OD&VC	EDC	un	AP	AP(I	B-I)/ELCS((B-II)
SAT	EDC	OD&VC	OD&VC		ES	IT	WORKSH	OP

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equationsand Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (AP)	E. Ravi	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (EW)	Dr. Y. Ramesh Babu	Associate Professor
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	Ch. Sunanda	Assistant Professor
Electronic Devices And Circuits (EDC)	D.SURYAPRAKASH	Assistant Professor
Python Programming Laboratory (PYTHON LAB)	Dr. Hameeda Shaik/D.Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	E. Ravi	Assistant Professor
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS LAB)	Ch. Sunanda/ A Gatteshwar Roy	Assistant Professor
It Workshop	S. Raghu/ S.Rohini	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (ES)	D. Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology

Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

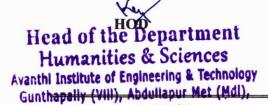
I B. Tech CSE-B II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	ESE	OD&VC	OD&VC	k	АР	IT	WORKSH	OP
TUE	EDC	AP	ESE	ea	EDC	ESE	SPO	RTS
WED	AP	ESE	AP	Br	EDC	EW	/(B-I)/AP(F	3-II)
THU	P	THON LA	AB	Ich	ESE	EDC	AP	ESE
FRI	OD&VC	EDC	ES	un	LIBRARY	ELC	S(B-I)/EW	(B-II)
SAT	AP(I	3-I)/ELCS(B-II)		EDC	ES	OD&VC	OD&VC

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Ordinary Differential Equationsand Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	A.Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics (AP)	G. Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor	
Engineering Workshop (EW)	A.Shankar	Assistant Professor	
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	A Gatteshwar Roy	Assistant Professor	
Electronic Devices And Circuits (EDC)	G.Dileep	Assistant Professor	
Python Programming Laboratorypython LAB	Dr. Hameeda Shaik/D.Nagaraju	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	G. Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor	
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS LAB)	Ch. Sunanda/ A Gatteshwar Roy	Assistant Professor	
It Workshop	S. Raghu/ S.Rohini	Assistant Professor	
Environmental Science (ES)	K. Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor	





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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech CSE-C II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	AF	P(B-I)/ELCS	(B-II)	k	ESE	EDC	OD&VC	AP
TUE	PPS	AP	M-2	eal	ESE	ІТ	WORKSHO)P
WED	AP	ES	M-2	Br	EDC	LIBRARY	ESE	OD&VC
THU	PPS	M-2	АР	Ich	АР	ELC	CS(B-I)/EW(I	B-II)
FRI	AP	LAB/ PPS	LAB	un	ESE	EDC	OD&VC	ESE
SAT	M-2	ES	LIBRARY		EDC	AP	SPO	RTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Ordinary Differential Equationsand Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K. Sarawani	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics (AP)	Swamyrao Kulkarni	Assistant Professor	
Engineering Workshop (EW)	A.Swathi	Assistant Professor	
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	Dr. P.Sundeep	Assistant Professor	
Electronic Devices And Circuits (EDC)	O.Mounika	Assistant Professor	
Python Programming Laboratory (PYTHON LAB)	Dr. Hameeda Shaik/D.Nagaraju	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	Swamyrao Kulkarni	Assistant Professor	
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS LAB)	Dr. P.Sundeep / Swarupa Kumari	Assistant Professor	
It Workshop	S. Raghu/ S.Rohini	Assistant Professor	
Environmental Science (ES)	K. Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor	

HØD Hød of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunihapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist

Gunthapaily (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech CSE-DS II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	OD&VC	EDC	OD&VC	k	АР	EW	/(B-I)/AP(E	3-II)
TUE	РУ	THON LA	AB	ea.	LIBRARY	ESE	EDC	ESE
WED	ESE	EDC	ES	Br	OD&VC	ESE	SPO	RTS
THU	АР	ESE	OD&VC		АР	AP(I	3-I)/ELCS(B-II)
FRI	OD&VC	AP	EDC	un	EDC	IT	WORKSH	ОР
SAT	EDC	OD&VC	AP		ES	ELC	S(B-I)/EW	(B-II)

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Ordinary Differential Equationsand Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K. Sarwani	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics (AP)	Swamyrao Kulkarni	Assistant Professor	
Engineering Workshop (EW)	K.Sumanth	Assistant Professor	
English For Skill Enhancement (ESE)	Ramesh Narige	Assistant Professor	
Electronic Devices And Circuits (EDC)	P. Padmavathi	Assistant Professor	
Python Programming Laboratorypython LAB	G. Lava Kumar/ S.Vasantha	Assistant Professor	
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB)	E.Ravi	Assistant Professor	
English Language And Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS LAB)	Dr. P.Sundeep / Swarupa Kumari	Assistant Professor	
It Workshop	P. Thulasi/ O.Sridevi	Assistant Professor	
Environmental Science (ES)	P. Venkata Swamy	Assistant Professor	



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech CSE-AI&ML II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM

-03.50PM

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DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON	EC	OD&VC	EDC		OD&VC	CAEG		2
TUE	BEE	EC	OD&VC	eak	EDC	BEE/EC LAB		LAB
WED	EDC	BEE	OD&VC	Br	EC	IT WORKSHOP		бнор
THU	BEE	EC	EDC	lch	OD&VC	BEE EDC LIBRAH		LIBRARY
FRI	PYTHON LAB			un	EC		CAEC	ì
SAT	BEE/EC LAB				OD&VC	BEE	SP	ORTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equations And Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K. Sheshagiri Rao	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	Dr. K. Shailaja	Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	Dr.G.Ramachandra Reddy	Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering(BEE)	E.Prasanna	Associate Professor
Electronic Devices And Circuits (EDC)	S.SAIDI REDDY	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	Dr.K. Shailaja/ P.Venakataswamy	Professor/Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	E.Prasanna /M. Shankar	Assistant Professor
Python Programming Laboratory (Python Lab)	G. Lava Kumar/ S.Vasantha	Assistant Professor
It Workshop	P. Thulasi/ O.Sridevi	Assistant Professor

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Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abduilapur Met (Mdj), Ranga Reddy District, Avanthi Instrume

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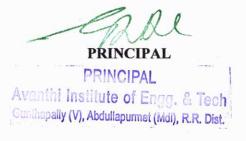
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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

1	I B. Tech ECE-A II- SEM W.E. F:28-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM –03.50PM									
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30-01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50		
MON	OD&VC	BEE	EDC		EDC	EC(B-	I)/BEE(B-I	I) LAB		
TUE	EDC (B-I) / EC (B-II) LAB			eak	OD&VC	EC	SPO	RTS		
WED	EC	OD&VC	BEE	Br	EC	BEE	OD&VC	EDC		
THU	BEE	OD&VC	EDC	hch	EC		CAEG			
FRI	EDC	EC	OD&VC	Lun	BEE	BEE (B-I) / EDC (B-II) LAB				
SAT	PYTHON LAB				LIBRARY		CAEG			

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	A Anjaneyulu	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	K. Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	A.Siva Kumar	Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering(BEE)	Dr S.Srikanth Reddy	Associate Professor
Electronic Devices and Circuits (EDC)	Mounika Chouhan	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	Dr. K.Shailaja/ D. Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	Dr S.Srikanth Reddy/ D.Nageshwar Rao	Assistant Professor
Python Programming Laboratory (PYTHON LAB)	N. Pavani / D. Prasad	Assistant Professor

HON HON Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.



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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I B. Tech ECE-B II- SEM

W.E. F:28-11-2022

COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20-02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50	
MON	BEE(B-	I)/EDC(B-	II) LAB	X	EC	CC EC(B-I)/BEE(B-II) LAB			
TUE	OD&VC	EDC	BEE	eak	BEE		CAEG		
WED	EDC	BEE	OD&VC	Br	OD&VC	EC(B-I)/BEE(B-II) LAB			
THU	EC	BEE	EDC	Ich	EDC	PY	PYTHON LAB		
FRI	CAEG			un	EDC	LIBRARY	OD&VC	EC	
SAT	OD&VC	EC	BEE		BEE	OD&VC SPORTS		RTS	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K. Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	P.Venkata Swamy	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	V.HARINAYAK	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering(BEE)	Dr.M.Surendar Reddy	Associate Professor
Electronic Devices and Circuits (EDC)	V.Sravanthi	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	P.Venkata Swamy/ B.Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor
Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory (BEE LAB)	B.Srikanth/ K.ChandraShekar	Assistant Professor
Python Programming Laboratory (PYTHON LAB)	N. Pavani / D. Prasad	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abduliapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.

PRINCIPAL

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Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	IB. Iech E	EE II- SEM	W.E	C. F:28-11-2	022 COL	LEGE TIMINGS	: 09.30AM -03.5	OPM
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10-12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON		ELCS		k	ESE	ECA-II	OD&VC	AP
TUE	PPS	AP	M-2	ea	ESE		ECA LAB	
WED	AP	ECA-II	M-2	Br	ECA-II	LIBRARY	ESE	OD&VC
THU	PPS	M-2	ES	nch	АР	EW		
FRI	AP			In	ESE	ECA-II	OD&VC	ESE
SAT	M-2	ES	LIBRARY		ECA-II	AP SPORTS		RTS

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equationsand Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K. Nagaraju	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics (AP)	G Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor
Engineering Workshop (EW)	R V Prahalad	Assistant Professor
English for Skill Enhancement (ESE)	N. Ramesh	Assistant Professor
Electrical Circuit Analysis - II	K.Chandra Shekar	Assistant Professor
Applied Python Programming Laboratory	N. Pavani / D. Prasad	Assistant Professor
Applied Physics Laboratory (AP LAB	G Laxminarayana	Assistant Professor
English Language and Communication Skills Laboratory (ELCS LAB)	N. Ramesh	Assistant Professor
Electrical Circuit Analysis Laboratory (ECA)	M.Shankar/ G.Pavan Kumar	Assistant Professor
Environmental Science (ES)	D. Srilaxmi	Assistant Professor

Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences

Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech

Ranga Recty District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I B. Tech MECH II- SEM W.E. F:28-11-2022 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM									
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:30	12:30- 01:20	01:20- 02:10 02:10- 03:00 03:00-03:5				
MON	EC	OD&VC	ЕМТ	X	OD&VC		CAEG	5		
TUE	EM	EC	OD&VC	eak	ЕМТ		EC LA	В		
WED	ЕМТ	EM	OD&VC	Br	EC	CAEG				
THU	EM	EC	ЕМТ	lch	OD&VC	EM EMT LIBRA		LIBRARY		
FRI	PYTHON LAB			[un]	EC		CAEC	Y F		
SAT	F&L LAB				OD&VC	EM	SP	PORTS		

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Ordinary Differential Equations And Vector Calculus (OD&VC)	K Sarwani	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry (EC)	K. Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG)	M.Venkateshwarlu	Assistant Professor
Engineering Mechanics (EM)	K. Sumanth	Associate Professor
Engineering Materials(EMT)	V. Harinayak	Assistant Professor
Engineering Chemistry Laboratory (EC LAB)	K. Rajamanohar Reddy	Assistant Professor
Fuels & Lubricants Laboratary	V.Harinayak	Assistant Professor
Python Programming Laboratory (Python Lab)	G. Lava Kumar/ S.Vasantha	Assistant Professor

HOD Head of the Department Humanities & Sciences Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I MBA -A I	I- SEIVI	SEIVI W.E. F:03-04-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM					
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	ENTP	HRM	FM	QABD		LSCM	MM RM	ENTP
TUE	RM	QABD	HRM	FM	eak	ENTP	LSCM	RM
WED	QABD	ММ	FM	HRM	Br	RM	РРТ	QABD
THU	RM	ММ	QABD	FM	nch	ENTP	LSCM	RM
FRI	MM	RM	FM	ENTP	Lun	QABD	LSCM	ММ
SAT	ENTP	QABD	MM	FM		LSCM	HRM	ENTP

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Human Resource Management	M.Sudhakar	Assistant Professor	
Marketing Management	A. Naresh	Assistant Professor	
Financial Management	G.Lingaiah	Assistant Professor	
Quantitative Analysis & Business Decisions	Dr. Ramana Reddy	Assistant Professor	
Entrepreneurship and Design Thinking (EDT)	R.Srilatha	Assistant Professor	
Logistics & Supply chain Management(LSCM)	Logistics & Supply chain M Naresh Assistant Pr		
Rural Marketing	N V V Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor	

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MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapurmet (MdI), Ranga Reddy District.

Department

Head of the

PRINCIPAL Aventhi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunühepally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

I MBA -B II- SEM			W	W.E. F: 03-04-2023 COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM			50PM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	RM	QABD	HRM	FM	k	ENTP	LSCM	RM
TUE	QABD	ММ	FM	HRM	eal	RM	РРТ	QABD
WED	ENTP	HRM	FM	QABD	Br	LSCM	MM RM	ENTP
THU	ММ	RM	FM	ENTP	lch	QABD	LSCM	ММ
FRI	RM	ММ	QABD	FM	un	ENTP	LSCM	RM
SAT	RM	ММ	QABD	FM		ENTP	LSCM	RM

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
Human Resource Management	Ashraf Husain Assistan	
Marketing Management	Naresh Aelkaraju	Assistant Professor
Financial Management	K.Sharath	Assistant Professor
Quantitative Analysis & Business Decisions	Dr.Nayeema	Assistant Professor
Entrepreneurship and Design Thinking (EDT)	M.Sudhakar Assistant Profess	
Logistics & Supply chain Management (LSCM)	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor
Rural Marketing	N.V.V.Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor

ENGIA

GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M) R.R. DISTRICT.

HOD Head of the Department MBA Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	I MBA -C II- SEM W.E. F:03-04-2023			COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM				
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	MM	RM	FM	ENTP	K	QABD	LSCM	ММ
TUE	ENTP	QABD	ММ	FM	eal	LSCM	HRM	ENTP
WED	QABD	ММ	FM	HRM	Br	RM	РРТ	QABD
THU	RM	ММ	QABD	FM	lch	ENTP	LSCM	RM
FRI	ENTP	HRM	FM	QABD	un	LSCM	MMRM	ENTP
SAT	RM	QABD	HRM	FM		ENTP	LSCM	RM

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
Human Resource Management	M.Sharadha	Assistant Professor	
Marketing Management	O. Venkatesh	Assistant Professor	
Financial Management	S. Rambabu	Assistant Professor	
Quantitative Analysis & Business Decisions	K.Sharath	Assistant Professor	
Entrepreneurship and Design Thinking (EDT)	G.Lingaiah	Assistant Professor	
Logistics & Supply chain Management	M.Sudhakar	Assistant Professor	
Rural Marketing	K. Sabitha	Assistant Professor	

ENGIN

GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M) R.R. DISTRICT.

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Guntinapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM

A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

W.E. F:13-04-2023

DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00-03:50
MON	Library	Elective - 5	STM	Elective -6	k	Elective -4	Elective -5	SPORTS
TUE	Library	Elective -4	Elective -5	STM	eal	Elective -6	Main Proje	et Viva-Voce
WED	Library	STM	Elective -4	Elective -6	Br	Elective -5	SEM	IINAR
THU	Library	Elective -6	Elective -5	Elective -4	Ich	STM	SEM	IINAR
FRI	Library	Elective -4	Elective -6	STM	un	English Soft Skills / Management Activity		
SAT	SAT Main Project Viva-Voce					English Soft Skills / Management Activity		

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
English Soft Skills / Management Activity	M.Sharadha	Assistant Professor	
STM	O.Venkatesh	Assistant Professor	
Fin.4 IFM	G.Lingaiah	Assistant Professor	
HR4- [IHRM]	R.Srilatha	Assistant Professor	
Mkt.4 (CRM)	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor	
Fin.5- [SIFD]	K.Sindhuri	Assistant Professor	
HR.5- [LCM]	Dr.B,Nayeema	Assistant Professor	
Mkt.5- (IM)	N.V.V.Narayana Reddy	Assistant Professor	
Fin.6- [RMFD]	A Ramesh Goud	Assistant Professor	
HR6- [TKM]	M Nageshwar Rao	Assistant Professor	
SEMINAR	O.Venkatesh / A.Ramesh	Assistant Professor	
MPVV	Dr.B.Nayeema	.Nayeema Associate Professor	





GUNTHAPALLY (V) ABDULLAPURMET (M) R.R. DISTRICT. TEC Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapurmiet (MdI),

PRINCIPAL anthi Institute of Engg. & Tech nily (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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Ranga Reddy District. Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology



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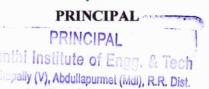
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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	II MBA -B II- SEM W.E. F:13-04-2023			CO	LLEGE TIMING	S: 09.30AM -03.	50PM	
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50
MON	Elective -4	STM	Library	Elective -6	k	Elective -5	SEM	NAR
TUE	STM	Elective -6	Library	Elective -4	eal	STM	SEMI	NAR
WED	Elective -6	Elective -4	Library	Elective -5	Br	English Soft Skills/ Management Activity		
THU	Main Project Viva-Voce					English Soft Skills / Management Actvity		
FRI	STM	Elective -5	Library	Elective -6	n	Elective -4	Elective -5	SPORTS
SAT	Elective -5	Elective -4	Library	STM		Elective -6	Main Projec	et Viva-Voce

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation
English Soft Skills / Management Activity	S.Rambabu	Assistant Professor
STM	O.Venkatesh	Assistant Professor
Fin.4 IFM	K.Sharath	Assistant Professor
HR4- [IHRM]	Anthati Ramesh Goud	Assistant Professor
Mkt.4 (CRM)	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor
Fin.5- [SIFD]	K.Sindhuri	Assistant Professor
HR.5- [LCM]	Y.Jayaprada	Assistant Professor
Mkt.5- (IM)	K Sabitha	Assistant Professor
Fin.6- [RMFD]	M.Naresh	Assistant Professor
HR6- [TKM]	M Nageshwar Rao	Assistant Professor
SEMINAR	K.Sabitha/A.Ramesh	Assistant Professor
MPVV	R.Srilatha	Assistant Professor

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Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapurmet (Mdl),

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A.Y 2022-23 TIME TABLE

	п мва -с	II- SEM	W	.E. F:13-04-2023	COLLEGE TIMINGS: 09.30AM -03.50PM				
DAY	9:30 - 10:20	10:20- 11:10	11:10- 12:00	12:00- 12:50	12:50- 01:20	01:20- 02:10	02:10- 03:00	03:00- 03:50	
MON	Elective -4	Library	Elective -5	ective -> I NIM II Elective -> II ·································				ish Soft Skills / agement skills	
TUE	Main Project Viva-Voce				eal	Elective -5	Elective -4	STM	
WED	Elective -5	Library	STM	Elective -6	Br	Elective -4	SEMINAR		
THU	STM	Library	Elective -4	Elective -4 Elective -6		Elective -5	English Soft Skills / Management skills		
FRI	Elective -6	Library	SEMINAR		n	STM	Main Project Viva-Voo		
SAT	Elective -4	Library	SEM	INAR		Elective -6	Elective -5	SPORTS	

Subject Name	Faculty Name	Designation	
English Soft Skills / Management Activity	M.Naresh	Assistant Professor	
STM	K.Sharath	Assistant Professor	
Fin.4 IFM	K.Sindhuri	Assistant Professor	
HR4- [IHRM]	Y.Jayaprada	Assistant Professor	
Mkt.4 (CRM)	D.Manikanta	Assistant Professor	
Fin.5- [SIFD]	N Venkata Veera Narayana	Assistant Professor	
HR.5- [LCM]	K.Sabitha	Assistant Professor	
Mkt.5- (IM)	M.Sharadha	Assistant Professor	
Fin.6- [RMFD]	Mankala Naresh	Assistant Professor	
HR6- [TKM]	Naresh Aelkaraju	Assistant Professor	
SEMINAR	K.Sindhuri/ M.Nageshwar Rao	Assistant Professor	
MPVV	M.Nageshwar Rao Assistant Profe		



Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District. PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Ivanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Chepally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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COURSE FILE

Subject: APPLIED PHYSICS

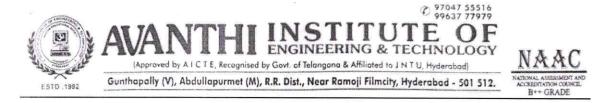
Academic Year: 2022-2023

Name of the Faculty: G.Laxminarayana Department :Humanities And Science Branch & Year :CSE& I Year II Semester © 97047 55516 99637 77979 ARVANTHI ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (Approved by A1 CT E, Recognised by Govt. of Telangana & Affiliated to J N T U, Hyderabad) Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (M), R.R. Dist., Near Ramoji Filmcity, Hyderabad - 501 512.

DEPARTMENT OF HUMANITIES AND SCIENCE

CONTENT OF COURSE FILE- CHECK LIST

- 1. VISION /MISSION/ POs
- 2. COURSE SYLLABUS
- 3. COURSE OUTCOMES
- 4. LESSON PLAN
- 5. ACADEMIC CALENDAR
- 6. TIME TABLE
- 7. TOPICS BEYOND SYLLABUS
- 8. LECTURE NOTES
- 9. UNIVERSITY QUESTION PAPER
- 10. INTERNAL QUESTION PAPER
- 11. INTERNAL QUESTION PAPER WITH ANSWER KEY
- 12. ASSIGNMENT QUESTION PAPER
- 13. STUDENT ASSIGNMENT.
- 14. RESULT
- 15. ATTAINMENT



COURSE FILE

COURSE DESCRIPTION / COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Name of the Dept: Humanities and Science

Course Title	APPLIED PHYSICS				
Course Code	PH102BS	Programme	CSE		
Regulation	R22B. TECHCSE	Year/Semester		I/II	
Course Structure	Lectures	Tutorials	Practical	Credits	
	3	1	3	4	
Course Teacher		Mr. G.Laxmi	inarayana		
Email	glnphysics999@gmail.com				
Phone No	8801888721				
No of Hours Allotted	Lectures Tutoria		1	Practical	
per Week	3	1		3	

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

An applied physics course typically explores the practical applications of fundamental physics principles in various real-world scenarios. Topics may include mechanics, thermodynamics, electromagnetism, optics, and quantum mechanics, with an emphasis on how these concepts are utilized in technology and engineering. Labs and projects may be included to provide hands-on experience, and the course aims to bridge theoretical knowledge with practical applications.

1. Vision & Mission of the Institution

Vision	Imparting Knowledge and instilling skills to the aspiring students in the field of Engineering, Technology, Science and Management to face the emerging challenges of the society.
Mission	 Encouraging scholarly activities that transfer knowledge in the areas of Engineering, Technology, Science and Management. Ensuring students of all levels, well trained to meet the needs of education and their future endeavors. Inculcating human values and ethics into the education system for the all-round development of the students.

2. <u>Course Handout</u>

2. Course Handout		
a)Vision & M	ission of the Department	
Vision	To be a centre of learning in the field of Electronics and Communication Engineering to develop competent professionals for industry and to fulfill the needs of the society.	
	to develop competent professionals for industry and to furth the needs of the society.	
Mission	 To impart quality education through effective teaching learning process. To provide essential inter-disciplinary technology to make the students readily employable. To inculcate entrepreneurial skillsto provide socially relevant and sustainable solutions. 	
b) Program	After completion of the program the graduate is	
Educational	PEO 1: The graduates will be ableto adopt emerging technology for career	
Objectives	development.	
(PEOs)	PEO 2: The graduate will be able to develop professional skills and sense of social	
	responsibility that paves them a way to secure key position.	
	PEO 3: The graduate will have the capability to analyses real life problems of the society and produce innovative solutions.	
c) Program	PO 1.Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science,	
Outcomes &	engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to the solution of	
Program	complex engineering problems.	
Specific	PO 2. Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze	
Outcomes	complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first	
(POs)& (PSOs)	principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	
	PO 3. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	
	PO 4. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and	

	interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
	PO 5. Modern tool usage: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
	PO 6. The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
	PO 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
	PO 8. Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
	PO 9. Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
	PO 10. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation make effective presentations and give and receive clear instructions.
	PO 11. Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
	PO 12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
	PSO 1. Demonstrate proficiency in use of software and hardware required to practice electronics and communication profession.
	PSO 2. To exhibit the ability to design and develop complex systems in the areas of IoT based Embedded Systems, Advanced Signal and Image Processing.
d)Prerequisites	 Basic knowledge of mathematics Knowledge on Signals and Systems
	Require basic knowledge in Filter designs
e) Course	At the end of the course the student will be able to:
Outcomes	CO1 Understand physical world from fundamental point of view by the
(COs)	CO1. Understand physical world from fundamental point of view by the concepts of Quantum mechanics and visualize the difference between
	conductor, semiconductor, and an insulator by classification of solids
	CO_2 Identify the role of comissinguistics deviation in actions and
	CO2. Identify the role of semiconductor devices in science and engineering Applications.
	CO3. Explore the fundamental properties of dielectric, magnetic materials and energy for their applications

	CO4. Appreciate the features and applications of Nanomaterials.
	CO5. Understand various aspects of Lasers and Optical fiber and their applications in diverse fields.
f) Detailed	UNIT - I:
Syllabus	QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS
	Quantum Mechanics: Introduction to quantum physics, blackbody radiation - Stefan-Boltzmann's law, Wein's and Rayleigh-Jean's law, Planck's radiation law photoelectric effect - Davisson and Germer experiment –Heisenberg uncertainty principle - Born interpretation of the wave function – time independent Schrodinge wave equation - particle in one dimensional potential box. Solids: Symmetry in solids, free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld) - Fermi-Dirad distribution - Bloch's theorem -Kronig-Penney model – E-K diagram- effective mass of electron-origin of energy bands- classification of solids.
	UNIT - II:
	SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES
	Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Hall effect - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Zener diode and bipolar junction transistor (BJT)–LED, PIN diode avalanche photo diode (APD) and solar cells, their structure, materials, working principle and characteristics.
	UNIT - III
	DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ENERGY MATERIALS
	Dielectric Materials: Basic definitions- types of polarizations (qualitative) ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications – liquid crysta displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators. Magnetic Materials: Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials - magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications - bubbl memory devices, magnetic field sensors and multiferroics. Energy Materials Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes- superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors - rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.
	UNIT - IV
	NANOTECHNOLOGY
	Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio, bottom-up fabrication sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods – top-down fabrication: ball milling physical vapor deposition (PVD) - chemical vapor deposition (CVD) characterization techniques - XRD, SEM &TEM - applications of nanomaterials.
	UNIT - V
	LASER AND FIBER OPTICS
	Lasers: Laser beam characteristics-three quantum processes-Einstein coefficient and their relations- lasing action - pumping methods- ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO laser, Argon ion Laser, Nd:YAG laser- semiconductor laser-applications of laser

	Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber- advantages of optical Fibers - total internal reflectionconstruction of optical fiber - acceptance angle - numerical aperture- classification of optical fiberslosses in optical fiber - optical fiber for communication system - applications.
Topics Covered	 Basics of Statistical mechanics
Beyond Syllabus	 Study of De-Broglie hypothesis Study of Compton effect
Text Books	 M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"- S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019. Engineering Physics by Shatendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Publication,2019 Semiconductor Physics and Devices- Basic Principle – Donald A, Neamen, Mc Graw Hill, 4thEdition,2021. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2ndEdition,2022. Essentials of Nanoscience & Nanotechnology by Narasimha Reddy Katta, Typical Creatives NANO DIGEST, 1st Edition, 2021.
Reference Books	 M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"- S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019. Engineering Physics by Shatendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Publication,2019 Semiconductor Physics and Devices- Basic Principle – Donald A, Neamen, Mc Graw Hill, 4thEdition,2021. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2ndEdition,2022. Essentials of Nanoscience & Nanotechnology by Narasimha Reddy Katta, Typical Creatives NANO DIGEST, 1st Edition, 2021.

g) Course Plan (Theory)

S. No.	Topic(s)	No. of Lecture Hours
	<u>UNIT-I :</u> QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS	
1.	Introduction to quantum physics, blackbody radiation	1
2.	Stefan-Boltzmann's law, Wein's and Rayleigh-Jean's law, Planck's radiation law	2
3.	photoelectric effect	1
4.	Davisson and Germer experiment -Heisenberg uncertainty principle	1
5.	Born interpretation of the wave function – time independent Schrodinger wave equation	2
6.	particle in one dimensional potential box.	1
7.	Solids: Symmetry in solids, free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld)	3
8.	Fermi-Dirac distribution - Bloch's theorem	2
9.	Kronig-Penney model – E-K diagram- effective mass of electron	3

10.	origin of energy bands- classification of solids.	
	UNIT-II:SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES	
11.	Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors	
12.	Hall effect - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors construction	
13.	principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode	0
14.	Zener diode and bipolar junction transistor (BJT)	
15.	LED, PIN diode	
16.	avalanche photo diode (APD)	
17.	solar cells their structure materials,	
18.	Solar cell working principle and characteristics.	
	<u>UNIT-III</u> :DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ENERGY	
	MATERIALS Dielectric Materials: Basic definitions- types of polarizations	
19.		
20.	ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications	
21.	liquid crystal displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators. Magnetic Materials: Hysteresis	
22.	soft and hard magnetic materials - magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications	
23.	bubble memory devices, magnetic field sensors and multiferroics.	
24.	Energy Materials: Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes	
25.	superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors - rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.	
	UNIT-IV: NANOTECHNOLOGY	
26.	Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio,:)	
27.	bottom-up fabrication sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods – top- down fabrication:	
28.	ball milling - physical vapor deposition (PVD)	
29.	chemical vapor deposition (CVD) - characterization techniques	
	XRD, SEM &TEM - applications of nanomaterials.	
30.		
	UNIT-V:LASER AND FIBER OPTICS	
31.	Lasers: Laser beam characteristics-three quantum processes	
32.	Einstein coefficients and their relations- lasing action	
33.	pumping methods- ruby laser	
34.	He-Ne laser, CO2 laser	
35.	Argon ion Laser, Nd:YAG laser	
36.	semiconductor laser-applications of laser	
	Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber	

38.	advantages of optical Fibers - total internal reflectionconstruction of optical fiber	1
39.	acceptance angle - numerical aperture- classification of optical fiberslosses in optical fiber	1
40.	optical fiber for communication system - applications	2

h) Evaluation Scheme

Theory

	Evaluation Criteria	Marks
	Assignment I	10
Midterm-1	Objective paper	10
Iviluteriii-1	Descriptive Paper	20
	Total	40
	Assignment II	10
Midterm-2	Objective paper	10
Iviluteriii-2	Descriptive Paper	20
	Total	40
	Average of Midterm-1 and Midterm-2	40
End-Examination		60
Total		100

3. Mapping of CO-PO&PSO

COURSEOBJECTIVES:

> The course objectives of an applied physics course typically include:

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- > Exploring the principles and fundamentals of lasers and optical fiber.
- Understanding the characteristics and properties of lasers and optical fiber.
- Studying the applications of lasers and optical fiber in diverse fields such as telecommunications, medicine, manufacturing, and research.
- Gaining hands-on experience with laser and fiber optic experiments and technologies.
- Analyzing real-world case studies to understand the practical applications and challenges in using lasers and optical fiber.
- Developing problem-solving skills and critical thinking abilities in the context of lasers and optical fiber.
- Understanding the theoretical and mathematical foundations of laser physics and fiber optics.
- > Exploring emerging trends and advancements in laser and fiber optic technologies.
- Understanding the safety considerations and regulations associated with laser and fiber optic usage.
- Enhancing communication skills to effectively convey scientific concepts related to lasers and optical fiber.
- These objectives aim to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of lasers and optical fiber, enabling them to apply their knowledge in various interdisciplinary fields and industries..

Mapping between Course Delivery Methodology and Program Outcomes

Course Delivery Methods					
	1	2	3	4	5
Class room lecture	3	3	3	3	3
Presentations	2	2	1	2	2
Laboratory sessions	0	0	0	0	0
Demo or simulations	0	0	0	0	0
Assignments	3	2	3	3	2
Case studies	0	0	0	0	0
Projects	0	0	0	0	0
Seminars	2	2	2	2	2
E-Learning resources	1	1	1	1	1
Weightage	73.33 %	66.67 %	66.67 %	73.33 %	66.67 %

*To be rated with 1- slightly, 2 – moderately, 3- substantial

Assessment Methodology

Outcome	Assessment Tool	Activity aligned to the Outcome
CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4	Test	Conducted mid exams and Unit tests
CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	Assignment	Given problems questions &to solve and told to write multiple choice questions
CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	Rubric	Evaluated mid exam question paper.
CO3,CO4,CO5	Quiz	Conducted multiple choice questions &fill in the blanks for mid exams & minor-2 exam.
CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	E-Learning Resources	Followed NPTEL videos
CO1,CO2, CO3,CO4,CO5	End Semester Test	We delivered the contents according to the syllabus and given important questions according to the unit wise

Note - Mention other Assessment tools (if any)

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APPLIED PHYSICS

UNIT - I: QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS

Quantum Mechanics: Introduction to quantum physics, blackbody radiation – Stefan-Boltzmann's law, Wein's and Rayleigh-Jean's law, Planck's radiation law - photoelectric effect - Davisson and Germer experiment –Heisenberg uncertainty principle - Born interpretation of the wave function – time independent Schrodinger wave equation - particle in one dimensional potential box. Solids: Symmetry in solids, free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld) - Fermi-Dirac distribution - Bloch's theorem -Kronig-Penney model – E-K diagram- effective mass of electronorigin of energy bands- classification of solids.

UNIT - II: SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Hall effect - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode, Zener diode and bipolar junction transistor (BJT)–LED, PIN diode, avalanche photo diode (APD) and solar cells, their structure, materials, working principle and characteristics.

UNIT - III: DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ENERGY MATERIALS

Dielectric Materials: Basic definitions- types of polarizations (qualitative) - ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications – liquid crystal displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators. Magnetic Materials: Hysteresis

Magnetic Materials: Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials - magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications - bubble memory devices, magnetic field sensors and multiferroics. Energy Materials: Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes- superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors - rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.

UNIT - IV: NANOTECHNOLOGY

Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio, bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods – top-down fabrication: ball milling - physical vapor deposition (PVD) - chemical vapor deposition (CVD) - characterization techniques - XRD, SEM & TEM - applications of nanomaterials.

UNIT - V: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

Lasers: Laser beam characteristics-three quantum processes-Einstein coefficients and their relations- lasing action - pumping methods- ruby laser, He-Ne laser, CO₂ laser, Argon ion Laser, Nd:YAG laser- semiconductor laser-applications of laser.

Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber- advantages of optical Fibers - total internal reflectionconstruction of optical fiber - acceptance angle - numerical aperture- classification of optical fiberslosses in optical fiber - optical fiber for communication system - applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G. Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"-S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
- 2. Engineering Physics by Shatendra Sharma and Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Publication, 2019
- Semiconductor Physics and Devices- Basic Principle Donald A, Neamen, Mc Graw Hill,4thEdition,2021.
- 4. B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Engineering Physics, Cengage Learning, 2ndEdition, 2022.
- Essentials of Nanoscience & Nanotechnology by Narasimha Reddy Katta, Typical CreativesNANO DIGEST, 1st Edition, 2021.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Quantum Physics, H.C. Verma, TBS Publication, 2nd Edition 2012.
- Fundamentals of Physics Halliday, Resnick and Walker, John Wiley &Sons,11th Edition,2018.
- 3. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Wiley Eastern, 2019.
- 4. Elementary Solid State Physics, S.L. Gupta and V. Kumar, Pragathi Prakashan, 2019.
- 5. A.K. Bhandhopadhya Nano Materials, New Age International, 1stEdition, 2007.
- 6. Energy Materials a Short Introduction to Functional Materials for Energy Conversion and Storage Aliaksandr S. Bandarenka, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group
- 7. Energy Materials, Taylor & Francis Group, 1st Edition, 2022.

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itute of Engg. & Tech Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

	APPLIED PHYSICS-LESSON PLAN	
	NAME OF THE TOPIC	NO. OF CLASSES
Ŀ	UNIT-I QUANTUM PHYSICS AND SOLIDS	
1	introduction to quantum mechanics	1
2	black body radiation-Stefan-Boltzmann's law and	2
3	Planck's radiation law-Wein 's, Rayleigh-jean 's law	1
4	photo-electric effect	1
5	Davisson and Germer experiment	2
6	Heisenberg uncertainty principle AND Born interpretation of the wave function	2
7	time independent Schrodinger wave equation	1
8	particle in one dimensional potential box	2
9	INRTODUCTION TO SOLIDS AND Symmetry in solids	2
10	free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld) & Fermi-Dirac distribution	2
11	Bloch's theorem	1
12	Kronig-Penney model AND E-K diagram	3
13	effective mass of electron	1
.4	origin of energy bands AND classification of solids	2
	TOTAL CLASSES	23
	UNIT - II: SEMICONDUCTORS AND DEVICES	25
1	Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors	1
	Hall effect	2
	direct and indirect band gap semiconductors	1
	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode	1
	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of Zener diode	1
	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of bipolar junction transistor (BJT)	2
	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of PIN diode, avalanche photo diode (APD)	2
	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of LED AND SOLAR CELL	2
	TOTAL CLASSES	12

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111	UNIT - III: DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ENERGY MATERIALS	
1	Dielectric Materials: INTRODUCTION-types of polarizations	2
2	ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications	2
3	liquid crystal displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators.	2
4	Magnetic Materials:soft and hard magnetic materials	
5	magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications	1
6	bubble memory devices	1
7	magnetic field sensors and multiferroics	1
8	Energy Materials: Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes	2
9		1
10	superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors	2
	- rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.	2
	TOTAL CLASSES	16
IV.	UNIT - IV: NANOTECHNOLOGY	
1	INTRODUCTION-Nanoscale	1
2	quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio	1
3	bottom-up fabrication: precipitation, combustion METHOD	2
4	bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel METHOD	1
5	top-down fabrication: ball milling	2
6	top-down fabrication: physical vapor deposition (PVD)	1
7	top-down fabrication: chemical vapor deposition (CVD)	2
8	characterization techniques - XRD,SEM AND TEM	
9	applications of nanomaterials.	4
	TOTAL CLASSES	1
V.	UNIT - V: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS	14
1	Lasers: Laser beam characteristics	
2		1
3	three quantum processes-Einstein coefficients and their relations	2
1	lasing action - pumping methods	1
	TYPES OF LASER:- ruby laser	1
5	TYPES OF LASER:He-Ne laser	1
5	TYPES OF LASER:CO2 laseR	2

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TYPES OF LASER: Argon ion Laser,	2
TYPES OF LASER:Nd:YAG laser	2
semiconductor laser-applications of laser	1
Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber	1
construction ANDadvantages of optical Fibers	2
total internal reflection, acceptance angle	1
numerical aperture	1
classification of optical fibers	1
losses in optical fiber	2
optical fiber for communication system - applications	1
TOTAL CLASSES	22
TOTAL NO OF CLASSES =87	
	TYPES OF LASER:Nd:YAG lasersemiconductor laser-applications of laserFiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiberconstruction ANDadvantages of optical Fiberstotal internal reflection,acceptance anglenumerical apertureclassification of optical fiberslosses in optical fiberoptical fiber for communication system - applicationsTOTAL CLASSES

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapaliy (V), Abdullapurmet (Midi), R.R. Dist.

		в.	TECH	I YEA		COURSE FILE: II-SEM (2023) APPLIED PHYSICS									
	MONTH WORKING DAYS TEACHING PERIODS PERIODS		US US		HING	SUING	DIS	DIS	DIS	DS ED		AYANA (APPLIED PHYSICS), ASRA, GUNTHAPALLY	OF CLASS		arks
S.NO	MONTH	WORKING	PERIC	PERIO		NAME OF THE TOPIC	NO.OF	RESOURCES REQUIRED	Remarks						
1.						introduction to quantum mechanics									
1						black body radiation-Stefan-Boltzmann's law		L basic principles of							
2						Planck's radiation law-Wein 's, Rayleigh-jean 's law		2 quantum physics and							
3						photo-electric effect	1	band theory of solids							
4						Davisson and Germer experiment	1	L							
5						Heisenberg uncertainty principle AND Born interpretation of the wave function	2	2							
6					UNIT-I	time independent Schrodinger wave equation	2	library reference							
7					QUANTUM PHYSICS	particle in one dimensional potential box	1	Applied physics							
8	APRIL	17	24	24	AND SOLIDS	INRTODUCTION TO SOLIDS AND Symmetry in solids	2	text books							
9					-	free electron theory (Drude & Lorentz, Sommerfeld) & Fermi-Dirac distribution	2	2							
10						Bloch's theorem	2	2							
11						Kronig-Penney modeL AND E-K diagram	3	3							
12						effective mass of electron	3	3							
13						origin of energy bands AND classification of solids	1	L							
14				5		SLIP TEST	5	-							
15						Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors	2	2							
16						Hall effect	2	2							
17						direct and indirect band gap semiconductors	1	L							
18	MAY	12	16		UNIT - II	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of P-N Junction diode	1	basic principles of							
19					SEMICONDUCTORS	construction, principle of operation and characteristics of Zener diode	1	semiconductors							
						construction, principle of operation and characteristics of bipolar]							
20									AND DEVICES	junction transistor (BJT)	2	2			
21						11		construction, principle of operation and characteristics of PIN diode	2	library reference					
						construction, principle of operation and characteristics of avalanche photo diode			n						
22								Applied physics							
23				7		SLIP TEST	5	text books							
24															
25						Dielectric Materials:INTRODUCTION-types of polarizations	2	2							
26					UNIT - III	ferroelectric, piezoelectric, and pyroelectric materials – applications	2	fundamental							
-	JUNE	25	26		DIELECTRIC, MAGNETIC	liquid crystal displays (LCD) and crystal oscillators.	2	properties of							
28					& ENERGY MATERIALS	Magnetic Materials:soft and hard magnetic materials	2	dielectric, magnetic							
29				19		magnetostriction, magnetoresistance - applications	2	and energy material							
30						bubble mem. evices	1								

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31						magnetic field sensors and multiferroics	2	
32						Energy Materials: Conductivity of liquid and solid electrolytes		library reference
33						superionic conductors - materials and electrolytes for super capacitors		Applied physics
34						- rechargeable ion batteries, solid fuel cells.	2	text books
35				5		SLIP TEST	5	
36							11	
37						INTRODUCTION-Nanoscale	1	
38						quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio	2	
39					UNIT - IV	bottom-up fabrication: precipitation, combustion METHOD	2	library reference
40	JULY	24	24	19	NANOTECHNOLOGY	bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel METHOD	2	Applied physics
41						top-down fabrication: ball milling	2	text books
42		3				top-down fabrication: physical vapor deposition (PVD)	2	internet
43						top-down fabrication: chemical vapor deposition (CVD)	2	
44						characterization techniques - XRD,SEM AND TEM	4	1
45						applications of nanomaterials.	1	1
46				2		SLIP TEST	2	
47						Lasers: Laser beam characteristics		
48						three quantum processes-Einstein coefficients and their relations	1	
49						lasing action - pumping methods	2	1
50	15					TYPES OF LASER:- ruby laser	1	1
51						TYPES OF LASER:He-Ne laser	1	basic principles of
52 53						TYPES OF LASER:CO2 laseR	1	LASERS
3						TYPES OF LASER: Argon ion Laser,	2	
54	AUG	22	24	22	UNIT - V	TYPES OF LASER:Nd:YAG laser	2	1
55					LASER AND FIBER OPTICS	semiconductor laser-applications of laser	2	1
56						Fiber Optics: Introduction to optical fiber	1	1
57						construction ANDadvantages of optical Fibers	1	
58						total internal reflection, acceptance angle	2	1
59						numerical aperture	1	1
50						classification of optical fibers	1	library reference
51						losses in optical fiber	1	Applied physics
52						optical fiber for communication system - applications	2	text books
63						SLIP TEST	1	1

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signature of Principal PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & To^m Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2022-23

B.Tech. 1 YEAR I & II SEMESTERS

		Duration			
S. No	Description	From	То		
1	Commencement of I Semester classwork (including Induction programme)		03.11.2022		
2	1 st Spell of Instructions	03.11.2022	28.12.2022 (8 Weeks)		
3	First Mid Term Examinations	29.12.2022	04.01.2023 (1 Week)		
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before	10.01.2025			
5	2nd Spell of Instructions	05.01.2023	02.03.2023 (8 Weeks)		
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	03.03.2023	09.03.2023 (1 Week)		
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	10.03.2023	16.03.2023 (1 Week)		
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before		16.03.2023		
9	End Semester Examinations	17.03.2023	01.04.2023 (2 Weeks)		

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 91

II SEM

	D	Duration			
S. No	Description	From	- To		
1	Commencement of 11 Semester classwork		03.04.2023		
2	1 st Spell of Instructions (including Summer Vacation)	03.04.2023	10.06.2023 (10 Weeks		
	Summer Vacation	15.05.2023	27.05.2023 (2 Weeks)		
3	First Mid Term Examinations	12.06.2023	17.06.2023 (1 Week)		
4	Submission of First Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before		23.06.2023		
5	2nd Spell of Instructions	19.06.2023	12.08.2023 (8 Weeks)		
6	Second Mid Term Examinations	14.08.2023	19.08.2023 (1 Week)		
7	Preparation Holidays and Practical Examinations	21.08.2023	26.08.2023 (1 Week)		
8	Submission of Second Mid Term Exam Marks to the University on or before		26.08.2023		
9	End Semester Examinations	28.08.2023	09.09.2023 (2 Weeks)		

Note: No. of Working / Instructional Days: 90



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Avar	nthi Institute of Engg. & Tech
Gunth	apaily (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.





DEPARTMENT OF HUMANITIES & SCIENCE

TIME-TABLE FOR THE A.Y 2022-2023 I-II SEM

I B.Tech. CSE-B (AVIH) COLLEGE TIMINGS:9:30 AM-4:00 PM

		1						
DAY	9.30-	10.20-	11.10-	12.00-	12.40-1.30	1.30-	2.20-	3.10-
	10.20	11.10	12.00	12.40		2.20	3.10	4.00
MON	ESE	OD&VC	OD&VC		AP		T WORK	
TUE	EDC	AP	ESE		EDC	ESE	SPC	ORTS
WED	AP	ESE	AP	U N	EDC	E	W(B-I)/AI	P(B-II)
THU	PY	THONLA	B	C	ESE	EDC	AP	
FRI	OD&VC	EDC	OD&VC	H	LIBRARY			ESE
SAT						EL	CS(B-I)/E	W(B-II)
SAT	AP(B	-I)/ELCS(I	3-11)		EDC	AP	OD&VC	OD&VC

OD&VC:	
APLAB:	P.ASHOK
	G.LAXMI NARAYANA
ESE:	CH.SUNANDA
ELCSLAB: AP:	CH.SUNANDA
AF: EWLAB:	G.LAXMINARAYANA
EDC:	B.VENKATESHWARLU
ITWORKSHOP:	DR.J.SIDDHARTHA
PYTHONLAB:	S.RAJENDER/DIVYA
CLASS INCHARGE	DR.HAMEEDA/DIVYA
CLASS INCHARGE	G.LAXMI NARAYANA

HOD



5. SUBJECT TIME TABLE



TIME-TABLE FOR THE A.Y 2022-2023 I-II SEM

I B.Tech. CSE-A (AVIH) COLLEGE TIMINGS:9:30 AM-4:00 PM

DAY	9.30- 10.20	10.20- 11.10	11.10- 12.00	12.00- 12.40	12.40-1.30	1.30- 2.20	2.20- 3.10	3.10-4.00	
MON	N PYTHONLAB			L	EDC	AP	SP	ORTS	
TUE	AP	ESE	EDC	U	ESE	ELC	ELCS(B-I)/EW(B-II)		
WED	ESE	AP	OD&VC	Ň	OD&VC	ESE	EDC	ESE	
THU	E	W(B-I)/AP(B-II)	C	LIBRARY	AP	ESE	OD&VC	
FRI	EDC	OD&VC	EDC	H	AP	AP(B-I)/ELCS(B-II)		CS(B-II)	
SAT	EDC	OD&VC	OD&VC	11	AP	IT	IT WORKSHOP		

OD&VC:	P.ASHOK
APLAB:	G. LAXMINARAYANA
ESE:	CH.SUNANDA
ELCSLAB:	CH.SUNANDA
AP:	G.LAXMINARAYANA
EWLAB:	DR.RAMESH BABU
EDC:	DR.J.SIDDHARTHA
ITWORKSHOP:	DR.N.RAMANAREDDY/DIVYA
PYTHON LAB:	DR.HAMEEDA / DIVYA
CLASSINCHARGE:	CH.SUNANDA

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TOPICS COVERED BEYOND SYLLABUS

- Basics of Statistical mechanics
- Study of de-broglie hypothesis
- Study of Compton effect

1.1 INTRODUCTION

In our everyday life, we often come across objects in motion.Human beingswere inquisitive to understand the motion in detail since ages. Nowadays, we categorize the branch of physics dealing with these moving bodies as *mechanics*. The motion of objects, we see around us, astronomical objects, etc., which are macroscopic in nature can be defined by the principles of classical mechanics. One of the earliest contributions in the classical mechanics were by Isaac Newton and Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz, who described the motion of a body under the action of forces. Applicability of classical mechanics is superseded by relativistic mechanics introduced by Albert Einstein for the bodies moving near the speed of light. Similarly, another branch of mechanics developed in the beginning of the last century for the microscopic systems, such as subatomic particles.Therefore, all these developments widened our horizon in understanding of the nature and motion of an object.

In the meantime, our understanding of thermodynamic propertiesdealing with the systems inequilibrium was developed and summarized by the laws of thermodynamics. You may already be familiar with thermodynamics and related basic key terminologies, like the concept of system and surroundings, different types of thermal processes, laws of thermodynamics, state function, state variables and various macroscopic properties (macroscopic properties are the properties of matter as a whole in terms of macroscopic variables,likedensity, volume, temperature, pressure) related through an equation of state. Sofar these thermodynamic properties for the macroscopic system were not described in terms of its microscopic constituents. Thus, statistical mechanics is that branch of modern physics which deals with physical systems with many degrees of freedom and describes their macroscopic properties in terms of the microscopic properties of the constituent particles.

We understood so far that our treatment of the constituent particles depends upon whether they can individually be described by classical mechanics or quantummechanics. Depending upon that statistical mechanics is broadly studied under two categories namely classical and quantum statistics. The classical statistics is discussed with Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics, whereas quantum statistics can further be categorized as Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics depending upon yet another quantum feature called the spin of the particle. Specifically, all the microscopic particles with integral (half-integral) spin governed by quantum mechanics are studied under Bose-Einstein (Fermi-Dirac) statistics. Therefore, in this book, we will discuss the physical properties of various systems containing a large number of particles (atoms or molecules), comparable to Avogadro number, i.e., 6.022×10^{23} , on the basis of the properties and behavior of the microscopic constituents ofthose systems. To accomplish this we will be using statistical tools and probability theory aswell asthe dynamics of microscopic particles governed by either classical or quantum mechanics.

In this unit, we will discuss various concepts in classical statistical mechanics, like phase space, microscopic and macroscopic variables, the concepts of ensemble, and one of the important principles, i.e., postulate of equal a priori probability. These basic concepts are building blocks of statistical mechanics which are helpful in understanding the forthcoming

units and in discussing quantum statistics. In particular, we want to make a statistical analysis of a large number of collections of identical systems and determine their most probable behavior. In this process, we are not interested in the individual dynamics of a single particle. In statistical mechanics, we average the properties of all the particles to study the macroscopic bodies they form. For instance, the temperature of a gas is found to be related to the randommotion of the gas molecules. The faster they move on average, the higher is the temperature.

BASIC CONCEPTS OF STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Probability

Probability is a mathematical concept that deals with calculating the likelihood of a given event's occurrence. Thus, the probability of an event is defined as the ratio of the number of the cases in favor to the total number of possible cases also called sample size.

Probability of an event =

Number of favorable cases Total number of possible cases

Basic rules of probability

There are three basic rules of probability distribution, like summation rule, multiplication rule, and conditional probability.

• Summation rule is applicable to mutually exclusive events, i.e., happening of oneevent excludes the possibility of the happening of the other.

• The multiplication rule is applicable when the probability of occurrence of one eventdoes not affect the probability of occurrence of the other. This rule is also known as joint probability, and the probability of joint occurrence of two independent events is equal to the product of the probabilities of each of the independent events.

• The probability for an event say A to occur conditioned to the fact that another eventsay B has also occurred is called the conditional probability. This is denoted as $\left(\frac{A}{B}\right)$ All the three rules discussed above can be better understood by the following examples.

PHASE SPACE

You all know, in a static system the complete position of an object or a point particle in classical mechanics is specified by three Cartesian coordinates. This three dimensional space is $\hbar d = \pi d = \pi$

defined as $dV_r = dx \, dy \, dz$. If the system is dynamic then in addition to the position coordinates, we require three components of momenta for the specification of particles in the

system. These three mutually perpendicular momentum coordinates $(p = p_x, p_y, p_z)$ constitute momentum space. A small volume element in this space is expressed as dV_p $dp_y dp_z$.

In a similar way, phase space is a scheme for the specification of a system in statistical mechanics. In this, the position of a particle is represented in terms of Cartesian coordinates (x, y, z) and the Romersponding momentum () components. Thus, the phase space is

a combined position and momentum space. A small volume element in phase space is defined as

 $dV = (dx \, dy \, dz) (dp_x \, dp_y \, dp_z) \dots (1.2)$

Such a six dimensional space for a single particle or molecule is called phase space or mu- space (μ -space). The phase space is a pure mathematical concept used to describe a single particle. Let us divide the phase space in two dimensional energy sheet as shown in Figure 1.1. Further, if we subdivide the range of variables and into arbitrary small

discrete intervals, then the single interval is known as phase cell. The minimum size of the phase cell in classical statistics is equal to the area of the single cell, i.e., $dx dp_x = h_0$ (say). This h_0 may be viewed as our

experimental limitation in measurement.In the classical

scenario, h_0 can be chosen arbitrarily as small as possible.Further, phase cell is the volume occupied by each phase point in the phase space. Hence the value of this elementary volume is equal to h_0^3 . However, in quantum statistics, according to the Heisenberg's uncertainty principle the minimum size(volume) of phase cell in phase space given by h^3 , where h is Planck's constant.

WHAT IS AN ENSEMBLE?

If we are considering a collection of particles with macroscopic properties, like energy, volume, chemical potential, then the collection of such particles is considered as an assembly. Further, this collection of a large number of non-interacting, independent assemblies is known as an ensemble or statistical ensemble. The members of an ensemble are referred to as elements or assemblies. These elements are identical in macroscopic properties, like , , , and differ in their microscopic properties, i.e., elements have different position and momentum coordinates.

In other words, we can say that an ensemble is defined as a collection of a large number of assemblies which are identical in macroscopic properties but differ in microscopic properties. Thus, it can be viewed as numerous copies of a system or a probability distribution defining the state of the system.

DENSITY OF STATES

We have already discussed that the microscopic properties of a system are represented by phase points. The condition of an ensemble at any time can be specified by the density, which describes the distribution of phase points in phase space. The density distribution is often denoted by $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{P}(q, p)$ and is a function of the continuous variables and . Consequently,

the normalization condition for a closed system is $\int d^{3N}q d^{\underline{3N}}p\rho(q,p)$, where the volume

elements $\operatorname{ared}^{3N} q = \operatorname{d} q_1 \dots \operatorname{d} q_m \dots \operatorname{d} q_{3N}$ and $\operatorname{d}^{3N} p = \operatorname{d} p_1 \dots \operatorname{d} p_m \dots \operatorname{d} p_{3N}$. Specifically, the density of distribution in phase space gives the number of states per unit volume in a given interval of energy of the phase space. This distribution function is a function of position

coordinates and momentum coordinates. The time dependence of may be implicitly governed by the time dependence of q^p and p. However, may also have an explicit time dependence.

Hence, we can write

$$\rho = \rho(q, p, t).$$
 ... (1.5)

Therefore, the number of phase points in a small volume element say

d^{3N}qd^{3N}p

isgiven by

 $\delta N = p(q, p, t) d\Gamma.$

We will further calculate an expression of density of state for a single particle of mass *m* withmomentum in the range *p* to *p*+*dp*and energy in the range *E* to *E*+*dE*, respectively, placed ina phase cell of volume h_0^3 in phase space. The total volume of the phase $ph_0^3 del^3 given by dot diverse with the displaced space space$ $= <math>V \times 4\pi p^2 dp$, ...(1.6) where we have used the volume of position $ph_0^3 given dy dq_z - v$, the volume of

the momentum space $\iint dp_x dp_y dp_z = 4\pi p^2 dp$.

Thus, we can write the total number of phase cells in the given momentum range as $n(p)dp = \frac{v \times 4\pi p^2 dp}{h_0^8}.$...(1.7)

Using the relation between energyEand momentum p, i.e.,

$$E=\frac{p^2}{2m} \text{ or } p=\sqrt{2mE},$$

and therefore,

$$dp = \sqrt{\frac{m}{2E}} dE.$$

Using this relation in equation (1.7), the total number of phase cells in the energy range *E* to E+dE is

$$n(E)dE = \frac{8nmE}{h_0^3} V \sqrt{\frac{m}{2E}} dE$$

= $\frac{4\pi V}{h_0^5} \sqrt{2E} m^{3/2} dE$(1.8)

Hence, the density of state or the total number of phase cells per unit energy range can be btained as

The total number of phase cells per unit energy range $=\frac{4 \pi V \sqrt{2E} m^{3/2}}{h_c^{0}}$.

1.2 SUMMARY

In this unit, you have studied the basics of the statistical physics. In particular, this unit focuses on classical statistics. You learned the concepts of phase space and phase points. This concept also helps you to understand the density of states. In this unit, the concept of distinguishability and indistinguishability is also discussed. We understood that the notion of distinguishability (indistinguishability) has a profound impact on the underlying statistics. This is because the statistics involves computation of probabilities and the rules of probability are sensitive to distinguishability (indistinguishability) of the particles. Various other important concepts, like probability, probability distribution, equal a priori principle, are also discussed with the help of numerical examples. We have briefly introduced the concept of ensemble which will be discussed in detail in Unit 4. All the basics of statistical thermodynamics we have discussed in this unit are very helpful in discussing and understanding many interesting concepts of thermodynamics and statistical physics in the forthcoming units. Many solved examples are given in the unit to make the fundamental concepts clear. Additionally, to check your progress and understanding some self-assessment questions are given at the end of different sections.

We will return to some of the concepts introduced in this unit, like ensembles, equal a prioriprinciple in Units 2-4. The rest of the units of this block (Units 2-3) are dedicated completelyto classical statistics, but many of the topics introduced here, which can be easily extended to quantum statistics, are discussed in detail.Dedicated study of ensemble theory and different types of ensembles will be discussed in Block 2, which contains Units 4-6. Further, Block 3(Units 7-10) is entirely focused on quantum statistics. In the last block, which contains Units 11-12, we will discuss the application part of both classical and quantum statistics by applying the methods of statistical mechanics to some physical situations.

➢ <u>GLOSSARY</u>

Microscopic properties Macroscopic properties	These are defined in terms of microscopic variables, like positionand momentum coordinates. These are defined in terms of macroscopic variables, like numberof particles N, volume V, temperature T, energy E.
Phase space	A scheme for the specification of a system in terms of the position coordinates (x, y, z) and corresponding p_x, p_y, p_z momentum (
)
	components.
Phase points	It represents an individual particle in the phase space.
Density of states	It tells us about the distribution of phase points in phase space
Ensemble	It is a collection of a large number of independent collections of particles.
Ensemble average	The value of a variable when averaged over all the states explored within an ensemble.
Time average	The value of a variable when averaged over a time period.
Ergodic hypothesis	An average over time is equal to an average over all the possiblemicrostates.
Probability	A mathematical concept that deals with calculating the likelihoodof a given event's occurrence.
Probabili	A statistical distribution function that describes all the
ty	possible values and likelihoods that a random variable
distributi	can take within agiven range.
on	

De Broglie's hypothesis: wave-particle duality

Light behaves as wave when it undergoes interference, diffraction etc. and is com- pletely described by Maxwell's equations. But then, the wave nature of electromag- netic radiation is called into question when it is involved in blackbody radiation, photoelectric effect and such. Einstein forwarded his idea of photon, bundle of quan- tized radiant energy localized in a small volume, as a way to describe particle-like nature of light. The energy and momentum of such a photon was proposed to be,

$$E = hv$$
 and $p = \frac{E}{c} = \frac{h}{\lambda}$.

de Broglie (1924) made a great unifying, speculative hypothesis that just as radiation has particle-like properties, electrons and other material particles possess wave-like properties. For free material particles, de Broglie assumed that the associated wave also has a frequency v and wavelength λ related to its energy E and momentum p,

$$v = -\frac{E}{h}$$
 and $\lambda = -\frac{h}{p}$. (60)

For non-relativistic particles having mass *m* and moving with a velocity *v* and kinetic energy $E_k = mv^2/2$, the de Broglie wavelength is

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv} = \frac{\sqrt{h}}{2mE_k} \tag{61}$$

For high energy particles, $E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m^2 c^4$, having kinetic energy $E_k = E - m_0 c^2$, the momentum is $pc = \int \frac{1}{E_k(E_k + 2m_0c^2)} \frac{1}{2m_0c^2}$ and hence the de Broglie wavelength is,

$$\lambda = -\frac{h}{p} = -\frac{hc}{E(E_k + 2m c^2)}.$$
 (62)

For instance, the de Broglie wavelength of an object of mass m = 1.0kg and moving with a velocity v = 10m/s is ($h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ J-s)

$$h = \frac{6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{J} - \text{s}}{mv} = \frac{-35}{1.0 \times 10 \text{kg} - \text{m/s}} = 6.6 \times 10 \quad \text{m} = 6.6 \times 10 \quad \text{A}$$

The de Broglie wavelengths of an electron ($m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$ kg) at kinetic energy 100eV and 0.1MeV are ($1eV = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}J$),

$$\lambda = \sqrt[4]{\frac{h}{2mE}} = \frac{6.6 \times 10^{-34}}{(2 \times 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \times 100 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19})^{1/2}} = 1.24$$

$$\lambda_{rel} = J = 0.037A$$
$$E(E + 2m c^2) = 0.038A$$
$$\lambda_{nr} = -\frac{\sqrt{h}}{2mE} = 0.038A$$

Sure enough, de Broglie's hypothesis of wave-particle duality was confirmed by Davis- son and Germer (1927) and G.P. Thomson (1927) [refer Eisberg & Resnick, pg 64 – 67].

The de Broglie hypothesis gives an interesting physical insight into Bohr's quan-tization rule (34),

$$mvr = pr = \frac{nh}{2\pi},$$

where p is the linear momentum of an electron in an allowed orbit of radius r. If we use equation (60), the expression for p in terms of de Broglie's wavelength $p = h/\lambda$, Bohr's quantization rule can be written as,

$$\frac{hr}{\lambda} = \frac{nh}{2\pi} \implies 2\pi r = n\lambda \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$
(63)

implying the allowed orbits are those in which the circumference of the orbit can contain exactly an integral number of de Broglie wavelengths.

Let us express the de Broglie wave of a free micro particle by a plane wave of constant amplitude A, which will represent a particle of energy $E = hv = n\omega$ and momentum $p = h/\lambda = nk$,

 $\psi(r, t) = Ae^{i(k - r - \omega t)}$ in $1 - \dim \Rightarrow \psi(x, t) = Ae^{i(kx - \omega t)}$ (64)

Assuming $\psi(x, t)^2$ |gives the probability of finding the particle at space-time point (x, t) (according to Max Born's idea that came much later), it is constant A^2 every- where. This implies that probability of finding our particle is same everywhere or, in other words, we do not know where it is. But our idea of particle is one having definite momentum and at the same time a specific position *i.e.* it is localized. If we know the position of the particle fairly accurately, then probability of finding it in different place must be confined to that space (say, Δx) outside which the probability is zero. Therefore, the matter wave must somehow be retricted in that space with the particle we have a wave train of length Δx and wavelength of the wave train corresponds to particle momentum.

In order to manufacture a wave train we revoke the idea of group of moving waves of classical wave motion. Suppose we have two waves of (ω, k) and $(\omega + d\omega, k + dk)$ and for simplicity let them be represented as

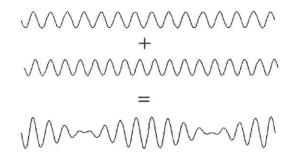
 $\psi_1 = A \cos[kx - \omega t]$ and $\psi_2 = A \cos[(k + dk)x - (\omega + d\omega)t]$ We

superpose these two waves, considering $d\omega \ll \omega$ and $dk \ll k$, to obtain,

$$\psi = \psi_1 + \psi_2$$

$$= 2A \cos \frac{dk}{x} - \frac{d\omega}{t} \cos \frac{2k + dk}{2} - \frac{2\omega + d\omega}{t}$$

$$\approx 2A \cos \frac{dk}{2} - \frac{d\omega}{t} \cos[kx - \omega t].$$
(65)



From the plot of above function ψ we see that two waves of slightly different frequency and wavelength, interfere and reinforce in such a way as to produce a series of groups. These groups, and the individual waves they contain, are both moving in the same direction. The velocity of the group, called *group velocity* v_g and velocity of the individual waves, called *phase velocity* v_p , are given by,

$$v_g = \frac{d\omega}{dk}$$
 $v_p = \frac{\omega}{k}$ (66)

If the particle of mass *m* is moving with a velocity *v* so the kinetic energy $E = mv^2/2$ and momentum p = mv, then

$$\omega = \frac{E}{n} \Rightarrow d\omega = \frac{dE}{n}$$
 and $k = \frac{p}{n} \Rightarrow dk = \frac{dp}{n}$

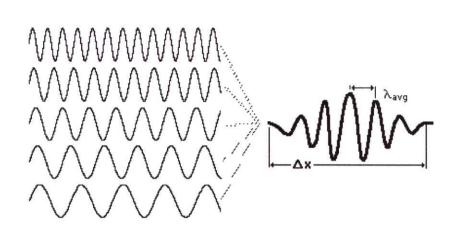
which leads to,

$$v_g = \frac{d\omega}{dk} = \frac{dE}{dp} = \frac{mv \, dv}{m \, dv} = v$$

i.e. the velocity of the particle is equal to velocity of the group of matter wave describing the particle. The same is true for relativistic particle.

The superposition of two matter waves of slightly varying frequency and wavenum- ber k manage to create succession of groups but not one group which is the wave train. To obtain a wave train or a *wave packet* of finite extent in space, we need superposition of large number waves with different but slightly varying frequency and wavenumber,

$$\psi(x,t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk A(k) e^{i(kx-\omega(k)t)}.$$



Assuming A(k) is nonzero and constant only in an interval, $k_0 - \Delta k/2 \le k \le k_0 + \Delta k/2$, if Δk is not too large, we can expand $\omega(k)$ about k_0 ,

$$\omega(k) = \omega(k) + (k - k) \frac{d\omega}{k} + \dots$$

and write the above wave function as,

$$\psi(x,t) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi}}}{k_0 - \Delta k/2} \frac{\mathbf{r}_{k_0 + \Delta k/2}}{k_0 - \Delta k/2} dk A e^{i(kx - \omega(k)t)}$$

$$= \frac{A}{i(k - x - \omega(k)t)} \frac{\mathbf{r}_{k_0 + \Delta k/2}}{k_0 - \Delta k/2} dk e^{-0} e^{-0}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi}}e^{-0}}{k_0 - \Delta k/2} dk e^{-0} e^{i(k_0 - \omega(k_0)t)}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi}}e^{-1}}{\pi} \frac{(\Delta k(x - (d\omega/dk)_0 t)/2)}{x - (d\omega/dk)_0 t} e^{i(k_0 - \omega(k_0)t)}$$
(67)

The equation (67) defines a wave packet of finite extent, $\Delta x \approx 2 \times 2\pi/\Delta k$, whose group velocity is $v_g = (d\omega/dk)_{k=k_0}$ and phase velocity is $v_p = \omega(k_0)/k_0$ as before.

A very interesting illustration of wave-nature of microscopic particle is Feynman's thought experiment – *double-slit experiment* with classical and quantum particles – for details of which see Feynman's Lecture vol 3.

Study of Compton Scattering

1) Aim of the experiment:

- Determine the change in wavelength of the scattered gamma radiation as a function of the scattering angle.
- Determine the differential cross-section using Klein-Nishina formula and calculation of the calibration factor.

2) Theory:

Compton scattering is an example of inelastic scattering of light by a charged particle, where the wavelength of the scattered light is different from that of the incident radiation. In 1920, Arthur Holly Compton observed scattering of x-rays from electrons in a carbon target. He found that the scattered x-rays have a longer wavelength than the incident x-rays. The shift of the wavelength increased with scattering angle according to the Compton formula:

$$\lambda_{\theta} - \lambda_{0} = \Delta \lambda = \frac{h}{\frac{m_{e}}{e}} (1 - \cos\theta)$$
(1)

Where,

 λ_0 is the incident wavelength of photon, λ_0 is the scattered wavelength of photon, *h* is Planck's constant, *m* is the rest mass of electron, *c* is the velocity of light and θ is the scattering angle of the photon.

The Compton scattering process is illustrated in Figure 1. In the figure, Φ is the scattering angle of the recoiled electron.

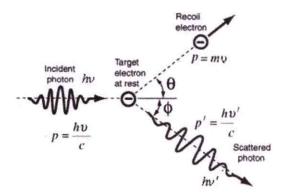


Figure 1. Compton scattering

The value $\frac{h}{m_c^c} = 0.02426$ Å is called Compton wavelength of electron. In terms of energy Equation (1) can be rewritten as

$$E_{\theta} = E_0 \frac{1}{1 + (\gamma \cdot (1 - \cos\theta))}$$
(2)

where E_{θ} and E_{θ} are energy of incident and scattered photon, respectively, and

 $\gamma = \frac{0}{m_e c^2}$. For high energy photons with ($\lambda << 0.02$ Å or E >> 511 keV), the wavelength

of the scattered radiation is always of the order of the Compton wavelength whereas for low energy photons (E << 511 keV), the Compton shift is very small. In other words, in a non-relativistic energy regime, Compton scattering results approach the results predicted by classical Thompson scattering.

Compton's experiment had a lot of significance that time since it gave clear and independent evidence of particle-like behaviour of light. Compton was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1927 for the "discovery of the effect named after him".

The differential Compton scattering cross section was correctly formulated by Klein-Nishina in 1928 using quantum mechanical calculations. This formula is famously known as Klein-Nishina formula which is expressed as follows:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = r^{2} \frac{1 + \cos^{2}\theta}{1 + \gamma(1 - \cos\theta)^{2}} \left[1 + \frac{\gamma^{2}(1 - \cos\theta)^{2}}{(1 + \cos^{2}\theta)(1 + \gamma(1 - \cos\theta))}\right]$$
(3)

Here, $r_0 = \frac{e}{\frac{2}{10}}$ is the classical electron radius and has the value $r_0 = 2.8179 \times 10^{-15}$

m. This result is for the cross section averaged over all incoming photon polarizations. By integrating Equation (3) over all angles, the total cross section can be obtained.

In this experiment gamma rays from a Cs¹³⁷ source are used as the source of photons that are scattered. Difference in the incident and scattered energy and wavelength of the photons is determined by a calibrated scintillation detector placed at different scattering angles. The relative intensities I_{θ} of the scattered radiation peaks can be compared with the predictions of the Klein-Nishina formula for the differential effective

cross section $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$ by calculating the calibration factor C using the formula below:

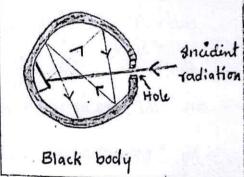
$$C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{\theta=0}^{n} \frac{I}{\left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)}$$

Intioduction to quantum mechanics -O Classical mechanics explains the motion of the macroscopic particles based on the Newton's laws of mechanics. - Classical mechanics cannot explain when we consider the motion of the microscopic particles of the atomic system such as electrons, protons etc. -> Quantum theory was able to explain the nature of the light waves interms of discrete packets known as quanta -> Classical mechanics successfully explained the phenomenon such as interference, diffraction and polarization based on the wave nature of light -> In the early 20th century a new theory was developed by "Max Planck" known as quantum theory based on the particle nature of light -> Einstein was successfully explained the "photo-electric effect" based on the planck's hypothesis, that a quantum of radiation carries an energy 'hu'. -> The phenomenon such as compton effect and black body radiation are also explained based on the particle nature of light.

Black body radiation :-A body that completely absorbs radiations of all wavelengths incident on it. is called a prefect black body" -> When a black body is heated, it emits radiations of all wavelengths which is known as black body radiations. -> Ex: Farry's black body. Wein's black body are artificial black bodies.

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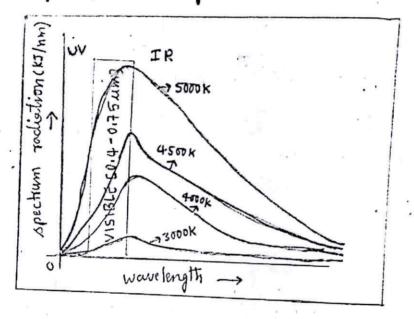
- A perfect black body is a good absorber as well as good emitter of heat.
- -> A black body is a hollow containes with a narrow opening chole), it is made up of copper or iron material.
- -> Its ennus surface is costed with Lampblack.



- -> When any radiation enters into the hollow container. Through hole and gets multiple reflections at the walls and gets absorbed.
- -> when the hollow container is heated at various temperatures it will emits radiations of all wavelength.
- -> This diffuent wavelength spectrum can be analyzed by an IR spectrometer.
- This spectrum is depends only on the temperature of hollow container but not on the material of the hollow container.

Pistrebutions of energy as a function of wavelength at different templiqature as shown below graph.

→ The graph shows that at a given temperature radiations energy density initially encreases with increasing wavelength, then peaks at a perticular wavelength (rm) and after that decreases and finally to min (zero) at very high wavelength.



→ Stefan-Boltzmann law: "The total radiation emitted from a black body at temperature (T) is proportional to the forth fourth power of the absolute temperature of the body T^P

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$$E = -T^{9}$$

$$= -T^{9}$$

$$= 5.678 \times 10^{8} J/ms - k^{9}$$

Planck's radiation law:-

Max Planck in 1900 introduced the quantum theory of radiation to explain the distribution of energy in the spectrum of black body radiation.

- -> He assumed that the atoms of the walls of a black body behave as ascillators.
- -> The oscillator can emit & absorb energy only inthe form of packets of energy (hv) but not continuously. i.e cmission of absorbtion of energy occurs only when oscillator jumps from one energy state to another
- -> The energy of the oscillation is quantasech

 $E = nh\vartheta$: n = 0, 1, 2 - - - $\vartheta = frequency of oscillation$ $h = Planck's constant (= 6.62 \times 10^{34} Js)$

(81) $\Delta E = \Delta nhu$. $E_2 - E_1 = (n_2 - n_1)hu$

If N be the total no. of oscillators and E as the energy of these oscillators, then average energy is given by.

$$\begin{split} \overline{E} &= \frac{E}{N} \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{let} \quad N_0, N_1, N_2, \dots, N_n \text{ as the no. of oscillators having} \\ energy values $0, E, 2E, \dots, \overline{NE}$ respectively.

$$N = N_0 + N_1 + N_2 + \dots + N_n \rightarrow \textcircled{0} \\ \text{Jotal energy} \quad E = 0 \cdot N_0 + E N_1 + 2E N_2 + \dots + \overline{NE} N_n \rightarrow \textcircled{0} \end{split}$$$$

$$\overline{E} = \frac{E}{N} = \frac{MOE}{EI - e^{-E/KT}} \times \frac{EI}{N}$$

,

$$\overline{E} = \frac{E \cdot e^{-E |KT|}}{C \cdot e^{-E |KT|}} \Longrightarrow \underline{E}$$

$$\frac{C_1 - e^{-\varepsilon_1 k \tau_1}}{e^{-\varepsilon_1 k \tau_1}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{e^{-\varepsilon_1 k \tau_1}} \\ e^{-\varepsilon_1 k \tau_1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overline{E} = \frac{E}{\left(\frac{1}{e^{-E}|k|}-1\right)} \Longrightarrow \overline{E} = \frac{E}{\left(e^{E|kT}-1\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall he energy density of radiation (u_{v}) in the frequency range
u & u + u is given by.
$$u_{v} dv = \frac{8\pi v}{c^{3}} dv \cdot \overline{e}
\qquad u_{v} dv = \frac{8\pi v}{c^{3}} dv \times \frac{hv}{e^{hv}(hT_{-1})} dv \qquad C::e=hv]
\boxed{u_{v} dv = \frac{8\pi hv^{3}}{c^{3}(e^{hv}(hT_{-1}))}}
Above relation is known as planck's radiation intums of frequency.
$$\Rightarrow Planck's law in terms of wavelength is given by.
\boxed{u_{v} dv = \frac{8\pi hv}{\lambda^{5}} \left[\frac{1}{e^{hv}(hT_{-1})}\right]}
\boxed{u_{v} dv = \frac{8\pi hv}{\lambda^{5}} \left[\frac{1}{e^{hv}(hT_{-1})}\right]}
\frac{v_{v} dv = \frac{2}{\lambda}}{u^{2}} d\lambda
\qquad u_{v} dv = \frac{2}{\lambda^{5}} d\lambda$$$$$$

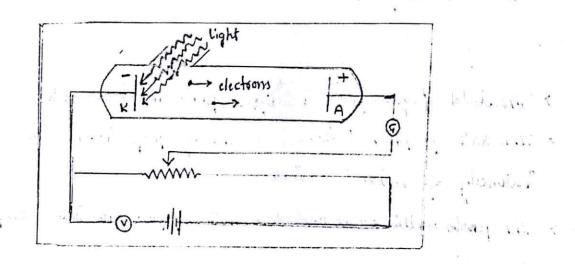
Resultion of different laws from planck's law:-

1) been been's law: - when the wavelength and temperature (T) are very small environ >>1. Therefore, I can be neglected in demomenator

$$\mathcal{U}_{\lambda} d\lambda = \frac{8\pi hc}{\lambda^5} \left[\frac{d\lambda}{e^{nc/kt}} \right]$$

(2) Rayleigh - Jeans laws.
For and large wave length
$$\lambda$$
, then
For high temperature CT) and large wave length λ , then
 $e^{hchkt} \cong 1 + \frac{hc}{\lambda kT}$; $u_{\lambda} d\lambda = \frac{3\pi hc}{\lambda t} \left[\frac{d\lambda}{J + c \frac{hc}{\lambda kT}} - J \right]$
 $u_{\lambda} d\lambda = \frac{3\pi kT}{\lambda t} \frac{d\lambda}{d\lambda}$

Photo-electric effect :-Photo-electric effect is the phenomenon in which the electrons are released from a metal surface, when light of suitable frequency incident on it. The mital is said to be a photo-sensitive metal. The emitted electrons are known as photo-electrons. The emitted electrons is called photo-electrons.



→ In 1905 Einstein successfully explained the photo-electric effect
→ According to Einstein when a light beam of photons of energy (E=hu) incident on metal surface, the energy of photons is transferred to the electrons to the surface of mital
→ one photon(of energy (E)=hu) is completely absorbed by one electron and gains one quantum of energy.
→ Energy of photon is used in two parts.
One part of photon energy is used to remove the electron metal surface, this energy is known as photo-electric work function [wo].

The other part of photon energy is used to increase in Kinetic energy of the photo-electron

 $\therefore h v = w_0 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

Features of the photo-electric effect :-

- -> Threshold frequency (US) is differs from metal to metal. -> The rate of photo etections is directly proportional to the intensity of incident radiation
- -> The pholo electric emission does not depend on the temp. of metal.
- -> The energy of photo electrons is directly proportional to This frequency of incident radiation

-> photo-elections are on emitted from the metal only if the frequency of photon is above thereshold frequency.

-> If the energy of photon can only semore the electron from the metal, then KIE of the photo-electron is zero.

. ho ≈ 60. (: 1 mv = 0) 1. -> The plot b/w KTE wo & U. is ->.

Devisson & Germer Experiment: First practical evidence for the matter waves was given by C.J. Devision & L.H. Games in 1927. This was the first expressionental support to de-Tseoglie. hypothesis Perisson & Gernch were studying scattering of electron from caystal & demonstrated the wave nature of the particle Experimental setup: HTB 111-TCNikkel touget) -0= Pin-hole cylinder (collimates) (S) And and and have have been de * Election collector -toutyaling Galvanomity cucular scale 1.1.1 consist of 3 parts; O Stection gun Caller. 1 Target 3 circular scale arrengement. -> The whole set up is kept in vaccame. - The job of election gun is to provide a fine beam of electrons of a required velocity, it consist of a filament (F), Low tension battery (LTB), Nigh tension battery

ond fin hole cylinder(s) → When target filament 's heated by LTB. then elections are produced. these elections are accelerated to a required velocity by applying sufficient potential on HTB. → The accelerated electrons are collimated into a bram of pencil ray passing through fin hole collimator (s) → The fast moving beam of electrons from election gun made to inicient on the Nickel target, which can be rotated about an anis perpendicular to the plane of destron beam.

-> The electrons are scattered in all possible direction by The atomic planes of the crystal

→ In the circular scale arrengement, the electron collector is fixed to circular scale, which can be collected the et and can more along the circular scale → The eol electron collector is conected to sensitive galvanometer to mature the intensity of electron entering into the collector.

48V 54V 60

-> It is absorved that the no. of scattered electrons intensity along with potential (N) by the graph. -> A potential of 54v applied, the maximum no. of electrons are scattered, maximum diffection shown in the galvanometer, and angle on circular scale is 50°, and latas it was decreased slowly. . According to de TBroglee wavelength $\lambda = \frac{h}{P}$ $\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2meV}} = \frac{12 \cdot 26}{\sqrt{V}} A^{\circ}.$ where V=54V => X=12:26 = 1.668A=A . According to Brogg's conditions nd=2dsing. -> Where O is angle blu atomic planes of incident says -> In our expiriment 0= 65° (180-50) and distance blue atomis f Intident ray planus d= 0.91A 8:50° 7,5 $1 \times \lambda = 2 \times 0.91 \times \text{sings}^{\circ}$ $\lambda = 1.656 A^{\vee}$ -> A wavelengths of the electron collected from Brogg's law and de-Toroglie egis are in good arrengement. -> Hence the wave nature of particle is proved experimentally

Heisenberg's Uncertainty minuple:-

Uncertainty principle of quantum mechanics was discortered by Heisenberg in 1927. The uncertainty principle is a direct consequence of the dual nature of the wave matter.

When we regard a moving particle as a wave group, then it may be located anywhere whe within the wave group. at any given time, we cann't estimate the exact position of the particle inside the wave group. it arises some uncertainly Hence; According to The Heisenberg uncertainty principle "It it is impossible to Know or to measure the both the exact position and momentum of a particle at the some time."

→ Therefore simultaneous determation of a pair of physical quantities (position & momentum) of a particle is not possible with required accuracy.

- Anothis form of uncertainty concerns energy & time. $\Delta E \cdot \Delta t \ge \frac{h}{4\pi} \qquad \Delta E \to Energy.$

-> Another two variables DJ.00 ≥ h 4TT DJ > Angular momentum uncertainty >0 > Angular displacement uncertainty. -thus, the generalized statement of Heisenberg uncertainty principle is " It is impossible to spicify precessly and simultaneously the values of both no. of puticlas pairs of physical variable that discube the behaviour of an atomic system. Boin's interpretation of of the wavefunction:--> Max Born in 1926 was given a satisfactory interpretation of the wavefunction (4) is associated with the moving particle -> Wavefunction (4) is a variable quantity that mathematically discrebes the variation of matterwave., -> It is a complex complitude of wavematter matterwave. -> It is a complex function (x+iy). It does not have a direct physical meaning -> It's complex conjugate is y*=(z-iy) -> The product of The wavefunction (4) and its complex conjugate is a real quantity ψ"ψ=(x+iy)(x-iy)=x+y" is a real.

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-> This can represent the probability density of locating The particle at a place in a given instant time. -> For the total probabilities of finding a particle in the JI Widzdydz =1 (Normalized), Here dx, dy, dz is the volume of space. -> The wavefunction ('4) satisfying this condition is said to be normalized. Limitation of wavefunction :-There are cartain limitations to take '4' as a function +81 the solution of the Schrodinger wave equation. They all > y must be finite for the values of 2, 4.83 ----- y must be a single valued. where the potential energy is infinite. y vanishes at the boundaries. and the set of the standard stands of and the second

Schrodinges's time indipendent wave equation:-

According to the de-Tseoglie's hypothesis, the posticle in the motion is always associated with a wave. To discribe the motion of a particle interms of its associated wave. Schoolinger derived a wave equation in 1928, is known is schrodinger wave equation. If a particle of motion mass(m), moving with a velocity (v) is associated with a group of waves. Let '4' is the wavefunction of the particle. A. one-dimensional wave equation for a steady wave associated with a particle is $\Psi(x) = A \sin(\omega t - kx) \longrightarrow (i)$ Here A - Amplitude K - wave no. (217/2) diffuentiating (400) partially with respect to 'x' twice $\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} = -kA\cos(\omega t - kx)$ $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^2} = -k^2 A \sin(\omega t - kx)$ From eq D [WIN = A SIM (Wt - KX)] $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^2} = - K \psi(x)$ $\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} + k^2 \Psi(x) = 0$

+ Application of schedinges wave of :width = L Particle in one démensional box:--> consider a particle moving inside a box along the x-direction. -> The particle is bouncing back and. 4 -forth 6/w the walks of the box. having. massum infinite height at X=0 & X=1. i.e. walls of infinite potential well. x=0 -> The potential onegy "v" of the particle can be assumed to be zelo b/w x=0 to x=1. but rises infinite on both sides of the box, the particle can not be "exco escape from the box Ĩ.e V(x)=0 for O<xLL and VCX)= a x<0 and x>L -> Since the particle can not exist outside the box. so its wavefunction (4) is zero -> "i.e The probability of finding the particle outside must be zero) Anside the box wavefunction (4) is finite -> The motion of the particle in 1-19 box can be. discribed by the schoolinger's wave equation J WIN $\frac{\psi(n)}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2m}{n^2} CE - \sqrt{3} \psi(n) = 0 \longrightarrow 0$ within the box v=0 [potential energy v=0]

$$\frac{\tilde{\delta}\psi(x)}{\tilde{\delta}x^{*}} + \frac{2mE}{k^{*}}\psi(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{\tilde{\delta}\psi(x)}{\tilde{\delta}x^{*}} + \tilde{\kappa}\psi(x) = 0 \longrightarrow (3)$$
Where $\tilde{\kappa} = \frac{2mE}{k^{*}} \longrightarrow (3)$
This is the wave equation for a free particle inside

a potential well.

The general solution for this eq. is

 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx + B\cos kx \longrightarrow (3)$

Where $A \notin B$ are the constants

Now applying the boundary conditions.

 $\rightarrow \psi(x) = 0$ of $x = 0 \cdot C t^{s+1} =$

 $A \sin k(0) + B \cos k(0) = 0$

 $b t =$

 $\delta t = 3 = 0$

 $\delta t = 3 = 0$

 $\psi(x) = 0$ $A = x = 1$ $\oint B = 0$.

 $\psi(x) = 0$ $A = 1$ $\oint B = 0$.

 $\psi(x) = 0$ $A = 1$ $\oint B = 0$.

 $\psi(x) = 0$ $A = 1$ $\oint B = 0$.

 $\delta t = 3 = 0$

 $\delta t = 3 = 0$

1

· KL=nTT $K = \underline{n} \prod$ Thus (1/x)=Asin(1)x ~> 6 cq @ is known as wavefunction eq. from eq AVE $\frac{\tilde{n}\pi^2}{L^2} = \frac{2mE}{\tilde{\kappa}^2}$ $\left| \vdots E_n = \frac{nh}{8mL^2} \right| \frac{h_n}{2\pi}$ 6) Mhere n= 1,2,3 -> By this equation we can adjudate concluded that the energy of the particle is quantised. -> It can not vary continuously but can take only certain discrete energy levels -> Each value of En(N=1,2....) is called Eigen value and corresponding the is called Eigen function -> The value of A can be obtained by, normatization condition . i.e ente providente $\int |\psi(x)|^2 dx = 1$ sub you'in above eq. $\int A^{T} \sin^{T}(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) dx = 1$

$$\frac{A}{2}\int_{0}^{L} \left[L - \cos\left[\frac{2\pi \ln x}{L}\right]\right] dx = 1$$

$$\frac{A}{2}\int_{0}^{L} \left[K - \frac{1}{2\pi \ln} \sin\left[\frac{2\pi \ln x}{L}\right]\right]_{0}^{L} = 1$$

$$\frac{A}{2}\int_{0}^{L} \left[K - \frac{1}{2\pi \ln} \sin\left[\frac{2\pi \ln x}{L}\right]\right]_{0}^{L} = 1$$

$$\frac{A}{2}\int_{0}^{L} = 1 \implies A = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}}$$

$$\therefore \text{ The normalization is } \Psi_{n}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left[\frac{\pi \pi x}{L}\right]$$

$$\frac{\pi \ln x}{\ln x} \text{ solution for one dimensional potential box.}$$

$$4f \text{ a patticle in } 3 - 9 \text{ potatial box.}$$

$$\Psi_{n}(x) = \left(\frac{3}{L^{3}}\right)^{N_{2}} \sin\left[\frac{\pi \pi}{L}\right] x \sin\left[\frac{\pi \pi}{L}\right] y \sin\left[\frac{\pi \pi}{L}\right] z$$

$$4s \text{ Ha} \int_{0}^{1} \frac{\pi \pi \pi x}{\ln x} \left[\frac{\pi \pi \pi x}{L}\right] = 1$$

$$E_{1} = \frac{1}{2\pi \ln x} \left[\frac{\pi \pi \pi x}{L}\right] = 1$$

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solido :-

A solid consist of a large no of closely packed atoms (or) molecules. The physical structure of a solid and its properties are related to the arrengement of atoms or molecules in the solid.

→ solids are classified into two types based on the attengement of atoms or molecules. They are i) crystalline solids,

and ii) Amorphous Slids

→ In omnolphous solids, the atoms or molecules are * randomly which have no regular structure. Example - rubber, glass etc. Symmetry in solids (81) registalline solids:-

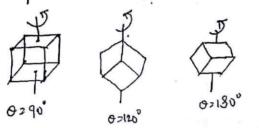
Symmetry in solids means. The atoms of indecules are arranged in a regular manner i e the atomic array in periodic. -> Each atom is at regular intervels along arrays in all directions of the crystal.

Examples - Al, Cu, Ag, Tungston, deamond, Nach etc.

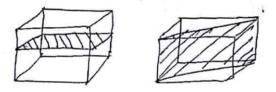
-> Crystalline solids may be single crystalline solids (or) polycrystalline solid.

-> In single crystalline solids, the periodicaty of atoms or molecules is extended to the entire crystal. > In polycrystalline solids it is extended to small regions Known as grains

i) Axis of symmetry :- Auring the notation of the crystal around an axis, if it occupies two or more identical position in a complete rolation (300°)



ii) Plane of symmetry :- In plane of symmetry a crystal cut into two halves in such a way that one half becomes the miroror image of the other half.



(1.**7** -

iii) centre of symmetry: - In centre of symmetry : a point in a crystal such that a line drawn from any point on the crystal through this point; equal distance is produced on the other side of this central point

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The Argen

electron theory of solids :-

-> - The electron theory of solids explains

stouctural, electoical, magnètic and thermal proporties

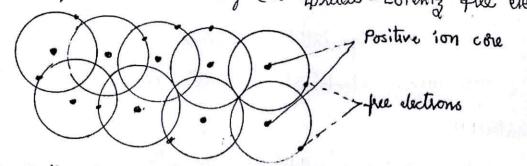
→ The electron theory is applicable to all solids contably non metals)
⇒ This theory has been developed in three main steges
1) The classifical free electron theory:→ According to this theory, the metal containing free electrons which are responsible for electrical conductivity obeys the laws of classical mechanics. Here potential of electron is uniform entire the metal
→ The quantum free electron theory *→ According to this theory, the que electrons more with a constant potential obeys quantum laws
→ The quantial obeys quantum laws
→ This developed by sommelfeld in 1928.

Above theories are failed to explain why some substances behaves as excellent insulators even they have certain free electrons. A solution to this problem was given by zone theory or Bound theory of solids

3) Zone theory or Band theory ?-

According to this theory the free electron more in a periodic field provided by the lattice 'a'

1) classical free electron theory (05) prude - Lorentz free electron theory:



According to Drude - Lorentz theory (Assumptions)

- → When a large no. of atoms arranged in 3D lattice point to form a metal, the boundaries of neighbouring atoms slightly overlaped with each other.
- → pue to this overlapping valance electrons of all atoms are free to move within the metal lattice, these electrons are called free electrons
- → These free electrons more randomly within the metal so that net current is zero in the obsence of electric field
- → These free electrons treated as gas molecules confined in a vessel.

-> free electrons obey Parili's exclusion principle.

 → When electric field is applied, current is produced due to the drift 'velocity of the electron,^{so}these free electrons are also known as conduction electrons.
 → The electrostatic field due to the positive ion core is constant and uniform hence negligible.

- -> The forces of attraction between the electrons and positive ion core, the forces of repulsion between the electrons is negligible
- 2) Quantum free electron theory (or) sommerfield theory (assumption) Sommefield proposed quantum free electron theory. He treated as electron as a quantum particle The free electrons in a metal can have only discrete energy values.
 - > Thus the energies of elections are quantized.
 - -> The electron obey Pauli's exclusion principle.

i.e there can not be mole than two electrons in any energy level

- -> The distribution of electron in various energy levels obey the Fermi-Airac quantum statistics.
- → Free electrons have the same potential energy within the metal. because of the potential due to ionic cores is uniform throughout the metal.
- -> the electrons are toeated as wave-like particle

13435

Fermi - Aurac distribution :-

According to fermi-Dirac distribution -> The system is consist of identical. independent and indestinguishable particles of having half integral spin. -> The particles which obey fermi-Dirac statistic are called fermions example - electrons, protons, Neutrons etc.

- -> The fermions must obey Pouli's exclusion principle i.e there can be only one particle in each state.
- → Interchanging of two particle of the system leaves the resultant system in an antisymmetric state

$$\frac{n_{i}(E)}{q_{i}(E)} = \frac{\frac{q_{i}(E)}{(e^{(E-E_{f})/kT}+1)}}{\frac{n_{i}(E)}{q_{i}(E)}} = \frac{1}{(e^{(E-E_{f})/kT}+1)}$$

where n: - no. of posticle in energy state E g: - statistical weight factor E_F - fermi chergy level

-> fami energy is indipendent of remperature.

case i) At T=oc; E<E_F

$$\frac{n_i(e)}{g_i(e)} = 1$$

4.12

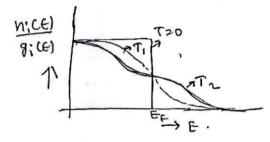
case ii) At T=0; E>EF.

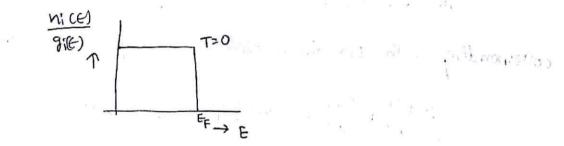
$$\frac{N;(e)}{9;(e)} = 0$$

→ At n;=0 : means

All such energy states which have energies greatesthem fermi energy are vacent

-> so that all states with energies up to EF are filled.

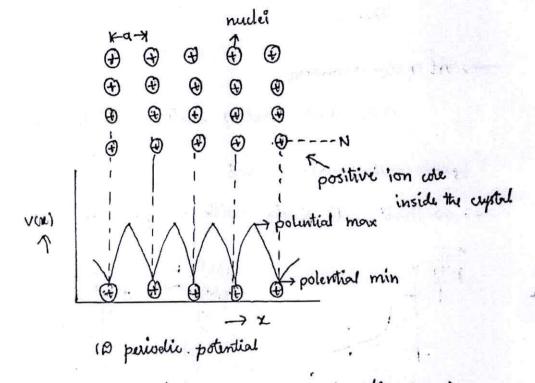




Electron in a periodic potential (Bloch theorem) :-

A crystalline solid consist of a lattice which is composed by a large no. of ioncore at regular intervels and the conduction electrons that can more freely throughout the lattice

Let a conduction electron has a potential energy (V) due to its position in the lattice, the variation of Potential energy inside the metallic crystal is periodic as shown in the diagram Ane potential is minimum at the positive ion core site. and Maximum between the two ions.



the electron is represented by a wave function '4(2)' corresponding with one dimensional schoolinger wave equation

 $\frac{\partial \psi(\mathbf{x})}{\partial x^{\nu}} + \frac{2m}{n^{\nu}} EE - v(\mathbf{x})] \psi(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \longrightarrow (\mathbf{x})$

Here vire is the periodic potential

periodic potential (V(2)) may be defined by means of Lattice constant a as $v(x) = v(x + a) \longrightarrow @$ where x-distance of the electron from any ion core and a is lattice constant (or) periodicity.

According to Bloch; wave & equation has the solution

the above equation is known as Bluch function.

where $U_{k}(\mathbf{x}) - p$ eriodic function

Exp(ikx) is plane wave solution.

let us consider a linear chain of atoms of length "L" in one dimensional with 'N' no. of atoms in the chain,

$$U_{k}(x) = U_{k}(x+N,\alpha) \longrightarrow \bigoplus => x = (x+N\alpha)$$

from eg 3 & @

$$\Psi_{k}(x+N\alpha) = U_{k}(x+N\alpha) \exp(ik(x+N\alpha))$$

=> $\exp(ikN\alpha) U_{k}(x) \exp(ikx)$

 $\psi_{k}(x + Na) = \psi(x) \exp(ikNa) \longrightarrow \mathfrak{S}$

eg (s) is called Bloch condition.

Jaking the complex conjugate of the above eq. $\Psi_{k}^{*}(\text{RetNa}) = \Psi_{k}^{*}(\text{Rep}(-ikNa)) \longrightarrow (6)$ may have be

Mulliplying eg \$\$

$$\begin{array}{c} \psi_{k}(x+Na), \psi_{k}^{*}(x+Na) = \psi_{k}(2e), \psi_{k}^{*}(x) \longrightarrow \textcircled{P} \\ \text{i.e. the probability of finding the electron is also periodic in nature, when the potential is periodic. \\ \text{Hence from eq. (5)} \end{array}$$

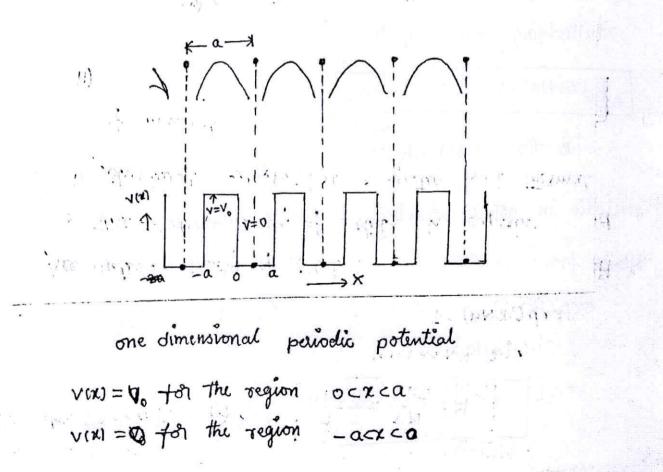
ive KNa=2TIN

$$K = \frac{2\pi n}{Na} \Longrightarrow \frac{2\pi n}{L} \longrightarrow \textcircled{} Na = L (lengths of the chain of ottom).$$

If we consider N=2n

then $k \ge \frac{\pi}{a} \rightarrow \text{represent boundary and is called Lif Brillouin Zone,}$ Kronig - Penny modal :-

According to tronig-Penny modal The elections move in a periodic potential produced by the positive ion core. The potential of the election varies periodically with the periodicity of the core → potential energy of the election is zero near the nucleus and maximum between the two adjacent nuclei → nuclei are separated by the interatomic spacing "a" → The variation of the potential of the election. which it is moving through ion core is represented by in the form of rectomyular walls as shown in the diagram.



The Schrodinger wave equation for the two regions " can be writtin as

$$\frac{\partial \Psi(\mathbf{x})}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{2mE}{\hbar^2} \Psi(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \longrightarrow () \quad (:, v=0)$$

$$\frac{\partial \Psi(x)}{\partial x^{\nu}} + \frac{2m}{k^{\nu}} [E - v_0] \Psi(x) = 0 \longrightarrow @ [:: v = v_0]$$

assume ECV. $\partial \tilde{\psi}(x)$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi(u)}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{2m}{h^{2}} [V_{0} - E] \varphi(u) = 0 \longrightarrow (3)$$

let us put
$$d^{\frac{n}{2}} = \frac{2mE}{\pi^2}$$
 and $\beta = \frac{2m(v_0-E)}{\pi^2}$

equipeque can be written as.

$$\frac{\partial \psi(w)}{\partial x^{-}} + d^{2}\psi(x) = 0 \longrightarrow \Phi$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{\psi}(\mathbf{x})}{\partial \mathbf{x}^{\gamma}} + \beta^{\gamma} \psi(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \longrightarrow \mathbf{E}$$

the solution for the 'eg @ & S can be written in

the Bluch form as. $\psi(x) = \psi_k(x) e^{-ikx} \rightarrow 6$

where
$$v_{k}(x)$$
 is periodicity of the ion core
through lattice constant a:
i.e $v_{k}(x) = v_{k}(x + nq)$; $K = \frac{2\pi i}{\lambda}$

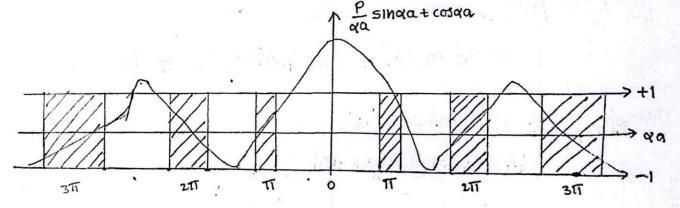
k y

The form of Up (2) depends on the exact nature of the potential field

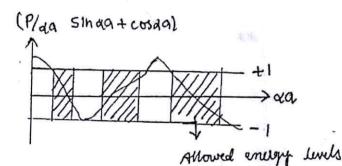
 \rightarrow AS vo increases the width of the potential box is decreases such that $v_0 a = constant$ [:: $v_0 a \frac{1}{a}$]

it tuins out that solution are possible only for energies
given by the relation
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos k\alpha = \frac{p}{\sqrt{\alpha}} \sin \alpha \alpha + \cos \alpha \alpha \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\qquad } = \xrightarrow{\qquad } = \underbrace{\cos k\alpha = \frac{p}{\sqrt{\alpha}} \sin \alpha \alpha + \cos \alpha \alpha}_{h} \xrightarrow{\qquad } = \xrightarrow{\qquad } = \underbrace{p}_{h} \xrightarrow{\qquad } = \underbrace{p$$

→ The left hand side of the eq € is ploted as a function of all for the different value of `P' which is shown in diagram → The right hand side only lakes the values b/w -1 to t1 as indicated by horizontal lines in fig



- and forbidden band
- i) The width of the allowed energy band increases with increase of energy values (increasing the value of aa)



iii) with increasing $P(potential \frac{ballies}{ballies})$ width of the allowed region decreases As $P \rightarrow \infty_i$ the allowed band decreases infinituely narrow and the energy spectrum is a line spectrum as shown in degram $P^{2\infty}$

iv), when $P \ge 0$ then the all electrons are completely free to move in the crystal. Hence no energy level exists, this case supports the classical free electron theory. $P \ge 0$

E-K fligger :using the equation $\frac{P}{dq} \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \cos k\alpha$, it is possible to plot a curve showing the energy E as a function of Kinoween which is shown in diagreem. It is clear from the the diagreem that the energy of the electron is continuously increasing from k=0 to $\frac{\pi}{\alpha}$, the righthand side of the eq. becomes ± 1 to -1 for

the values of k=+ntt and hence discontinuously appeals in the E - K graph at $K = \pm n\pi$ 1 - 1 - 1 - J - (+ 1) - + tribudden band T) allowed torbidden band 14 allowel to bidden bond > allowed -61 - 51 - 4T - 3T -> from the graph it can be seen that the energy spectrum of electron is consisting allowed region and forbidden region > The allowed region of zone extended from - Ta to Ta is known as 1st Boillouin zone yours on south assure at -> Afler a discontinuity in energy, called forbidden gop the another allowed region or zone extended from - 21 to 211 and The to 21, this is known as 2nd Boillfouin zone > In the same way truther Boillouin zone will be continued the equation of small organization is no NOW S to plot a curre smouthy the multiplite is a familion. which is shown in dispress. St is a clear from the iter of the that the energy of the shellon is continuously increasing a s is a construction of the state to the state of the stat

classification of solids.

Based on forbidden energy bandgap, solids are classified into three Types They are :- i) conductors (metats) ii) Insulators and iii) semiconductors

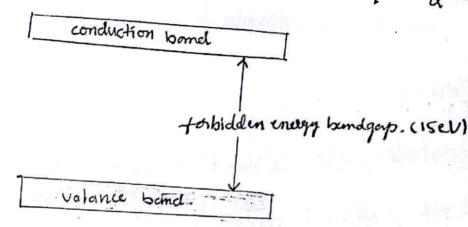
i) conductors cmetals) :-

⇒ In conductors, valence bound overlaps conduction band
⇒ There are sufficient no. of free electrons are available.
> free electrons freely more within the valence and conduction bound. so that electrical conduction produced.
⇒ In conductors no forbidden energy bandgap is between conduction bound and valence bound.

envoya Forerlap

i) Insulators :-

- → In énsulators. forbidden energy band gap (15 eV) between conduction band and valance band.
- -> valance band is filled with valance electron and conduction band is empty so that electric conductivity is zero.



iii) semiconductors :-

- → The conductivity is Ties in between conductors and semiconducter → there is small energy bound gup (1ev) is present b/w bound conduction and insulators valence bound.
- -> semiconductors behaves as conductors at very high temp.

conduction	bomol		
ter	bidden	energy	band (IEV)
.Valance lanna	4		

Effective mass of electron (m"):-

→ When an electron in a periodic potential of lattice is accelerated by an electric field, then the mass of the electron is called effective mass (m*) and which is different from the mass (m) of the free electron in free space
 → one effective mass (m*) depender on the nature of the crystallattice and varies with the direction of motion of the free electron in the lattice

let us consider an electron of charge 'e' and masser". moving inside a crystal lattice of electric fuld (E)

The electric force on the electron F = e E

but $F = m^* a \longrightarrow 0$ $m^* a = eE$, acceleration $a = \frac{eE}{m^*} \longrightarrow 0$

considering the free electron as a wave packet, the group velocity (Vg) corresponding to the particle velocity can be written as

 $V_q = \frac{d\omega}{dk} => \frac{2\pi d\omega}{dk} \quad (:: \omega = 2\pi \omega)$

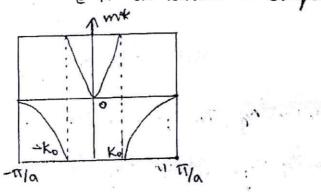
 $= \sum \frac{2\pi}{h} \frac{dE}{dk} = \sum \frac{1}{h} \frac{dE}{dk} \left[\frac{1}{2\pi} E - h \log \frac{h}{2\pi} + h \right]$

But accidaration $a = \frac{d}{dt} v_g$ => $\frac{1}{K} \frac{dE}{dttk}$

Deviding & Multiplying with it' to right side eq. => 1/2 - dE ak + dK

since P = hK and $\frac{w}{dt} = F$ $\therefore \frac{dk}{dt} = \frac{F}{h}$ $a > \frac{1}{h^2} \frac{d^2 E}{dk^2} \cdot F$ $F = \frac{h^2}{dk^2} \times a \longrightarrow 3$ from eqr 0 & 3 $m^* = \frac{h^2}{dk^2}$

Thus, the mass of a moving electron in a periodic battice is not constant, it is a function of K, and depends on $\frac{1}{\sqrt{E}}$ The graph blue mt & K as shown in diagram



Origin of energy bands "-

In an atom, the electrons are tightly bound and have discrete sharp energy levels. when two identical atoms are brought closer, the outermost orbits of these atoms overlapsed and interact. The energy levels corresponding to those atoms split and form a set of bands of very closely spaced levels

= h x 2 t > h => P

 $\frac{d}{dt}P = m\frac{dv}{dt} = > ma = F$

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K 바. 바.

"It more atoms are brought together, more levels are formed and for a solid of "N' atoms, each of the energy levels of an atoms splits into 'N' levels of energy

→ electrons ale occupy the lower energy bounds. Classification of solids: - Bomols:i) Valence bound :-

The electrons in the outermost shell (dibit) are called valence electrons. The band formed by a series of energy levels containing the valence electrons is known as valence band. -> Valence band may also be defined as a band which is occupied by the valence electron

- -> The barnel may be partially so completely filled up depending on the nature of the material.
- → valence electrons are responsible for electrical, thermal. and optical properties of solids.
- ii) conduction band :-

The next higher permitted bornel is the conduction band. this bornel may be empty of partially filled -> In conduction band the electrons are can move freely. -> At 'OK' conduction band is empty. -> valence band is conduction band both are called as Allowed energy bands: iii) Folbidden Enugy bond gap:-

Both the band conduction and valence band are separated by a gop known as forbidden gap (or) forbidden band -> This band collectively formed by series of energy leves above top of the valence band and below conduction band. -> no electron can exist in this band.

→ when an electron in the valence bound obserbs enough energy it crosses the forbidden energy gap and enters the conduction band

I + conduction bond (empty (or) partially filled, förbidden energy gop > valence band.

and the strategies

in in all

Semiconductor Physics & Devices UNIT-II Based on conduction mechanism, solids are classified into three catogories, they are (conductors (2) Semi conductors and 3 Insulators. -> In conductors, large no. of free electrons are avoilable for electric conduction mechanism. These materials have very low resistanty and very high ; conductivity. -> In insulators, no fere electrons are avoilable. These matereals have very high resistivity and almost zero. conductivity. -> From the point of band theory of solids, semiconductors differs from conductors and insulators because they. have a narrow forbedden energy gap. ~ The semiconductors have intermediate proprities of conductors and insulators. These materials have two types of charge calliers () electrons and () Holes. -> Semiconductors behaves as insulators at low temperatures and as conductors at high temperatures. -> These materials play vital role in all most all advanced electronic devices.

-> In the periodic table, there are eleven elements are semiconductors

→ Ex. Elemanium & Silicon...etc. Election-hole generation in a semiconductor:-

When a suitable form of energy is supplied to a semiconductor. Then electron take transition from valence band to conduction band. Hence a free electrons in conduction band and a free hole in valence band is formed. This phenomenon is Known as electron-hole pair generation.

Jypes of semiconductors :-There are two types of semiconductors. They are Intrensic semiconductors. Extremsic semiconductors.

Intrensic semiconductor -

A semiconductor in an extremely pure form is called as intrensic semiconductor Ex: Germanium and eselicon. I for intrinsic semiconductor the charge carriers are hole in valance band and electrons in conduction band. -> These charged carriers are generated due to the breaking of -covatent bonds -> In this semiconductor no. of conductions electrons are equal to no. of holes in valance band at OK temperature, Hence fame energy led level (Ef is exactly at the center of the forbidden energy gap. $\left| E_{f} = \frac{E_{c} + E_{v}}{2} \right|$ Explanation: Germanium → 32 (atomic no) > 15252p° 35 3p3 45 4p2 -> In the both cases of silicon and germanium have q valency electrons in its outermost sibil. covalent bond conduction band free electron - Ge Ge Ge Ge 7 E. (:) (:) (:) 3 Ge Ge Ge

(i) (i) (i) Ge Ge Ge Ge Valance band Hole from the above diagram, Neighbouring atoms of

Germanium (Ge) share 4' valence electrons with another '4' germanium (Ge) atoms, 4 electrons by co-valent bond process represented by curved lines.

Doping :- The process of adding impurity Estensic semiconductor :semiconductor - Finually one impurity atom is added to 10⁸ A semeconducting material in which the charge carriers to a pule semiconductor originate by impurity atoms added to the pure semiconductor. is called extrênsic semeconductor. -> They are obtained by doping. -> Based on the type of impurity added they are devided into two types ... () N-type semi conductor 2) P-type semiconductor.

P-type of semiconductor:

P-type of semiconductor is obtained by doping of trivalent impurity (Or) III group of elements like Boron, Gallium, Alluminium, Indium into an internsic semiconducto

The three valance electrons of an impurity atoms (Boron) pairs with 3-valance electrons of semiconductor (Ge), by covalent bond process, and one position at the impurity atom remains vacant is called hole, as shown in diagram.

-> In P-type of semiconductor majority charge carriers are holes and minority charge carriers are electrons. -> From the dime

-> Fron the diagram (energy), the energy level just above the valance band is acceptor energy level

→ At low temperatures, these acceptor atoms get ionized, taking electrons from valance band and thus giving rise to holes in valance band for conduction. N-type semiconductor :-

N-type of semiconductor is obtained by doping on intrinsic semiconductor with the pentavalent impusity (37) I group of elements like Phasphorous, Aesenic, Antimony.

The 4 valance electrons of the impurity atoms (phasphorous), bond with 4 valance electrons of the semiconductor (germanium) and the remaining one electron of the Phasphorous atom left free as shown in the diagram.

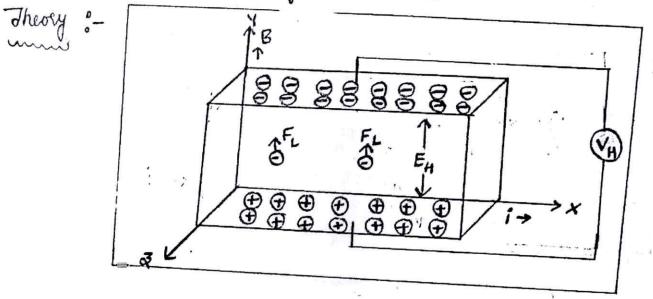
 $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$ $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$ $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$ $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$ $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$ $(\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot) (\cdot)$

- -> In the energy level diagram, the energy level of the fifth electrons is called donor level.
- -> The donor level is so close to the bottom of the conduction band.
- -> most of the donor level electrons are excited into the conduction band at the room temperatures and become the majority charge carriers.
- -> Hence in N-type semeconductors electrons are majority charge carriers.

Hall effect :-

"When a current carriery seminoductor is placed in a toansverse magnetic field, an electric field is produced inside the semiconductor in a direction normal to both the current and magnetic field. This phenomenon is known as Hall effect." -> Generated voltage is called "Hall voltage"

Hall effect was entroduced by e.H. Hall in 1879.



consider a sectangles state of semiconductor, carrying current in positive x direction. The magnitic field is acting along y-axis. Due to this applied magnitic field CB, charge carriess experiences a force (known as Lotentzefore F.) along the Z-axis. The Lorentz force $F_{-} = e \lor B$ causes electron accumulated on upper surface and positive charges accumulated on the lower surface of the semiconductor as shown in the diagram This separation of positive and negative charge carriers creates electric field which is known as Hall electric field $(E_{\rm H})$. The accumatetion of charge on the surfaces of semiconductor. continues until Hall electric field is equal to applied magnetic field (B). Ultimately a steady state is reached in which the net torce on the moving charges vanishes and the electron can again move freely along the ^{semi} conductor

The Loventz force $(F_L) = eV_d B$ The Hall force $(HF_H) = eE_H$ under equilibrium condition, $F_H = F_L$

 $E_{H} = V_{J}B \longrightarrow 0$ The selation between conductivity and driff velocity is $V_{J} = \frac{J}{he} \longrightarrow 0$

Substituting eq @ in @

$$E_{H} = \frac{JB}{he} \longrightarrow (3)$$

The Hall co-efficient is defined as the ratio of Hall field to the product of current density and magnetic field

Retermination of the Hall coefficient :-

> If "b' is the width of the sample across the Hall voltage Vy is measured.

$$E_{H} = \frac{V_{H}}{b} \qquad J = \frac{I}{bt}$$

$$R_{H} = \frac{E_{H}}{JB} \Rightarrow \frac{V_{H}}{JBb} \qquad V_{H} = \frac{R_{H}IB}{t}$$

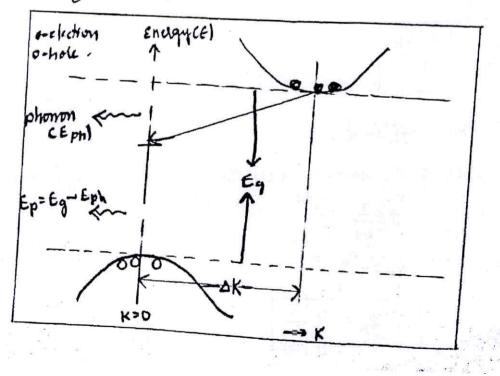
$$V_{H} = R_{H} \times JBb \qquad \therefore R_{H} = \frac{V_{H} \times t}{IB}$$

$$71 \qquad \therefore R_{H} = \frac{V_{H} \times t}{IB}$$

Indirected Bandgap. of semiconductor :-

- -> In a semiconductor if the minimum energy it in the conduction band is shifted by K-vector relative to the valance band
- → In Inducte bandgap of semiconductor election in the conduction band minimum recombine with hole in valance indisectly, band maximum called non-sadiative recombination.
 → Initially the electron release phonon of energy then recombine with hole
- in the ceretal lattice
- -> some defects (surface of bulk defects) are present in indirected bandgop of semiconductor.
- ~ The probability of non-sadiatine secombination is comparitely low.

Ex? - Silicon & Germanium

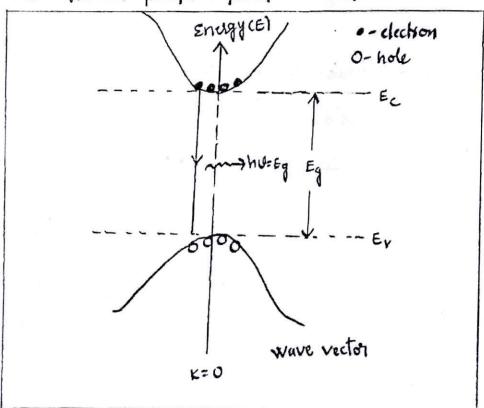


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Arrect bandgap of semiconductor:-In a semiconductor if the minimum of the conduction bound is directly above the maximum of valance bound in the energyis directly above the maximum of valance bound of the energywave vector (E-K) space is called droect bandgap semiconductor.wave vector (E-K) space is called droect bandgap semiconductor.wave vector at the conduction band minimum can recombine droedly with hole at valance band maximum i.e Radiative Recombination in the form of photon. Known as spontaneous emission.

→ The probability of radiative recombination is very high Ex:- Gallium Arsanide (GaAs)

and Indium phasphate phasphide (InP)



energy(E) - wave vector (K) (or momentum curve.

1

P-n junction diode :-Formation :-The P-n junction diode is formed by placing of P-type crystal in contact with n-type crystal. The surface of contact of p and n-type crystals is called p-n junction Deplation region 0 0 0 0 0 0 **0 0** 0 P-type 000.00 P-type P-n junction n-Type by posifive im wh -> When a p-n junction is formed, the excess electrons in the n-type crystal diffuses the noles in p-type crystal. similally the excess notes in the p-type crystal differences the electron in n-type crystal. -> This diffision process continues until the concentration of elections and holes on both sides are same (equal) → The migration of electrons to the p-side leaves positive ion colles on n-side, while the migration of holes to the n-side leaves negative ion core on p-side. -> Thus, the layer is formed at the junctions which is known as "peptation region". (on peptation layer. -> The width of the peptation region depands on the amount of impurity added to the semiconductor. $(1,1)^{(d)} = (1,1)^{(d)} (1$

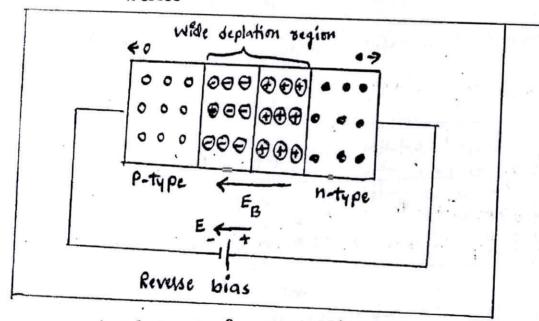
> The potential diffurnces across the deplation region is called potatial basseers. Energy diagress of p-n junction diode:-EL E, ECB ---EF EvB p-type n-type. Evo P-n Junction diede Vo Va-potential baries Biasing - " The process of applying external voltage to a p-n junction semiconductor diode called Biesing. 1) Folward Bias :-Norrow deplation region & face electron hole -> P-type 0 0 0 elected the 0 0 0 O 0 EB (bornier) E certanal) Battery " The present of applying estimat voltage to a rear junction semirconductor dans

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"The biasing the junction in stick a direction that the external Vollage cancels the potential basseer and permits the current flow is called "forward biasing."

- In forward bias, the positive terminal of the battery is connected to p-type and negative terminal of the battery is connected to n-type of semiconductor.
- → This applied forward potential is opposite direction to the electric field formed by the potential barries and weaken it. → Thurfore in this type of biasing potential barries is -elimitrate hence the junction offers low resistance to the current and current flows in the circuit.

@ Revesse bios -

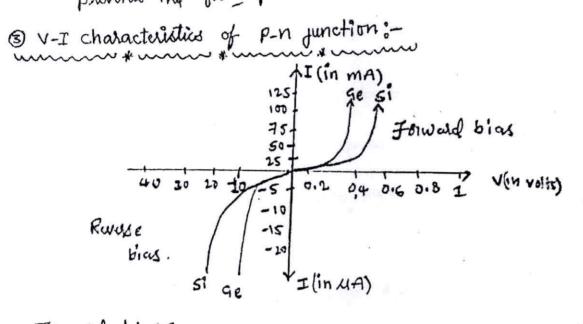


Biasing the junction in such a direction that the external voltage increases the potential barries and prevents the current flows is called "Reverse bias".

----- In the riverse bias, the positive terminal of the battery is connected to n-type of and negative terminal of the battery

is connected to P-type of semiconductor.

-> This applied reverse potential is in the same direction of the electric field formed by the potential barrier and streamthen it -> The resultant barrier offers high resistance to the current and prevents the flow of current in the circuit.



Journal bias → The current in forward bias increases slowly with increase in applied voltage initially
→ After a certain forward voltage current increases rapidly.
→ The voltage at with current increases sharply in forward trias is called threshold voltage
→ The value of thrushold voltage for Ge is 0.3 v. and si is 0.7 v.
Keverse bias:→ In the reverse bias, Initially the current is zero.
As The raverse voltage increases the current suddenly rises to its maximum (r) saturated value.

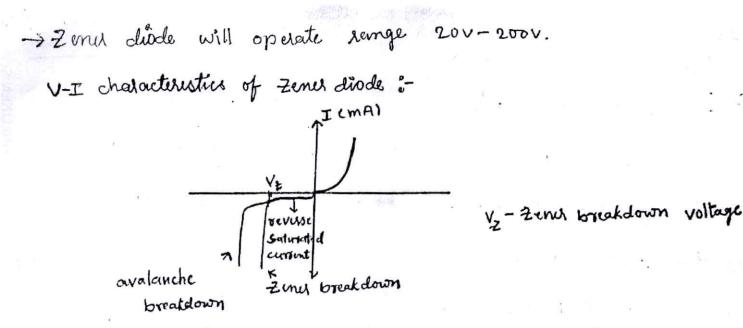
-> It Reverse voltage further increased breakdown of junction, occurs. due to the pheat produced at junction. Zenel diode :-

circuit

"Zener diode is a heavily doped semiconductor device that designed to operate in reverse brased condition." → A normal p_n junction diode does not operate in brakdown region because the excess current pumamently damages the diode

- \rightarrow dn normal p-n junction diade when reverse voltage increased. heat will produced, which damage the cliade.
- → In Zener diode, Zener breakdown occurs because of their nation depletion region
- → When reverse biased voltage applied encreased the narrow depletion region creates strong electric field, which pull the electrons from the valence band
- → Those election will gain sufficient energy from strong electric field and break the covalent bond with parant atom.
- → At Zenes breakdown region, a small region increase in voltage results offers rapid increase of the electric extent → Zenes diode exhibits a controlled breakdown that does not damage the device

Anode o	±N1-
	ocath
smbot of Zenesdiode	



→ In forward bias, Zener diode acts as hormal P-N junction diode → In Reverse bias, reverse voltage increases, the reverse current remains some and small.

- → At perficular vollage the reverse current increases suddinly, this voltage is known as zener voltage (V_Z) .
- -> Zenes breakdown vollage is # lesses than the evalanche breakdown voltage

-> Doping concentration decirdes Zener breakdown voltage.

O Low cost @ small in size @ High accuracy

4) High power dissipation capacity.

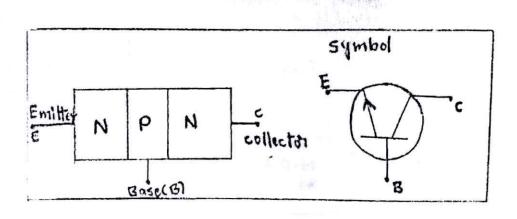
Application :-

i) At is used as voltage regulators

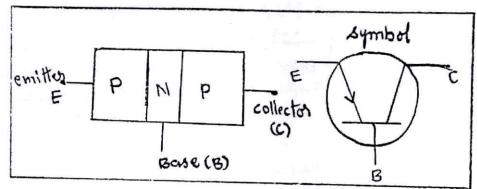
2) It is used as in dipping and clamping exits

3) gt is used as various protection ckts

Dipolar Junchon Transistor (BJT) :unin * unin * unin * uni * uni Sipolar junction Tromsistor is simple sondwich of one type of semiconductor material b/w two layers of othertype of semiconductor → Therease two types of transistor combinations are avoilable. Thoug They are (N-P-N toansistor @ P-N-P transistor → When a layer of p-type material is sandwiched between two n-type material, the toconsistor is known as N-P-N transistor, as shown in diagrenn



→ When a layer of N-type of material is scendwiched between two layers of P-type of material, the transistor is known as P-N-P transistor, shown in below diagram



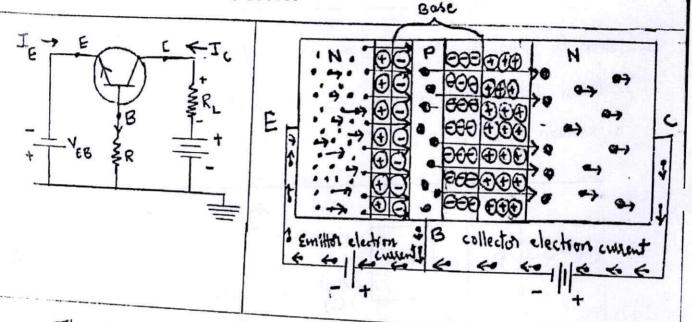
-> Attowhead of the symbol of the BIT gives us information about

O Location of the emetter

Jype of the toonsistor that is being represented and 3 direction in which the conventional current flows
 BJT (N-P-N (81) P-N-P) has following sections
 © Emitter :- Which supplies charge carries for conduction, and it is heavily doped.
 Base :- It controls the flow of majority carriers. and it is thin and heav lightly doped.

3 Collector: - It supports the current flow of majority. Charge carriers) in the tremsistor and it is modarately doped.

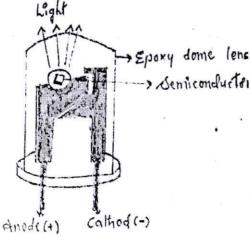
Working principle of BJT:- N-P.N

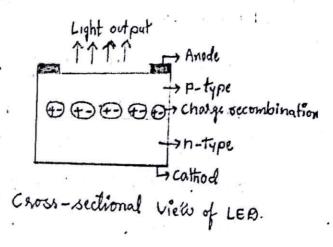


The Base-Emittin (BE) junction is forward bias and collector-Base(CB) is surveyed bias junction. The width of the deplation region of the CB junction is higher than EB junction. The forward bias at the eB junction produces election to flow from the emitter to the base. The base is thin and lightly doped, it has very few holes and less amount of electron from the emitter is about 2% will recombine in the base region with holes, then from the base terminal it flow out, this initiates the base current flow due to the combination of electron and holes, the no. of clections will pass through the reverse bias. collector junction to initiate the collector current → Jeom the Luchoff law I_E=I_B+I_C → The operation of PNP toconsistor is some as NPN toomsistor only difference is holes instead of electrons.

Emotruction & Working of an LEB 2-"Light Emitting Diode (LED) is a semiconductor light source. -> LED is an opto-electronic device in which forward brased P-1 junction emits light -> symbol of LEB is (anivila) and olicathiody -> LEP converts electrical energy into tight energy. Construction --> It is fabricated using IN & TV compound semiconductors. · Ex: - GaAs, Gap etc. -> LE B's are - available in different colours and it is possible by produce different wavelength of light. Ex: - Red, Yellow, Greener Blue etc. --- When an LEB is made with GAAS, it will prochuce a red light > when an Lew is made with GaP, it will produce a green light

ahisi Merina wa Ve





Operation & Working principle :-

- → Whenever a P-n junction is forward biased, the elections cross the P-n junction deplation regions from the ni-type semicondot and secombine with the hole in the p-type semiconductor moterial
- → When a free election secondine with hole. it falls from concluction band (higher energy level) to the valence band (lower energy level), the energy in the form of photons (= Eg) is released this process is called electrohumeniscence

 $\therefore E_g = h U = h(\underline{c}) \qquad \therefore fuguency (U) = \underline{c}$

→ Forbidden energy gaper (Eg) ditermines the wavelength of Emitted light, which determine the colour of 1610.

Charlecterestics of LER. :--> In LED'S. the intensity of radiated light is directly proportional to the forward current of LEB. -> The forward voltage rating of most of LED'S is from into zv and forward cullent rating is 20 mA to LOOMA. -> In order of whent the LED does not exceed to the safer value, to avoid this Rs is connected in series with the Light output (mw) LEB. IR Red blue current Advantages of LED. S--> LEB'S all low voltage duries -> forward veltage Threshold frequence Here O. → honger lifetime consettion 20 years) TIR > LEB's are small in size and light in weight in so blue - Fast on-off swiching. -> They can be operated over a wide sampe of femp. O'to 70°C. Applications of LED:--> LED'S all low power devices, so they all power as indicator. -> LED'S all majorly used as 7-segment. 16-segment and Bot mature displays > LED'S are used in digital clocks, caliculators etc

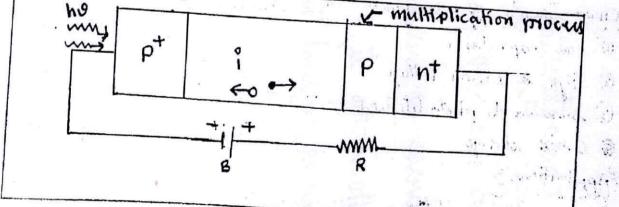
PIN Photo-diode :--> Pin photo diode "is also known as positive intrinsic negative diode - It is a device that consist of p end n type regions are separated by a very tightly doped intrinsic region (i) -> Symbol of P-i-n photodiode is to P i P o depletion degion o tro -> Due to intrinsic layer between P and n region it offers high resistance and low copol capacitance Intrinsic (1) > Metal contact Woking of PIN photodiode :--> In no-biasing condition, the depletion region formed b/w entrinsic region and n-region and in blu ptype and intermin P i n region -> If it is connected in forward bias. both types of charged carriers are injected into the intrinsic layer. Flow of charged carries gives the current. - P O

-> In forward biased PIN works as variable resistor Under Reverse biased -> Unclis reverse brased condition, the depletion region rould extend through the intrinsic region \rightarrow Entire intrinsic region is free of charge carriers, so the intrinsic layer widens the depletion region and therefore increase area avoilable for capturing light When the light incident on this depletion region election-hole pair all generated -> High electricifield into the region seperates the charge cathers to move across the reverse biased junction, this gues sise the current flow en the external count : -> The depletion region is wide enough, most of the photons are abserbed and larger photo-unrent is produced it sof it. €×to de la varianta -> Characteristics of RIN-photodiode Advantages:-1) Low capacitance Thigh brakdown voltage 3 sensitive to photo detection @ Carries storage → Applications :-O High votige sectifier 1) RF swiches. 3 Photo detector

V-I Characteristics of photo diode → Reverse voltages are plotted along x-axis in volts and reverse co. currents are plotted along y-circis in microampter current → When the light ithumination increases parking 1000 lux enverse current is also encreases limearly 1000 lux where in you is also encreases limearly 1000 lux 1500 lux 1500 lux 1000 lux

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vivaamene photo-diode ?-Avalanche photo-diodes are high sensitivity, high speed semiconductor light sensols. construction and working of Avalanche photo-diocle "nt P cathode -> Avalanche photo diode is four layer device -> Here pt and n+ regions are heavily doped due to this, there are very large no. of charge carriers are present and the resistivity is very low. → intrinsic (i) region is lightly doped region > P region is also a lightly doped region. pt segion act as anode and nt segion act as cathode -> Avalanche photo d'ide (APD) is act as photo detector, whenever it is connected in reverse bias.



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- → When a light is incident on the pt region and after passing pt region if will enter into 'i region.
- > TBecause of diode is reverse biased condition desplation region is widen.
- → light interact with semiconductor atoms of i region. Then electron-hole pairs are generated.
- → these generated electron-hole pairs will experiences a very high electric field, so that electrons are drifted towards p-side region and holes are drifted towards the pt region.
- → The drifted electrons towards p-side region again experiences the high electric field in in between p and nt region
- → These desifted electrons can able to liberate the secondary electrons which are present in p and nt region → Generated secondary electrons get sufficient energy to liberate
- the one more pairs of electron and trole' energy to liberete → &o, in this way electron - hole pairs will generated by
- Multiplication process this is Known as Impact ionization -> Multiple charge carriers are generated through Impact Ionization in the Pand nt region
- → In the process of impact anoionization only electrons-are participate and holes are drifted towards pt region.

Charles provide

-> Generated photo current is given by Ip=q.Ne^M] where M-Multiplication process. clectric field (Ym) Sec. Page PInt * Applications :-O→ pue to its high sensitivity. It can detect detect light having very low intensity. a for the set ⊙ → High responding time therefore high gain metranism * limitations (81) Disadvantages :and the second New Street @ It requirse very high vollage to operate @ Output is not linear due to avalanche process, A AN AND AND AN 3 \$t will produce higher level of noise. and the second part in the second second satisfies in the state property for the M a de la compañía de la , is an an all and the second se a separation and the second of the second of s and the first of the second stands of any of the second stands of the second stands of the second stands of the and the second and the build of the second second states of the

Solar cell :-

- → solar cell is the semiconducting device, which converts light energy into electrical energy
- → solar cell is works on the principle of "Photo-voltaic effect." hence it is also called. as "Photo-voltais cell."
- -> In the solarcell, light soulce is not ness necessorily sun light, it can be used. Lamphight (81) any difficial light. Material of solarcell:-
- → The most prevalent bulk material for solarcell is cryptalline silicon and it is known as solar grade silicon
 → The thin-film technology reduce the amount of material required
 → cadmium Telluride[cdTe], copper indium gallium selenide(cras) and amorphous silicon(A-si) are the three thin film technologies to create active material sports solarcell.
 → Cadmium Teluride(cdTe) is most cost compete to other technologies

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Solar panel

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Auren and point alig

construction of solar cell:-Jai mythur . E h Addam W. april 6. ÷., Joursparent conducting/ in france and in the interior film alter the Part at a Deptation region . circuit sympl of solar cell n-Type cdors (Active medium) P-type silicon. lo dalo 1 that Trickenerg toon and a 111 circuit diagram of soloricell ... which are are -> A solar cell is basically a junction, diode, in which a " thin n-type of cdoz is in contact with thick p-type of silion Controlloyer dos mainer control angelos . Late of a control manufaces (----> n-type of layer is protected by to consparent conducting film made by glass. Ja b'adam wilso at an ing derivert > upper and lower surfaces of solar cell are in contact, with two electrodes in a company + Working of solar cell:--> when the sun light is fall on the solar cell, photon's of energy E=no is absorbed by semiconducting material like solicon coated panel. Jours Palot. photons are reached the depletion region around the Those scinetion

- > Then, the photons collide with the atoms, so that the electronhole pairs are created.
- → The electric field across the depletion region forces the electrons to move towards n-side, where the holes are moved towards P-side.
- → Thele will be a potential differences between these: two sides and the solar cell acts as small battery.
- * Advantages of solar cell :-
 - → The first commertial use of solar cells nearly 50 years ago, was powering communication solly satellites in near carts shit.
 - → Joday solar cells are using in personal electronic devices such as watchs, caticulators. computors and laptops etc. in homes and factories
 - -> It is a polution fee energy.
- → solar cells provides energy when and whereard we need it → It is highly scalable to match our electrical demond. → They are reliable and easy to maintain * V-I characteristic of solar cell:-IT Free PMax Free Max. Power PMax (Par) voc - V PM- Maximum power

Dielectric Materials :--> pielectoics are insulating materials According to the band theory of solids insulating materials have large energy gop between valance band and conduction band and they donot have free electrons. Eventhough, thereare no free electrons in an insulators? They exhibits enormous behaviour in an applied electric field (E) called d'électoic polarization and such insulators all known as Dielectric a an i fi sta " dielectrics materia Ez: - Glass, milla, Polymore, oil and populs.

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permittivity: - Abelity of a material to polarize in responds to the field Basic definition :-> The dielectric characteristics are determined by dielectric constant. -> dielectric constant is also called Relative premettivity and it is represented by 'Er Sector Merina phases "It is defined as the satio between permittivity of medium and permittivity of free spaces 115 376 -111 $E_{f} = \frac{E}{E_{c}}$ * polaizability: - It is as relative, tendency of a chalge distoibution →it is represented by 'a' and have by 1. to Bet 1 . Main 1/3 -> The average dipolemoment of a system is proportional to the electric field applied w MAE MERE is a main give for an coals it. where - od - polariza bility. + Electric susceptibility (X) :- will will all pile as its The electric susceptibility (x) of a maturial mist a measure of now easily it polarize in supposed response to an electric field $\chi = \frac{P}{E}$ where P-Apiclectoic polarization density.

Non-polar dielectrics :-

Molecule which do not possess a permanent dipole moment. Molecules He, Ne, Arg Xe ale Nonpolaris and Molectules consisting of Two identical atomes ex: He, Nzi Clr. are nonpolar. Because they have some 48 electronegative value.

用是中心的制度

Polar dielectrics:-Molecule which have permanent dipole moment -Ex:- HF because it has unequal covalent bond.

* Electric dipole:-A system of consisting two request and opposite charges separated by a distance is called "electric dipole" (+ 2)

dielectoic polarization:-When a dielectoic "placed in an electoic field, electoic charges slightly shift their average equipubrium positions and is known as dielectoic polarization.

non in particular the second

in a direction of a state

and a straight and

- "THO Polarization :-
- D'electric polarization is classified into 4 basic types 1 11 4 4 O Electronic polarization: . (1 6') (i . 2 Jonic polarization 3 décentation & dipolar polarization & @ space-charged polarrization 4 × 1 / 1 / 1 O Electronic polarization:-(1 1000)
 - → When an atom placed inside an electric field, the centre of the positive charge (nucleus) is displaced along the applied field direction, while the centre of negative

charge is displaced in opposite direction, thus the dipole is created.

-> When a dielectoic material is placed inside on electoic field such dipoles are created in all the atoms known as electronic polagization.

an atom without field

-> When electoic field is applied Lorentz force is acting i.e. sittend to separate nucleus and electron cloud. of atom. from their -

→ But coulumb atbactive force tend to maintain the original position → negative charge density of on atom of radius R is

$$f = \frac{-ze}{\frac{4}{3}\pi^3} \rightarrow O(is \text{ doesn't change}) \left(\begin{array}{c} \rho = \frac{-ze}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \rho = \frac{-ze}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array}\right) \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \rho = \frac{$$

Total charge in the sphere visi gillion religit I residencies to

$$\mathcal{R}_{e} = \frac{4}{3} \pi x^{3} \rho \qquad \text{Input, sind, addition on } \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac$$

from 1

$$\begin{aligned} & \bigcirc \\ & \mathcal{Q}_{e} = \frac{4}{3} \pi \times^{3} \left[\frac{-Ze}{\frac{4^{2}}{3/13} \pi R^{3}} \right] \\ & \swarrow \\ & \mathcal{Q}_{e} = -Ze \left[\frac{\times^{3}}{R^{3}} \right] \\ & \longrightarrow \\ & \bigcirc \end{aligned}$$

Total positive charge of atom of radius x.is

$$Q_p = +Z_e$$

Coulumb's attractive force between nucleus and election cloud which all separated by 'X' 1 To Not Many Marian White Provide the $F_c = \frac{1}{4716_0} \frac{d_e d_p}{v_2}$ $F_{c} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_{o}} - \frac{-Ze\left(\frac{x^{3}}{R^{3}}\right)(Ze)}{x^{2}} \implies -\frac{Ze^{2}x}{4\pi\epsilon_{o}R^{3}}$

ti sif giri l

Lorentz toice blu nucleus and electron clouel is

At equilubrium and page is there will be and a F = F.

$$4 Z e E = \frac{4 Z e^{2} X}{4 \pi \epsilon_0 R^3}$$

> Ionic persignition in jurn by P. Hipe $E = \frac{ZeX}{QTTE_0R^3} \rightarrow (3)$

induced dipole moment Tonic patrice for the sol the state of the solar w Mind = Zex terior production in designation from the state interm of Polarizability 1 Migicilian sharil the road the DRP. (Mind = de E materie Abley al day and there are ing with E=Zex, , @ whender it is pretraining . (south a) it is pictory

$$from (3, 8)$$

 $\boxed{d_e = 4\pi\epsilon_0 R^3}$
 \Rightarrow Electronic polarizability is depends on the volume of doom of independent on the temperature is independent on temperature

independent on

the

Diric polarization :-

Ionic polarization is caused by relative sisplacements between positive and negative ions in ionic crystal.

Ex: Nacl

→ Induced dipole moment is proportional to the applied field Mi=diE; di-Ionic Polarizability → Ionic polarization is given by Pi=NdiE Pi= NdiE Pi= NdiE M-massurd-ve ions → Ionic polarization takes 10⁻¹¹ to 15¹⁴ s to build up Ionic polarization is Independent of temperature.

3 Orientation (a) dipolar polarization :- pulse polarization :-

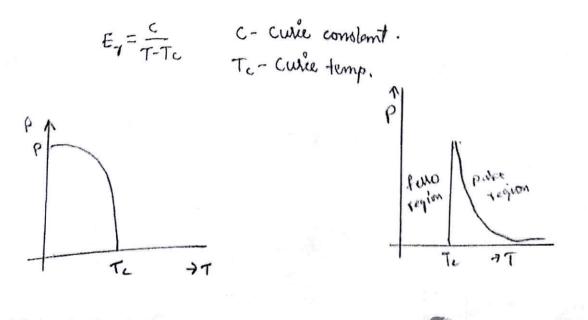
The phenomenon in which polar substance the presence of electric field produces, alignment of polar substances in the direction of applied field.

→ In the dosence of 'E' the orientation of dipole is roundom. In the prevence of 'E' dipoles are align in the field droection. → Orientation polarsization is introngly depend on temperature. → The build up time is about 10-10's. or more in the field of the field o

(F) (-+)€) @ €) (†) =+) (f)(+)+) (1) \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 6-Ð (+ In field no field Will also 14 of Staril @ space-charged polorsization:--> space-charged polarization occurs due to the accumulation of charges at the electrodes! i cited standing in it -> this type of polarization occurs in "neterogeneous dielectric -> space-charged polarization is also known as interfacial (or) Migrational polarization of the contraction 221 clectivdes e Ent The ive no field in field

Ferro electric materials:-> The dielectric materials which are exhibits spontaneous polarization in the absence of electric field. The phenomenon is called fello-electricity flasts, those material are called forrodetric matul -> All fellomagnetic materials exchibits piezoelectric effect due to lack of symmetry. -> It is also behaves no pyroelectricity at strong many electric field -> Ferroelectricity was first discovered in Rochelle salt at a sange of temperature of -18°C to 22°C. Ex: - Balium Titanate (Batil), lead titanate cpbTil) properties of ferro-electric material :-> All fuscelectric materials posses spontaneous polarization below a certain temperature. -> As the temperature increases the spontaneous polarization decreases and at a temp. it is vomishes. This temperature is Known as Curie temp.

-> dielectric constant changes with temperature known as curie-weiss law.



Cannod with OVEN Ca

Fello-electric material :-

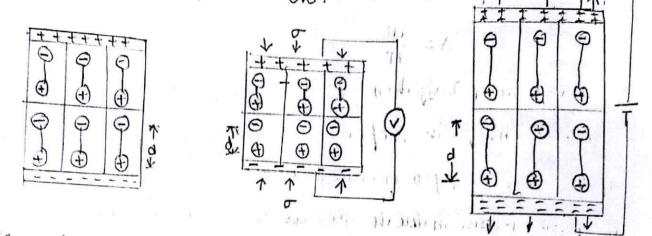
- 1) Thin film of the ferroelectric materials are used in non-volatile memory (RAM), RFID tags and optical waveguides etc.
- Making use of piezo-electric proputy, fello-electric materials
 such as quartz, litthium niobate, travium titanate etc. are used
 to make pressure travéducess, uttrasonic toconflucess and
 microphones
 Microphones
- (and polyvingel fluriels are used to make thigh sensitive that is the sensitive the
- Ferroelectric semiconductors such as Batillas swinger inthist die ←
 ond Sto TiO₃ PbTiO₃ are used to make posistors (which are used to
 measure and control temperature).
 · brindge
- (3) Ferro-electric ceramics are used in the manufacturing of is and capacitors to store electric charge in electrical electronic crowits

* Hysterisis of a ferro-electric material swhen an electric field is applied, when it is the ferro-electric material is not be prevere to the ferro-electric material is not be prevere tield in the field is applied with the polarization in the field is applied with the ferro-electric material always lags high will all a material is how as shysterisis of gand

When applied electric field is increase, the polarization of fellomægnetic material is also increases sapidly after getting its mag ximum then remains constant. I'l it. (1990) -> the Maximum polarization is called saturation point(Po). → It the electric field is reduced bruck to zero polarization will not travel in the initial path, creater a new path and reaches to point B at zero electric field. called remainent polarization. -> To reduced remainent polarization to zero, negentive field to be applied. required negative file to remanent polarization becomes. ZUNO KNOWN as coercive field (-E). 201 351 27 -> It forther negative field is increase, negative polarization takes place and reaches to its negative saturation and then remains constant. -> It same cyclic process complited then DEFA curve will Katterdialignet 1. Date in allow m aptained. -> the space occupied by Hysterisis is called Hysterisis loss that occurs in dielectric material. It is alled Hysterisis loss that appacitive to date applies for pe * Piezo-electric materials:--> Piezo-electric materials arette materials that produce on electric current, when they are placed under the history mechanical stored, This proporty is Known as intel 1. piezo-electoicity. AWAR BEAUTISTIC AL ONE If we apply on electric field current to thise materials, "

then the materials become strained called inverse pisto-electoricity

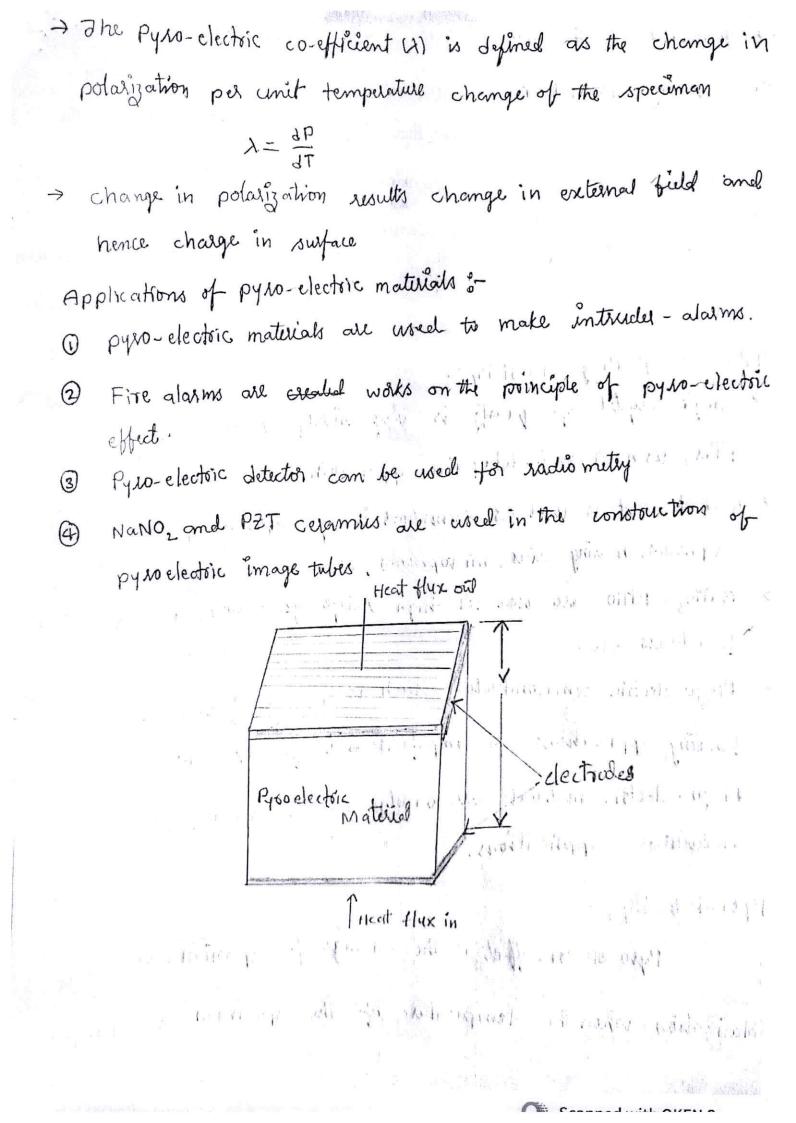
The shape of the material is change slightly (Mar 40%) (Ex: - Quartz crystal, Rochelle salt. etc.



- Appications of Piezo-electricity:- ether idents the untern set
 → Single crystal of quartz is very widely use used tot.
 + filter, resonator and delay line apprication.
 → Rochelle salt is used as transduces in gramophone picktups, it eas phones, hearing aids, microphones, etc.
 → Batioz, PdTioz are used for high voltage generation, accelerometers transduces etc.
- → Piezo electric semiconductors such as Gas, ZnO and Cds are finding applications as amplifiers and of UV waves → Piezo-electric materials are widely used in scientific and industrial applications.

Pylo-electricity :-

Pyro-electorc effect is the change of spontaneous polarization when the temperature of the speciman is changed



- Lequis Crystal :-
- -> In crystalline solids the molecules are aquire some position and rientation about an order. In an isotropic liquid the molecules are distributed eandomly without any direction. -> Liquid crystals all the substances which all exhibits the intermediate state of matter, whose properties are in between those of fluists and those of solid cryster at the sametim > Liquiel crystal may flow like a liquid, but its molecules may be diented in a crystal-like way, they are also called are and an isladoola alixe ait main a rout. " mesophases " 1000 increase DDD increase Divide increase Divide increase DDD increase Divide caystal with word has believe as subjects of soll programs per 1. mister (

Nematic town

LCD'S CLiquid cryptal Displays), to block memain Form -> LCD'S are light volves i.e a device for varying the quartity of the light from the source which reaches the screen. -> LCD'S are not light producers but they are light modifiers -> LCD'S are uses liquid crystal to produce a visible image

-> The twisted nematic and super twisted nematic effects are most widely used among all the LCD's * construction of LCD's α (α. ''' '''' β∗ Polarizing liquid polarizing DISPLAY S Barrow . filter States . acore ¥1 , 5, ... colown filter TFT (materies thin film transistes J. Mrs. Wieght > LCD consists of two polarized glass pieces is the edition w → Jwo Indium-tin-oxide electrodes are used, one is positive and other is negative, external voltage is applied through these electrodes -> An approximately 10 um - 20 um thick liquid crystal layer is placed b/w two glass sheets -> By changing the polarization, light can pass through or be blocked Working of LCB:--> LCD screen works on the principle of blocking "light satther all is a way they way a read of than emitting light.

-> LCA's are produces emages when external light passis from of one polarizer to the next polarizer -> The induction oxide conductions surface is a tremsporent

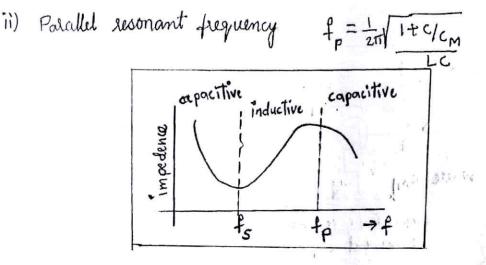
layer which is placed on both sides of the selected seded thick layer of liquid caystal. -> Thus the no dustruberg of the molecular arrengement when no external bias is applied -> When the external bias is applied molecular arrengement is distrubed and conducting segment looks dark and other request books clear . any music betind background whight. Polarizers are placed perpendicular to each other -> In the negative LCB Juplay. The segments are white and background is dark nand the polarizeds are alighmed aligned eachother en la trans 1)->> Used in digital which watch and some property 2) Digital images in digital cameras. 10 M is illelet 3) Used in numereal counters pupping strens in calculators (11) (11). 1) some const 4) mainly used in teliphisions 5) Used in mobile screen parti propagare partitione partie 6) 7) Used in vidio players , which required in a growthe horis of the 5) Used in image sensing chrouids.

* Advanteges :-1) It is this and compact 2) Low power consumption 3) Less heat emitted during operation 1111 4) Low cost * Apisadvanteges :- $\{i_1,\ldots,j_{n-1},j_{n-1},j_{n-1},\ldots,j$ i) speed of operation is low al freddides and ii) Life span is less prais 1 rol iii) Restaicted viewing angles. dive in shared the -> Quality factor :- 181 & factor a printer . Typica -> Quality factor discribes now much an escillator is underdaped. -> It is defined as the ration of ittle, initial energy stored in the resonator to the energy lost in one redian of the cycle in which as being b of oscillation -> Higher Q' factor means slower oscillations and lower in Attom terror halipite in a call 5 11 energy loss. es units belief in reports belief. * Crystal Oscillalor: () Alight I sugary in ? . () -> Juned crowits (LC(21) RC oscillators) have used for generating the prequencies from audio to RFA sange ! but using . LC &I RC oscillators frequency is not istable because its change when change in temperature, power supply voltage 1 and slight change in component value Valensi Maria and maria

-> for high level of frequency stebility because of very high quality factor. we can used quality factor: crystal oscillators in place of tuned circuits so that crystal pscillators are used electoical resonant crocuit. as Working principle :-coystal oscillator Symbol equivalent circuit where cry capacitance of mounted electrode L shunt capacilance) crystal oscillator works on the principle of inverse piezoelectricity. -> Crystal oscillators are made upof piezo-electric material. " whenever some external vollage is applied to critain material then they produce the mechanical deformations Sell . Aligs' A. . 15 14 And a straight the 的人们被认 so. suppose if we apply the Ac signals of perticular frequency then these materials starts vibrating at the some feequency this effect known as "inverse piezo-electricity"

- -> Because of the shunt capacity exist, the crystal has two resonent frequencies.
 - i) Series resonant frequency (-fs) with low crystal impedence (effective resistance)

$$f_s = \frac{1}{2NLC}$$



- As shown in the graph -> At the series resonant frequency, the impedence, the impedence offered by the crysters with will be minimum
 - -> At the pareillel resonanter frequency with impedance officed
 - → To stebilize the frequency of oscillator, the crystal may be operated at either series or parallel resonant frequency → It appears that fp is higher than the fs
 - > Frequency is also depend on the thickness of the conjustal.

some forguery this flat known in mourie propagation

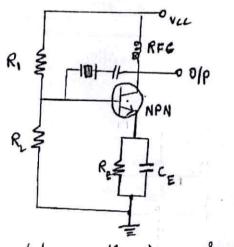
operation of crystal oscillator:~

The operation can be studies as.

i) crystal operation in the series - resonant mode

ii) crystal operation in the parallel - resonant mode

i) crystal operation in the series-resonant mode:



crystal operating in series mode.

-> In this series - resonant mode, tromsister (NPN) is used as

an amplifier

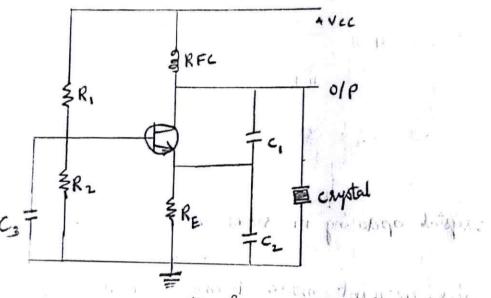
-> Jeedback is provided in the "circuit from the collector to the base terminal"

-> At series resonant, The impedente that is offered by the crystal will be minimum.

-> the feedback which is provided from the olp to the ilp side will be maximum.

the resulting crowit frequency of oscillations is set by the series resonant friquency of crystal. -> valiations in the supply voltage, transistor parameter etc have. no effect on the circuit's operating frequency, which is stebelized by the crystal.

- -> Cupital frequency stebility sets the circuit frequency stebility which is good.
- ii) Caystal operation in the parallel resonent mode 3-



crystal operating in parallel mode

→ Whenever the caystal is used in parallel resonant mode that it is operated between series and parallel resonant frequence
→ H is act as the inductor in the given cucuit, so in the place of inductor we can use caystal in parallel resonant mode
→ The oscillates' crowite with curystal operating resonant mode is act as modified Colpitt's oscillator
→ Combination of civer, and the curystal will act as it is concent.
→ Civer are provide the frequency selectivity which is required for the given circuit.

- \rightarrow Capaciter C3 provides the AC short circuit across R_2 to ensure that the resistor transistor base remains at a freed voltage level -> The crystal parallel with cive Cz permits max. voltage feedback from the collector to emitter -> The resultant feedback voltage is too small to sustain oscillations.
 - -> At the parallel frequency of the crystal. the oscillation frequency slebilized.

ili Advantages of a crystal oscillator:-> The circuit & very simple, since it does not require any tank cercuits other than the conjutal strelt. > The frequency of oscillation can be changed by simple replacing one constal with another.

-> The Q-factor is very high. The Q-factor of a crystal may mange from 10⁴-10⁶ whereas the L-C Ebicuit may have a Q-factor only of the order of 100. -> Most conystals will maintain forgenency delift to within a (ew cycles at 25°C. A thermostalically controlled caystal oven is often used to ensure greater forequency stability by containing the coupstal in an insulated enclosure. Therefore it is possible to achieve frequency daifts of less than sport in 10 > A conjustal oscillator is compact and in expensive. (iv) Disadvantages of a conjutat oscillator :-> The conjutal oscillators have a very timited tuning rang (or not attall). They one used for forequencies exceeding -> The crystal oscillators are frigile and, therefore, can only be used in low power circuits -> Conjulate of low fundamental forequencies are not easily available. The frequency of oscillations cannot be charged (v) Application of conjetal oscillator ;-> The crystal oscillators are used in radio and TV transmitter ->It is used as a competal clock in microprocessors. > It is used in the forequency synthesizers. -> It is used in special types of one cervers.)

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* Magnetism unin + unin

→ When the charges are moving, they can produce magnetic field, Where as a static charge can only produce electric field, it can not produce magnetic field.

→ But permanent magnets exhibits magnetism due to atomic currents tormed by the dibital rotation of electrons around nucleus and due to spin motion of electrons. * Magnetic field :-

The space around a magnet in which magnetic properties can be detected. is called magnetic field. Magnetic flux :-

The no. of magnetic lines passing through a given normal area is called magnetic flux (\$) units - weber. (volt 15)

* Magnetic induction (OI) Magnetic flux density (B):-

The no. of magnetic lines passing through unit area perpendicular to the surface is called magnetic induction Gr, magnetic flux density $B = \frac{\phi}{A} = \frac{Magnefic}{arra}$ units: webu/m² (or) N/A-m (or) Tesla CIGIS - Gauss (104 Gauss = 1 Tesla) Magnetic Intensity (81) Magnetising force (H):mut have t man t man the -> The force experienced by a unit north pole placed-at a point in the field. -> The amount to which magnetic field can magnetise a material is expressed by a physical quantity called magnetising force. It is a vector quantity. HQB (0) H=1 B 1. 1. 1. 1. (BOA) - 141 B=MH (in medium) B=MoH (in vaccume) H does not depend upon medium of material units : Alm and the parts in cas- oersted. · BARANT IN VIS

Commendantil array

* Susceptibility
$$(x)$$
:-
The satio of intensity of magnetisation (\pm) to
magnetising force (H) is called susceptibility (x)
 $\boxed{\chi = \frac{\pi}{H}}$

If H=1 ousted => X=I

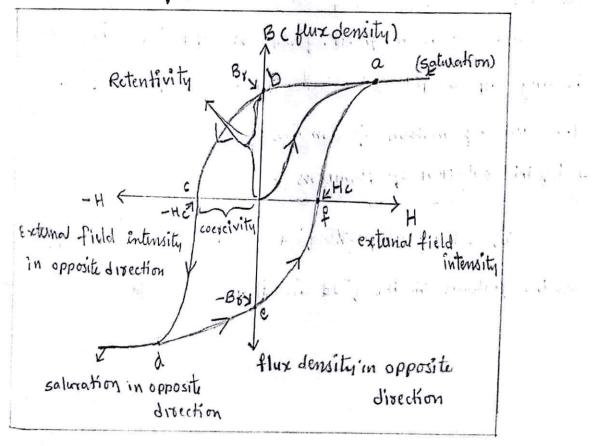
-> no units and no diminsions

1

* Hysterisis ?-

I The lagging of intensity of magnetic intensity (81)
 magnetising force (H) behind the intensity of magnetic field (B)."
 → These are certain materials like Fe, Co, Ni and cutain alloys of these materials which exhibit high degree of magnetization

→ Below the ferro magnetic curie temperature ferro magnetic materials exchibit the hypothesis in the B versus H curve as shown in diagram.



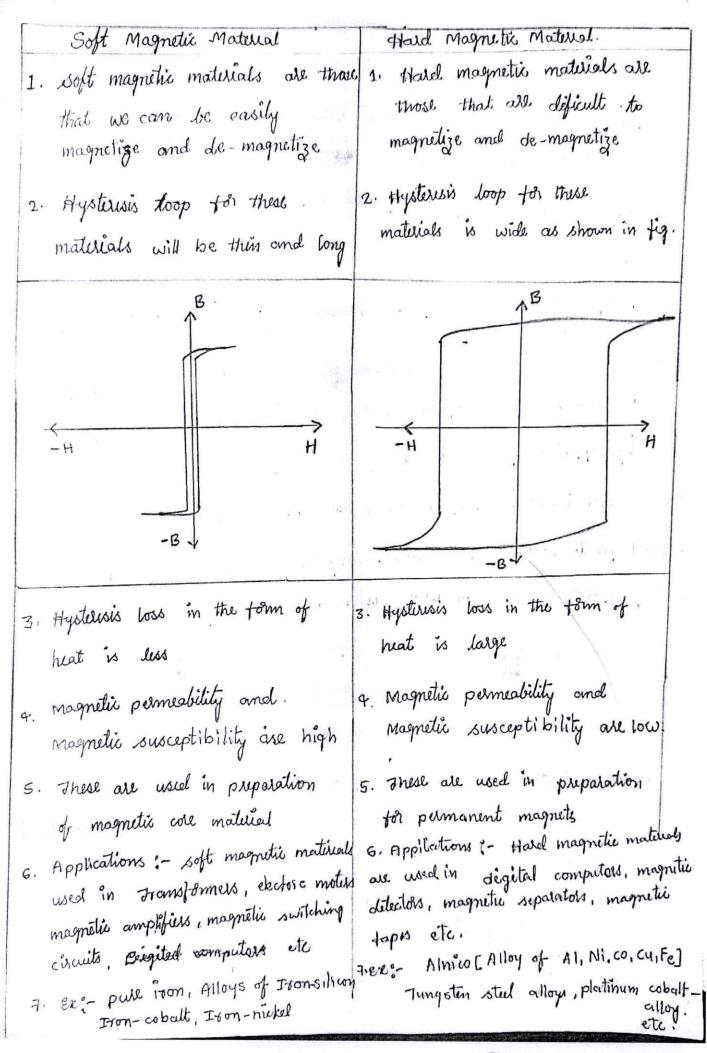
→ when the field intensity (H) is increased from Zero, the sectionisty of flux density (B) is also it also increases proportional.

- -> Furthia increasing the value of H, the value of B is saturated at a point a nie B is constant.
 - -> Then decreasing the value of H, the B value is also decoeased, but at point b, the external field intensity (H) is zero (H=0) but B=0 and this value of magnetic induction is called residual magnetism (or) retentivity (Bo)
 - -> Retentivity of the material is a measure of remaining magnetic flux in the material when the magnetic field is removed.
 - -> When sufficient negative field is applied residual magnetisation (Br)-become zero. This value of magnetic intensity is coexcive field (Hc) at point c.
 - → coercive field (or) coercivity (-ttc) of the material is in
 - measure of required external field intensity (CH) to destroy → Further. if negative magnetic field is applied, B is encreases in negative droection and reachest it maximum value 1 then

constant this is known as negative sorturation. at point ich. -> Then, if negative field is decreased back to zero and increases from zero as shown in diagram, the currere defa

-> The path toaced by this B-H plot is called Hystensis Loop. -> The area covered by loop is known as "Hysterisis loss." in the torm of

* Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials:-



- * Magnetostriction :-
- -> The behaviour of fello-magnetic material in which their dimensions and shapes all changed when they all magnetized is called magnetic store tion. Jerro - magnetic material may citter exepand or compressed \rightarrow in the direction of applied magnetic field. > when external magnetic, field is removed, they will recover to its original dimensions Magnetostorction was first discovered by Jemes P. Joule (1818-1819) -> Magnetostorction has inverse effect also ine if the physical dimensions of magnebostictive materials & all changed by applied fuld, a change in magnetization also occurs -> E. Villari (1836-1904) discovered the opposite effect. -> magneto striction is caused by the rotation of domains of ferro-magnetic material under the action of magnetic field. is fighter in 1 - main and no field In full.

Magnetostriction is calculated in terms of magnetostoiction

original length => I

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Y MAR

mere evin. ?

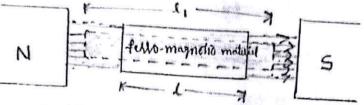
 $\lambda = \frac{\text{change in length}}{2}$

 $\lambda = \frac{l'-1}{l}$

co-efficienta)

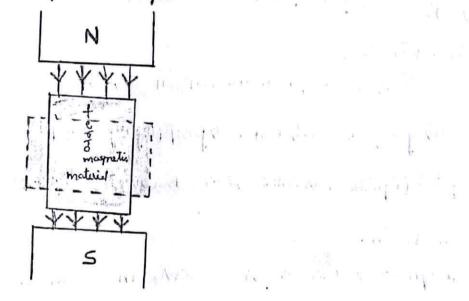
e maynerospiction:-

When ferro-magnetic material placed in external magnetic field, if the length of the magnetic material is increased then this is called positive magnetostriction



* Negative magnetostriction -

When two-magnetic material placed in an external magnetic field, if the length of the magnetic material is decreased then this is called negative magnetostriction.



in the second

* Types of Magnetostiction :-

- i) Longitudinal :- When change in the dimension is in the direction of applied field.
- ii) Fromsverse: when change in the dimension is in perpendic
- as well as pareilled to applied field.

- * Applications of Magnetostriction :
 - i) Magnetostorctive motivials are used to create sensors that measure a magnetic field of detect a force
 - 2) Magnetostrictine, materials are used in medical devices and industrial vibrations. Ultrasonic cleaning devices, underwater sensors sonar, vibrations or noise control systems.
 - 3) Magnetostrictive materials are used to generate audio-prequency oscillations.
 - 4) Magnetostrictive transducers i.e. it converts electrical energy to strain in the material.

5) It is useful for under water projectors and sound detectors. Magneto resistance :-

"It is a phenomenon in which the change of a material resistivity of a material

- -> 1st Magneto resistance was discovered by William Thomson cloud kelvi in 1856.
- → Magneto-resistance is observe in semiconductor, non-magnetic and Magnetic materials B

\$ 0000 Pe

-> In a conductor (Iroon) resistance is caused by the collision of election & atoms, when we applied magnetic field, electrons see moving in a loop instead of linear so that.

With this work (

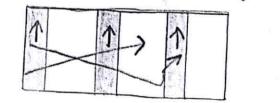
1 1 2 341

- the collision between the electrons (81) atoms increases as a result resistance encreases
- -> Magnetic field and flowing current are parallel then the resistance increases to its maximum
- -> Magnetic field and flowing current are perpendicular then the resistance is decreased.
- → This dependance of resistance on magnetic field is is called magnetoresistance.
- -> When magnetic field increase, magneto resistance increases
- * Jypes of Magnetoresistance :-
 - 1) Geant Magnetoresistance
 - ii) Extraordinary Magneto resistance
 - iii) Junnel Magneto resistance.
- i) Gient Magnetoresistance (GMR) :-
- -> Albert fest and peter Grubery discovered GMR in 1988 They won Noble prize for discovering GMR in 2007.

= - ferroman

Conductor

Crannad with avera



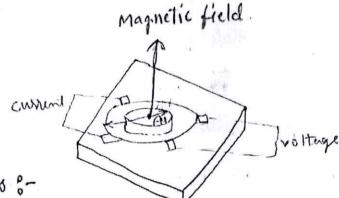
Parallel Magnetization Anti-parallel Magnetization Anti-parallel Magnetization Anti-parallel Magnetization dependance of electron scattering on the spin directation Anti-parallel Magnetization dependance of electron scattering on the spin directation Anti-parallel Magnetization dependance of electron scattering on the spin directation Anti-parallel Magnetization dependance of electron scattering on the spin directation Anti-parallel Magnetization and non-magnetic conductive layers.

- -> change in electrical Resistance is depends on whether the magnetization of adjacent ferro-magnetic layers are in parallel or in anti-parallel adjessiment
- → For the parallel allignment the overall resistance is low and for anti-parallel allignment the overall resistance is high. → The magnetization direction can be controlled, by applying external magnetic fuld
 - * Applications:-
 - GMR used in
 - ,) Magnetic field sensors, which are used to read data in hard disc strivers
 - 2) GMR, Bio-sensors have bio-medical application
 - 3) Micro-electromechanical systems (M.E.M.S) and other devices
 - 4) GMR multiplyer structures are also used in magnetio-resustance randon access memory (MRAM) as cells that
- ii) Extradidinary Magnetousistance (EMR):-

-> EMR effect is discovered in 2000.

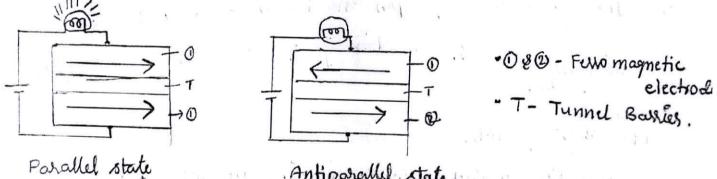
- -> The magnetic field effect of EMR is much greater than GMR -> EMR effect occurs in semiconductor metal hybrid system when a transverse magnetic field is applied.
- -> In the disence of magnetic field the resistance of semiconductor metal hybrid system is very low.

> In the presence of strong magnetic field, the resistance of semiconductor metal hybrid system is high.



Applications :-

- 1) AN EMR sensors are used to reading a very nation omd short magnitic field.
- 3) An EMR has some power applications.
- iii) Junnel Magneto résistance ?- (TMR)



Antiporallel state

A. L. I. A.

> M. Jullieve disovered the Tunnel Magnetosesistance (TMR) in 1975 -> Junnel magnetorisistence occurs in magnetic Tunnel Junction > TMR is a component consist of two fello magnets separated by an very thin yew nanometers insulators -> The electrons will flow from one fellomagnet to another through the Tunnel barrier (insulator) Amount of current flowing is depends on overtation of magnetization

* HSSUM ptions of TMR

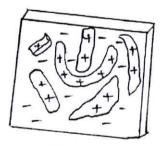
- 1) In tunneling, electron spin is assumed to be conserved.
- 2) digination of electrons from one spin state of personagnet are accepted by unfilled state of the same spin of another formo ferromagnet.
 - → when both ferromagnetic films are magnetized parallel, the minarity spin tunnel to the minarity states and the mejority spins tunnel to the majority state.
- → when both ferromagnetic films are magnetized. antiparallel., the mejority spins of 1st furromagnel film turnel to the minority states in the 2nd film and vice versa
- 3) The conductance of spin dientation is proportional to the procluct of effective density of states of two ferromagnetic electrocles.

Applications of TMR:-

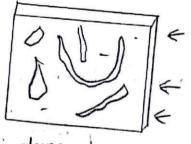
- i) Magnetic sandom-access memories (MRAM) all a new nonvalatile memory technology is used for stor strong data bits using magnetic states.
- 2) Useful ton sensing application.
- * Magnetoresistor: Magnetoresistor is a device which exhibits magnetoresistonce effects which is used to measure magnetic field strength and direction which is used to measure magnetic field -> It is made up of lithium antimoniale or hithium asseniale semiconducts -> magnetoresistors are operate while without any physical montasts

* Applications of Magnetoresistors :-

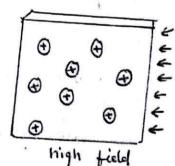
- → Magnetoresistors are used in the hard disk of a computer, an clectronic compass, to measure current.
 - → In computors for magnetic date read/write and it is used in → Bio-sensors, magnetic field sensors.
 - 7 contactless switches
- * Magnetik Bubble momely:-
 - → Magnetic bubble memory is a non-volatele computer memory and it is in the +3m of then film using soft magnetic material.
 - -> magnetie bubble memoly is a thin film in which small magnetic domains behaves as bubbles. in entire film.
 - → each bubble can store one bit of data which not disappears when power is to turbed off.
 - → When magnetic field is applied the magnetic domains shrinkdown into a tiny crocles,



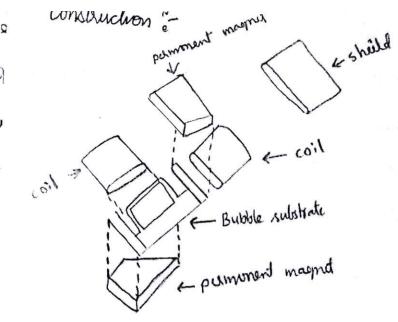
appearence of strips - Dissence of field



strips strink down Lo magnetic field is perpendiculary cir to the film



circular domains



- -> bubble memory is a package of the bubble memory ship, magnetic field coils. and permonent magnets.
- A sotating magnetic fuld is exected by two mutually perpendicular coils causes the data in +8mm of magnetic bubbles to move screally through the magnetic fuld
 → Jwo pulmanent magnets provides non-volal; lity and allow
 +8r the stable existence of magnetic bubble domain.
 > The chip is composed of a non-magnetic cupitalline substrate.
 upon which is a thin cupitalline magnetic epitaxial film is groon.

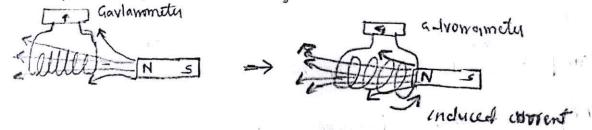
Material :-

→ 20 + 8m Magnetic bubbles. Alhoferretes Sitroferretes, hexagonal ferretes, synthatic garnets and amorphous metal film are used.

-> synthatic garnets suppost to form small magnetic-bubbles

Magnetic field sensors :-

- → A magnetic sensor is a toconsducer that converts a magnetic field into an electrical signal.
- → Magnetic field sensors either utilize an internal magnet of directly detect a permanent or electromagnetic field
- → Magnetic sensors are the solid-state devices are used in detecting and sensing the distance, speed, rotation, angle, and position by converting magnetic information into electrical signals. → These converted signals are processed by electrical crocuits.
- → Magnetic sensors measure magnetic field in terms of flux, intensity and droethion.
- -> They are used to monetor itom location, directions, revolutions angle and so on.
- -> Based on technology of elements used. different types are groilable.



- → A coiled Magnetic sensor can detect the magnetic field valietions when boinging a magnet into close contact with a coil, Induced current is generated.
- -> Magnetic flux density can be determined by observing the induced EM force and induced current.

* EM - electromotive force,

- → Working :-
 - -> The external magnetic feelol provides a bias to form stable bubbles, premanent magnets creater external magnetic fild
 - -> The generated bubbles can store the date in the form of whenever the altering external magnetic field is applied bit
 - -> bubbles domains moves along the preditermined path by the deposition of 'v' shaped soft magnetic material on the chip of magnetic epiloxial felm.

Advantages :-AND STATISTICS AND

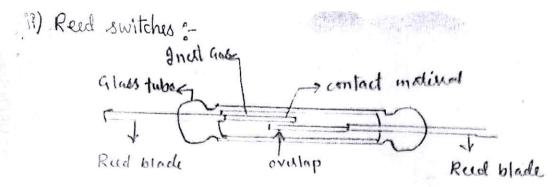
- i) The power usage of bubble memory is less to be about
- ii) The functional packing density is high
- iii) It is more durable than disc memory since it has no moving TA Lass short supervisit disadvantages :-
- i) Manufacturing process is expensive and complicated

is) They were not widely used since other non-volatile mennory faimats are introduced ex. EEPROM. and that we do food were f shatta i e Milli

A Long States I and Mr. 1

- may internation 12

A Mar Mr. Alan D. Jonly sin perfor A case & particular and the boundary



- -> The contacts of a seed switch emerge from left and reght ends
- → These reeds all made up of magnetic material. which are reparated by a gap.
- -> the glasstube is filled with Nr gas & other inert gas to prevent the deterioration of the contacts.
- → when two reads are magnetized the heads of the reads are attached to each other.
- -> Reed switches are used in door and window sensors, in burglar
- -> power supply is not needed.
- -> sunsing wonge is large.
- -> Read switches used in laptops.
- iii) Magnetoresisteme effect sensors :-
 - -> Magnetoresistance effect sensors are works on the principle of changing of resistance by applying magnetic field.
 - 1) Anisoteopic magnetoresistance sensor :-
 - -> AMR sensitis are precise and contact-less devices that measure the changes in the angle of a magnetic field -> AMR sensitis provide accurate and reliable data without physical contact.

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- anoran --> Griant Magnetoresistance sensors sensitivity is blue two to Efive times quates than that of an AMR sunson → GMR sensor can detect minute charges of magnetic flux density >TMR sensors are works I on the prenaple of TAR effect iv) Hall effect sensors --> Hall elements are used to convert the stored energy in a field of magnet into an electrical signal with the application of a current-carrying wirre. and other magneto sensors are also avoilable ez: -. SQUID, Magnetic induction, magnetio-clastic, eddy current

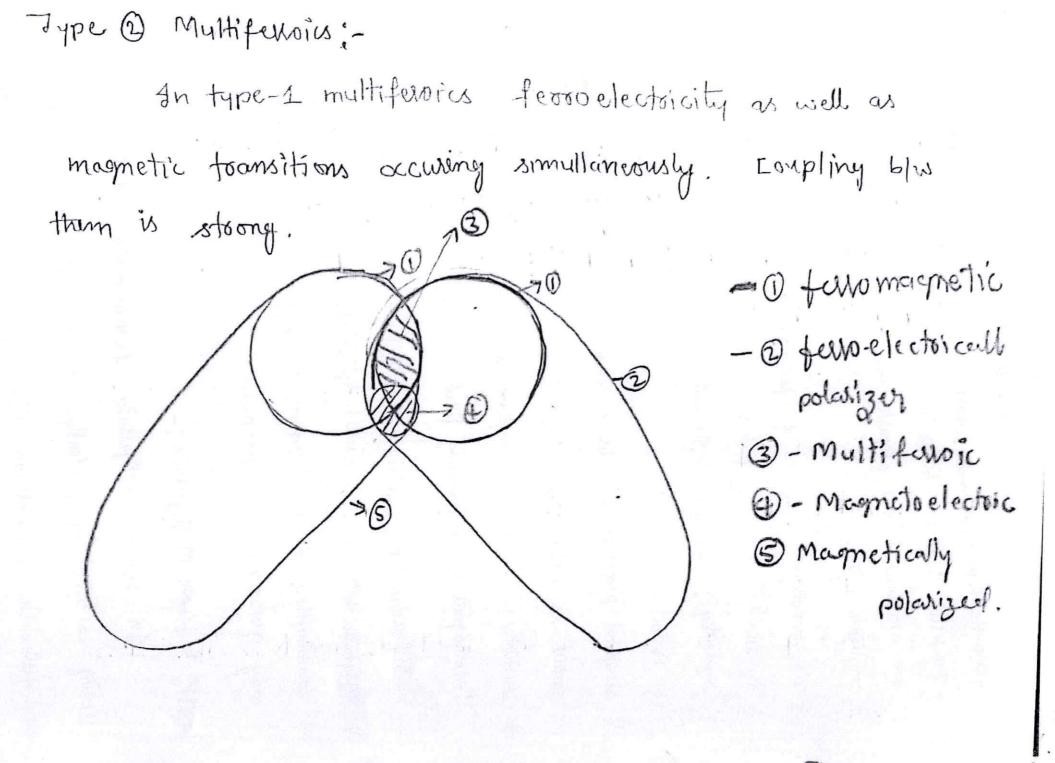
Multiferroid :-

At is a coexistence of any two ferroic cfuroelectoic, ferro magnetic, ferro-elastic and terroboroidec) ordoring simultaneously. → The ferroic material exhibits rong reinge of Sider in of least one macroscopic property and devorops a dipole with conjugate field.

- > The simultaneous existance of ferroelectoicity and ferro-magnetism is timited by critain factors.
- i) symmetry : symmetry of the material allow both ferro electricity and Magnetism
- ii) Electrical properties materials must be must be insulators then convert as metallic
- iii) chemistry: ferroelectric materials have ions in a d' state. forromagnets have partially filled d orbitals.
- -> Mulliferroics are significant for the following reasons 1) Magnetic bits can be controlled by electoric bits.
- 2) combination of At ferromagnetic & ferro electric materials may give rise novel properties.
- a) Jype 1 forme Multifarois:-

In type 1 multifations ferro magnetic and take electric adding a occur independently. The sources for both falomagnetic and ferro electric materials are different, weak coupling bluthem.

mmad ... it ou



(16)* Applications of Magnetic materials:many my und finne \bigcirc Magnetic fields (or) electric field is used in Mass-spectromete to identify defferent materials. It can be used for to deturnine the elemental composition of & a sample. 2 Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI):min & min & min & min MRI is a test that uses powerfull magnets, radio waves and a computer to make detailed picture inside the body. Magnets are used to store the dater in computers. 3 (In speaker and microphones, magnets are used to convert electoical energy to mechanical energy. (5) In compasses magnets are used to align it self with a magnetic field (Magnets are also used to make jowellary

NANOTECHNOLOGY UNIT-IV > The term "Nano" was derived by the greek tram "Nanos", which means "Dwarf" or extremity small. -> 1 nano means 1 billionth of 1 mitre $inm = 10^9 m$ → The particles that is in the range of 1 hano is known as -> Usually the nano particles are the particles in the range of 1 nano mites to 1000 nano meters → 1 nanometre is approximately the length of the 10 Hydrogen atoms on it 5 silicon atoms are lined up is equal to Nano scale is a measuring scale of nano particles that of the sample of 1 nm to 1000 nm ez:- Proteins, DNA, inorganic nano particles are in the range namo scale (ire inm to 1000 nm) Nano material o-Material having any one or molethan one dimension in nanoscale (1-1000 nm) is called nano material -> Nano material are divided into 3 parts i) 10 nano material :-Only one dimension is in nano scale other 2 dimensions ale normal.

Ex :- Quantum well (this film coating)

ii) 2 B nanu material

→ Two dimensions are in nano scale

iii) 3D nano material → All 3D's are in nanoscale Ex:- Quantum dot (or norno orng.

- Nano-science e-→ The study of the fundomental properties and related phenomenon of nano materials (or) nano particles is scalled nano-science.
 - * Nano-technology :=-

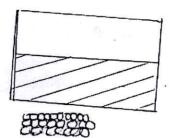
In 1974, Norio Taniguchi (Japan) invent nanotechnology -> Nano-technology is the study of devoloping of the devices by using of the applications of the nano material.

EX: - TED TV screen is made by quantum dots.

* Quantum size effect :-

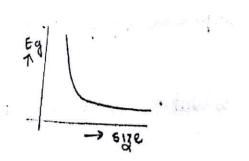
when we reduce the size of the material to name earning them the properties of the material like chemical properties, physical properties, electrical properties,² magnetic properties and change in colour etc. are changes this effect is known as quantum size effect * Quantum confinement :-

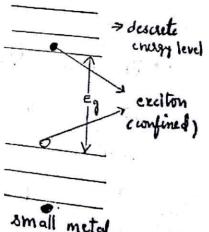
When the size of the matter comiconductor) degrees decreases then the energy gap increases due to which electron hole (excition) confined in a descreate energy level this confinement of electron-hole is known as Quantum confinement is a quantum size effect > Quantum confinement is a quantum size effect > When the size of the material reduce then the moment of electron decreases. because of the increase in 'Eg'. Then the excitons are devoloped.



Bulk







elustes

Degree of freedom (Dp): - Independent direction of motion of electron * Degree of confinement (Dc): - no. of degree of confined motion $D_{f} + B_{c} = 3$ i) Quantum well :- ID is confined; remaing two are wormal ii) Quantum wire :- 20 ale confined ; remaing one is normal iii) duantern dot :- all 3eall confined Surface to Volume ratio :--> Manomaterials have a relatively larger surface area when compared to the same mass of material in a larger form -> due to this larger value of surface to volume ratio of namo material. They are more chemically reactive. -> surface properties such as energy levels, electronic structure and reactivity can be quite different from interior states -> In nanomaterials many atoms are will be near interfaces, so that the materials in the nano form is more chemically reactive. Ex: - concept of surface area to volume ratio in a cube is -> A cube has a surface alla of GMZ [IMXIMX6 side] onel ... surface area to volume ratio is 6/2

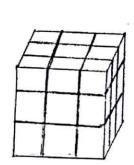
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. 2) Same cube cut in 8 pieces

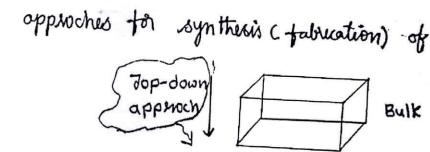
-> Then surface area of each cube is

1.5 m2 (0.5 m x0.5 m x6) Total surface allar 115m x8 = 12m

- . surface allow to volume ratio is 12
- 3) same cube cut into 27 pieces ->" surface alla is E6x 1/3x 1/3] x27 = 18m2 .". surface area to volume ratio is 18/1

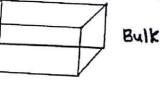


- * There are two general nano materials
- 1) Jop-Down approch ii) Bottum-up oppsoch



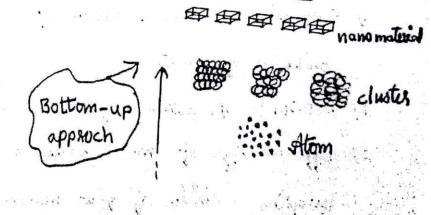
and the second second

and the second second





i) Jop-down Approch :-A technique in which breaking down bulk material into nano material



 $(\mathbf{i}_1,\cdots,\mathbf{i}_{l}) \in \mathbf{V}$

TRAILER SK

1) Ball Milling method :-

This technique was developed by Benjamin in 1960. It is a top-down approch for the synthesis of nanomaterial In this technique powder sample is reduced to nanometer range by mechanical deformations.

* construction :-

-> Rotato metal balk -> Cylindricol ball mill > sample in powder form Goss-sectional

view

- It is consist of
-) Cylindrical ball mill made by starium steel which is poor conductor of heat
- 2) Rotator :- To estate cylindrical ball mill
- 3) diffuent size of metal balls made by hard steel and tungsten carbide of \$ew millimeter of diameter
 → The powder somple crusted by this hard balls
 4) Powder of substance whose name material will form.
 ★ Working :-
 - → We fill 60% of volume of cylinder by powder of substance and metal balls

-> Then rotate the ball mill by using rotator.

-> velocity of eq rotating cylinder is responsible for this process

ive if velocity of cylinder is increase then impact is also increase -> velocity of cylinder neither too high non too low

> The grinding periods is within the range of 1 minute to some 10 h + Bisadvantages:-

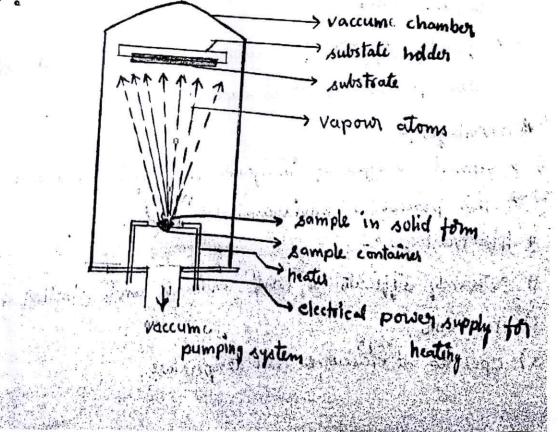
i) All the particles are not broken down to require particle size

(i) During the process, contamination of by milling tools and atmosphere can be a problem.

* Advantage :-

F) The main advantage is high production rate of nano-particles 2) physical vapour deposition (PVD) method :-

PVA methoda is a vaporization coating technique where raw materials are in solid form. * construction :-



- -> Physical vapour deposition (PVD) methods is consist of sample container in which we can place solid form of sample and substrate holder to deposite the name form of sample
- -> Heating allengement is place to heat the sample by using electrical power supply.
- -> This total are system is placed in vaccume chamber which having one vaccum in/vaccum out way.
- Working :-
 - -> The solid form of sample to be deposited as coating is taken in sample container
 - -> By using electrical power supply heat the sample then sample gets heated and thin evaporate, this process is called evaporation.
 - -> These vaporized atoms of sample move to the substate to be casted
 - -> finally the vaporized atoms are deposited at substrate holder thes process is called deposition

* Advantages :-

- 1) -> Almost all type of morgonic and organic materials can be used. 2) -> this process is enviroummental process
 - + pisadvantages -
 - 1) Extremely difficult to coat underents and similar surface beatures

 - 2) High cost -3) operates of Vaccume and temperature.

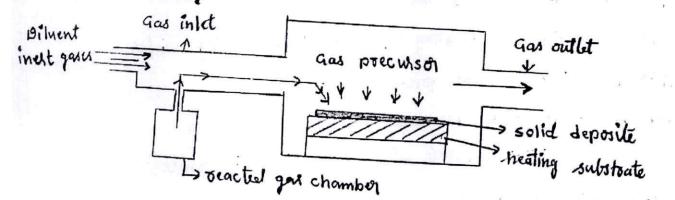
- 4) PVB require skilled operator.
- 5) The rate of coating deposition is very slow.

* Applications :-

- i) PVD coating are generally used to improve hardness, wear resistance and oxidation resistance.
- il coalings are usually useful in wide range of applications in Medical or is writed, fields.
- 3) Chemical vapour deposition (CVD) method :-

cvp is a formation of a non-volatile (not vapourized naturally) solid film on a surface by a reaction of vapour phase chemicals (gaspons precussor) that contain the required constinuent

* construction -



It consist of a reacter chamber having gas inlet, gas outlet eitherside as shown in diagram and heating substate in which the this film of wafes form is deposite on the substrate, the reactor gas chambes is attached at the inlet to as enter gas precussor into the reacter chamber.

- Working :-
 - → Jo produce nanomaterial wafer form, a required reactent in the gaseus form and diluent inert gases are introduced in the reactent chamber from gas inlet.
 - → The reactements are absorbed on the surface of substrate and undergo chemical reactions with the substrate to form the film
 - -> The gasens by product of the reactions are desorbed and evacuated from the gas outlet.
 - * Types of CVB based on temperature :-
 - 1) Hot Wall cvD :- heating system heats up not only wafer but also the walks of the reactor.
 - 2) cold-wall cV19:- heating system heatsup only water. * Jypes of CVD based on pressure:-
 - 1) APCVO (Atmospheric pressure CVD)
 - 2) LOW-pressure CV19:-
 - *Advantages:-
 - 1) CV19 is used to deposite high queility film.
 - 2) It is extreamly useful in the process of atomic layer and deposition for depositing extreamly thin layer of material
 - 3) GAAS films are used in some integrated circuits and photo-vollage devices.
 - 4) fabrication of calbon nanotubes.

il Bottom-up Approch :-A technique in which materials and devices buildup atom - by - atom 1) Sol-gel peocess :sol-get is a colloidal chemistry technology -> The sol is the name of the colloidal solution made up of solid particles, few hundred nm diameter suspended in a liquid phase -> The gel is a present com be considered as a solid micro-molecule immerséd in a solvent. > solget is a process in which chemical transfortation of a liquid into a gel state. -> The main benafits of sol-gel processing are the high putity and mitsm nanostrycture achivable at low temp. dissolve (0 (Dehydration Reaction) Gel Drying) precuss81 Aerogel 88 G Xesogel heat heat heat Thin film coating powder Dense ceramic

* Wwaavanioys ;-V) > controlling the groth of the particles is very difficult. 2) -> stopping the newly formed particles from agglomation is difficult. * Advantage :- sol-get synthesis is superior of all the avoilable processes as it can produce

- 1) Thin bond coating
- 2) thick coating
- 3) high purity product

+ Applications:-

- 1) It can be used in ceramics manufacturing processing for producing very thin films of metal oxides. 2) This method is optics, electronics, energy, space, bio-sensors,
 - medicine and separation technology.
- * characterization technique > The structure and properties of nano particles are characterized by TEM, SEM & XRI9
 - 1) XRD Technique -

-> XRO technique used to determine the crystalographic structure of a nano-material.

* experimental aringement :--> XRA is consist of & main component such as X-ray source, sample, filter (receiving optics) and N-ray detector

x-ray Mbe aputile diphagiam - Betector a scattured diphassam sample

* Analysis :-31 -> x-ray beam diffraction (xRD) analysis is based on Bragg's law and Bragg's angle Braggis law => hz=2d sino. -> When a beam of x-ray is incident on the sample, x-rays are scattered by each atom in the sample > It the scattered beams are in phase they interfore constructively and give maximum entensity > If the scattered beams are in out of phase they interfare distorectively therefore the density of atoms within the sample can be analyged. Applications :i) Identification: - phase identification, investigation of low/high temp. phases, solid solution and determenation of Unitcell parameters of new materials i) Texture analysis: - The determination of the preffered orientation of the crystallities in poly crystalline aggregates is referred to as texture anatysis. # Advantages :--> It is powerfull and rapid test for identification of an unknown material -> It requires minimum sample preparations > XR19 units are widely avoilable ->. The data interpositation is selalively straight forward.

* Scanning electroning Microscope (SEM) :-

→ In scanning election Microscope (SEM), the electrons are used to form an image for a resolution better than Inm and it has higher magnification, larger depth of field. → construction o-

-> pointary electron beam soulce -> scan coil --- condensing lens > vaccume column > objective lens - CRO (monitor) -> sample (specimen) SEM is consist of i) vaccum column :- electron beam is fall on the sample without any deviation by other attom ii) condensing lens :- it is used to focus the electron beam on objective is?) Objective lens = it is used to focus the electron begin on the sample. iv) scan coll: - It is used to rotate the condensing lens and objective lens. Painciple :- In sEM, the spacimon is exposed to a nation electron beam from an electron gun

which rapidly moves over (81) scan the surface of the specimen

This causes the release of a shower the secondary electrons from the speciman surface.

- -> Density of electoons (81) atoms can be analysis in the Image.
- -> Zero density (no-atoms) then black colour is form in image -> Gray colour is form when less no. of atoms are present. Scanning process:-
- → The electron beam which has the energy range from 0.2 ker to 40 KeV is focused by two lenses (condensing and objective) to a spot about 0.4 nm to 5 nm. in diameter of sample
 > When the poimary electron beam interact with the sample, energy is exchange between the electron beam and the electron of the sample.
- -> thin electron from the sample are emilted out and known as secondary electrons
- -> These secondary electrons are capture by the detector and amplified.

-> Then the image of the sample is captule by the cro x-rays incident beam Primory back scattered electrons Auges clectrons cathadolummiscince information secondary electrons

election-sample interaction

Tromsmission electron Michoscope LTEMI :-

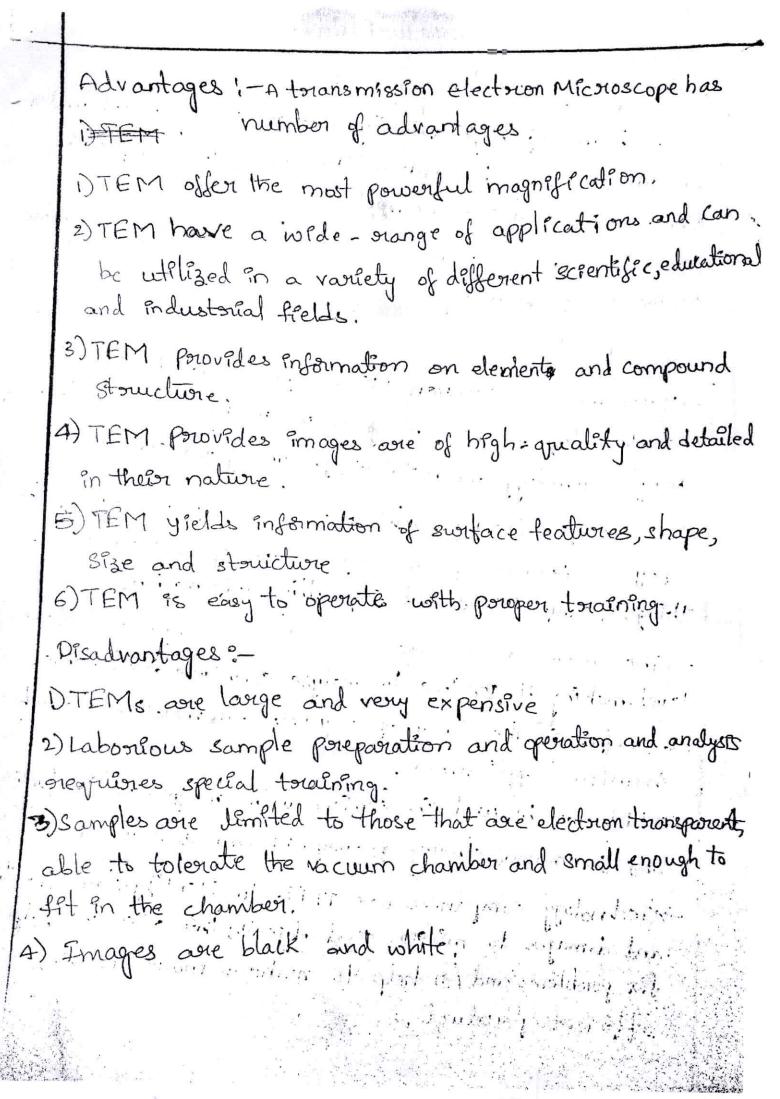
- → TEM can be used to study the growth of layers and to analyze, the quality, shape, size and density of quantum well, wives, dots.
- → TEM is used to reveal the internal structure of material → 1st TEM was built by Max Knoll and Ernst Ruska in 1933 and 1st commercial TEM is in 1939
- -> 1986 Ruska was awarded by the Noble prize in physics -toi developing TEM
- -> By using TEM the magnification of the sample image is greatesthan 300 K times possible. possible.

four componants of TEM -

- i) electron gun is used to produce fine electron beam.
- ii) A set of condenser lenses to tocus the electron beam into specimon.
- iii) A set of Magnification lenses to used to create the final magnification image on the plouroscent screen
 - iv) An objective lens is used to form let image of the specimen.
 - -> All these components of TEM are kept in varcum system.

1. 资料要求 ----> clectron qun condensor lenses - condensus apparture 7 scan coil sample + sample (specimen) image -> objective lens magnification > Objective alla appestule " selective area appurture projector linsis > vaccum system > theorescent scien > Magnified linage of sample poinciple and Working of TEM ;-A beam of high velocity electrons accelareted under vaccum, tocused by condenser lins on to the sample and then emerged electron beam is then bocused by objective lens, final image torms on a fluorescent screen or camera for the image viewing

TEM Application :-> Toransmission electron Microscope is ideal foilige science nanotechnology, medical, biological and material meseconch, forense analysis, gemology and metallungy, industry and education. -> TEMS provide topographical: Caccurate oreposesentation of the physical features of an area), morphological (structure of things), compositional and assistabline information. > The finages allow researchers to view samples on a molecular level, making it-possible to analyze stoucture are texture. -> Useful in the study of conjustals and metals, but also has industrial applications. ->TEMs can be used in semiconductor analysis and production and the manufacturing of computer and splicon chips. rechnology companies use TEMs to adentify flaws, fracture and damages to mecono-sezed objects; this data can help fix problems and for help to make a more durable, efficient product.



Precipitation synthesis Method: The precipitation technique involves the precipitation Of Metal in the form of hydroxide from a salt precursor with the help of a base in a solvent. poinciple: Two or more chemicals are mixed to react Each other. The product will settle down as precipitate. the most up and part Nanoporticla Mixing of seactorts Macroemulsion Miniemulsion Experimental methods: An Example of copper oxide nanopasticles Synthesis is used to Explain the general concept of (precipitation. a) copper sulphate pentahydrate (cusoy 5H20) is mixed with Hydroxy ammonium chloride (NH2DHHCL) in distilled water. 6) The mixture is cooled in a cold-Water bath with constant Swirling c) The predpitation is settled down and the supernatant liquid poursed off.

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QCUSO4 + 2NH2 OH HCL + 6NAOH -> CU20 V+ N2+ aNADU4 T 7H20+2Nacl A) The precipitate is washed several times with distilled water until it is chloride free. e) The precipitate is dried at 200°c - 250°c f) When the precipitate is heated to 300°c in open aid, (40 (nono-posticles are tormed. $Cu_2 0 \longrightarrow Cu_0$ 401-1 Below fig. shows the preciptation method. bo u cit. NOOH precipitation wath di to chloride -free Cusoy . (1). 10 filtering · Prying Reaction N:12 01-111 Cold water dia. you hano Diari S. Win fig. Poecipitation Method. Scanned with OKEN Scanne

Uses: a day in the dual practice 1) Tumor and cancer diagnosis treatment. D' Magnetic Resonance imaging-for cliagnosis land, treatment. 3 Magnetic drug target. and in the initial alignment of the Advantages :-1) It is a simple, low cost and rapid method of preparation of nano particles. trine for a starting to a () In precipitation method reaction température (is 1/00. 3 This method gives fine and uniform Size particles. Typed the Min Combustion Method: Combustion is a chemical process in which a substance reacts rapidly with oxygen and gives off heat. -> The original substance is called the fuel, and the source of oxygen is called the Oxidizer. -> Method: Solution combustion Synthesis (scs) method was discovered by KC patil When a mixture of Al(Ng)9H20 and usea Solution are sapidly heated around sooic in a multile burnace. It was observed that the solution mixture has undergoes Vaporization followed by Vigorous Ignition with an incondescent flame Ciable Challens I ith OKEN Scanne

luminous white product which was identified as 02-Al203. 11 Metal Nitontes -Homogenous Combustion in preheated turnoce fully focim with fuel Solution principle :- This method is based on Utilization of heat Energy produced during the Exothermic Spontaneous redox, reaction. between an oxidizes. > The Dxidizers can be of any metal nitrates and reducing agent may be organic buch, such as glycine, oxalic, acid, uzea, Sugar, EDTA, Etc. 13 and no million in Metal Nitrate + Fuel ->nano metal Oxide+gases. In order to calculate fuel quanity, the total oxidizing valency. of the fuel must match the total orducing valency of metal nitrate ... a star and Sec. Space

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ned with CamSe

Aller and die Tubier Sider reform Socieduse:a) The uniformly mixed solution of all the reactants is kept in a furnace maintained at 500°C. (b) The solution undergoes Evaporation and concentrated, uniformly mixed Viscous-gel type Substance is obtained. c) Atter sometime, the viscous-gel catches five and propagates Spontaneously in the sedax mixture in the form of littles a blame for smolelering type. d) The Combustion (under) lasts for, about, 1, to, 2 minutes. e) During the porpagation a large quantity of goises and high temperature are produced, and it results in the formation of nono metal oxides. Little piùs la manife è svibliger di Advantages: 1 1. 6 ... A. A. J. Marker & Vyon -> time and Energy Efficiency A. Oak > Raw materials are usually less Expensive. -> Equipment is Simple. pice. In the state of the second and and an Application: -> SCS is used to fabricate Various materials for many applications of catalysis, luminescent, fuel cells, Energy Conversion, and Energy Storage --> It is also applied to synthesize thin films of metal oxides. N. 4. 1 O Scanned with OKEN Scanne

implicated garmets are also widely synthesic thin filby SCS > It is also useful for semiconductors and optical materials, nano-cesamics, thin-films in it is in Applications of Nano Materials: 10 41.2. 1. Tougher and harder cutting tools : Cutting and tools made of hanocoystalline materials are much stongers, harder, wearresistant and Erosion + resistant and last longer 84) Ductile, machinable ceramics: Ceramics are very hard, bittle, and hard to machine: so, they are dibbicuit, to use. 3) Elimination of pollutants: Nano materials can be used as catalysts to react with harmful, and toxic gases as Carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxide in automobile catalyst. Converts power generation Equipment. -> Avoid Envicomental pollution from burning tools (polool). 4) High Energy density Batteoies: Nanoczystalline materials prepared by sol-get tenchniques are useful for seprator plates in batteries, because of foam. 5) High-Sensitivity Sensors: Sensors made of nanocrystalline materials are Extremely sensitive to the change in their Environment.

6) Sun Screen : Many Sunscreens Contain nanoparticles of Zinc oxide or titanium Oxide. Smaller particles are less lisible. 7) Self-cleaning glass: - Glass with nanoparticles makes glass photo-catalytic and hydrophilic. Hydrophilic means that When water makes contact with glass, it spreads across the glass Evenly which helps wash glass cleans dilla bio bio 3) Clothing: Fabrics with an thin layer of Zinc Oxide nanoparticles, gives better protection from uv radiation. -> clothes having nanoparticles in the form of little hairs that help sepel water and other materials. 7) Scoatch - resistant Coatings: Addition of aluminum Silicate nanoparticles to scratch-resistant polymer coafing used for cass to eyeglass lenses plant conclude find quin the in an in the late to a state and an action that prove when the public but The for the second

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Lasers & Fiber optics

ee quantum processes ?-

- -> In general the electron in an atom occupy the lowest energy level.
- -> When the eachation interact with matter, the photon energy can be obsorbed by the electron, then the electron may be excited to higher energy level
- → Thin interaction with matter can be explain by Three. Types ① Absorption :-

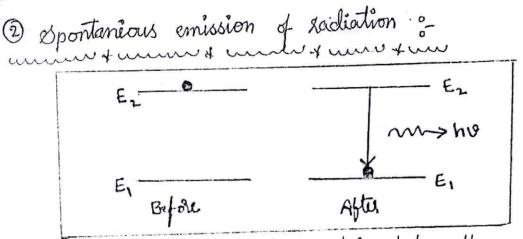
			STUUT			
w	un	+	um	in	0	

E1 -	<u></u>	- E2	
			$h\theta = E_2 - E_1$
ho my	- <u></u>	⁻ Е,	
E1 Before	Afta	-1	

→ If a photon is incident on an election in its ground statects the election absorbs the photon and is raised to its excited energy state (62). Have photon energy E2-E1=his is required. → If the photon energy is not equal to energy difference between E2DE1, the photon is not absorbed and the atom is remains in the ground state.

-> This process is known as Alosyption.

UNIFY O



⇒ When the electron in the excited state after spending of the lifetime (10⁸s) in excited state, the electron make a transition from excited state to its ground state by emitting of radiation of energy hu, this phenomenon is known as spontaneous emission.

-> The photons of this case have various wavelength and they are out of phase. Thus the photons are incoherent. 3 Stimulated emission of radiation :-

- → In this process a photon having energy (ErE;=hv) is incident on the excited electron and that photon forces the excited electron to make a transition from Erto 6, before spending of its lifetime on the excitted state.
- -> In this process electron emits two photons, while falling on ground state.
- and they are in phase. Thus the photons are coherent.

LASER beam characteristrics :-

- -> Laser beam has following unique characteristics over ordinary light. They are
 - i) Monochromaticity:-
 - Monochromatic light beam means a light containing single colowr (81) wavelength
 - -> Ordany light is a mixture of different frequencies (37) wavelengths.
 - → In laser, all the emitted photons possess the same frequency and Energy, so the laser beam has single waveling → Therefore the laser is mohochromatic and consist of very narrow range of prequencies.
 - ii) Arrectionality :-

LASER

- -> Ordinary light source emit photons in all insections -> LASER emits photons in only one direction.
- > LASER beam can travel very long distances without

Source

spreading. this is directionality of LASER

· 3) cohelence ?=

- → When the light particles (photons) are in the same phase (81) constant phase difference than the light waves are said to be coherence.
- -> The photons of ordinary light source are out of phase.
- -> In LASER, photons are emitted by due to the stimullated emission so that, photons of Laser beam are highly coherent.

LASER ANNANNY ordinary .

4) High Intensity :→ The intensity of a wave is the envery per unit time Howing through a unit normal area
→ In ordinary light, the photons sporeads in all directions
→ But in LASER, photons spreads in a small region of space having small wavelength range

-> Hence the laser has high intensity whin compared to the sidinary light.

Einstein's co-efficients and Relation between them:-") Absolption:-

The rate of probability to occur absorption process from state 1 to state 2 depends on properties of energy states 1.82 and is proportional to incident energy density P(v) of the radiation frequency of the incident radiation on the atom Thus $P_{10} d P(t)$

 $= B_{12} f(7)$

Where B12 is proportionality constant, represent the properties of energy state

B12 is known as Einstein co-efficient of absorption

ii) Spontaneous emission: The rate of probability of occure spontaneous process from state 2 to 1 depends only on the properties of energy states • 1 and 2. this process is independent of energy density (PND) of frequency

Thus

HAN NE

where Azi is propolitionality constant; represent properties of energy states 1.82

Azi is known as Einstein's co-efficient of spontaneous Emission.

3) stimulated Emission :-

The rate of probability of occur stimulated emission process from state 2 on to 1 depends on properties of energy states 1 and 2 as well as proportional to stimulated energy density P(r) of frequency 'r' incident on the atom. thus

 $\frac{P(21)}{= B_{21} f(7)}$

Here B21 is proportionality constant, represent proportion properties of energy states.

B21 is known as Einstein's co-efficient of stimullaled Emission.

The Total transition propability of atoms trom.

 $P_{21} = (P_{21})_{\text{spontaneous}} + (P_{21})_{\text{stimulated}}$ $P_{21} = A_{21} + B_{21} g(\gamma)$

Relation between Einstein's coefficients :-

let N, & N2 be populations of energy states 182 respectively in a system of atoms. which is at thermal equilibrium at a temperature "T"

The no. of atoms that take transitions per unit volume from state 1 to 2 in unit time can be written as.

 $N_1 P_{12} = N_1 B_{12} f(7) \longrightarrow 0$

Have B12. - Einstein co. efficient of stimulated absorption.

The no. of atoms that take toomsitions per unit volume from state 2 to state 1 in unit time can be written as.

 $N_{2}P_{21} = N_{2}[A_{21} + B_{21}P(3)] \longrightarrow \textcircled{}$

At equilibrium, the no. of toomsitions from state 1 to 2 (upward toomsition) will be equal to the 1 no. toomsitions state from 2 to 1 (downwards tromsitions)

 $N_{12} = N_{2}P_{21}$

from eq 2

 $N_1 B_{12} P(-7) = N_2 [A_{21} + B_{21} P(-7)]$ $N_1 B_{12} P(-7) = N_2 A_{21} + N_2 B_{21} P(-7)$

$$[N, B_{12} = N_2 \cdot B_{21}]f(H) = N_2 \cdot A_{21}$$

$$f(H) = \frac{N_2 \cdot A_{22}}{[M_1 \cdot g_{12} \cdot N_2 \cdot B_{22}]}$$

$$f(H) = \frac{N_2 \cdot A_{22}}{[M_1 \cdot g_{12} \cdot N_2 \cdot B_{22}]}$$

$$According to Bollymann's distribution law, itst
distribution of atoms among the energy levels $E_1 \cdot M \cdot E_2$,
at the equilation. In the ground state $G_1 \cdot M \cdot G_2$

$$N_1 = N_0 \cdot \exp[\frac{E_1}{E_1}] \cdot G \cdot N_2 = N_0 \cdot \exp[-\frac{E_2}{E_1}]$$
where N_0 - population. In the ground state $G_1 \cdot G_2$

$$\frac{N_1}{N_2} = \exp[\frac{E_2 - E_1}{K_1}] = \exp[-\frac{N_0}{K_1}] \rightarrow \bigoplus$$

$$Subs \bigoplus \min[\frac{1}{K_1} \cdot \frac{G_1}{K_1}] \cdot \frac{G_1}{K_1} + \frac{G_2}{K_1} + \frac{G_1}{K_1}] = \exp[\frac{N_0}{K_1}] \rightarrow \bigoplus$$

$$According to Planck's low the energy density, of radiations
$$According to Planck's low the energy density, of radiations
$$G_1 + \frac{G_1}{G_2} + \frac{G_1}{G_1} + \frac{G_1}{G_2} + \frac{G_1}{G_1} \rightarrow \bigoplus$$$$$$$$

īs

B21=B12 i.e mormo uynument My Einstein's that the Brobability of stimulated emiss and absorption are equal.

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Porinciple and Working of Laser:-1) Lasing action :-In stimulated emission, the emitted photon travels in the same direction, as that of the incident photom as Shown in draggiam, these two photons again stimulate two more excetted electrons, as a result four photons are released. In a similar way, a chain greation (S) on avalanche effect is produced this phenomenon is known as lasing action. So, a monochromatic, intense and coherent beam is obtained this is called laser beam, and this 93 the posincepte of working of Lager.

stimulated his (emitted photons) munite munite munite photon 2) Population inversion -"The stage of making the population of the higher enough level to be greater then the population of the lower energy level is known as population inversion. Re $E_2 > E_1$ and $N_2 > N_1$ -> Usually the no. of particles (3) population of higher energy level is less than the population of lower energy level. Consider there energy level system E, F2& F3. EE E3 N3 TE N2 1 EL E, N, Population inversion. normal population In normal condition, E, < E2 < E3 and N,>N2 7N3 Ei is the ground state, its lifetime is whited. Ests the highest energy state with very less lifetime of an atom (15" s; most unstable state) and E28 The

intermidiate energy level with more life-time of an atom (153) compare to that of E3, Hence E2 is metastable state. When suitable forom of energy is supplied to the system In suitable way then the atom excite from ground state to excited state (E2& E3) due to unstability, excited atom will come back to the ground state, after spending Its lifetime of respective energy levels E2 & E3. If this process is continued, then atoms will excite continously to E_L Ez, because of Ez is most unstable state, atomy will fall in Ez immideately. At a stage, the population In E will become more than the population inground State. This situation is called population inversion. 3) Pumping !-

The population inversion can not be achieved themally to achieve population inversion, suitable from of energy must be supplied. The process of supplying suitable from of energy to a system to achieve population inversion is called pumping. > Most commonly used pumping methods are () Optical pumping () distect electron excitation(8) electric discharge () In-electric atom - atom collision. () Chemical reaction.

Life time :- The duration of time (10's) spent by an electron in the excited state is known as lifetime of that electron. lifetime of an electron = 10⁻⁸s. Metastable state !- The excited state, which has long lifetime is known as metastable state.

>The lifetime of electron in metastable state in 1035.

Ruby laser ?- Ruby laser is a solid state, 3- level laser system developed by H.T. Maiman in 1960. It produces pulsed laser. i) douse of energy (pumping) :-A helical xenon flash tube with power supply source. ii) Active medium :- A ood of Ruby crytal. iii) Optical Cavity (31) Resonator :-Arengement of silver polished how & must mororors on either sides of the ruby rod. construction ? > Fully reflected end face. > Partially reflected end face > Helical Xenon flosh lamp Ruby tod (A1203+(c+203) Lasor beam > alass tube Power supply cooling cooling Coumping A Ruby laser consist of a cylindrical ruby rod made up of AlzOz which is doped with 0.05% weight of C \$203 and whose length is few centimeters and diameter is 0.5 cm. The active material in the suby are chromium ions cr3t. The end faces of the ead coated with silver in such a way that one end face becomes fully reflecting while the other end is partially reflecting, so that the two ends will act as

optical (31) seconator cavity. The suby sod is stituanded by a helical Xenon flash tube which provides the pumping light to saise the chromium ion (c_{7}^{2t}) to upper energy level. Working $\hat{}$ below energy diagram illustrating the operation prenciple of suby laser $E_3 \longrightarrow$ Higher energy level (11/pe time = 10³s) Xenon flash light (Green & blue light is obsorbed) M_3 $E_1 \longrightarrow$ (laser output), Red colours (c943. $E_1 \longrightarrow$ Ground energy level

In normal state, the c_3^{3+} ions are in ground energy level. When the suby crystal is irrediated with light of Xenon flash. the C_3^{3+} ion obsorbed light at wavelength around $5600 A^{\circ}(5000A^{\circ}-6000A^{\circ})$ which will be either green & blue colour, then the c_3^{3+} ions are exceted to the levels E_2 and E_3 . Few chromium atoms return to ground level (E_1) and other level E_2 .

The teamsitions from E3 to E2 are non-radiative i.e chearnium atoms gives part of their energy to the coystal lattice in the form of heat, that must be removed away from the system by providing some cooling arrengement to increase the efficiency of laser production.

from the excited states (Ez), the atoms spontaneously talks to the metastable state Ez. It pumping occurs continuosly

The accumatation of atoms takes place more and more in E_2 through E_3 , which gives population inversion between E_2 and E_1 : as a result stimulated emission takes place between E_2 and E_1 , this emission gets multiple reflection between fully and partially reflected mission then strengthen and emitted laser beam of wavelength G943A° in red colour. One flash of xenon tube in used to get population inversion which causes laser beam, till the next flash of xenon tube repeats the process, thus the Ruby laser is not continuous, it is a pulsed laser

Uses of Ruby lasers. > Ruby lasers are used in optical holography. > Ruby lasers are used in optical holography. > Ruby lasers can be used for measurment of plasma properties such as electron density and temperature. -> Melanin of the skin and tattos can be removed using this lasers.

CO2 (cabon-di-axide) lasor -

* Type : Molecular gas laser * esource of energy (promping) : Electrical discharge method * Active media : CO2: N2: He gas miriture * Optical Cavity : Quartze discharge tube (Avrengement of mirors) It is a one of the most powerfull and efficient basers which was designed by C.K.N. Patel in 1963.

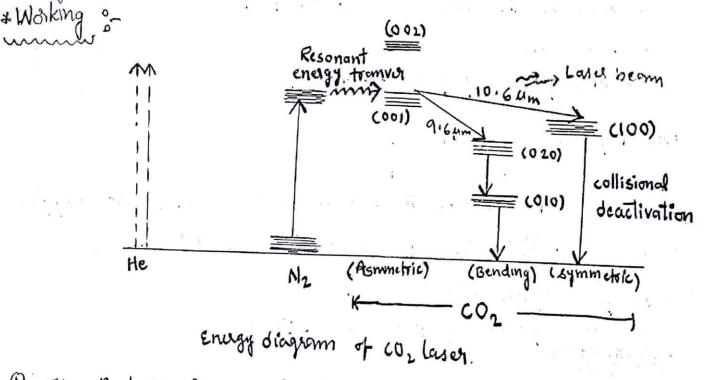
* fundamental modes of vibration of the CO2 molecule :-There are three fundamental modes of vibrations O symmetric stretching mode :- Here. the carbon atom is stationary and the oxygen atoms oscillates (3) vibrates along the areas of the molecule simultaneously approching in departing -> Here quanta of frequency is (100) (ii) Bending mode of vibrations :- Here the atoms will not be linear, rather the atoms will vibrate perpendicularly to the molecular axis -> Here quanta of frequency (0.20) (ii) Asymmittic stretching mode :-Here all the three atoms will vibrate. but oxygen atoms vibrate in the opposite direction to the vibration direction oxygen atoms + construction -He N2 CO2 Brewster + window To vaccume pump He+N2+ CO2 mixture laser output fully reflected minor Brensty Postially reflected eletrical dischare

THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICH.

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It is consist of a discharge tribe in which eoz is taken along with nitrogen and helium gasses with their pressure level of 0.33: 1.2:7 mm of Hg for cozinz and He respectively. Nz helps to increase the population of atoms with upper level of cozi while He helps to depopulate the atoms in the lower level of coz and also to cool the discharge tribe.

The discharge is produced by D.C. excitation, at the ends of the tube, brewster windows are placed as shown in diagrams to polarize lases beam. One end of the resonant cavity has fully reflected mirrors and other is partially reflected.



I The discharge is passed through the tube first. the Nratoms are raised to exited state.

etN2→N2*

@ The Nr atoms undergo resonant energy toomsver with con atoms and saises co_(001) to excited state due to closer energy level of coz(001) and Nz

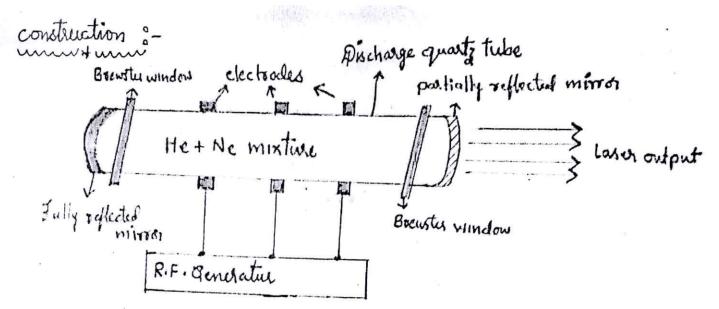
 $N_1^* + CO_2 \longrightarrow CO_1^* + N_2$

- 3 When transition takes placed between (001) to(100). Laser of wavelengt 10.6 um is emitted as shown in energy diagram @ Simillarly when transition takes place between (001) and (020) lases beam of wavelength 9.6 um is emitted which can be absorbed by quartz tube. Since (001) -> (100) has higher gain that (001) -> (020) toomsition (5)
- usually the laser beam of wavelength 10.6 um is produced more G) This type of CO2 laser is known as TEA laser (Tromsverd Excited Atmospheric Pressure laser) He-Ne Laser ?-

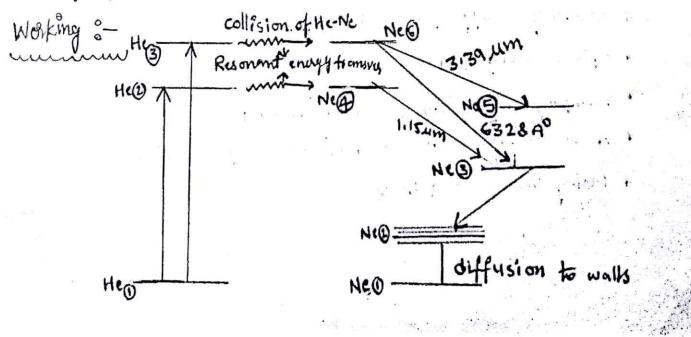
mun furnew

Helium-neon (He-Ne) laser is a gaseous system of lasem. and it is used to produce continuous laser beam. * Dousce of energy (pumping) : R.F. ascillator * Optical Cavity : Aringement of suffector * Pumping mechanism : Electric discharge * Active medium : Helium - neon (He-Ne) gas mixture * Lasing lavel : 9 levels.

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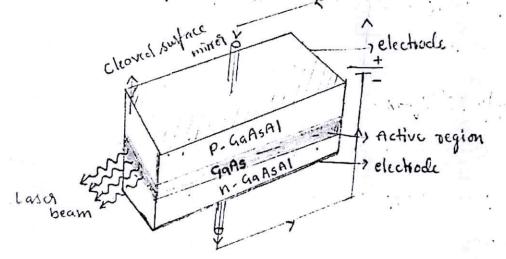
He-Ne laser consist of a fused quartz tube with a diameter of 1.5 cm of the and 130 cm length. It is filled with He-Ne gas mireture with 10:11 ratio. Helium is maintained under a pressure of 0.1 mm of the and Ne is at a pressure of 1 mm of the Hence He atoms are majority and neon atoms are minority. Three electrods are connected to the power supply which excite the active médium. Brewster windows are connected as to the quartz tube to polarize the laser beam and one end of the quartz tube is connected, to fully reflected mirorist and other is pastially reflected miroron.



- When an electric discharge is passed through the He-Ne gas mixture, helium atoms are excited to higher energy levels to ive He@ & He@, due to the collision with electrons.
- neon atoms contain 6 energy lunds they are NeO. NeO. NeO. NeO.
 Ne (D. Ne (D. and Ne (D. Here Ne (D and He (D) and Ne (D) Ne (D) Ne (D) have same energy and lifetime. The states He (D) & He (D) have states energy and lifetime. The states He (D) & He (D) are metaslable states
 Excited He atoms then, collide inelastically with ground state neon atoms and to answer their energy to neon atoms
 (D) Then mon atoms excited to their metastable states Ne (D) &
 - Ne (, after collision the He atoms are return to its ground state (He O).
- (5) The population invesion is created between Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne (Ne ())))))) group, and also between Ne (1. & Ne (3. so there by 3 possible toconsition.

Ne © → Ne ③ Transition: - This transition generates laser beam of ved colority of wavelength 6328 A°.
Ne © → Ne ⑤ Transition: - Puring this transition an electromagnetic radiation of wavelength 3.39 um is emitted
Ne @ → Ne ③ Transition: - During this transition an electromagnetic radiation of wavelength 1.15 um is emitted.
Whereas 3.39 um § 1.15 um transitions are in I·R regions and 6328 A° transition is in visible region. @ Quartz tube absorb 1.15 um and 3.39 um radiations. then 6328A° wavelength beam gets multiple reflections in between Two mirrors and gain sufficient energy and then emitted out, Uses:- O It gives continuous laser beam. This lases is highly directional, monochromatic, coherent and stable. 3 He-Ne laser is usefull in making holograms. and interferometer experiments De Cooling is not required

- -> JaAs is sondwiched in between a nitype GaAs Al and P-type GaAsAI layers as shown in diagram
- -> Laser diode "is a treasely heavity doped p-n junction diode -> The resonant cavity is provided by polishing opposite faces. of GaAs crystal, The pamping occurs by pasing electrical current through it.



→ Semiconductor lasers are available in two types. They are. () Homojunction diode laser (some Refractive indux of Penjunctions) () Heterojunction diode laser (different layers of Pisin junctions) → For both types of diode lasers working principle is some but construction is different. Working principle

Whenever the P-n junction is forward brased.

Absorbtion :--> In absorbtion, the valence elections, which are present in the valence band jump into higher energy level (conduction band) -> Now, there are holes at valence band and electrons are at conduction band.

spontaneous emission 6-

→ After spending the lifetime (15.85) electrons from conduction band will tend to more to valence band by emitting a photon of energy (equal to Eg). this process is known as spontaneous process.

stimulated emission :-

- → In stimulated emission a photon strikes election in conduction band and gain energy and recombine with those by emitting extra photon.
- -> Thuefore there are two photons having same energy and phase are released in stimulated emission.
- -> Due to the plane polished surfaces, multiple reflections in cavity are performed hence highly directional convent light is emitted.

1-1-1 electrico cy v with energy mi JE8 VIB spontaneous Absolution stimulated emission entesion Energy band diagram under forward bits

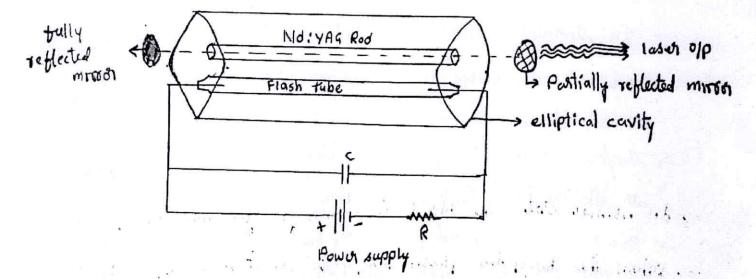
Nd: YAG Laser:-

neodymium (Nd); Yttrium alluminium garnet (Yz AlsOn) laser is a solid state laser, having 4 - energy level system. i) source of energy (pumping) :-

xenon & Krypton flash tube with power supply source

ii) Active medium : A rod of YAG crystal doped with Nd. and
 active material is Nd³⁺ ions
 iii) Optical Cavity (d) Resonator :-

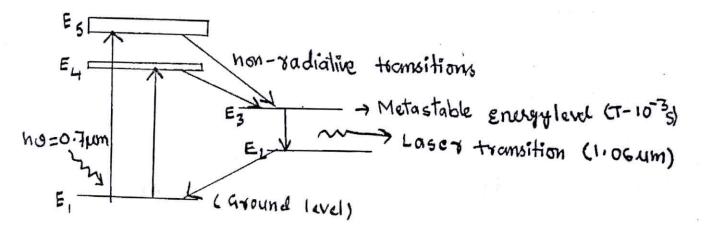
Elliptical cavity having silver polished minson construction:-



A Nd: YAG laser is consist of an elliptically cylindrical YAG crystal rod is doping with 0.725% of weight of neodymium. and whose length is romm and 12mm in diametes. The active material of Nd: YAG caser is neodymium (NIJ³⁺) ions, the end faces of this rod is coated with silver. in such a way that one endirgully and another is partially reflected morris (resonator), Krypton flash tube is amenge which provides pumping light to raise the NJ3+ ions to upper level.

- Working :-
- → The crystal atoms do not participate in the lasing action but serve as a most lattice. Y3+ ions are replaced by neodymium ions cNd3+3

below diagrams explains the operation principle of Nd: YAG laser.



→ In normal state the Nd³⁺ ions are in ground energy level → When the Krypton flash lamp is switched on Nd³⁺ ions are exciled to the upper energy level (Eq. 8 Eq.) → Then the Nd³⁺ ions take a transition from Eq. 8 Eq. energy levels to Ez by non radiative transition.

- \rightarrow The population inversion is occur in between $E_3 \& E_2$ \rightarrow Then 1.06 um laser beam is emitted by transition from E_3 to E_2
- -> This laser beam gets multiple reflections in between fully and postially reflected mroson and strongthien then emitted from partially reflected miroron
 - * Advantages :-
 - 1) It consume low power
 - 2) It has good mechanical process
 - 3) High output
 - 4) Easy to operated.

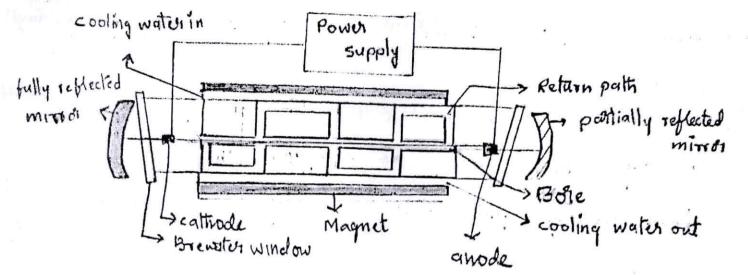
* Argon ion Laser :-

Agon ion laser was developed by Willium Bridges in 1964. it is an ion Laser of 4 energy level system. 1) characteristics ?-

1. A.

- Jype of Laser It is a gas laser
- -> Active medium Argon gas.
- -> Pumping method electric discharge
- -> et energy level 4 level of pumping
- -> Power output -: 100 watts
- -> Nature of outpul continuous wave and pulsed wave .
- -> wavelength of output It emitts mulliple wowelength mostly

blue (4881 A°) and green (5145A°) light. -In visible region ranging from 0089A° > In UV region .7740A? il) construction :-



→ It is consist of a narrow water cooled ceramic tube, the electrodes are arrenged at the ends of the capillary tube → The gas is circulated freely between the anode and cathode spaces via return gas path

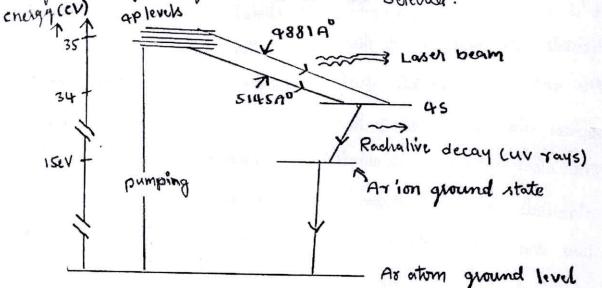
→ The discharge is surrounded by magnet which supports the circutate the gas through exactly from the centre of the tube → two Brewster windows either side of the tube are alrenged to polarized the laser beam

iii) Working :-

- -> An initially high voltage pulse, is ionized the Argon atom from its ground energy level. Then Argon ion raises to a group of its high energy level is about 35 eV. -> The possible transitions of Ar ion from high energy level to low energy levels are
 - 1) When Ar ion take transition from higher energy leveless to lower energy level(4:5) multiple wavelengths are emitted, but high intense wavelength are 4.831A° (blue) and 5145 A'cquen

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- 2) As ion quickly drops from the lower energy level to ground energy level. of Ar ion the wavelength of 740 A° (UV rays) is emilted
- -> The ground state ion can recapture the electron become . natural atom
- → during the operation positive ions tends to collect at cathode → Jotal system can be cooling by waits cooling arrengement → Any wavelength of LASER can be selected.



- iv) Advantages :-
- 1) -> which of the spectrum is large as it emits multiple wavelungth.
- 3) high-gain system
- 41. I divergence of beam is very small.
- V) Assadvantages :
 - i) cost is high
 - 2) Efficiency is small
 - 3) large power supply is required

vi) Applications :-

1) Ar Lasers are used to treat glaucomary diabetic eye deseases

2) Are lasers all used in Raman spectroscopy.

3) Ar lasers are used in Holography.

a) Ar Lasers are used in laser+ shows.

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Second the sheet sheet is the

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ripplications of Lasers ;muning mun i) Lasers in scientific reac research of I asers are used to clean delicate pieces of art: develop hidden finger prent. @ lasers are used in the fulles of 3D photography called. holography. 3 using lasers in internal structure of micro organisms and cells are studied very accurately. I Losers are used to produce certain chimical reactions ii) Lasels in Medicine ?shell want wat in the for I The heating action of a laser been is used to remove diseased body tissue. mat mainthe g to Mat 1.0.20 @ Lasers are used for elimination of moles and Tumours, which are developing in the skin tissue.

- 3 Argon and cor lasers are used in the treatment of lives and lungs.
- 4) Laser beam is used to correct the retinal detachment by eye specialist
- iii) Laser in communication :-

and and i

- 1) More amount of data can be sent due to the large band with of semiconductor laser.
- 3) More channels can be simultaneously transmitted 3) Signals can be tapped.
- 4) Atmospheric polusion concentration, ozone concentration and wates vapour concentration can be measured.
 iv) Laser in industry :- Lasers are used to
 iv) Laser in industry :- Lasers are used to
 iv) Jo blast holes in diamonels and hard steel.
 iv) Jo cut, chill, welding and remove metal from surfaces.
 iv) Jo measure distance for making maps by servayors
 iv) Jo cutting, and drilling of metals and non metals such a ceramics, plastics is glass.

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Optical fibes

Introduction :- Light wave cannot travel for in open atmosphere. as the energy gets very ropidly dissipated. Hence some kind of guiding channel is needed just like for guiding electric current, a conducting path like a metal wire is needed. optical fibes provides the neccessary waveguide for light. It is a cylindrical wave guide system which can be operate at optical frequencies i.e. optical signals can be transmitted through a files over long distance.

It is playing an important role in the field of communication to toomsmit voice, television and digital data signals from one place to another place. The toomsmission of light along the thin cylinetrical glass fiber by total-internal reflection was first demonstrated by John Tyndol in 1870. Pefinition "-

Optical fiber is a cylindiecal wave-guide system which electromagnetic energy in the form of light can be tremsmetted through it with very title leakage. I light fromsmitted throught the optical fiber by the phenomenon of Total internal reflection.

construction of optical fiber: cladding > Outer Jacket -> Buffer Jacket -> Silicon coating -> strength members An optical fibes mainly consists the following parts Ocore, @ cladding, 3 silicon coating, @ Buffer Jucket 5 strength members @ outer jackel O cole :- A typical glass fibes consists of a central core of thickness sources surrounded by cladding. core is made by glass -> The light will transmitts through the core. @ cladding ?- cladding has slightly lower refractive index than core. The overall diameter of cladding is nearly 125 to 200 um It is also making with either glass or plastic. 3 silicon coating . It is provided between buffer jacket and cladding, in order the Emprove the quality of toomsmission of light. @ Buffer jacket: Buffer jacket is made with plastic and it is

protects the fiber from moisture and abrasion.

5 stoength members :-To provide neccessary toughness and tensite strength a layer of strength members arrenged surrounding the buffer jacket. © Outer jacket of Finally the fiber cable is covered by black polymethone outer jacket. Because of this arrengement fiber cable will not be damaged during have pulling, bending, stretching (31) rolling, even though fiber is made up of brittle glass. * Total internal seflection :--> Total internal reflection is the promuple of optical fiber' " The phinomenon in which a light ray gets totally reflect back when its incidents at an angle greater than the ceitical angle, is called Total internal reflection. conditions for total internal effection -• The light says must toowel from denser mechiums. to sales 2) The angle of incidence must be greater than cutical angle. normal Refracted ray (M2) 40 = 0 -4 boundary crittical angle 70: denses LMID incident say where an interest 1. 017 Oc OLOGIAN SALA Angle of Inclorence Angle of incidence is knothing Angle of incidence 15 equal to the the angle of reflaction with TYPE greater them the angle o

angle of setrection

÷.

- → This light say will incidence at the interface between core and cladding at an angle 0=(10-a) should be quarter than critical angle. Then the light will get total interned reflections → Then this light may undergoes repeated TIR until it emerges out from the other end of the optical fiber.
 - → In this way guided toomsmission of energy at optical frequencies is possible.
- * Acceptance angle :-

Acceptance angle is defined as the maximum angle of incidence at the first end of the optical fiber for which tournched light entures into the core and toavels along the interface of core and cladding".

consider a cylindroical fibes which consists of inner core index is, and outer cladding of sufractive index its where $M_1 > M_2$. Let M_0 be the refractive index of the medium from which the light ray entires the fiber. This end of the fiber is known as launched end. Let a ray of light enters the fiber of an angle O_A to the fiber, as shown in iliagram.

Appling shell's law of the point A

$$M_0 \sin \theta_A = M_1 \sin \alpha \longrightarrow 0$$

 $\sin \theta_0 + \tan \sin \theta_1 + \sin \theta_1 + \sin \theta_2 + A_2 + \sin \theta_2 + \sin \theta$

.->

* Numerical aparture CNA) :-

It is defined as the light gathering capacity of an optical fiber. it is proportional to acceptance angle. Numerically it is equal to sine of acceptance angle. i.e $N \cdot A = \sin \Theta_A = \sqrt{m \mu_1^2 - \mu_2^2}$ $N \cdot A = \sqrt{(\mathcal{M}_1 + \mathcal{M}_2)(\mathcal{M}_1 - \mathcal{M}_2)} \longrightarrow 0$ $\Delta = \frac{M_1 - M_2}{M_1} \Longrightarrow M_1 - M_2 = \Delta M_1$ -where is is the ratio of diffuence of refractive endi of cose and cladding. If A = M2 and M-M2= AMI St. Tubles N.A= VU, +Uzeka) from (); $= \sqrt{2} \mu_1^2 \Delta$ $N \cdot A = \mathcal{M}_1 \sqrt{2} \Delta$ This is the relation between numerical aperture and relative refractive index change. -> Numerical Aperture of a optical fiber ine the light

collecting capacity. is effectively dependent only on the refractive indeces of the core and cladding materials and is not a function of the fiber dimensions.

the second of the state of the second se

* step index and Graded index optical fibes:-Repending upon the refeative index profile of core of cladding optical fibers are classified into two types. O step-index optical files & @ Graded-index optical fiber. O step-index optical fiber ?--> In step-index optical fibers, the refractive index of the core medium is uniform and it is slightly more than the refractive ender of cladding ire M1>M2 while M1- core RI RI profile M2- cladding. RI. -> The shape of the propagation appears in a Zig-Zag -> In step-index optical fiber i) step-index single mode and ii) step index multimode optical fibus are available 1) step-index single mode fibre ?--> There is only one path for say propagation. > It is used for short distance propagation communication > pistolition does not take place. > The diameter of the core is about 50-200 them 10 um. lightray 1) step-index multimode fiber :--> There is more than one path for very propagation -> dignal distriction is more due to rays are reflected at high angles and toavel long distances.

-> The diameter of the core is about su-200 um.

CC- CC-

- → In step-index optical fiber some delay will be occured at output. It is called intermodal dispersion, due to of this reason, the transmission rate and capacity of the signal in multimode step-index optical fiber reduced.
- -> To overcome this difficulty graded indoe optical filers are entroduced.

1) Graded indere optical fiber f-

- → In the graded inder manner optical fiber, the siferchive endex of the core medium is made to vary in parabolic manner such that the maximum refractive endex is present at the centre of the core and it is slightly decreasing with increasing diameter of the core, At the interface of the core and cladding it is minimum. → The diameter of the core is about 50.01m.
- -> The transmitted optical signals toavels theough core medium in the form of skew rays (or) helical (or) spirral maining. as shown in diagram.
- → The problem of intermodal dispersion can be removed in this fiber by making variation in repractive index of core, so there is no output delay will be presented in this files.

RI Drottle

* Attenuation in optical fiber (81) Losses in optical fiber :-A A Marin & mun & mun & mun & mun The losses in optical fibes are classified into two types. @ Internal lasses and (II) External losses I) Intunal losses :-1. Absorption losses: - Absorption of varys is basically a material property and it occurs at all wavelingths. -> These losses are expected expressed in desibels per kilometer EdB/m Matthematically the loss can be expressed as Pout = Pie - 91/10 where Pout out put power of fiber length 'L' Pin- Input power a - fibes attenuation in dB/km $\therefore a = \frac{10}{L} \log \left(\frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}}\right) dB/_{km}$

2) Scattering losses :- scattering losses are caused by the interaction of light with density fluctuations with in the fiber. → density changes are produced, when optical fibers are manufactured > Rayleigh scattering occurs when the size of the density Huchations (fiber defect) is less than one-tents of the operating wavelength of the hight. it is proportional to att power of wavelength → As the wavelength increases Rayleigh scattering decreases. Rayleigh scattering lasse

- 3) Learty boss mode :-
 - -> Losses due to leaky mode's arise due to energy lareties in waveguide. geometry so these can be regarded as wavelengthy scattering ,
 - -> In order to reduce this loss, a cladding is covered by one more layer having greates refractive index than it, but smaller. reflactive indese than the core layer,

- I core misalignment :- If the case layers of two optical fibers to be joined are not exactly of the centers, then the duter many be lost while connecting the optical fibers. @ Gap losses of these losses occur if a certain gap is
- present between two optical fibers to be joined
- @ Losses due to differente in diameter :-

some of the light escape into atmosphere due to different diameter of the cables joined together. this loss exposessed interns of dB

loss in $dB = -10 \log \frac{D_T}{D_t}$ where -or is diameter of receiving optical fiber 2 By is dismeter of transmitting optical fiber. @ Losses due to the bending of optical fiber fr -> Attenuation in optical fiber - due to bending of optical fiber > This bending ofto optial - tibes may be micro bending -of maclobendhig.

Applications of optical fibers :-

- The Optical fiber communication has more carrying capacity.
- (2) small in size and light in weight of the optical fiber system, make fiber optics more suilable in space and assonatical atto aeronautical applications.
- (3) Optical fiber temperature sensors are used to measure temperature of objects.
- (a) Optical fiber is low cost cables per unit length compared to capper cables.
- No possibility of internal worke and cross talk generation
 It is also used in medical field to see internal body parts
 like lungs in human body.
- Den military communications because of data security
- O A signal of 100 mw is injected into a fiber. the out coming signal from the other end is 40 mW. What is loss in dB?

Henuation loss = -10 log
$$\left(\frac{Pout}{p_{in}}\right) dB$$

= -10 log $\left(\frac{40}{100}\right) dB$
= 3.98 dB.

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(2) Caliculate the acceptance angle and numerical aperture
of given optical fiber, if the refractive indices of core and
cladding are used and
$$1:497$$
, respectively?
sol:- Givendata
core refractive index $u_1 = 1.562$
cladding refractive index $u_2 = 1.497$.
Numerical Aperture (N·A·) = $\sqrt{u_1^{N} - u_2^{N}}$
 $= \sqrt{U.562}^{N} - (1.497)^{N}$
 $= 0.4459$
acceptance angle $\mathcal{O}_{A} = \sin^{-1}(N\cdotA)$
 $\mathcal{O}_{A} = \sin^{-1}(0.4459)$
 $\mathcal{O}_{A} = 26.48^{\circ}$

 \rightarrow N.A of material in water having sin 60° is N.A = N, sin 60° N, - RI of water N_= 1.33

Block Dragharn of an optical fiber communication system Transmeller input signal optical source Modulator (Corriers) Receiven Output signo Oisplay optical Delector Demodulate optical Fibers are very attractive alternative to twisted where of coaxial cables in communication links. Technological development has led to the manufacturing of fibers with lowses less than 1 diB km and with high information capacity (band widths of the order of 1014 Hz). Block dragram nof an noptical fiber tommun Pation system is as shown in above figure. At the transmitting end, the emitter is usually senconductor maser Tomansmitter findude

modulative switches and drive circuits to losors. At low information rates the length of afiber. optical toransmission line is limited almost entirely by its losses. At higher mates, the length is limited by the amount of pulse dispersion. Repeaters must be included wits fibers. If either the loss limit on the dispension limit is exceeded. At the repeaters an avalanche photo diode (APO) & pin diode neceives the other nated and dispersed train a Pulses from one light, detects and amplifies : At the necesiving end, the optical necesiver has there functions namely @ the conversion of optical signal into electorical signal (amplication and (c) demodulation of the signal neceived to netries the signal mexsage transmitted in mining y and simples and the molection of is many of mark sits at as coor by grove aft d'annue and unit issue is and proved bringer

Romanni (1933) - Connandi (1935) - Conner on (1935) Arreg & With Johnski one foundary connerts

1) Caliculate the wavelength associated with an electron raised to a potential 1600V. EHINT $\lambda = \frac{12\cdot26}{12\cdot26}$
1) Caliculate the wavelength associated with an electron
$=$ A \downarrow
2) Caliculate the wavelength associated with an electron with the
$\Lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2mE}}$
3) Uncertainty in time of an excited at
what are the uncertainties in energy and frequency of the
Work function
4) Caliculate the Work function of sodium if its theshold wavelength is 5040 A° CHINT Wo = hC] 5) An above
5) An electron in the ho
5) An electron is confined to a polential well of width 10 mm. caliculate the minimum uncertainty in its velocity. CHINT DX. OP = h 2TT : DP=DVXm]
211 · OP2-OVX m]
$1 \text{ UNIT} - \pi /$
1) The RH of a specimen is $3.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3 \text{c}^{-1}$ its resultivity is $8.93 \times 10^{3} \text{ Am}$ find using E HINT. $R_{\text{H}} = \frac{1}{ne}$ is $n = \frac{1}{2}$.
find user. EHINT. $R_{\rm H} = \frac{1}{ne}$, $n = \frac{1}{R_{\rm H}e}$ i $me = \sigma_{\rm h}R_{\rm H}$]
$k_{H}e^{-\sigma} k_{H}$
Find the surface also + with
Find the surface alea to volume ratio of sphere using surface area and volume caliculation for the given Radius in The
S mills
HINT. surface all of the sphele = $4\pi^{3}$ volume of the sphele = $\frac{4}{3}\pi^{3}$
) Eind with the traction of π^{3}
) Find surface area to volume ratio of sphare using surface area and volume caliculation for diamite cut
volume caliculation for diameter (dustance) is 26 m. EHINTR - Diameter 2

- D Caliculate the acceptance angle of given optical fiber, it the refractive indices of the cole and the cladding we is 563 and 1.498 respectively HINT. SIND = Univ-niv
- 2) What is the numerical aperture of an optical fiber cable with cladding index of 1.378 and cole index of 1.59.62

3) A fiber cable has an OA of 30° and core RI of 1.4 - caliculate RI of cladding

$$n_2 = n_1 - sin 0$$

9) Find the fractional RI & NA for an optical fiby with RI. of cold and cladding as 1.5 & 1.49 respectively. HINT: $\Delta = \frac{n_1 - n_1}{n_1}$; NA = n, $\sqrt{20}$

NOTE - HINT'S are not given in question paper

PART-A C. C. S. a Define black body Radiation 67 State wien's law. c]Define symmetry in solidis. dj state Bloch theorem C) What do you mean by normalized condition -f) Define stefan- Boltzman law 9). nhat is constain photo electric equation h) Define threeshold frequency. ವರ್ಷ-ಬ್ರತ -Mirite Bloch condition. is confirmed write any two limitation's of wavefunction. PART-B "] Explain planck's Radiation law [7m] b] state Rayleigh - Jean's law [3m] 5 or 7 a a Explain photoelectric field Effect [Sm] b] What are features of photo electric effect [5m] ^{3.}а] Explain devissions German experiment with diagram [10] FOR] "a] Explain theisenberg's uncertainity principle [sm] 6] An electron has a speed of 600 mls with an accuracy of 0.005% calculate the uncertainty " ioith which we can locate the position of the clect-ron. Given h= 6.6× 10 34 J-s, m=9.1× 10 31 kg 5m]

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Conned

(17) Jaj. Explain Schrodinger's time independent wave Equation [5m] b] explain Born's interpretation of the wave [5m] function. [OR] a) what is classical free electron - Theory [5m] 6. b]. Write a note on Fermi - Dirac distribution. 5m7 Sec. Same Transformers and TA]. Explain chronig = penny Model [7m]. b] : hihat is a -origin of energy level [3m]. OR 8. n] explain particle in 1d box[5m]. 5] Explain effective mass of electron [5m]. al 11 - 12 - 28 Sal 18 - 11 - 12 - 28 a literation praise 9A) Explain Bloch theorem [5m]. B]. classify solids [sm] . . . OP] a Line La 10. A] write a note on E-k dragram? [sm] b] Explain sommerfield's theory [5m]. Scanned with OKEN Scanner

and the second s PART-A as Define Internsic semi-conductor with an example b) Define "Brasing." interit in it is it is it is the site it at a bidge to strike it c, Waite, any 1,4 Advantages, of, LED. d, what do you mean by multiplication process es White any impolication lof BUT 5) Define 11 Remor breakdown 2) Depine Avalanche Breakdown, Minis h, Grive an Grample for p-type of sen i Define thall Electaic field. J What are the modernals used in the in the second second Viden and PART-B 1.a] Explain' Hail' effect. With 'a' neat duagram 6] Distinguish Extrensic Semiconductors 2. a) trplain The position of p-N function b] Obtaining V: T. Characterist. canned with OKEN

3a] Explain The Working principle of BJT 6] Define IED write a northe on watching phinciple of LED and company 4 A) Explain construction and working . principle of solor cell. 5) Explain working principle 'of print photo diode. it will be it at the state of the say what are the applications, ich solar cell: 6) What are the odwantages of pint- photo diode 1.1. 1.1 T.A. 211.15 6n] - Explain the construction ar d weeking (d) Sting 1 principle of APD b) mention Applications and disadvantages with a start with the second particular 4 APD 72] Write a note on renor offode b] Explain V-I; characteristic. of Zenor. d'ode 8a] - Explain forward Bias and Reverse Bias of p-N junction Olode As in 6] Explain Carrier generation in a Semiconductor and the f Scanned with OKEN Scanner

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- a) Explain indirect brandgap of semiconductor.
- 16] Explain Direct brandgap of Semiconductor.
- loaj Write a note on Intrensic Semiconductor.
 - b) Why we can not use Intreast Semiconductor to fabricate any Electronic device

1 1



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NICICULOIC, Magnerio & Energy marching.

PART-A

- 1. a) Define dielectric constant?
 - b) Define Magnetostorchion?
 - c) what do you mean by energy materials?
 - d) Define polarization?
 - e) What is mean by Hyslevisis loss of follomagnetic material f) Define inverse prezo electoreity?
 - 9) Define Magnetic susceebility?
 - h) Define magnetising force?
 - i) Define piezo electric effect?
 - d) Define super capacitors?

PART- B

- 2) a) What are the types of polarization ?
 b) Write a note on i)ferro electric ii) piezo electric iii) pyro electric materials
 (81)
- 3 a) What are the applications of dielectoric materials? b) Write a note on Multiferroics?
- 4) Explain crystal accillators? (87) 5 a) Explain ferro electric Hysteriste?

- 5)b). Explain liquid crystel display (LCD)
 6(a) Explain ferro magnetic Hysterisis?
 6(b) Dulmquish soft & Hard magnetic matireats

 (81)

 7)the Write a note on Magnetic bubble devices?
 8) What all the applications of Magnets?
 9) Euplain about Magnetic-sesistance?
- 10) What is been by rechargeble ion batteries (i) 11) Explain solid fuel cells!

A CARLES NO. 1.

NANU TECHNOLOGY

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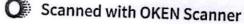
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7)a) Explain precipitation method of fabrication of nana post-1-particle?
b) Write a note on combistion combusion method of nanomaterial?
8 a) Explain Ball-Milling method to fabricale nano poslicles?
b) what are the advantages and disadvantages of Ball-Milling?
(dr)
9)a) Explain CVD top down approch of nanomaterial?

b) Write CVD advantages?

10) \$ explain characterestic technique sEM. with a diagram?

11) what all the advantages of SEM?



LHOUR VIEW INT 1111 (1 PART-A JUNIA MALA MALA 1) a) what is the acconym of LASER? b) Define acceptance angle ?! I de m Define Numerical aperture? c) d) Write any two characteristics of LASERS? e) what is the psinciple of optical fible? f) How lases beam achieve monochromatic beam? 9) Define lasing action? V Vika bull h) How to you get Total internal reflection? i) Write any two medicinal applications of LASER? i) what is the poinciple of LASER? PART-B 2 (a) explain einstein co-efficients of this relation (7 m) b) white a note on pumping mechanism [3M] (8) 3 a) Explain the construction, working prenuple of Argon ion lasor 5) white about Laser beam chalacterestrics? (4) a) Distinguish Graded index and step-index of optical filters? b) what is the sole of optical fiber in communication system? (8) 5) of Write a note on followings 1) Total internal reflection ii) Numerical aperture iii) acceptance angle

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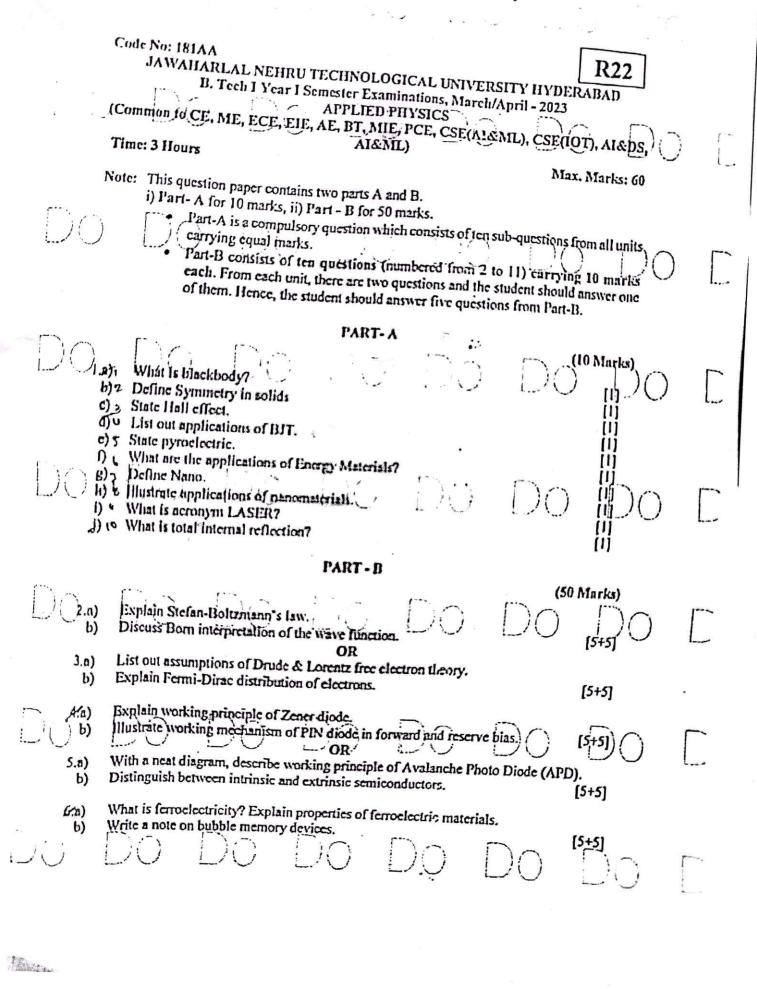
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6) a) Explain construction and working primapie of cuz casos b) Explain construction and working principle of He-Ne Laser 7 9) What are the bosses in ophical fiber? ... I ... I ... What are the applications of LASER? 8) a) Explain construction and working of Ruby Lason? mill (1 6) Explain constructions and working of semiconductor losses? (∂_{1}) 9)9) Explain construction of optical fiber with neat diagram? b) Explain constructions and working of Nd: VAG Lasons? 10) How laser differed, with it normal, hight, sources zin which fi 11) why optical fibes known as I wave - guided meeting ? or =121111 The month of propage to does a shill to is fit is dependent pristation and the pristation and the pristation of the pristati at a work for at that that with (" and go when up the solari there is designed on a interness of policy budge is also to the tenter (a Alminia to show a sicher of the 1 at 1 (1 Readi 1/131 (1 May 9 1 Struct, (4

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 $= e^{-i \pi^{-1} \frac{2\pi}{2} \left(h e^{-f} \right)^{-1}} e^{-f} = \left(H e^{-f} \right)^{-1} e^{-f} e^{-f}$

27 PTIAGGIS



 $\square \bigcirc$)()DO \square OR 7.a) Write a note on multiferroies. Explain construction and working principle of rechargeable ion batteries. b) [5+5] 8.a) Explain guantum confinement phenomenon. Discuss fabrication of nanomaterials using Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD). D [5+5] OR Write a note on combustion methods. 9.a) Discuss surface to volume ratio in nanomaterials. b) [5+5] 1 Describe construction and working mechanism of NdsYAG laser. 10.51 Write a note on optical fiber for communication system) (5) [5+5] -ÓR 11.a) Discuss construction and working principle of Argon ion Laser. b) Derive an expression for acceptance angle numerical aperture. [5+5] 00000 >> symmetry solids means |-- (\cdot) -

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Code No: 182AB R22 JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech I Year II Semester Examinations, September - 2023 APPLIED PHYSICS (Common to EEE, CSE, IT, CSTT, CE (SE), CSE (CS), CSE (DS), CSD) Time: 3 Hours Max. Markst 60 Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B. i) Part- A for 10 marks, ii) Part - B for 50 marks. Part-A is a compulsory question which consists of ten sub-questions from all units carrying equal marks. Part-B consists of ten questions (numbered from 2 to 11) energing 10 marks. each. From each unit, there are two questions and the student should answer one of them. Hence, the student should answer five questions from Part-B. PART-A (10 Marks) What is photoelectric effect? Draw E-K diagram. 1-What is Hall Effect? List out applications of BJT. Define ferroelectricity. Draw B-H curve. Ŋ What is Nanotechnology? [1] List out few examples for top-down fabrication techniques. Illustrate application of optical fiber. Explain significance of pumping process. [1] PART-R (50 Marks) Calculate energy of particle exist in one dimensional potential box 2.8) Derive an expression for effective mass of electron. **b**) 5+51 3.a) Discuss Kronig-Penney model. Describe classification of solids on the basis of band theory. 6) [6+4] Discuss construction and working mechanism of Solar cell. 4.a) Explain construction and characteristics of P-N Junction diode. 6) [5+5] OR Describe construction and principle of APD. 5.a) b) Explain construction of LED. . . . • 6+41. Describe construction and principle of Liquid Crystal Displays (LCD). 6.a) Explain working mechanism of bubble memory devices. **b**) [6+4] (CAC)A

(21) OB OF THE CE Write a note on multiferroics. 7.a) Discuss construction and working mechanism of rechargeable ion batteries. b) [5+5] Discuss fabrication of nanomaterial using ball milling method. 8.8) Distinguish between SEM and TEM. **b**) 5451 OR) 9.0) Describe fabrication of nanomaterial using sol-gel. Write a note on Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD). 6) [5+5] 10.a) Illustrate how optical fiber is used for communication system. With neat diagram, explain construction and principle of Argon ion Laser. **b**) [4+6] Derive an expression for acceptance angle and numerical aperture. 11.a) 6) 5+5 -00000---(36) 1263 ()6 (;E)(Ste 136 123 1×5 1.13 10

Code No: 151 M

APPLIED PHYSICS Common to ECE, EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART - A

	(25 Marks)
 1.a) Explain wave particle duality. b) Define diffusion and drift mechanisms. c) Illustrate about LED materials. c) What is coherence? c) What are piezoelectric materials? c) Explain about Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. c) What is Fermi level? illustrate working of a PIN diode. c) Explain losses in optical fibers. 	[2] [2] [2] [2] [2] [3] [3] [3]
j) Define ampere's and Faraday's law.	[3] [3]

PART-B

	(50 Marks)
2.a) Discuss about de Broglie's hypothesis.	(
Prove de Broglie's hypothesis using Davission and Germer's experiment. OR	[5+5]
Derive an expression for time independent Schrodinger's wave equation. Explain the Born interpretation of wave function.	[5+5]
4.a) Estimate concentration of electrons in n-type semiconductor.	[5+5]
op a second de characterístics of a pri-junction diode.	[5+5]
 5.a) Explain the phenomena of carrier generation and recombination. M Discuss about working, IV characteristics of Zener diode. 	
	[5+5]
 Compare radiative and non-radiative recombination mechanisms. Explain figures of merits of a LED device. 	f
OR Discuss about construction, principle and working of a semiconductor laser.	[5+5]
Evaluate working of a solar cell in terms of characteristics.	[5+5]

Sol Explain interaction of radiation with matter.	
Discuss working principle and applications of Ruby laser.	[5:5]
OR	1
Derive an expression for numerical aperture of an optical liber.	
My Compare working of step index and graded index fibers.	[5+5]
10.a) Write a note on Maxwell's equations.	
Explain classification of magnetic materials.	15+51
OR	[]
11.a) Derive an expression for internal fields in a solid.	
My Discuss about hysteresis behavior of ferromagnetic material.	[5+5]

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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY <u>I YEAR B.Tech II Semester : I MID EXAMINATION</u>

Subject: Applied physics Branch: CSE-A&B Marks: 4×5=20 M Date: - JUN-2023

Part -B

Duration: 2Hr

Time :

Answer any four of the following

- 1. what is photo electric effect? Define Einstein photo electric equation.
- 2. Explain construction and working of zener diode.
- 3. Write and explain Heisenberg uncertainity principle
- 4. Define Schrodinger wave equation in one dimentional potential box
- 5. Explain intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors with suitable examples.
- 6. Give the assumptions of quantum theory of free electron.

form

Guninapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Ividi), R.R. Dist.

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.Dist

I. B.Tech. I Sem., I Mid-Term Examinations, 2023

Applied physics Part –A

Name	e:H.T.NO:		
	Answer All Questions.		
	All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Marks	s: 10M	
i. 1.	Multiple choice questions According to the de-broglie, electron exhibit which nature	()
	(a) Wave nature (b) particle nature (c) Wave & particle nature (d) energy		
2.	The equation of motion of matter wave was derived by:	()
(a)	Heisenberg (b) bohr (c) schrodinger (d) de-broglie		
3.	The equation of matter wave was derived by:	()
	(a) Heisenberg (b) bohr (c) schorodinger (d) de-broglie		
4.	According to wave mechanics, a material particle is associated with :	()
	(a) single wave (b) wave packet (c) progressive wave(d) light		
5.	The charge of neutron	()
	(a) 1.6×10^{-34} (b) 1.6×10^{-19} (c) zero (d) infinity		
6.	Einestein's mass –energy relation is	()
	(a) $h\vartheta = mc^2$ (b) $h^2\vartheta = mc^2$ (c) $\vartheta = hc/\lambda$ (d) $\lambda = mc/h$		
7.	Which of the following is not a characteristics of wave function	()
	(a) Continues (b) single valued (c) differentiable (d) Physically significa	nt	
8.	The uncertainty principle applies to	()
	(a) Macroscopic particles (b) microscopic particles (c) gases (d) none of above	ve	
9.	Davisson and Germer experiment relates to:	()
	(a) Interference (b) polarisation (c) electron diffraction (d) none of the	above	
10.	Classical free electron theory was develop by ()		
	(a) Lorentz (b)Drude and Lorentz (c) Bloch (d) Newton		

	T		11	11 1	
11.	FШ	ın	the	blank	S

1. The waves associated with moving particles is known as ______ waves 2. The experimental proof for existence of matter waves was provided by_____ 3. A perfect block body is a good _____and _____ 4. Einstien photo electric equation 5. The ______ is the minimum frequency of light require to remove an electron iii. Match the following answeres a. $\Delta \mathbf{x} \cdot \Delta \mathbf{p} \leq \frac{\mathbf{h}}{4\pi}$ () 1. Bloch theorem **b.** $\Psi = e^{ikx}u_k(x)$ 2. Plank's constant value () c.9. $1 \times 10^{-31} kg$ 3. Charge of electron () d. 6. 625×10^{-34} 4. Mass of electron () e. $>10^{-8}$ sec 5. Heisenberg uncertainity principle ()

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f. 1.6 \times 10⁻¹⁹

), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.Dist

I. B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, 2023

Applied physics Part –A

Nam	e:H.T.NO :		
	Answer All Questions.		
	All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Marks: 10)M	
i.	Multiple choice questions	,	
1.	Example of ferromagnetic material (a) Iron, steel, cobalt, nickel (b) platinum, aluminium, chromium (c)Bismuth, mercury, si	(lver (d)) none
2.	Units for magnetic flux density	((u))
	wblm ² (b) wblA·m (c) Alm(d) Tesla m	,	,
	The material which exhibits hysterias is	()
	(a) Diamagnetic (b) Paramagnetic (c) Ferromagnetic (d) None		
4.	Any insulator is a	()
	(a) Dielectric (b) conductor (c) insulator (d) none		
5.	Which one of the following is an example for top-down approach?	()
	(a) Ball milling (b) Sol-Gel process (c) Both a &b (d) none		
6.	What is the standard form of SEM ?	()
	(a) Scanning electrode micron(b) Scanning electron microscope(c)Scanned electron micros	scope(d) none
7.	If an atom jumps from a lower energy level to higher energy level, the process is known as	()
	(a) Induced emission (b) induced absorption (c) spontaneous emission (d)nor	ne	
8.	Pumping process used in Ruby LASER is	()
	(a) Electric current (b) electrical discharge (c) optical pumping (d) chemical reaction	ns	
9.	Active centers in the He-Ne laser	()
	(a) Neon atoms (b) electrons (c) Helium atoms (d) Both neon and helium atoms		
10.	In optical fibre, light travels in the	()
	(a) Core (b) cladding (c) Core -cladding interface (d) Protective material		

ii. Fill in the blanks
1. Dielectric is a material that does not have a for conduction.
2. The product of the magnitude of the charges and the distance of their separation is called
the µ of the electric dipole.
3. Forbidden energy gap E _g is very in dielectrics.
4. When charges of opposite polarity are induced on the surfaces of a dielectric, the
dielectric is said to be
5. The process of population inversion is to increase the number of atom in the state
6. What is the standard form of TEM
7. Life time of ground state atom in excited state
8. The main advantage of this Top-down approach is production rates of
nano-powders
9. Life time of state is unlimited.
10.Snell's law=
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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY I YEAR B.Tech II Semester : II MID EXAMINATION

Subject: Applied physics Branch: CSE

at D

Marks: 4×5=20 M Date: - AUGUST-2023

Time :

Part -B

Duration: 2Hr

Answer any four of the following

- 1. Explain ferroelectric, Piezoelectric and Pyroelectric materials.
- 2. Explain briefly the various types of polarization in dielectrics
- 3. What are soft and hard magnetic materials explain.
- 4. What is the hysteresis loop? What does it represent? what is the significance?
- 5. Write about CVD method.
- 6. Write construction and working of He-Ne laser

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(Approved by ATCTE, Recogniged	INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY by Govt. of T.S., & Affiliated to J N T U, Hyderabad) R.R. Dist., Near Ramoji Filmcity, Hyderabad - 501 512.
NAAC INTERNAL DI	SCRIPTIVE EXAM
NAME: K: NovyaStr.c. ROLL NO.: 2.2.Q.G.I.AO.5A8 CLASS: CSE-B. 1. YEOR SIGNATURE OF THE STUDENT Novya 3. Soft and hard magnetic mat	DATE: 2.2.18.123 Subject: Applied physics SIGNATURE OF THE INVIGILATOR'S: TOTAL MARKS TOTAL MARKS
Soft magnetic materials	Hard Magnetic Materials
Soft Magnetic Materials those that are will be easily Mangntize and de-mangntize	Hard magnetic materials those that are difficult in Mangntize and de Mangntize.
Hystersis loop material in the will be tin & long	* Hystersi's loop Material is wide as shown in figure
B -H -H	B H H
- 3	-B

Party ----

* Hystorsis loss in the sorm & Hystorsis loss in the form of heat is large of head is less * It is used in permibility * It is used in permibility magentic and suspendicity magentic and suspenibility is low is high + It is used in magnetic * It is used in preparation of permenut magnetic. cove material Applications -Application: -Soft magnetic material haved magnetic material. are used in Transformois all used in digital computer Magnetic Tabes etc. electric motors etc. Ex: - public Iron, Iron cobalt Ex: - Al, co, cu, Niº etc. etc. 2. The vaguous types of polarization in dielectrics. In dielectr palavization There are four types of pelastizations are there 1. Electronic polarization 2. Jonic polarization 3. dipolosi polasization 4. Space charge polouization.

1. Electronic polarization: -The electronic polarization The Muclers around the electrons at a Magnetic. The charge of the electrons and the Aluchars. pluche"s field. No field Radius = [ZTT.C] Total charge => Qe = [2+17] The charge at the electron of the in Alo field. The electrons that the magnitic around the magnetic Nulurs. The direct Nuclean and the polarization of the electrons.

2. Fonic polarization =-The transic polaritiation relatible of electrons in the charge and the exa Macks OE O $\Theta \oplus \Theta \oplus \Theta$ Œ O OB. OU . € *€*€ *€*€ D D D D D 00 00 0 $\Theta \oplus \Theta \oplus \Theta$ in field No field 3. dipotar polarization. Zn dipolase polarization in the field ase the chance and the -ve change and in unstable at the No field. On the field the tre choose and the -ve charge are stabile 9 (I) (I) (I) (I) ÐÐ 60 60 CO EB) FD (BRI) EE (65) in field. No field

4. space charge polarizations-In the space charge polarization it ouccurs in histouris. * In space charge on the field -ve and the electrons at the stabile + In space charge in the field -ve and the electrons is not in the stabile. Electrons + + 11 + + + + to ante 4 .+ de of 1- 4 in field No field and working of the - Ne laser 6. Construction He - Ne laser is the * source of energy * optical cativity * pumping mahersim * Active

clectron s margare X 71 He-Ne is Mixtwee. 5 Holium name in the filled with the Helium name is ling al ling and En Breusles windown Mixture which in the determain the 15cm and. 1800m in the length. Helieum is the passessed. by oil from and neno is the passessed of Imm. one end of quarily pape ty tube is connected to the partical rectifier. working:-1103 eni HOUR 694 A.S. Sr. 123 pen -2. 20 PPD

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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY	
Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.Dist I. B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, 2023	ii. Fill in the blanks
Applied physics Part – A Branch:CSE-A,B,C&DS	1. Dielectric is a material that does not have a <u>free</u> electrony for conduction.
Name: K. Navyastee H.T.NO: 220611Ad5AB) (from
Answer All Questions.	2. The product of the magnitude of the charges and the distance of their separation is called
	the dipole moment of the electric dipole.
	the CALL OTE THE THE SECTION OF THE
i. Multiple choice questions 1. Example of ferromagnetic material (A)	3. Forbidden energy gap E_g is very and the second seco
(a) Iron, steel, cobalt, nickel (b) platinum, aluminium, chromium (c)Bismuth, mercury, silver (d) none	V
2. Units for magnetic flux density (a) Wb/m^2 (b) $Wb/A.m$ (c) A/m (d) $Tesla/m$	4. When charges of opposite polarity are induced on the surfaces of a dielectric, the
 (a) Wb/m² (b) Wb/A.m (c) A/m (d) Tesla/m (c) A/m (d) Tesla/m (c) (c) Ferromagnetic (d) None 	dielectric is said to be polarization.
4. Any insulator is a (A)	
(a) Dielectric (b) conductor (c) insulator (d) none	5. The process of population inversion is to increase the number of atom in the Excita state
5. Which one of the following is an example for top-down approach?	transpission
(a) Ball milling (b) Sol-Gel process (c) Both a &b (d) none	6. What is the standard form of TEM from Sistor Electron microscope
6. What is the standard form of SEM ? (B) (a) Scanning electrode micron(b) Scanning electron microscope(c)Scanned electron microscope(d) none	R
7. If an atom jumps from a lower energy level to higher energy level, the process is known as (3)	7. Life time of ground state atom in excited state 10 See
(a) Induced emission (b) induced absorption (c) spontaneous emission (d) none	Luck
8. Pumping process used in Ruby LASER is (C)	8. The main advantage of this Top-down approach is production rates of
(a) Electric current (b) electrical discharge (c) optical pumping (d) chemical reactions	
9. Active centers in the He-Ne laser (A) (a) Neon atoms (b) electrons (c) Helium atoms (d) Both neon and helium atoms	nano-powders
10. In optical fibre, light travels in the (A)	9. Life time of MetoStabilistate is unlimited.
(a) Core (b) cladding (c) Core -cladding interface (d) Protective material	
	10. Snell's law= $A^{1} = SiniAz Sinz$
	A2 sina

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NAME : L. TOdu		DATE: 유외 0원
ROLL NO 22 QG1 AQ5 BC CLASS CSE-B) SIGNAT	t: AP
SIGNATURE OF THE	du TOTAL M	MARKS (00)
ns: Soft magnet	naterials:-	materiets that can
be easily may	netize and demagnt	ize are known as
soft magnetic r		e 2
> Hysteriis loop	in soft magnetic	materials are thin
and long.		
	+++	
	FI E	
> Husteria	and the form	
> magnetic p	Oss in the form c conseability and may soft magnetic inat	gnetic suspectability
> Soft magnet	-	used in the preparation
J		

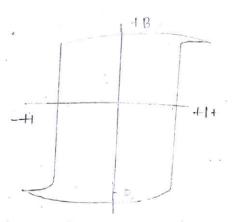
7 Applications of solt magnetic materials are transformers, electric motors.

-> Examples of Carl magnetic materials are twoe Ison-

Iron silicon alloys. Iron - cobalt alloys and Iron - nickel alloys. This is about soft magnetic materials.

trand magnetic materials:-

Atland magnetic materials are difficult to magnetize and demagnetize is known as thard magnetic materials. > Hysteris loop in Hard magnetic materials are wide.



> Hystersis loss in the form of heat is high. > Magnetic permeability and magnetic suspectability are low

-> Applications of that magnetic materials are used in microphones and magnetic tapes.

-> Hard magnétic materials are used in preparation of permonent magnèts.

 al Types of polazization:-

In Dielectrics there are four types of polarization. -nos:-

They are !-

7

y electronic polarization

a) Ionic polarization

31 Objected polarization (dipoler polarization

y space charged polarization.

y Electronic polarization:-

ulber an atom is placed in electric field, the positive charge (nucleus) is placed to applied field and negative charge is placed to opposite field. A dipole is created in Electric field.

In dielectrices formation of dipole in electric field is known as Electronic polarization.



not In elemicided



Jo elizion field.

> columb's force of attraction opposes the field direction.

$$Qe = -Ze$$

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi R^{3}$$

$$P = \frac{4}{3}\pi \chi^{3}p$$

$$Fc = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_{0}} \frac{QeQp}{\chi^{2}}$$
dipole induced

$$E = \frac{Ze^{\alpha}}{\alpha c}$$

$$E = 4\pi \epsilon_0 R$$

> In cleatronic polarisation it depends on volume

Of atom and independent of temperature.

à Jonic polarisation!

2 - 4 - 1 - O

In Junic polarisation. they are relatively displaced the pasitive and regative changions in crystal Ions is known as Ionic Polarisation.

> The build in Jonic polarisation is 10" to 10"

Spile . .

> In Ionic polarisation, 71 depends on temperature 31 Oriented polarisation dipoler polarisation: -In Oriented polarisation, the electrons are aligned in an direction unhereas presence of

Electric field aligned in direction but in absence not aligned is known as oriented polarisation.

0 D (I) (-) (-)_____. €______ 8 0 a a 8 5 4 B D. D. D. 3 , 9 - 9 0 9 - 9 アショー Not in field

In field

> It depends of temperature. -> build up in oriented polarisation is 10's +> space - charged polarisation:-In space straiged polarisation, the accumulation charges ab electrodes takes place is known as spore charged polarisation.

-> space-charged polarisation also known as m Influenced polaristion -- This is about different types of polarisations 3) Chemical vapour deposition (CVD) method:-In chemical vapour deposition, the non-volatile ens-(not vapourised) are formed as solid film on the subface by the reaction of vapour phase Chemicals by required consistent is known as chemical vapour departion (CVD). construction :-1 A K A Gaso. D.M. Giar Stried -> Solid d ve ded shambel > In CVD, through reacted gow chamber and Gray in let and Gras outlet on either side as shown in figure. -> Inext gas are introduced in gas inlet they react with chemical vapour phase > Then they go to reacted gas chamber & auter. Gas > Geolid -film is departed on subface.

Morking

- By the reaction of chemicals:

-CVR's are two types based on:-

CVD Based on temperate:

Hot wall CVD: In Hot Wall CVD, heats up not only water but also the walls of reacter. 21 cold wall CVD: In cold wall CVD, heats up only water.

CVD Based on pressure: -

" APCVD: - Atmospheric pressure character vapour deposition is operated at Atmospheric pressure.

24 LOW CAR: Is operated at LOW Pressure.

Advantages:

> CVD's grave begins quality & improves the hardness of solid.

- Aplications:-

> CVD's give high quality films -

> Low Deposition Of solids. > Fabrication Of Carbon nanotubes. * This is about chemical vapous deposition. 1) Ferroelectectrics

.005

In dielectrics, the formation of espontaneous polarisation in the absence of electric-field. This phenomenon is known as Ferroelectricity and these materials are Ferro electric materials > propertie > Ferro electric materials exhibits the Piezo electric due to lack of symmetry. -> Also Ferro electric materials exhibits the Pyro electricity at strong electric field. > Ferro electric due to lack of symmetry. -> Also Ferro electric materials exhibits the Pyro electricity at strong electric field. > Ferro electric onaterials are first discovered by Rachalle at the range of temperature -18°c to 28°c

properties of Ferro electrics:-

> Ferroelectrics Exhibits spotaneous polarisation at certain temperature

> If the spotaneous polarisation increases, temperature decreases, this is curie temperature.

> Dielectric constant change is known as wrie - wies law.



-Applications of Ferro Electrics.

Ferro cleitnics are used in Digital memory (RAM)
By prevolectivic property, ferro electrics essen as quartize are used as microphones, urbosonic transcendes
By pyer pyroelectivicity property, ferro electrics such as Barius talande (Battid) is used and poly viny 1
chloride are used as magnetic detectors
Ferro electrics are used in making capacitors ;

le piezoelectric materials:

piezereter In dielectrics, the exhibits of spontenous polarisation in presence of electric field is known a piezoelectricity.

> These materials are known as piezoelectric materials.

pyroelectric materials.

In dielectrics, the pyroptectric materials are Polarisation are in absence of electric field. This phenomenon is known as pyroelectricity and These materials are known as pyroelectric materials.

-> Ferro electric materials also posses pyroelectoric property of strong electric field.

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TE VOLOGY	
Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.D	
I. B. Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, 2023	ii. Fill in the blanks
Applied physics Part – A Branch:CSE-A,B,C&DS	1. Dielectric is a material that does not have a free efections for conduction.
Name: L. Indu - H.T.NO: 22061A05BD	P2. The product of the magnitude of the charges and the distance of their separation is called
Answer All Questions.	
All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Marks: 10M	the u of the electric dipole.
 Multiple choice questions Example of ferromagnetic material 	3. Forbidden energy gap E_{g} is very large in dielectrics.
(a) Iron, steel, cobalt, nickel (b) platinum, aluminium, chromium (c)Bismuth, mercury, silver (d) none	
2. Units for magnetic flux density	4. When charges of appealite notarity are indeed and the first state of the
(a) Wb/m^2 (b) $Wb/A.m$ (c) A/m (d) $Tesla/m$	4. When charges of opposite polarity are induced on the surfaces of a dielectric, the
3. The material which exhibits hysterias is	
(a) Diamagnetic (b) Paramagnetic (c) Ferromagnetic (d) None	dielectric is said to be polarised
4. Any insulator is a (A)	
(a) Dielectric (b) conductor (c) insulator (d) none	5. The process of population inversion is to increase the number of atom in the state
5. Which one of the following is an example for top-down approach?	Transmission
(a) Ball milling (b) Sol-Gel process (c) Both a &b (d) none	6. What is the standard form of TEM Nelectron meroscope
6. What is the standard form of SEM?	of the standard form of them
(a) Scanning electrode micron(b) Scanning electron microscope(c)Scanned electron microscope(d) none	45
7. If an atom jumps from a lower energy level to higher energy level, the process is known as (B)	7. Life time of ground state atom in excited state
(a) Induced emission (b) induced absorption (c) spontaneous emission (d)none	
8. Pumping process used in Ruby LASER is (C)	8. The main advantage of this Top-down approach is production rates of
(a) Electric current (b) electrical discharge (e) optical pumping (d) chemical reactions	
9. Active centers in the He-Ne laser	nano-powders
(ar) Neon atoms (b) electrons (c) Helium atoms (d) Both neon and helium atoms	
10. In optical fibre, light travels in the (A) (a) Core (b) cladding (c) Core (c) Core	9. Life time of <u>metastab</u> State is untimited.
	10. Snell's law= <u>8101</u> <u>Q1=</u> <u>Smi</u>
	Seffer an Simm
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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. -R22-1 Year-II semester COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING MID-1 Internal Exam Subject - Applied Physics

HALL TICKET NUMBER	MARKS
22Q61A0566	33
22Q61A0567	32
22Q61A0568	27
22Q61A0569	29
22Q61A0570	-1
22Q61A0571	23
22Q61A0572	19
22Q61A0573	15
22Q61A0574	27
22Q61A0575	33
22Q61A0576	29
22Q61A0577	25
22Q61A0578	20
22Q61A0579	30
22Q61A0580	25
22Q61A0581	24
22Q61A0582	19
22Q61A0583	27
22Q61A0584	30
22Q61A0585	24
22Q61A0586	35
22Q61A0587	18
22Q61A0588	18
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22Q61A0590	30

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22Q61A0591	35
22Q61A0592	19
22Q61A0593	27
22Q61A0594	31
22Q61A0595	29
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22Q61A0597	28
22Q61A0598	23
22Q61A0599	23
22Q61A05A0	26
22Q61A05A1	23
22Q61A05A2	21
22Q61A05A3	15
22Q61A05A4	17
22Q61A05A5	14
22Q61A05A6	28
22Q61A05A7	29
22Q61A05A8	26
22Q61A05A9	32
22Q61A05B0	26
22Q61A05B1	-
22Q61A05B2	17
22Q61A05B3	-
22Q61A05B4	21
22Q61A05B5	17
22Q61A05B6	18
22Q61A05B7	21
22Q61A05B8	21
22Q61A05B9	19
22Q61A05C0	-1
22Q61A05C1	-
22Q61A05C2	35
22Q61A05C3	28
22Q61A05C4	22
22Q61A05C5	20
22Q61A05C6	19
22Q61A05C7	18
22Q61A05C8	19



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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

B.Tech. -R22-1 Year-II semester COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING MID-II Internal Exam Subject - Applied Physics

HALL TICKET NUMBER	MARKS
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22Q61A0567	35
22Q61A0568	28
22Q61A0569	27
22Q61A0570	-1
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22Q61A0572	25
22Q61A0573	21
22Q61A0574	32
22Q61A0575	34
22Q61A0576	32
22Q61A0577	35
22Q61A0578	14
22Q61A0579	34
22Q61A0580	31
22Q61A0581	28
22Q61A0582	30
22Q61A0583	34
22Q61A0584	35
22Q61A0585	24
22Q61A0586	35
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22Q61A0588	23
22Q61A0589	28
22Q61A0590	35

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	22Q61A05C7	32
	22Q61A05C6	21
	22Q61A05C5	22
	22Q61A05C4	28
	22Q61A05C3	32
	22Q61A05C2	35
	22Q61A05C1	_
	22Q61A05C0	-1
	22Q61A05B9	24
	22Q61A05B8	26
	22Q61A05B7	20
	22Q61A05B6	28
	22Q61A05B5	23
	22Q61A05B4	28
	22Q61A05B2	
	22Q61A05B2	30
	22Q61A05B1	-
	22Q61A05A9	33
	22Q61A05A9	31
	22Q61A05A8	27
	22Q61A05A7	35
	22Q61A05A6	31
	22Q61A05A4 22Q61A05A5	14
	22Q61A05A3	23
	22Q61A05A2	14
	22Q61A05A1	22 27
	22Q61A05A0	29
	22Q61A0599	29
	22Q61A0598	26
	22Q61A0597	24
	22Q61A0596	35
	22Q61A0595	30
	22Q61A0594	35
	22Q61A0593	35
	22Q61A0592	14
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Guninepaily (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.Dist

I. B.Tech. I Sem., I Mid-Term Examinations, 2023

Applied physics

Part -A

Name	e:H.T.NO:			
	Answer All Questions.			
	All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Marks: 1	0M		
	Multiple choice questions According to the de-broglie, electron exhibit which nature	(C)
2.]	 (a) Wave nature (b) particle nature (c) Wave &particle nature (d) energy The equation of motion of matter wave was derived by: Heisenberg (b) bohr (c) schrodinger (d) de-broglie 	(đ	:)
3.	The equation of matter wave was derived by: (a) Heisenberg (b) bohr (c) schorodinger (d) de-broglie	(9)
	According to wave mechanics, a material particle is associated with :(a) single wave(b) wave packet(c) progressive wave(d) light	(C)
	The charge of neutron (a) 1.6×10^{-34} (b) 1.6×10^{-19} (c) zero (d) infinity	(Ь)
	Einestein's mass –energy relation is (a) $h\vartheta = mc^2$ (b) $h^2\vartheta = mc^2$ (c) $\vartheta = hc/\lambda$ (d) $\lambda = mc/h$	(a)
	Which of the following is not a characteristics of wave function (a) Continues (b) single valued (c) differentiable (d) Physically significant	(9)
	The uncertainty principle applies to (a) Macroscopic particles (b) microscopic particles (c) gases (d) none of above	(Ь)
(Davisson and Germer experiment relates to: (a) Interference (b) polarisation (c) electron diffraction (d) none of the abo	(ve	9)
	Classical free electron theory was develop by(b)(a) Lorentz(b)Drude and Lorentz(c) Bloch(d) Newton			

ii. Fill in the blanks

The waves associated with moving particles is known as <u>mattu</u> waves
 The experimental proof for existence of matter waves was provided by <u>Devision & Cusmi</u>
 A perfect block body is a good <u>absorber</u> and <u>emittu</u> of heat
 Einstien photo electric equation <u>hu=wat</u> mu²
 The <u>E=NO</u> is the minimum frequency of light require to remove an

electron

iii. Match the following answeres

1. Bloch theorem($\mbox{$\&$$\mathcal{D}$}$)a. $\Delta x. \Delta p \leq \frac{h}{4\pi}$ 2. Plank's constant value($\mbox{$\partial$}$)b. $\Psi = e^{ikx}u_k(x)$ 3. Charge of electron($\mbox{$f$}$)c.9. $1 \times 10^{-31}kg$ 4. Mass of electron($\mbox{$c$}$)d. 6.625×10^{-34} 5. Heisenberg uncertainity principle($\mbox{$A$}$)e. >10^{-8} sec

f. 1.6 × 10^{-19}

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY <u>I YEAR B.Tech II Semester : I MID EXAMINATION</u>

Subject: Applied physics Branch: CSE-A&B Marks: 4×5=20 M Date: - JUN-2023

Part -B

Time :

Duration: 2Hr

Answer any four of the following

1. what is photo electric effect? Define Einstein photo electric equation.

2. Explain construction and working of zener diode.

3. Write and explain Heisenberg uncertainity principle

4. Define Schrodinger wave equation in one dimentional potential box

5. Explain intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors with suitable examples.

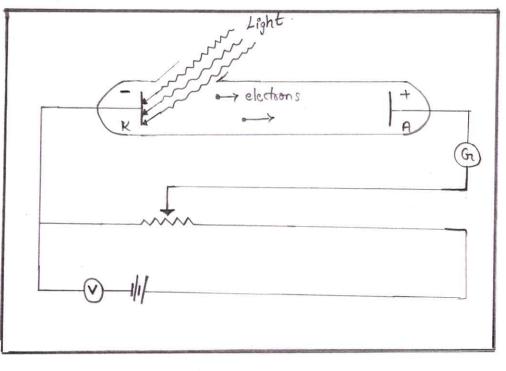
6. Give the assumptions of quantum theory of free electron.

Answer key For Mid-I

1. What is photo electric effect? Define Einstein photo electric equation.

A. Photo - electric effect :-

photo-electric effect is the phenomenon in which the electrons are released from a metal swyface, when light of Suitable frequency incident on it. → The metal is said to be a photo sensitive metal. → The emitted are known as photo-electrons. → Flow of photo-electrons is called 'photo-electric current'.



١

2. Explain construction and working of zener diode. A. | Zener diode :--> A properly doped Crystal diode which has a sharp breakdown voltage is known as a zener diocle. -> The zener diode is normally sperated in reverse break down and the current direction is then from anode to cathode -> A zener diode has sharp breakdown voltage called zener Voltage (VZ) -> A main différence between zener diodes and regular silicon diode is the way they are used in the curcuits. -> Zener diode is a semiconductor diode designed to the breakdown region of reverse bias. operate in Representation of zener diode. Anode Cathode -> A normal p-n junction diode allows electric current only in forward biased condition. when forward biased Voltage is applied to the p-n junction dide, it allows large amount of electric current. Hence a forward biased p-n junction diale offer only a small resistance to electric current.

Z

→ when reverse biased voltage is applied to p-n junction diode, it blocks large amount of electric current and allows only a small amount of electric current. Hence a reverse biased p-n junction diode offer large resistance to the electric current.

Zener Breakdown:-

If reverse biased voltage is applied to p-n junction
 diode, it is highly increased a sudden rise in current
 occurs, at this point a small increase in voltage will
 rapidly increases the electric current causes a junction
 breakdown called zener break down.
 → The voltage at which zener breakdown occurs is called
 zener voltage and the sudden increase in current is called
 zener current
 → A normal p-n junction diade cloes not operate in

breakdown because the excess current permanently damages the diode. > Therefore, normal pen junction diode doesnot operate in reverse breakdown region > Zener diodes are the basic building blocks of electronic circuits. They are widely used in all kinds of electronic equipments. > They are mainly used to protect electronic circuited from over voltage -> The zener breakdown occurs in heavily doped pn junction diode because of their navoras depletion layer. → when reverse biased voltage is applied to the diade is increased the narrow depletion region generates strong electric field. -> when reverse blased voltage is applied to the clide reaches close to zener voltage, the electric field in depletion region is strong enough to pull es from them -> At zener breakdown region a small increase in reaches close to zener voltage, the electric field in depletion region is strong enough, zener breakdown occurs at low revenue voltage where as avalanche breakdown occur at high revense voltage.

3. Write and explain Heisenberg Uncertainity principle. Heisenberg's Uncertainity printciple:-A. Uncertainity principle of quantum mechanics was discribed by Heisenberg in 1927. The Uncertainity principle is a direct consequence of the dual nature of the wave matter when we regard a moving particle as a wave group, then it may be located any where within the wave group at any given time. We cann't estimate the creat position of the particle inside the wave group. it arises some uncertainity Hence, According to the Heisenberg Uncertainity principle "It is impossible to know or to measure bothe the exact position and momentum of a particle at the same time ? $\Delta x \cdot \Delta P x \gg \frac{h}{4\pi}$ $\Delta x \rightarrow uncertainity$ in position Here APx -> uncertainity in momentum & h -> plande's constant.

$$\frac{\lambda^{9}\psi(x)}{\lambda x^{2}} + \frac{2m}{\pi^{2}} [\mathcal{E} - v] \psi(x) = 0 \longrightarrow 0$$
within the box $v = 0$ [potential energy $v = 0$]

$$\frac{\lambda^{9}\psi(x)}{\lambda x^{2}} + \frac{2m}{\pi^{2}} \psi(x) = 0$$

$$\frac{\lambda^{9}\psi(x)}{\lambda x^{2}} + k^{2}\psi(x) = 0 \longrightarrow 0$$
where $k^{2} = \frac{2m}{\pi^{2}} \longrightarrow 0$
This is the wave equation for a free particle inside
a potential wall.
The general Solution for this equation is
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx + B \cosh x \longrightarrow 0$
where $A \lambda B$ are the constants
Now applying the boundary conditions
 $\rightarrow \psi(x) = 0$ at $x = 0$ [$\pm s^{t}$]
Asin $k(0) \pm B \cos k(0) = 0$
 $B = 0$
Sub $iB = 0$ in eq \mathfrak{B}
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\mu(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$
 $\psi(x) = A \sin kx - \mathfrak{B}$

The particle cannot come outside of the box so
$$A \neq 0$$

therefore KL be an intiger multiple of T .
 $\therefore KL = nTT$
 $\boxed{K = nT}$ $- @$
Thus $\Psi_{n}(x) = Asin (nT)x - @$
eq @ is known as wavefunction eq
from eq @ b@
 $\frac{n^{2}T^{2}}{L^{2}} = \frac{2me}{\pi^{2}}$
 $\therefore En = \frac{n^{2}h^{2}}{8mL^{2}} - @$ $\therefore \pi = \frac{n}{2T}$
where $n = 1, 2, 3 - - -$
 $\Rightarrow By$ this equation we can concluded that the energy of
the particle is guantised.
 $\Rightarrow ft$ can not vary continuously but can take only certain
discrete energy levels
 $\Rightarrow Each$ value of $En (n = 1, 2, ---)$ is called Gigen value
and cosseponding Ψ_{n} is called eigen function
 \Rightarrow The value of A can be obtained by normalization
condition ie, $\int_{0}^{L} |\Psi(x)|^{2} dx = 1$

Sub
$$\Psi(x)$$
 in above eq.

$$\int_{0}^{L} H^{2} \operatorname{Sin}^{2} \left(\frac{n \pi x}{L} \right) dx = 1$$

$$: \quad \frac{H^{2}}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \left[\Gamma - \cos \left[\frac{9 \pi n x}{L} \right] \right] dx = 1 \quad \therefore \operatorname{Sin}^{2} \theta = \frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2} \theta$$

$$= \frac{H^{2}}{2} \left[x - \frac{1}{2\pi n} \operatorname{Sin}^{2} \frac{2\pi n x}{L} \right]_{0}^{L} = 1$$

$$= \frac{H^{2}L}{2} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad H = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}}$$

$$: \quad \text{in the normalization is } \Psi_{n}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \operatorname{Sin}^{n} \frac{\pi \pi x}{L}$$
This is the Solution for one dimensional potential box.

5. Explain intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors with Suitable examples. Semi-conductos: A semiconductor material is one whose A. electrical properties lies between insulators and conductors. Semiconductors Extrunsic Intrinsic ptype n-type. Intrinsic Semiconductor: - A semi-conductor in an extremly pure form is known as Intrinsic Semiconductor ex:- Silicon, Germanium Extrinsic Semiconductors- At soon temperature the intrinsic semiconductor has little current conduction co capability. In order to use the semiconductor in electronic devices, its conduction properties should be increased. The process of adding impurity to a semi conductor is known as doping such as semiconductor is called Impurity or Extrinsic Schiconductor.

Repending on type of Impurity added, the entrinsic Semiconductor are of 2 types. 1) N-type (2) p-type. 1. N-type semiconductorswhen a small amount of pentavalent impurity is added to a pure semiconductor crystals. The Resulting Crystal is called N-type entrinsic semiconductor Let us consider the case when pentavalent "Assenic" is added to pose semiconductor "Ge". • he • Ge • Ge () (;) free e-(°) Ge Ge AS Ge (°) · he · he · he · (*) Such that Assenic Josms 4 covalent Bonds with 4 he and fifth e of Assenic is free. This e is ready to move in the crystal Lattice.

In this case Trivalent Boson is added to pure be crystal . Each atom of Boson fits into the he with 3 covalent bonds with 3 he atoms and there is deficiency of 1et to Josm 4th Bond with he is It is ready to accept et into p-type Semiconductor.

6. Give the assumptions of quantum theory of free electron. A. Sommerfield proposed quantum free electron theory. → He treated electron as a quantum particle → The free electrons in a metal can have only discrete energy values -> Thus the energies of electrons are quantized. -> The electron obey Pauli's exclusion principle ie) there can not be more then two electrons in any energy level. -> The distribution of electron in various energy levels obey the Fermi-Disac quantum statistics. -> free electrons have the same potential energy within the metal. because of the potential due to ionic cores is uniform throughout the metal. -> forces of attraction between electron & lattice ions, the force of reputsion between electrons can be neglected. electrons are treated as wave-like particle. -> The

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Gunthapally (V), Abdullapur met (M), R.R.Dist

I. B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, 2023

Applied physics

Part -A

Nam	e:H.T.NO:			
	Answer All Questions.			
	All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Marks: 10	ЭM		
i. 1.	Multiple choice questions Example of ferromagnetic material		A	<i>.</i>
	(a) Iron, steel, cobalt, nickel (b) platinum, aluminium, chromium (c)Bismuth, mercury, si Units for magnetic flux density $Wb[m^{2}(b) Wb[A^{a}m)$ (c)A[m(d) Tes[a]m		(d) A	
• • •	The material which exhibits hysterias is (a) Diamagnetic (b) Paramagnetic (c) Ferromagnetic (d) None	(С)
4.	Any insulator is a(a) Dielectric (b) conductor(c) insulator (d) none	(A)
5.	Which one of the following is an example for top-down approach?(a) Ball milling(b) Sol-Gel process(c) Both a &b(d) none	(A)
100	What is the standard form of SEM ?(a) Scanning electrode micron(b) Scanning electron microscope(c)Scanned electron microscope(c)	100		none
	If an atom jumps from a lower energy level to higher energy level, the process is known as (a) Induced emission (b) induced absorption (c) spontaneous emission (d)not	ne	-	
	Pumping process used in Ruby LASER is (a) Electric current (b) electrical discharge (c) optical pumping (d) chemical reaction Active curters in the He Ne leser	ns	C	
	Active centers in the He-Ne laser (a) Neon atoms (b) electrons (c) Helium atoms (d) Both neon and helium atoms		A	
	In optical fibre, light travels in the (a) Core (b) cladding (c) Core -cladding interface (d) Protective material	(A)

- ii. Fill in the blanks
- 1. Dielectric is a material that does not have a free electron for conduction.
- 2. The product of the magnitude of the charges and the distance of their separation is called the $\frac{dipole \ moment}{\mu}$ of the electric dipole.
- 3. Forbidden energy gap E_g is very <u>Wide (Large)</u> in dielectrics.
- 4. When charges of opposite polarity are induced on the surfaces of a dielectric, the dielectric is said to be <u>Electronic polarization</u>
- 5. The process of population inversion is to increase the number of atom in the Excited state
- 6. What is the standard form of TEM Fromsmission Electron Microscope
- 7. Life time of ground state atom in excited state 10^{-8} s
- 8. The main advantage of this Top-down approach is <u>bulk</u>. production rates of

nano-powders

- 9. Life time of ground state is unlimited.
- 10. Snell's law= Misin 0; = M2 SMOS

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY I YEAR B.Tech II Semester: II MID EXAMINATION

Subject: Applied physics Branch: CSE Marks: 4×5=20 M Date: - AUGUST-2023

Time :

Part -B

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Duration: 2Hr

Answer any four of the following

1. Explain ferroelectric, Piezoelectric and Pyroelectric materials.

2. Explain briefly the various types of polarization in dielectrics

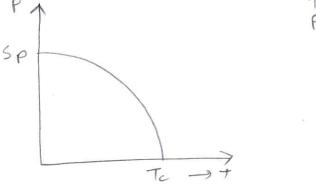
3. What are soft and hard magnetic materials explain.

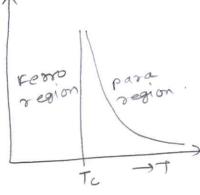
4. What is the hysteresis loop? What does it represent? what is the significance?

5. Write about CVD method.

6. Write construction and working of He-Ne laser

Answer key For MID,-II 1. Explain Ferroelectric, Piezoelectric and Pyroelectric O Fersoelectric materials:--> The dielectric materials which are exhibits spontaneous polasization in the absence of electric field. The phenomenon is called Berroelectric effect. Those material are called Ferroelectric material. -> All ferroebectric materials exhibits piezoelectric effect. - It is also behaves pyroelectricity at strong electric was first discovered in Rochelle field . of temperature of -18°c to 22°c - ferroelectricity Ex: Basium Titathate (Ba TiO3), lead titanate (PbTiO3) properties of ferroelectric material:--> All ferroelectric materials posses spontaneous polarization below a cestain temperature. -) As the temperature increases the spontaneous polarization decreases and at a temp. it is vanishes. This temperature is known as curie temperature. -) d'électric constant changes with temperature known as curie-weiss law Er= <u>C</u> c-curie constant T-Tc Tc-curie term





Applications of Ferroelectric material: () Thin film of the ferroelectric materials dre used in non-volatile memory (RAN), RFID togs and optical wowe guides etc. (2) Making use of Piezo-electric property, ferroelectric materials such as quarts, lithium niobate, barium materials such as quarts, lithium niobate, barium motionals such as quarts, lithium niobate, barium motionals and polyvingle fluids are used to make high sensitive IR detectors. (2) Ferroelectric semiconductors, such as Battioz, Strioz, Battioz - Phtioz, and Strioz-Phtioz, are used to make posistors (which are used to measure and control temperature. (3) Ferroelectric ceramics are used in the manufacturing of capacitors to store electric charge in electrical electronic circuits. Hysterisis of a ferroelectric material:- u The polarization in the ferroe- electric material is applied is known as hysterisis of a ferro-electric field is applied is known as hysterisis of a ferro-electric material:- u the polarization in the ferroe- electric material duoays lags behind the applied electric field is known as hysterisis of a ferro-electric material:- u when applied electric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric material is also increases sapidly after getting its also increases sapidly after getting its also increases sapidly after getting its maximum at point A then semain constant maximum polarization is called saturation polarization is the electric field is reduced back to zero polarization is the electric field is reduced back to zero polarization is duit not travel in the initial path, create a nece will not travel in the initial path, create a nece will not travel in the initial path, create a nece	 (1) Thin film of the tersoelectric materials and optical non-volatile memory (RAM), RFID tags and optical wave guides etc. (2) Naking use of Piezo-electric property, ferroelectric materials such as quarty, lithium niobate, bathum titanate etc are used to make pressure transducery and microphones. (3) Procelectric materials such as barium titanate lithium niobate and polyvingle rluids are used to make high sensitive IR detectors. (3) Procelectric semiconductors such as Battioz, Srtioz, Photos are used to make high sensitive IR detectors. (3) Procelectric semiconductors such as Battioz, Srtioz, Srtioz, Battioz - Philoz and Srtioz-Philoz are used to make posistors (which have used to measure and control temperature. (3) Ferro-electric ceramics are used in the manufacturing electronic circuits. (4) Hysterisis of a ferroelectric material: (5) the gerro-electric material. (6) the gerro-electric material. (7) The polarization in the ferro-electric field is applied to the applied electric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric material. (5) when applied electric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric material. (7) when applied electric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric material is increase applied electric field is increase in constant maximum at point A then remain constant maximum at point A then remain constant 	<u>4</u>
parti and polarization .	called remanent polarization.	 O Thin film of the tersoelectric material mon-volatile memory (RAN), RFID tags and optical wave guides etc. Making use of Piezo-electric property, ferroelectric Making use of piezo-electric property, ferroelectric semiconductors are used to make high sensitive IR detectors. Proroelectric semiconductors such as Batiloz, Sortioz, Perroelectric semiconductors such as Batiloz, Sortioz, Batiloz - Philoz and Sortioz - Philoz are used to make posistors (which are used to measure and control electronic circuits. Grerroe-electric ceramics are used in the manufactring of capacitors to store electric charge in electrical electric is applied users. When an electric field is applied to the gerroe-electric material: The polarization in the ferroe-electric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric field is increase, the polarization of ferroelectric getting its also increases rapidly after semain constant on the initial path, create a nece will not bave in the point B at gero electric field.
	called remainent portarization	will not travel in the initial pain, called,

-) To reduced remanent polarization to zero, negative field to be applied, required negative field to remarent polazization becomes zero known as coercive field (-E). -> If further negative field is increase, negative polarization takes place and reaches to its negative saturation and then remains constant. -) If same cyclic Process completed then DEFA curve will obtained. - The space occupied by Hysterisis is called Hysteresis loss that occurs in dielectric material. @ plezoelectric materials:--> piezo-electric materials are the materials that produce an electric current, when they are placed under Mechanical stress, this property is known as piezo-electricity. - If we apply an electric current to these materials, then the materials become strained called inverse piezo-electricity -> The shape of the material is change slightly (Max 40%) Ex!- Quartz Coystal, Rochelle Salts etc. 0 (\mathcal{L}) ht th Æ 0 ()0 Ð 0 0 0 0 0 0 104 (Π) 0 0 0 d 4 A A Applications of Plezo-electricity:-- single crystal of quastz is very widely used for

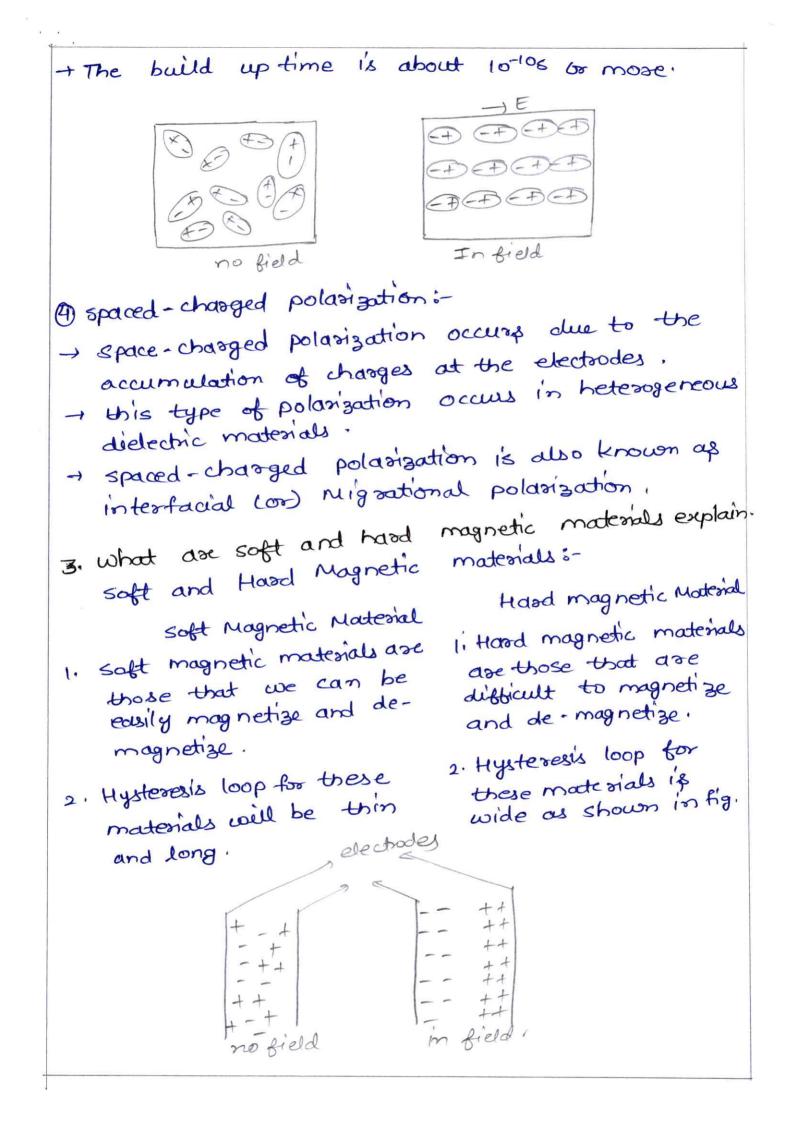
filter resonator and delay line application.

+ Rochelle salt is used as toansducers in gramphone pick-ups, ear phones, hearing aids, microphones etc. + Batioz, PBTioz are used for high voltage generation, accelerometers toansducers etc. + piezo electric semiconductors such as Gas, zno and eds are binding applications as amplifiers of UV waver - piezo-electric materials are widely used in scientific and industrial applications. 3 pyso electricity :pyro electric effect is the change of spontaneous polarization whe the temperature of the speciman - The pyro electric coefficient (1) is defined as the is changed. change in polarization per unit temperature change of the speciman d=dP - change in polarization result change in external and hence charge in surface. field Applications of pysoelectric materials:-Opyro-electric materials are used to make intruderalarms. @ fire alarms are works on the principle of pyroelectric 3 pyro electric detector can be used for radiometry. (1) NaNo2 and PZT ceramics are used in the construction of pypoelectric image tubes. Heat flux out electrode pysoelectric material Heat fur m

2. Explain briefly the various types of polarization in dielectrics. Dielectric polarization is classified into 4 basic types O Electronic polarization. @ Jonic polarization 3 osientation or dipolar polarization (1) space - charged polarization. - when an atom placed inside an electric field. The centre of the positive charge (nucleus) is displaced along the applied field direction. while the centre of negative charge is displaced in opposite direction, thus the dipole is created. -) when a diectric material is placed inside an electric field such dipoles are created in all the atoms known as electronic polarization. -ze (cloud electron). in field +ze (nucleus) + when electric field is applied Losentz force is acting i.e tend to separate nucleus and electron cloud of atom from their equalibrium position. - But coulomb attractive force tend to maintain the - Negative charge density of an atom of radius Ris $P = \frac{-2e}{4\pi R^3} \longrightarrow \mathbb{O}$ Total charge in the sphere is

 $Q_e = \frac{4}{3}\pi x^3 P$ from () $Q_e = \frac{4}{3} \pi x^3 \left(\frac{-2e}{4\pi R^3} \right)$ $Q_{c} = -Ze\left[\frac{\chi^{3}}{R^{3}}\right] \longrightarrow (2)$ Total positive charge of atom of radius X is $Q_p = + ZC$ coulumb's attractive force between nucleus and electron cloud which are separated by 'x' $F_c = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q_c Q_p}{\chi^2}$ $F_{c} = \frac{1}{4\pi6} - \frac{ze(\frac{x^{3}}{R^{3}})ze}{\frac{ze}{R^{3}}} = \frac{-\frac{z^{2}e^{2}x}{2}}{4\pi6R^{3}}$ Loventz force blue nucleus and electron cloud is $f_L = QE = -ZeE$ At equilibrium Fc= Fi. $-ZEE = -\frac{Z^2e^2X}{4TER^3}$ E = Zex ____3 induced dipole moment uind = Zex interm of polarizability Mind = de E $E = \frac{ZeX}{da} \longrightarrow (4)$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{e}} = 4\pi 6 R^3$

-> Electronic polarizability is depends on the volume obatom and independent on the temperature. @ Ionic polarization:-Jonic polarization is caused by relative displacements between positive and negative ions in ionic crystal. 00 00 0 Ex:- $\Theta \oplus \Theta \oplus \Theta$ 00000 $\Theta \Theta \Theta \Theta$ 00 00 O 0 0 000 In field . No electric field - Induced dipole moment is proportional to the Mi=diE : di-Ionic polarizability applied field -> Ionic polarization is given by Pi=NxiE $P_{i}^{*} = \frac{Ne^{2}}{\omega_{n}^{2}} \left[\frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{m} \right] E$ m - masses of the ions. N-1 masses of -veions. w + angular velocity. - I Ionic polarisation takes 10" to 10" & to build up. - Ionic polarization is Independent of temperature. 3 Orientation (or) dipolar polarization. The phenomenon in which the presence of electric field produces, alignment of polar substance in the direction of applied field. In the absence of E the orientation of dipole, is random. In the presence of E depe dépoles are align in tre field disection. + orientation polarization is strongly depend on temperature



- 3. Hysteresis loss in the form of heat is less
- 4. Magnetic permeability and Magnetic susceptibility are high .
- 5. These are used in preparation of magnetic cose material
- 6. Applications :- soft magnetic materials used in Transformers, electric moters, magnetic amplifiers, magnetic switching ciocuits etc.
- 7. Ex: puse ison, Alloys of Iron-Silicon, Iron-cobalt, Iron nickel.

- 3. Hysteresis loss in the form of heat is large.
- 4. Magnetic permeability and magnetic susceptibility as love .
- 5. These these are used in preparation for permanent magnets.
- G. Applications: Hardmaterials are used in digital computers, magnetic détectors, magnetic separators, magnetic topes etc.
- 7.en 1- Alnico (Alloy of Al, Ni, co, cu, Fe] Tungsten steel alloys, platinum cobalt-alloy etc.

4. what is the hysteresis loop? what does it represent? what is the significance? "The lagging of magnetic intensity (or) magnetising

tore (H) behind the intensity of magnetic field (B)". -> These are certain materials like Fe, co, Ni and certain alloys of these materials which exhibit

high degree of magnetization. - Below the Berromagnetic curie temperature Berromagnetic materials exhibit the hysteresis in the B versus H curve as shown in diagram. Betentivity Boy b (Saturation)

KHC P enternal field intensity

In opposite direction satisation ind opposite direction

External field

intensity

-H

coercivity

when the field intensity (H) is increased from 3000, the flux density (B) is also increases proportionally. - Further increasing the value of H, the value of B is saturated at a point a i.e B is constant. - Then decreasing the value of H, the B value is also decreased, but at point b, the external field intensity (H) is zero (H=0) but B \$0 and this value of magnetic induction is called residual magnetism (or) retentivity (Br). - Retentivity of the material is a measure of remaining magnetic flux in the material when the magnetic field is removed. - when sufficient negative field is applied residual magnetisation (Br). become zero. This value of magnetic intensity is were field (-the) at - coercive field (or) coercivity (-Hc) of the material is a measure of required external field intensity (H) to density destroy relantivity. I Further is negative magnetic field is applied, B is increases in negative direction and reaches it maximum value then constant this is known as negative saturation at point -) Then, if negative field is decreased back to 300 and increases from zero as shown in diagram, the curve 'defa' is obtained. - The path forced by this B-H plot is called -) The area covered by loop is known as "Hysteresis toop loss," in the form of Heat.

5. Write about CVD method. CUD is a formation of a non-volatile (not vapourised naturally) solid film on a surface by a reaction of vapour phase chemicals (gaseous precursor) that contain the required constinuent. Gas outlet Gas inlet Gas precubsor Diluent inestases -solid deposite > heating substrate. reacted gas chamber It consist of a reacter chamber having gas inlet, gas outlet eitherside as shown in digodim and heating substate in which the film of water form is deposite on the substrate. the reacted gas chamber is attached at the inlet so as enter gas precursor into the reacter chamber. -) To produce nanomaterial water form, a requised reactant in the gaseous form and diluent inest gas are introduced in the reactant chambes from gas inlet. + The reactants are absorbed on the surface of substrate and undego chemical reactions with the substante to form of the film. - The gaseous by product of the reactions are desorbed and evacuted from the gas outlet.

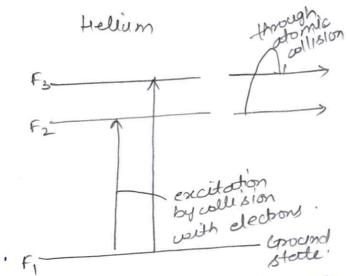
* types of CVD based on temperatures:-DHat Hot-wall CUD: heading system heads up not only water but also the walls of the reactor. 2) cold - wall CUD:- heating system heats up only water. * Types of CND based on pressure:-DAPLVD LAtmospheric pressure (VD) APCVD is operate at Atmospheric pressure. 2) Low - pressure (VD:which operate at low pressure than APCVD. Advantages :-DCVD is used to deposite high quality film. 2) gt is extreamly useful in the process of atomic layer deposition for depositing extremly thin layer of material. 3) GaAs films are used in some integrated circuits and photo - voltaic devices. 4) Fabrication of carbon nanotubes. 6. write construction and working of He-Ne Laser. The first gas lases was He-Ne Laser invented by Ali Javan, william, R. Bennette, Jr and Donald R. Henott in 1961. The schematic diagram of the-Ne Laser is as construction :-He-Ne Laser consists ob a long discharge tube filled with a mixture of helium and shown in figure. neon gases in the ratio 10:1 Neon atoms are the active centres in He-Ne Laser. The energy levels of Ne are suitable for Laser to ansitions.

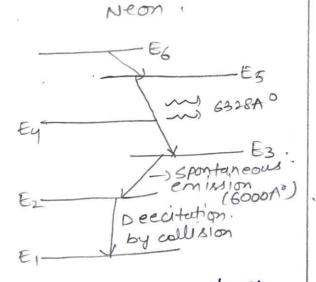
He' atoms help in exciting Ne atoms. Electrodes are provided in the discharge tube to produce discharge in the gas. He-Ne minter (athode Anode He-Ne minter (athode Anode 40, 50, 63254) GID (10, 6425) GID (10, 6425

I The electrodes are connected to a high voltage power supply. The tube is sealed by inclined windows arranged at its two ends. Two missions are arranged at its two ends. which act as Resonator. ** The discharge tube is of dimensions. 2-8 mm diameter.

10-loo cm length '

Working:-He-Ne Laser employs a four level pumping scheme. The energy levels of Helium and Neon are as shown in fig. when the power is switched on, a high voltage of about loku is switched on, a high voltage of about loku is applied across the gas. It is sufficient to ionize the gas. The energetic electrons excite He atoms through collisions. → one of the excited devels of helium atom (F3) is at 20.61 ev above the ground level. It is a metastable level. one of the excited devels of reon (EG) is at go:06 ev which is mearly same as F3 of helium atom.





Helium atoms can transfer energy to neonatoms ob identical energy levels such an energy toansfer is called as resonant energy transfer so helium atoms return to the ground levels by transfering its excess energy to neon atoms. The kit of helium atoms provide the additional 0.05 er required too excitation of neon atoms. The role of helium atoms is to excite neon atoms by collisions and to cause population This is the pumping mechanism in He-Ne lases. The probability of energy transfer from helium atom to neon atoms is more as these are to helium atoms per 1 neon atom in the The upper state of neon atoms E5 is a metastable gas mischere. State : Neon atoms accumulate in-this state.

A state of population inversion is achieved blue Es and Es levels. The transition Es + Es generates a laser beam of red colour of wavelength 6328A° From the level Es the neon atoms drop to E2 Level spontaneously · E2 is a metastable state : so Ne atoms lend to accumulate - ate E2 · These atoms are to be sent to ground state E1 quickly · other wise the noi ob atoms in the ground state decreases · The neon atoms rapidly drop to ground level due to collisions with walls ob the tube · These atoms in ground state will be available for excitation once again · the -Ne laser widely used in laser printing, bar code reading also in Laboratories as a mono chromatic source ·



ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS

- 1. Write the fundamental laws of photo electric effect and Derive the expression for Einstein's photo electric equation
- 2. Derive the expression for average energy of quantum oscillators and Plank's Formula .Explainits two special cases.
- 3. Explain construction and working of Davision and Germer experiment to prove that the moving matter particle is associated with a wave.
- 4. Derive Schrodinger's time independent wave equation and what is the physical significance of wave function
- 5. Explain the motion of electron in periodicpotential by using Kronigpenny model?
- 6. Obtain the expression for Eigen value and Eigen function of a particle in one dimensional potentialbox.
- 7. Derive the expression for effective mass.
- 8. Explain Classical and Quantum Free electron theory.
- 9. Derive a relation between Hall Voltage and Hall Coefficient and Explain experiment of Hall effect.
- 10.Describe V-I characteristics of Zener diode and pn junction diode in both biasing conditions.
- 11.Explain the construction and working, figure of merit and Characteristics of LED
- 12. Explain the Construction, working and characteristic curve of solar cell.
- 13.Explain construction and working of avalanche diode and PIN diode.
- 14. Explain various polarisations in dielectric materials.
- 15.Explain about ferroelectrics and piezoelectrics

V), Abdullapunnet (Ividi), R.R. Dist.

Assignment - I NAME :=> K. shivani Roll No :=> 22061A0583 class := cse-(B) SUBJECT := Applied physics (Ap)

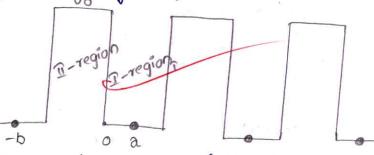
Knonig penny Model :⇒ Theony :⇒ The potential Energy of Electron varies periodica -lly with periodicity of ion cone (nucleus).

0

The potential Energy of the electron near the fon core is zero and Max in blue adjacent fons in the lattice.

Knonig and penny proposed simple method to Explain the behaviour of an elections in a one dimensions periodic potential.

The possible states that electron can coccupy / deter Mined by schoolinger Eqn.



consider an electron moving along x-axis under the periodic potential defined as v=0 for 01x1a

form time independent Wave Eqn,

$$\frac{\partial^2 4}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2m(\epsilon - v)}{5^2} + \frac{2m(\epsilon$$

for region - I, U=0 $\frac{\partial^2 4}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2m(E-V)}{\pi^2} (4 = 0 \quad (071) \quad \frac{\partial^2 4}{\partial x^2} + \frac{2m}{\pi^2} (-4v) = 0$

T

Divide the above
$$\epsilon qn$$
 with e^{ikx}
 $\Rightarrow \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x^{2}} + 2ik \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x} - ukk^{2} + a^{2}uk^{20}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x^{2}} + 2ik \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x} + uk (a^{2}-k^{2}) uk = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \delta uk \epsilon qn (a) in \epsilon qn (b)$
 $\epsilon gn (a) $\Rightarrow \frac{di_{v}}{\delta x^{2}} - \beta u = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \delta k^{2} x \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x^{2}} - \beta u = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \delta k^{2} x \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x^{2}} - ike^{ikx} - ukk^{2} \cdot e^{ikx} - \beta^{2} e^{ikx} \cdot uk = 0$
 $divide the above \epsilon gn with e^{ikx}
 $\Rightarrow \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x^{2}} + 2ik \frac{\delta uk}{\delta x} - (b^{2}+k^{2}) uk = 0 \rightarrow (c)$
Now the general solution of $\epsilon gns (b)$ and (c)
 $p(\frac{sinka}{ka}) + coska = cos ka \rightarrow (c)$
 $kihere $p = \frac{maV_{0}b}{3^{2}}$
 $f^{2} = \frac{ame}{3^{2}}$
 $f^{2} = ame$
 $\frac{b^{2} inka}{a} + cosk} avs da fs plotted $\frac{b^{2}inxa}{a} + coska$$$$$

$$(\underline{ase} - \underline{r} := p \rightarrow o\theta$$

$$sinaa = 0$$

$$aa = n\pi \pi$$

$$a = \frac{n\pi}{a}$$

$$a^{2} = \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}}{a^{2}}, a^{2} = \frac{2m}{b^{2}}$$

$$a^{2} = \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}}{a^{2}}, a^{2} = \frac{2m}{b^{2}}$$

$$\therefore \quad h^{2}\pi^{2} \Rightarrow \frac{3m}{b^{2}} \quad \therefore \quad h^{2} = \frac{h}{a^{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}h^{2}}{a^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}h^{2}}{4\pi^{2}ma^{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}h^{2}}{sma^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{n^{2}\pi^{2}h^{2}}{4\pi^{2}ma^{2}}$$

$$above \quad eqn \quad state \quad than \quad nature \quad of \quad insulatorn$$

$$(\underline{ase} - \underline{v} :\Rightarrow p \rightarrow 0)$$

$$(dsaa = cdska)$$

$$adp = k\alpha$$

$$az = k$$

$$a^{2} = k^{2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{\partial me}{b^{2}} = k^{2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{\partial me}{b^{2}} = k^{2}$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{\partial me}{b^{2}} = \frac{4\pi^{2}}{b^{2}} \quad (\cdots \quad K = \frac{2\pi}{b})$$

$$e = \frac{4\pi^{2}h^{2}}{am} \Rightarrow \frac{4\pi^{2}h^{2}h^{2}}{h^{2}mh^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{4\pi^{2}h^{2}h^{2}h^{2}}{h^{2}mh^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{p^{2}}{am}$$
This indicates the nature of conductor. In this case the energy of electrons in the form of kinetic shergy.

Panticle in one dimensional potential Box of infinite height:⇒

consider a particle of mass "m" moving along x-aris blue the five walls A and B and x=A. The particle moves freely inside the Walls potential energy of particle blue the two Walls constant. The constant potential Energy blue the walls. If is reflected back.

Inmediately now force on the particle change from o to A finite (f) values hence (v). Becomes infinity the particle outside the box. V becomes Zeno the particle inside the walls (box). We know that time independent schnodinger whave Eqn.

A,B are constants A,B values can be constants.
A,B are values can be obtained from boundary
conditions
... 4² supresents the probability of finding the particle
at any instants.
there q=0 at n=0 q(a) =0 at (n=0) 7
q(a) =0 at (n=a) 7
q(a) =0 at (n=a) 7
Sub Eqn (3) in 2nd Eqn
0 = Asink (0) + Bcosk(0)
3 0+B
3 B=0
q(a) =0 at n=0
0 = Asink A
A sinhtt = Asinka
k a = ntt => A=0 / KA=0
k =
$$\frac{nt}{a}$$
 Eqn (2) becomes
q(a) = sin($\frac{nt}{a}$)n
k: $\frac{vamf}{b} = \frac{ameut^2}{b^2} = \frac{st^2me}{b^2}$
... $E = \frac{ht}{a}$ eq $k^2 = \frac{ht}{a^2}$ [... $k^2 = \frac{2me}{b^2} = \frac{v_2me}{b}$]
 $\frac{ht}{s}m^2} = st^2 me$
ullun $n_1=1$, $e_1 = \frac{h}{sma^2}$

(Q The wave function $q = A \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$ The complex Conjugate of 4 P8 4 = Asin(ntrz) Monmalise the Mare function whe find J44*dx $\int_{0}^{q} 44^{*} dx \Rightarrow \int_{0}^{q} f^{2} \sin\left(\frac{nttx}{a}\right) dx$ $P = A^{2} \int_{0}^{q} \frac{1 - \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)}{2} dx$ $\Rightarrow \frac{A^{2}}{2} \left(\pi \frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)} \right)^{a}$ > A/ (a-0) $\int \frac{a}{44} dx = \frac{Aa}{2}$ let $N^2 = \frac{A^2a}{n}$, $N = \frac{A\sqrt{a}}{2}$ The rlosmalised vlave function um is obtained asing 40= <u>4</u> $qn = \frac{f}{f} sin\left(\frac{intrx}{a}\right)$ A (J9/2) (tm= V2/q sin(ntrx) These normalised mare function are called Eigen function Lon = V2/2 Sin (nHX) > The probability function is p(a)= 14n12 => [40] = 4014n* =) $\frac{2}{a}sin^{2}\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$

 $h_2 = 2, E_2 = \frac{uh}{8ma^2} \Rightarrow uE_1$ m=3, $e_3 = \frac{qh^2}{ema^2} = qe_1$ 44 dx = 1 = 1 $A^2 \int \sin \left(\frac{t + \chi}{2}\right) = 1$ $A^{2}\int^{2}\frac{1-\cos^{2}\alpha t}{2}d\alpha = 1$ $A^2 = 2/2$ $A = \sqrt{3}$ The normalised wave fonction of particle wh= 1/2 sin II These Energy values are discreate. They are not Continous as expected classed Mechanics. (2) Thus according to quantum Mechanics, the pasticle inside, aliquid has Cannot have all values, of Energy, But only these discreate values. Which are given by k= formt (These discreate Energy values are known as Energy Egen values. These energy levels as shown fig. $\Rightarrow f_3 = ah^2/8ma^2 \Rightarrow 9e_1$ > Ez= 4h²/smat => que1 $\rightarrow \epsilon_{L} = h^{2}/sma^{2}$

Half Effect:⇒

* > It was suggested fort. Edward hall in 1987.

★→ When at Rust magnetic field is applied ter to the direction of current in a conductor then a transverse Electric field... is developed this Electric field is Ler to both the directions of current and magnetic field. The phenomenon of production of transverse electric field is known as "that effect" and this electric effect is then to both the directions of called "that effect".

+ + + + + + + +

+ + + + + + +

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onigin of hall Effect: \Rightarrow consider a slab of conductor corrying aurrent along the x-direction. Let \vec{B} ig magnetic field applied along the tree y-direction.

The free electrons in the slab are moving along a direction. these two electrons will be experience force

F= g (UXB)

2

Due to applied magnetic field B. Electrons are deflected towards face and it will Accumulate. it takes face abed-

(5)

VR & face
$$a|b|c|d| + ue$$
. As a result a potential
difference $|hall voltage v_{R}$ is produced blue two faces.
The statio of hall voltage (u_{H}) to the which of
stab (N) along. 2-direction gives hall field (e_{R})
Expression for hall - voltage (u_{H}) :
Magnetic of force due to magnetic field
 $gvdB singo$: $g=E$.
 $FB = Evd_{B} \rightarrow 0$
magnitude of force due to electric field
 $F_{e} = Ef_{4} \rightarrow \otimes$
In Equilibrium $F_{B}=F_{E}$
 $Evd_{B} = kee$
 $vd_{B} = kN$
 $vd = \frac{eN}{B} \rightarrow \otimes$
The electric current is free slub is given by $I = An$ wd
 $I = (w_{H}) nuvd$ (e. $A = wt$)
 $vd = \frac{P}{wt no} \rightarrow 0$. of change arriters
per unit volume.
comparing $\bigotimes e_{I} \oplus A \Rightarrow cross sectional trea.
 $\frac{E_{H}}{B} = \frac{P}{w+ne} \rightarrow \otimes$
But $E_{H} = \frac{V_{H}}{w} \rightarrow \otimes$$

 $V_{H} = \left[\frac{1}{ne}\right] \xrightarrow{B_{T}}_{f}$ hall voltage from above Egn Hall coefficient = $\frac{1}{ne} = \frac{VH^{\dagger}}{BT}$ (RH) $RH = \left[\frac{1}{ne}\right] \Rightarrow R_{H} = \frac{1}{nq}$ The hall [Hickel] coefficient is the when change carriers ore electrons and the, when charge aurrents are holes hall respirance = $\frac{V_H}{r} = \frac{B}{net}$ Hall effect in p-type and nl- type semi conductors ;=> In p-type material for which the current is passed along x-direction from left to night and magnetic field applied along z - direction as shown in figure According to flaming left and Rule F= lonents fonce idl XB = F F= quaxB E = F/qElectric field fonce = qE F9= F For p-type:=> Fy= qva *B2 (AxB= HALLBISIND). -Fy = 2Ey(sîn 90°=1) Equate above @ Egns q VxBa = qey VaBa = Ey ["x=h] $E_{H} = \frac{V_{H}}{\pi}, E_{H} = \frac{V_{H}}{V_{H}}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{V_{\pi} B_{\pi} = \frac{V_{H}}{W}} \longrightarrow \textcircled{P} \\ & \textcircled{dnfft} \ (\underline{w\pi} \underline{v} \underline{v} \underline{n}^{1} \overset{\sim}{,} = T_{\pi} = \underline{c} p \underline{v}_{\pi} \\ & T_{\pi} = T_{\pi} = \underline{c} p \underline{v}_{\pi} \\ & \frac{T_{\pi}}{A} = T_{\pi} = \underline{c} p \underline{v}_{\pi} \\ & \frac{T_{\pi}}{W} = \underline{F} \underline{v} \underline{v}_{\pi} \\ & \boxed{V_{\pi} = \frac{T_{\pi}}{W}} \\ & \underbrace{V_{\pi} = \frac{V_{\pi}}{W}} \\ & \underbrace{V_{\pi} = \frac{V_{\pi}}{W}} \\ & \underbrace{V_{\pi} = \frac{V_{\pi}}{W}} \\ & \underbrace{V_{\pi} = \frac{T_{\pi}}{W}} \\ \\ & \underbrace{V_{\pi} = \frac{T_{\pi}}{W$$

$$E_{x} = \frac{v}{x} = \frac{v}{L}$$
sub E_{x} value in above E_{gn}

$$\frac{T_{x}}{\omega d} = E_{pup} \frac{v_{x}}{L}$$

$$\frac{up}{\omega d} = \frac{T_{xL}}{\omega d e_{pvx}} \rightarrow moderly of holes$$

$$similary for electrons$$

$$\frac{ul_{n}}{z} = \frac{T_{xL}}{\omega d e_{nvx}} \rightarrow moderlity of electrons$$
Applications of hall Effect :->
$$O \text{ If is used to determine the sign of current carrying changes.}$$

$$O \text{ If is used to determine the sign of current carrying changes.}$$

$$O \text{ If is used to find the power flows in a electron magnetic values.}$$

$$Planck's hypothesis in 1900 max plank introduced the revolutionary concept of radiation. the made following assumptions
$$O \text{ A black body radiator contains harmonic oscillations of possible frequencies.}$$$$

4

(Ap)

Ø

- The oscillations cannot emits / absorry energy continously. This is contrary to electro magnetic energy. Which allows a continous emission / absorption of Energy.
 The emition / absorption of energy takes place in
- emits amounts i.e., energy of oscillatory is qualified The energy of an atomic oscillation of frequency can have only certain values like a, hi, 2hi, 4ph....

This is integral Multiple of small unit of energy h called the quantum photon. then $[e=nh^2]$

n = any + ve integesh = planck's constant.

Average Energy of an oscillator :=>

Let " Λ " belongs to total number of planks, oscillator and ϵ_b there total energy then the average Energy per plancks oscillators E is given by

 $\begin{array}{c} e = \frac{e}{N} \longrightarrow \end{array}$

We know that According to Max wells distribution
tormulae. The number of oscillators baving energy
$$\pi_{E}$$

Fs given by
 $N_{T} = N_{0} E^{-\pi e}/K_{T} / N_{T} = N_{0} Exp \left(\frac{-\pi e}{k_{T}} \right) \longrightarrow \mathfrak{D}$
 $K = Bolzman's constant$
Sub the values of N_{1} , N_{2} , $N_{3} = -from eqn \mathfrak{D}$ in
 $eqn \mathfrak{D}$
 $N = N_{0} + N_{0} e^{-\varepsilon l kT} + N_{0} e^{-2\varepsilon l kT} + N_{0} e^{-2\varepsilon l kT}$
 $N_{0} \in (-\pi e/K_{T})$
 $N_{0} \left\{ 1 + e^{-\varepsilon l kT} + e^{2\varepsilon l kT} + e^{-\varepsilon l kT} \right\} = \frac{1}{\Omega - x}$
 $N = \frac{N_{0}}{1 - \varepsilon^{-\varepsilon l / kT}} \longrightarrow \mathfrak{D}$
 $e = N_{0} x_{0} + e N_{0} e^{-\varepsilon l / kT} + 2\varepsilon N_{0} e^{-2\varepsilon l / kT} + 2\varepsilon N_{0} e^{-2\varepsilon l / kT}$

~



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AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY(Q6) B.Tech - R22 - I Year - II Semester COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING University Mid-1 Internal Marks Report-Date- 2023-08-28 19.03.52

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22Q61A0525	20	24	25	25
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22Q61A054 22Q61A054		29	30		31	30	_
22Q61A054 22Q61A054		. <u>1</u>	-1		1	-1	_
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22Q61A055		0	15	1		19	-
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22Q61A0563	_		31	14		21	-
22Q61A0564			25	29		34	-
22Q61A0566	33		26	31		<u>23</u> 16	-
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22Q61A05B0) 26	26	30	34
22Q61A05B2	2 17	19	22	28
22Q61A05B4		15	20	25
22Q61A05B		18	23	21
22Q61A05B6	and the second sec	23	22	26
22Q61A05B		22	25	33
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22Q61A05B		19	18	21
22Q61A05C		-1	-1	-1
22Q61A05C	and the second second	27	31	27
22Q61A05C			23	24
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22Q61A05C	6 19	15	19	19

HTNO					
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22Q61A05E7 24	34			$\frac{1}{1}$	
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22Q61A05E9 24	14	14	1.		
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22Q61A05F2 30	31	32	27		
22Q61A05F3 35	35	35	33		
22Q61A05F4 26	28	27	21		
22Q61A05F5 29	28	31	25		
22Q61A05F6 25	24	28	23		
22Q61A05F7 29	28	29	28		
22Q61A05F8 29	33	30	31		
22Q61A05F9 25	25	28	22		
22Q61A05G0 32 22Q61A05G1 25	35	32	31		
222244255	23	29	24		
000011	32	30	25	_	
2200110	5	5	5		
0000110	29	30	31		
0000110	27	28	24	_	
00001	28	31	28	_	
0000110	27	32	31	_	
0000111	27	28	31		
0000110	24	32	21	_	
0000110	34	31	23	-	
22Q61A05H1 27 22Q61A05H2 27	25	29	26		
	30	32	27		

4 e

HTNO	182AB	182AG	182AM	182AR
22Q61A05H3	33	35	29	28
22Q61A05H4	28	33	31	30
22Q61A05H5	29	31	25	24
22Q61A05H6	5	5	5	5
22Q61A05H7	27	32	28	31
22Q61A05H9	32	34	31	33
22Q61A05I0	22	14	18	19
22Q61A05I1	27	23	25	21
22Q61A05I2	24	19	25	19
22Q61A05I3	30	30	28	28
22Q61A05I4	5	5	5	5
22Q61A05I5	21	20	18	19
22Q61A05I6	22	23	19	19
22Q61A05I7	14	26	25	23
22Q61A05I8	23	20	24	21
22Q61A05I9	22	21	23	20
22Q61A05J0	28	25	29	21
22Q61A05J1	34	35	30	31
22Q61A05J2	18	23	29	19

Note : '-1' Indicates Student is Absent for the exam.

Subject Code	Subject Name
182AB	APPLIED PHYSICS
182AR	ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS
182AM	ENGLISH FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT
182AG	ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

Signature Of Principal with Date & Office seal

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

Ym



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD HYDERABAD-500085

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY(Q6) B.Tech - R22 - I Year - II Semester COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING University Mid-2 Internal Marks Report-Date- 2023-08-28 21.27.38

HTNO	182AB		182AG		182AM		187AR	1051	
2206140501	31		2		29)	3	3	
22Q61A0501 22Q61A0502	27		3		20)	3	4	
22Q01A0502 22Q61A0503	34		3	0	2:	2	3	2	
22Q61A0504	2:		2	8	1	9	2	7	-
22Q61A0505	1		2	2	1	9	3	31	1
22Q61A0506	2	8	2	25	1	9	3	35	-
22Q61A0507	-	5	-	32	3	3	3	35	-
22Q61A0508	2	4	1	22	2	3	1	35	4
22Q61A0509	-	9	:	32	2	23	1	35	_
22Q61A0510		24		24	2	23	1	28	4
22Q61A0511		1		-1	-	.1	4	-1	_
22Q61A0512		35		29		29	_	34	_
22Q61A0513		27		30		29		30	_
22Q61A0514		30		32		27		34	
22Q61A051		35		31		29		35	
22Q61A051		16		20		26		32	
22Q61A051		23		32		25		35	
22Q61A051		31		23		21	_	30	
22Q61A052		22		29		21		34	
22Q61A052		34		33		32	_	35	
22Q61A052		17		16		24	_	25	
22Q61A052		29		28		21		35	
22Q61A052		29	1	25	;	23		35	_
22Q61A052		29)	26	5	27		35	
22Q61A05		34	ŧ	31	1	27		34	
22Q61A05		35	5	33	3	30		3:	
22Q61A05		32	2	2	7	28	-	3	
22Q61A05		3	5	34	4	32	-	3	-
22Q61A05	30	34	1	34	4	30	-	3	
22Q61A05		34	4	34	1	28		3	
22Q61A05		30)	30)	28		3	
22Q61A05	33	33	3	3.	1	29)	34	1

HTNO	182AB	182AG	182AM	182AR
22Q61A0534	29	32	24	35
22Q61A0535	34	33	26	30
22Q61A0536	33	33	28	35
22Q61A0537	-1	-1	-1	-1
22Q61A0538	24	16	20	35
22Q61A0539	35	34	23	35
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22Q61A0541	34	32	33	35
22Q61A0542	29	28	30	33
22Q61A0543	31	32	29	35
22Q61A0544	35	32	28	33
22Q61A0545	35	33	32	35
22Q61A0546	30	30	31	35
22Q61A0547	31	26	31	35
22Q61A0548	-1	-1	-1	-1
22Q61A0549	5	5	5	5
22Q01A0545 22Q61A0550	14	27	16	33
22Q61A0551	34	32	30	34
22Q61A0552	29	27	26	35
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	29	27	20	32
22Q61A0554		23	20	32
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22Q61A0556	24 32	25	32	35
22Q61A0557		27	27	35
22Q61A0558	32	28	1	34
22Q61A0559	35	34	31	34
22Q61A0560	32	30	24	35
22Q61A0561	31	28	21	
22Q61A0562	23	17	16	21
22Q61A0563	35	33	20	35
22Q61A0564	35	32	24	35
22Q61A0566	33	32	30	35
22Q61A0567	35	33	30	32
22Q61A0568		30	31	35
22Q61A0569			25	35
22Q61A0570		-1	-1	-1
22Q61A0571	31	32	27	33
22Q61A0572		23	23	34
22Q61A0573	in the second second	25	25	34
22Q61A0574	1	33	31	35
22Q61A0575		32	32	34
22Q61A0576		32	32	34
22Q61A0577		33	32	34
22Q61A0578		21	21	20
22Q61A0579	34	32	32	33

HTNO	182AB		182AG		182AM		182AR	
22Q61A0580	3		32		28		35	
22Q61A0581	28		27		26		35	
22Q61A0582	30		30		28		35	
22Q61A0583	3	100	32		32		35	5
22Q61A0584	3		34		32		35	
22Q61A0585	2		28		2		35	
	3		34		3		35	
22Q61A0586	+	9	2		2		32	
22Q61A0587	-	3	2		2		35	
22Q61A0588	1	.8	2		2		32	
22Q61A0589	-	5	3		3		3	
22Q61A0590	-		-	4	-	1	3	
22Q61A0591	-	35	-		5		5	
22Q61A0592	5		5		-		3	
22Q61A0593	-	35		0	+	2	-	
22Q61A0594	-	35	-	4		32	-	5
22Q61A0595	-	30	_	1	-	32	-	0
22Q61A0596	-	35		33	-	32	-	5
22Q61A0597	_	24		33		32		5
22Q61A0598	-	26	-	31	-	30	-	3
22Q61A0599		29	-	29		28	-	28
22Q61A05A0		29	-	33	-	31		28
22Q61A05A	1	22	1	29	_	24		28
22Q61A05A2	2	27	-	21	-	27	-	28
22Q61A05A		5	-	5	_	5		5
22Q61A05A	4	23		24		26	1	24
22Q61A05A		5		5		5	1	5
22Q61A05A	- 11	31		31		31		32
22Q61A05A		35		34		32	_	32
22Q61A05A		27		31		31		30
22Q61A05A		31		33		32		33
22Q61A05B		33		31		32		34
22Q61A05B		30		28		31		31
22Q61A05E		28		25		25		14
22Q61A05E		23		23		23		30
22Q61A05E		28		30		28		35
22Q61A05E		20		14		14		28
22Q61A05E		-		20		24		29
22Q61A05E				26		25		30
22Q61A050				-1		-1		-1
22Q01A050			;	34	ŀ	34	8	34
22Q01A050				29		29		30
22Q61A05				28		30		30
22Q61A05				23		23		29
				21		21		26
22Q61A05				3-		30		29
22Q61A05		102	-	10		100		

~	HTNO	182AB	182AG	182AM	182AR
	22Q61A05C8	28	22	26	33
1	22Q61A05C9	30	32	30	32
	22Q61A05D0	28	29	29	32
	22Q61A05D1	33	28	29	32
	22Q61A05D2	35	32	32	31
	22Q61A05D3	35	35	35	32
	22Q61A05D4	29	26	26	27
	22Q61A05D5	29	31	31	33
	22Q61A05D6	32	28	29	32
ά.	22Q61A05D7	35	35	35	32
	22Q61A05D8	27	26	26	26
	22Q61A05D9	33	34	34	32
	22Q61A05E0	21	14	14	27
	22Q61A05E1	34	31	32	33
	22Q61A05E2	35	32	32	33
	22Q61A05E3	34	33	33	32
	22Q61A05E4	32	32	32	32
	22Q61A05E5	29	28	29	26
	22Q61A05E6	19	17	20	26
	22Q61A05E7	32	31	31	32
	22Q61A05E8	35	32	32	33
31.	22Q61A05E9	14	14	14	14
	22Q61A05F0	35	35	35	34
	22Q61A05F1	35	35	35	33
	22Q61A05F2	34	29	30	32
	22Q61A05F3	33	34	34	33
	22Q61A05F4	26	24	34	27
	22Q61A05F5	29	25	25	33
	22Q61A05F6	28	24	25	26
	22Q61A05F7	34	32	25	27
	22Q61A05F8	32	25	26	30
	22Q61A05F9	25	20	21	27
	22Q61A05G0	35	31	31	33
	22Q61A05G1	33	33	34	33
	22Q61A05G2	2 34	32	33	33
	22Q61A05G3	5	5	5	5
	22Q61A05G4	30	28	28	28
	22Q61A05G5	5 32	27	28	29
	22Q61A05G6	3 33	30	30	33
	22Q61A05G7	7 32	24	25	29
	22Q61A05G8	3 31	26	27	31
	22Q61A05G	32	25	26	31
	22Q61A05H0) 31	28	29	32
	22Q61A05H1	1 31	28	29	29
	22Q61A05H2		33	33	33

HTNO	182AB	182AG	182AM	182AR
22Q61A05H3	34	35	34	33
22Q61A05H4	32	30	31	33
22Q61A05H5	33	31	31	32
22Q61A05H6	5	5	5	5
22Q61A05H7	30	30	30	33
22Q61A05H9	34	34	34	29
22Q61A05I0	20	16	19	27
22Q61A05I1	29	27	28	27
22Q61A05I2	21	20	21	27
22Q61A05I3	32	34	33	32
22Q61A05I4	5	5	5	5
22Q61A05I5	22	20	21	27
22Q61A05I6	30	26	27	27
22Q61A05I7	34	27	28	26
22Q61A05I8	25	22	27	32
22Q61A05I9	26	24	27	26
22Q61A05J0	25	27	27	28
22Q61A05J1	31	32	32	32
22Q61A05J2	32	31	31	27

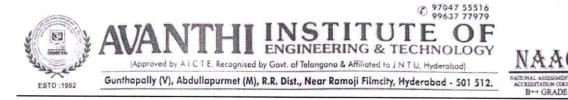
Note : '-1' Indicates Student is Absent for the exam.

Subject Code	Subject Name
182AB	APPLIED PHYSICS
182AR	ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS
<u>182AM</u>	ENGLISH FOR SKILL ENHANCEMENT
182AG	ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

Ym

Signature Of Principal with Date & Office seal

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



EXTERNAL EXAM MARKS LIST

SUBJECT: APPLIED PHYSICS

SECTION CSE-B

HALL TICKET NUMBER	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL MARKS	
22Q61A0566	38	24	62	
22Q61A0567	39	28	67	
22Q61A0568	33	21	54	
22Q61A0569	33	21	54	
22Q61A0570	-		-	
22Q61A0571	32	23	55	
22Q61A0572	27	10	37	
22Q61A0573	23	3	26	
22Q61A0574	35	28	63	
22Q61A0575	39	24	63	
22Q61A0576	36	22	58	
22Q61A0577	35	21	56	
22Q61A0578	22	8	30	
22Q61A0579	37	21	58	
22Q61A0580	33	12	45	
22Q61A0581	31	21	52	
22Q61A0582	30	21	51	
22Q61A0583	36	21	57	
22Q61A0584	38	21	59	
22Q61A0585	29	21	50	
22Q61A0586	40	26	66	
22Q61A0587	29	6	35	
22Q61A0588	26	3	29	
22Q61A0589	29	3	32	
22Q61A0590	38	29	67	
22Q61A0591	40	21	61	
22Q61A0592	21	-1	20	
22Q61A0593	36	8	44	
22Q61A0594	38	21	59	
22Q61A0595	35	21	56	
22Q61A0596	38	22	60	
22Q61A0597	31	29	60	
22Q61A0598	30	21	51	
22Q61A0599	31	4	35	

22Q61A05A0	33	10	43
22Q61A05A1	28	21	49
22Q61A05A2	29	10	39
22Q61A05A3	-	-	-
22Q61A05A4	25	21	46
22Q61A05A5	15	15	30
22Q61A05A6	35	25	60
22Q61A05A7	37	32	69
22Q61A05A8	32	24	56
22Q61A05A9	37	33	70
22Q61A05B0	35	40	75
22Q61A05B1	-	-	-
22Q61A05B2	29	26	55
22Q61A05B3	-	- 1	-
22Q61A05B4	30	21	51
22Q61A05B5	25	22	47
22Q61A05B6	28	25	53
22Q61A05B7	26	-1	25
22Q61A05B8	29	21	50
22Q61A05B9	27	21	48
22Q61A05C0	-	-	-
22Q61A05C1	-	-	-
22Q61A05C2	40	31	71
22Q61A05C3	35	21	56
22Q61A05C4	30	10	40
22Q61A05C5	26	9	35
22Q61A05C6	25	12	37
22Q61A05C7	30	21	51
22Q61A05C8	29	24	53

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m HOD

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				SUE	B: AP	SEM:]	l-II De	pt. of C	SE					
Course Outcomes													_	_
CO1	Define th	e basics	of prop	erties of	matter ar	nd its app	lications							
CO2	Explore t	Explore the basics of crystals, their structure and different crystal growth techniques.												
CO3	Different	iate the	concept	of therm	al proper	ties of m	aterials a	und their	applica	tions.				
CO4	Demonstra	ate the co	oncepts o	of lasers a	nd advanc	ed physic	s of quant	tum theo	ry and its	s applicati	ons in tur	neling mi	croscopes.	
					CO	-PO Map	oping							
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	1			1	1					1	1	
CO2	3	2	2									2	1	
CO3	3	3	2	1									1	
CO4	3	3	2										1	1
CO avg(M)	3	2.5	1.75	1		1	1					1.5	1	
PO / PSO Attainment Level*	2.92	2.43	1.7	0.97		0.97	0.97			_		1.46	0.97	

PO/PSO Attainment= COA x M/3

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lte o Gunthapaliy (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



Cir./Exam Section/0001

Date: 26-10-2022

Attention all the IV B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 01-11-2022 to 04-11-2022.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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Signature A S AVT-R-D Qe	Ju

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Copy to: 1. ALL HOD's (EEE, MECH, ECE, CSE, CSM & CSD)

2. Administrative Office

o) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (MdI), R.R. Dist.



Cir./Exam Section/0002

Date: 05-11-2022

Attention all the III B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 11-11-2022 to 14-11-2022.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Inapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



Cir./Exam Section/0003

Date: 24-12-2022

Attention all the I B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 29-12-2022 to 02-01-2023.

Time: FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 AM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	месн	BS&H
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Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet(M), RR Dist, Near Ramoji Film City, Hyderabad -501512. www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

Cir./Exam Section/0004

Date: 28-12-2022

Attention all the IV B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 04-01-2023 to 06-01-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	месн
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2. Administrative Office

CSD) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Cir./Exam Section/0005

Date: 12-01-2023

Attention all the III B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 19-01-2023 to 21-01-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	месн
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2. Administrative Office

Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Avanthi Institute of Eng Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Cir./Exam Section/0006

Date: 18-01-2023

Attention all the II B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 23-01-2023 to 25-01-2022.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	MECH
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2. Administrative Office

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 Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet(M), RR Dist, Near Ramoji Film City, Hyderabad -501512.
 www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

Cir./Exam Section/0007

Date: 25-02-2023

Attention all the I B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 03-03-2023 to 09-03-2023.

Time: FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 AM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	месн	BS&H
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Copy to: 1. ALL HOD's (EEE, MECH, ECE, CSE, CSM & CSD)

2. Administrative Office

D) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunihapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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Cir./Exam Section/0008

Date: 26-04-2023

Attention all the II B. TECH I SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 02-05-2023 to 07-05-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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Cir./Exam Section/0009

Date: 28-04-2023

Attention all the III, IV B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 08-05-2023 to 15-05-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

& CSD) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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Cir./Exam Section/0010

Date: 15-06-2023

Attention all the I B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 19-06-2023 to 23-06-2023.

Time: FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 AM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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Copy to: 1. ALL HOD's (EEE, MECH, ECE, CSE, CSM & CSD)

2. Administrative Office

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GAN PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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Cir./Exam Section/0011

Date: 15-06-2023

Attention all the IV B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 19-06-2023 to 21-06-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL Gunihapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Ndi), R.R. Die Avanthi Institute of E



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www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

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Date: 16-06-2023

Attention all the III B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 23-06-2023 to 28-06-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

Cir./Exam Section/0012

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

HOD	CSE	CSM & CSD	ECE	EEE	MECH
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Copy to: 1. ALL HOD's (EEE, MECH, ECE, CSE, CSM & CSD) PRINCIPAL

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist



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 www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

Cir./Exam Section/0013

Date: 06-07-2023

Attention all the II B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-I examinations will be conducted from 10-07-2023 to 12-07-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

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Cir./Exam Section/0014

Date: 16-08-2023

Attention all the I B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 21-08-2023 to 24-08-2023.

Time: FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 AM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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2. Administrative Office

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Cir./Exam Section/0015

Date: 06-09-2023

Attention all the II B. TECH II SEM students are here by informing you that MID-II examinations will be conducted from 12-09-2023 to 14-09-2023.

Time: FN: 09.40 AM TO 11.00 AM

AN: 01.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

Note: HOD's are requested to circulate among all concern students.

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Copy to: 1. ALL HOD's (EEE, MECH, ECE, CSE, CSM & CSD)

2. Administrative Office

CSD) PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

PRINCIPAL 1. & Tech Gunbapally (V), Abdullapurnel (Mdl), R.R. Dist Avanthi Institute of Eng

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 5000 85 EXAMINATION BRANCH IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE) TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	01-11-2022 FN TUESDAY	01-11-2022 AN TUESDAY	02-11-2022 FN WEDNESDAY	02-11-2022 AN WEDNESDAY	04-11-2022 FN FRIDAY
an a			E3	E4	OE2
			Digital Control systems	HVDC Transmission	Data Structures Artificial Intelligence Remote Sensing & GIS
			Digital Signal Processing	Power System	Python Programming
				Reliability	Java Programming
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS	AND Fundamentals of		Electrical and Hybrid Vehicles	Industrial Electrical Systems	Fundamentals of Biomedical Applications
ELECTRONICS	Engineers			-	Electronic Sensors Basic Mechanical Engineering
(02-EEE)	Engineers				Basics of Aeronautical Engineering
					Intellectual Property Rights
					Principles of Entrepreneurship
					Natural Gas Engineering
					Engineering Materials
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Surface Engineering
					Health & Safety in Mines
					Material Handling in Mines

Date: 19-10-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (MdI), R.R. Dist

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE) TIMETABLE

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BRANCH	01-11-2022 FN TUESDAY	01-11-2022 AN TUESDAY	02-11-2022 FN WEDNESDAY	02-11-2022 AN WEDNESDAY	04-11-2022 FN FRIDAY
92°		E2	E3	E4	OE2
		Additive	Power Plant Engineering	Computational Fluid	Remote Sensing & GIS
		Manufacturing	Tower Trant Engineering	Dynamics	
					Data Structures
		Automation in	Automobile Engineering		Artificial Intelligence
		Manufacturing			
N			and the second	Turbo Machinery	Python Programming
		MEMS	Renewable Energy	Fluid Power Systems	Java Programming
			Sources		Fundamentals of Biomedical
					Applications
MECHANICAL	Refrigeration & Air				Electronic Sensors
ENGINEERING	Conditioning				Utilization of Electrical
(03-ME)			·		Energy
					Electric Drives and Control
					Basics of Aeronautical
					Engineering
			17 C		Intellectual Property Rights
					Principles of Entrepreneurship
					Engineering Materials
					Surface Engineering
					Natural Gas Engineering
					Health & Safety in Mines
					Material Handling in Mines

Date: 19-10-2022

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 5000 85 EXAMINATION BRANCH IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE) TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM 12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	01-11-2022 FN TUESDAY	01-11-2022 AN TUESDAY	02-11-2022 FN WEDNESDAY	02-11-2022 AN WEDNESDAY	04-11-2022 FN FRIDAY
			E3	E4	OE2 Data Structures
			Artificial Neural Networks	Biomedical Instrumentation	Artificial Intelligence Remote Sensing & GIS Python Programming
			Scripting Languages	s Database Management Systems	Java Programming Fundamentals of Biomedical
ELECTRONICS	Manageral		Digital Image Processing	Systems	Applications Utilization of Electrical Energy
AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (04-ECE)	Microwave and Optical Communications	Professional Practice law & Ethics			Electric Drives and Control Basic Mechanical Engineering Basics of Aeronautical Engineering
			Network Security and Cryptography	Intellectual Property Rights Principles of Entrepreneurship	
				Basic Mechanical Engineering Natural Gas Engineering Engineering Materials	
				Surface Engineering Health & Safety in Mines Material Handling in Mines	

Date: 19-10-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85 **EXAMINATION BRANCH** IV YEAR B.TECH - I SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE) TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM:12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	01-11-2022 FN TUESDAY	01-11-2022 AN TUESDAY	02-11-2022 FN WEDNESDAY	02-11-2022 AN WEDNESDAY	04-11-2022 FN FRIDAY			
			E4	E5	OE2			
					Remote Sensing & GIS			
			Graph Theory	Advanced Algorithms	Fundamentals of Biomedical			
			Graph Theory	Advanced Algorithmis	Applications			
					Electronic Sensors			
					Utilization of Electrical Energy			
	×		5		Electric Drives and Control			
COMPUTER	Cryptography			Real Time Systems	Basic Mechanical Engineering			
SCIENCE						Introduction to Embedded		Basics of Aeronautical
AND				Systems		Engineering		
ENGINEERIN	& Network Security	Data Mining			Intellectual Property Rights			
G				Soft Computing	Principles of Entrepreneurship			
(05-CSE)			Artificial Intelligence		Natural Gas Engineering			
					Engineering Materials			
			Cloud Computing		Surface Engineering			
			Cloud Computing	Internet of Things	Health & Safety in Mines			
				-	Material Handling in Mines			
			Ad-hoc & Sensor Networks	Software Process & Project Management				

Date: 19-10-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH - I SEMESTER - R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE)

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH			DATE, SESSION ANI	DDAY		
DRANCH	11-11-2022 FN FRIDAY	11-11-2022 AN FRIDAY	12-11-2022 FN SATURDAY	12-11-2022 AN SATURDAY	14-11-2022 FN MONDAY	14-11-2022 AN MONDAY
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Structural Analysis-II	Geotechnical Engineering	Structural Engineering-I	Transportation Engineering	Concrete Technology Theory of Elasticity Rock Mechanics	Engineering Economics and Accountancy Machinery
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Power Electronics	Power System-II	Measurements and Instrumentation	Business Economics and Financial Analysis	Computer Architecture High Voltage Engineering Electrical Machine Design	
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Dynamics of Machinery	Design of Machine Members-I	Metrology & Machine Tools	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Thermal Engineering-II	Operations Research

DATE: 07-11-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Sumapally (V), Nousappinel play, in

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KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH -I SEMESTER - R18 REGULATION I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022-(IN OFFLINE MODE)

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

		DATE, SES	SION AND DAY			
BRANCH	11-11-2022 FN FRIDAY	11-11-2022 AN FRIDAY	12-11-2022 FN SATURDAY	12-11-2022 AN SATURDAY	14-11-2022 FN MONDAY	14-11-2022 AN MONDAY
ELECTRONICS				Business Economics &	Error Correcting Codes	
& COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING	Microprocessor & Microcontrollers	Data Communications and Networks	Control Systems	Financial Analysis	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	
(04- ECE)					Computer Organization & Operating Systems	
					Information Theory & Coding	Computer Graphics Common to (CSE, IT)
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING					Advanced Computer Architecture Common to (CSE, IT)	Advanced Operating Systems Common to (CSE, IT)
(05- CSE)	Formal Languages & Automata Theory	Software Engineering	Computer Networks	Web Technologies	Data Analytics Common to (CSE, IT)	Informational Retrieval Systems
					Image Processing Common to (CSE, IT)	Distributed Databases
					Principles of Programming Languages Common to (CSE, IT)	Natural Language Processing
ELECTRONICS AND					Instrumentation Practices in Industries	
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMSNTTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Microprocessor & Microcontrollers	Process Dynamics and Control	Control Systems	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	
(10-EIE)					Robotics and Automation	

DATE: 07-11-2022

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EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH –I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022 -(IN OFFLINE MODE) TI M E T A B L E

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TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE	, SESSION AND DAY		
BRANCH	11-11-2022 FN FRIDAY	11-11-2022 AN FRIDAY	12-11-2022 FN SATURDAY	12-11-2022 AN SATURDAY	14-11-2022 FN MONDAY	14-11-2022 AN MONDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)					Compiler Design	Ethical Hacking
(CYBER SECURITY)	Design and Analysis of		Cryptography and		Artificial Intelligence	Data Science
(62-CSE(CS)		Database	Network Security	Formal Languages and Automata		Distributed Systems
	Algorithms	Management		Theory	Data warehousing and Data Mining	
		Systems	*	Theory	Ad-hoc & Sensor	Cyber Laws
					Networks	IOT Security
					Cloud computing	101 Security
COMPUTER SCIENCE					Graph Theory	Software Testing Methodologies
AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND				n i k Karan	Introduction to Data Science	Information Retrieval Systems
MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML)	Design and Analysis of		Computer Networks	Compiler Design	Web Programming	Pattern Recognition
	Algorithms	Machine Learning			Image Processing	Computer Vision and Robotics
					Computer Graphics	Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence
			GAR	and the second se		

DATE: 07-11-2022

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EXAMINATION BRANCH <u>III YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS NOVEMBER-2022 -(IN OFFLINE MODE)</u> TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE	, SESSION AND DAY		
BRANCH	11-11-2022 FN FRIDAY	11-11-2022 AN FRIDAY	12-11-2022 FN SATURDAY	12-11-2022 AN SATURDAY	14-11-2022 FN MONDAY	14-11-2022 AN MONDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	Design and Analysis of	Introduction to Data			Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence	Spatial and Multimedia Databases
(DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	Algorithms	Science	Computer Networks	Data Mining	Artificial Intelligence Web Programming	Information Retrieval Systems Software Project Management
					Image Processing	DevOps
					Computer Graphics	Computer Vision and Robotics
					Architecting Smart IoT Devices	Machine Learning
COMPUTER SCIENCE		Database Management			Data Analytics for IoT	Real Time Systems
AND ENGINEERING (IOT)	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	Systems	Computer Networks	Finite Automata and Compiler Design	IoT System Architectures	Embedded Hardware Design
(69-CSE(IOT)	merocontroners			Compiler Design	Operating Systems for IoT	Energy Sources and Power Management
					Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Software Engineering

DATE: 07-11-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

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KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM**

I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS DECEMBER-2022 /JANUARY-2023 **REVISED TIMETABLE**

			DATE AND DAY	
BRANCH	29-12-2022 THURSDAY	30-12-2022 FRIDAY	31-12-2022 SATURDAY	02-01-2023 MONDAY
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	C Programming and Data Structures	Electrical Circuit Analysis – I
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03-ME)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION S ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming for Engineers	English for Skill Enhancement

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

DATE: 23-12-2022

CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM**

I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS DECEMBER-2022 /JANUARY-2023

REVISED TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

		DATE AND DAY							
BRANCH	29-12-2022 THURSDAY	30-12-2022 FRIDAY	31-12-2022 SATURDAY	02-01-2023 MONDAY					
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Matrices and Calculus.	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering					
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)			C Programming for Engineers	English for Skill Enhancement					
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (12- IT)	TECHNOLOGY		Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering					

DATE: 23-12-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM** I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS DECEMBER-2022 /JANUARY-2023

REVISED TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

0

			DATE AND DAY	
BRANCH	29-12-2022 THURSDAY	30-12-2022 FRIDAY	31-12-2022 SATURDAY	02-01-2023 MONDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML))	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	Programming for Problem Solving	English for Skill Enhancement
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS))	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT))	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	Programming for Problem Solving	English for Skill Enhancement
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering
TEXTILE ENGINEERING (71-TTE)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement
DATE: 23-12-2022	Aval Gunt	PRINCIPAL hthi Institute of Engg. 8 hapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), 1	Tech R.R. Dist. Sd/ CONTROLLER	/- OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCH II YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER R18 REGULATION I-MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023** TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH		DATE	C, SESSION AND DAY			
	23-01-2023 FN Monday	23-01-2023 AN MONDAY	24-01-2023 FN TUESDAY	24-01-2023 AN TUESDAY	25-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	25-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Surveying and Geomatics	Engineering Geology	Strength of Materials - I	Probability and Statistics	Fluid Mechanics	
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Engineering Mechanics	Electrical Circuit Analysis	Analog Electronics	Electrical Machines - I	Electromagnetic Fields	
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Probability and Statistics & Complex	Mechanics of Solids	Material Science and Metallurgy	Production Technology	Thermodynamics	

DATE: 17-01-2023

Sd/-**CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS**

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCH II YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER R18 REGULATION I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023** TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH		DATE, SESSION AND DAY								
	23-01-2023 FN Monday	23-01-2023 AN MONDAY	24-01-2023 FN TUESDAY	24-01-2023 AN TUESDAY	25-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	25-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY				
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes	Network Analysis and Transmission Lines	Digital System Design	Signals and Systems	Electronic Devices and Circuits					
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Analog and Digital Electronics	Data Structures	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	Object Oriented Programming using C++	Computer Organization and Architecture					
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMSNTTATION ENGINEERING (10EIE)	Electronic Measurements	Network Theory	Transducers Engineering	Signals and Systems	Electronic Devices and Circuits					

DATE: 17-01-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Sd/-CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H II YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER R18 REGULATION I -MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TI M E T A B L E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE, SESSION D	DAY		
BRANCH	23-01-2023 FN Monday	23-01-2023 AN MONDAY	24-01-2023 FN TUESDAY	24-01-2023 AN TUESDAY	25-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	25-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML)	Discrete Mathematics	Data Structures	Mathematical and Statistical Foundations	Python Programming	Computer Organization and Architecture	Business Economics & Financial Analysis
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	Discrete Mathematics	Data Structures	Mathematical and Statistical Foundations	Python Programming	Computer Organization and Architecture	Business Economics & Financial Analysis
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT)	Analog and Digital Electronics	Data Structures	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	Python Programming	Discrete Mathematics	
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Analog and Digital Electronics	Data Structures	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	Python Programming	Computer Organization and Architecture	

17-01-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 5000 85 EXAMINATION BRANCH

C

IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	04-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	04-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	05-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	05-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	06-01-2023 FN FRIDAY
			E3	E4	OE2
					Data Structures Artificial Intelligence
			Digital Control systems	HVDC Transmission	Remote Sensing & GIS
			Digital Signal Processing	Power System	Python Programming
				Reliability	Java Programming
ELECTRICAL AND	Fundamentals of		Electrical and Hybrid Vehicles	Industrial Electrical Systems	Fundamentals of Biomedical Applications
ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	Management for Engineers				Electronic Sensors Basic Mechanical Engineering
(02-EEE)					Basics of Aeronautical Engineerin
					Intellectual Property Rights
					Principles of Entrepreneurship
					Natural Gas Engineering
					Engineering Materials
					Surface Engineering
			P.D.I		Health & Safety in Mines
		_	NCIPAL		Material Handling in Mines

Date: 24-12-2022

1150 E

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Sd/-

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM:12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	04-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	04-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	05-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	05-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	06-01-2023 FN FRIDAY
		E2	E3	E4	OE2
		Additive Manufacturing	Power Plant Engineering	Computational Fluid Dynamics	Remote Sensing & GIS
					Data Structures
		Automation in Manufacturing	Automobile Engineering		Artificial Intelligence
				Turbo Machinery	Python Programming
		MEMS	Renewable Energy	Fluid Power Systems	Java Programming
			Sources		Fundamentals of Biomedical
					Applications
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	Refrigeration & Air				Electronic Sensors
	Conditioning				Utilization of Electrical
(03-ME)					Energy
					Electric Drives and Control
					Basics of Aeronautical
	2				Engineering
					Intellectual Property Rights
					Principles of Entrepreneurship
					Engineering Materials
	8 8	0	RL		Surface Engineering
		- gd	IN C		Natural Gas Engineering
					Health & Safety in Mines
		PRI PRI PRI PRI PRI	NCIPAL		Material Handling in Mines
ate: 24-12-2022		Avanthi Institu	NCIPAL te of Engg. & Toch fullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.		Sd/-
		Affittinkand		CONTROL	LER OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85 **EXAMINATION BRANCH**

IV YEAR B.TECH - I SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	04-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	04-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	05-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	05-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	06-01-2023 FN FRIDAY
			E3	E4	OE2
a					Data Structures
		Artificial Neural	Biomedical Instrumentation	Artificial Intelligence	
			Networks	Biomedical mstrumentation	Remote Sensing & GIS
					Python Programming
			Scripting Languages	Datahasa Managamant	Java Programming
				Database Management Systems	Fundamentals of Biomedical
	n ar An Constanting An Ar An Constanting		Digital Image	Systems	Applications
ELECTRONICS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Processing		Utilization of Electrical Energy
AND	Microwave and	Professional		-	
OMMUNICATION	Optical	Practice law &			Electric Drives and Control
ENGINEERING	Communications	Ethics			Basic Mechanical Engineering
(04-ECE)					Basics of Aeronautical Engineering
			,		Intellectual Property Rights
				Network Security and	Principles of Entrepreneurship
				Cryptography	Basic Mechanical Engineering
					Natural Gas Engineering
					Engineering Materials
			CARL		Surface Engineering
			PRINCIPAL & Tec		Health & Safety in Mines
		and the second	PRINCIPAL & Tec	h	Material Handling in Mines
Data: 24 11 2022		Avanthi In	PRINCIPAL stitute of Engg. & Tec v), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dis	t.	
Date: 24-11-2022		Gunthapally (stitute of Engg. & top v), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dis		Sd/-

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 5000 85 EXAMINATION BRANCH IV YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 11.40 AM TO 1.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 11.40 AM TO 12.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 12.40 PM TO 1.00 PM) AN: 3.40 PM TO 5.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 3.40 PM TO 04. 40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 4.40 PM TO 05.00 PM)

BRANCH	04-01-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	04-01-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	05-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	05-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	06-01-2023 FN FRIDAY
			E4	E5	OE2
			Graph Theory	Advanced Algorithms	Remote Sensing & GIS Fundamentals of Biomedical Applications
					Electronic Sensors Utilization of Electrical Energy
				Real Time Systems	Electric Drives and Control
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND	Cryptography		Introduction to Embedded Systems	Kear Time Systems	Basic Mechanical Engineering Basics of Aeronautical Engineering
ENGINEERIN G	& Network Security	& Network Data Mining Security		Soft Computing	Intellectual Property Rights Principles of Entrepreneurship
(05-CSE)			Artificial Intelligence		Natural Gas Engineering Engineering Materials
			Cloud Computing	Internet of Things	Surface Engineering Health & Safety in Mines Material Handling in Mines
		-	Ad-hoc & Sensor Networks	Software Process & Project Management	

Date: 24-12-2022

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunihapaily (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH		DATE, SESSION AND DAY								
DALIACON	19-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	19-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	20-01-2023 FN FRIDAY	20-01-2023 AN FRIDAY	21-01-2023 FN SATURDAY	21-01-2023 AN SATURDAY				
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Structural Analysis-II	Geotechnical Engineering	Structural Engineering-I	Transportation Engineering	Concrete Technology Theory of Elasticity Rock Mechanics	Engineering Economics and Accountancy Machinery				
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Power Electronics	Power System-II	Measurements and Instrumentation	Business Economics and Financial Analysis	Computer Architecture High Voltage Engineering Electrical Machine Design					
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Dynamics of Machinery	Design of Machine Members-I	Metrology & Machine Tools	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Thermal Engineering-II	Operations Research				

DATE: 09-01-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N BR A N C H III YEAR B.TECH –I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TI M E T A B L E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

		DATE, SES	SION AND DAY			
BRANCH	19-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	19-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	20-01-2023 FN FRIDAY	20-01-2023 AN FRIDAY	21-01-2023 FN SATURDAY	21-01-2023 AN SATURDAY
ELECTRONICS				Business Economics &	Error Correcting Codes	
& COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING	Microprocessor & Microcontrollers	Data Communications and Networks	Control Systems	Financial Analysis	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	
(04- ECE)					Computer Organization & Operating Systems	
COMPLETE					Information Theory & Coding	Computer Graphics Common to (CSE, IT)
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING				Web Technologies	Advanced Computer Architecture Common to (CSE, IT)	Advanced Operating Systems Common to (CSE, IT)
(05- CSE)	Formal Languages & Automata Theory		Computer Networks		Data Analytics Common to (CSE, IT)	Informational Retrieval Systems
					Image Processing Common to (CSE, IT)	Distributed Databases
					Principles of Programming Languages Common to (CSE, IT)	Natural Language Processing
ELECTRONICS AND					Instrumentation Practices in Industries	
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMSNITATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Microprocessor & Microcontrollers	Process Dynamics and Control	Control Systems	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	
		- Co	AL AL		Robotics and Automation	

DATE: 09-01-2023

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH –I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023 TI M E T A B L E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE	, SESSION AND DAY		
BRANCH	19-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	19-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	20-01-2023 FN FRIDAY	20-01-2023 AN FRIDAY	21-01-2023 FN SATURDAY	21-01-2023 AN SATURDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING)					Compiler Design	Ethical Hacking
(CYBER SECURITY)			Cryptography and		Artificial Intelligence	Data Science
(62-CSE(CS)	Design and Analysis of	Database	Network Security	Formal Languages	-	– Distributed Systems
	Algorithms	Management Theory		Data warehousing and Data Mining	~	
		Systems		lineory	Ad-hoc & Sensor	– Cyber Laws
			а — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Networks	IOT Security
					Cloud computing	
COMPUTER SCIENCE					Graph Theory	Software Testing Methodologies
AND ENGINEERING						
(ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND				an si su su su	Introduction to Data Science	Information Retrieval Systems
MACHINE LEARNING)	Design and Analysis of		Computer Networks	Compiler Design	Web Programming	Pattern Recognition
		Machine Learning		e empirer 2 tergi		
					Image Processing	Computer Vision and Robotics
					Computer Graphics	Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence
			201			

DATE: 09-01-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCH <u>III YEAR B.TECH – I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JANUARY-2023</u> TIMETABL E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE	, SESSION AND DAY		
BRANCH	19-01-2023 FN THURSDAY	19-01-2023 AN THURSDAY	20-01-2023 FN FRIDAY	20-01-2023 AN FRIDAY	21-01-2023 FN SATURDAY	21-01-2023 AN SATURDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	Design and Analysis of	Introduction to Data			Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence	Spatial and Multimedia Databases
(DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Introduction to Data Science Computer Networks	Computer Networks	ks Data Mining	Artificial Intelligence Web Programming	Information Retrieval Systems Software Project Management
					Image Processing Computer Graphics	DevOps Computer Vision and Robotics
					Architecting Smart IoT Devices	Machine Learning
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT)	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers	- Systems	Computer Networks	Finite Automata and Compiler Design	Data Analytics for IoT IoT System Architectures	Real Time Systems Embedded Hardware Design
(69-CSE(IOT)					Operating Systems for IoT	Energy Sources and Power Management
					Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Software Engineering

DATE: 09-01-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapaliy (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500085 EXAMINATION BRANCHECM

I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS MARCH-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

			DATE AND DAY		
BRANCH	03-03-2023 FRIDAY	04-03-2023 SATURDAY	06-03-2023 MONDAY	08-03-2023 WEDNESDAY	09-03-2023 THURSDAY
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement	
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	C Programming and Data Structures	Electrical Circuit Analysis – I	
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03-ME)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement	
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION S ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming for Engineers	English for Skill Enhancement	

DATE: 21-02-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Sd/-

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM** I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS MARCH-2023 TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

	DATE AND DAY							
BRANCH	03-03-2023 FRIDAY	04-03-2023 SATURDAY	06-03-2023 MONDAY	08-03-2023 WEDNESDAY	09-03-2023 THURSDAY			
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Matrices and Calculus.	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering				
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming for Engineers	English for Skill Enhancement				
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (12- IT)	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering				
DATE: 21-02-202	3 Avanthi Insti Gunthapally (V), A	NCIPAL tute of Engg. & Tech bdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.	CONTE	sd/- ROLLER OF EXAMINA	TIONS			

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCHECM

I YEAR B.TECH I SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS MARCH-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

	DATE AND DAY						
BRANCH	03-03-2023 FRIDAY	04-03-2023 SATURDAY	06-03-2023 MONDAY	08-03-2023 WEDNESDAY	09-03-2023 THURSDAY		
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML))	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	Programming for Problem Solving	English for Skill Enhancement			
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS))	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering			
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT))	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	Programming for Problem Solving	English for Skill Enhancement			
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Matrices and Calculus	Engineering Chemistry	Programming for Problem Solving	Basic Electrical Engineering			
TEXTILE ENGINEERING (71-TTE)	Matrices and Calculus	Applied Physics	C Programming and Data Structures	English for Skill Enhancement			

DATE: 21-02-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Web : <u>www.jntuh.ac.in</u> E Mail : <u>dejntuh@jntuh.ac.in</u> Phone : Off: +91-40-23156113 Fax : +91-40-23158668



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by JNTU Act No. 30 of 2008) Kukatpally, Hyderabad – 500 085 Telangana (India) ACCREDITED BY NAAC WITH 'A' GRADE

Dr. K. VENKATESWARA RAO

M.Sc.,M.Tech.,PhD.,PDF(USA). Professor of Nano Technology & DIRECTOR OF EVALUATION

Letter No EB /OLE/1197

Date: 28-04-2023

То

The Principals, Constituent and Affiliated colleges offering B.Tech. Courses, JNTUH

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: JNTUH - Exam Branch - Conducting of B.Tech. II year I sem second midterms exams and external Lab examinations, and for the B.Tech IV year II and III year II sem first midterm exams May-2023 University Exams -Intimation-Reg.

Ref: Note file orders of the Vice-Chancellor dated 28.03.2023

The Principals are informed to note that the dates for lab external examinations and second mid term exams of B.Tech II year I sem, B.Tech III & IV years II sem of first midterm exam are to be scheduled as mentioned in the table below.

S.No	Event	Starting Date	Ending Date
1.	Conducting of second mid term exams of B.Tech II year I		
	semester	02-05-2023	07-05-2023
2.	Conducting of Lab Externals for both B.Tech II year I		
	semester reg/supply II year II sem supply.		
3.	Uploading of mid marks and External Lab marks	On or before 1:	5-05-2023
4.	Conducting of first mid term exams of B.Tech III & IV	08-05-2023	15-05-2023
	year II semester		

The cooperation of the Principals is highly solicited.

Thanking you

PRINCIPAL Institute of Engg. & Tech

Yours Sincerely

Sd/-DIRECTOR OF EVALUATION(V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist Web : www.jntuh.ac.in E Mail : dejntuh@jntuh.ac.in Phone : Off: +91-40-23156113 Fax: +91-40-23158668



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

(Established by JNTU Act No. 30 of 2008) Kukatpally, Hyderabad – 500 085 Telangana (India) ACCREDITED BY NAAC WITH 'A' GRADE

Dr. K. VENKATESWARA RAO M.Sc., M.Tech., PhD., PDF(USA). Professor of Nano Technology & DIRECTOR OF EVALUATION

Letter No EB /OLE/1197

Date: 28-04-2023

То

The Principals, Constituent and Affiliated colleges offering B.Tech. Courses, JNTUH

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: JNTUH - Exam Branch - Conducting of B.Tech. II year I sem second midterms exams and external Lab examinations, and for the B.Tech IV year II and III year II sem first midterm exams May-2023 University Exams -Intimation-Reg.

Ref: Note file orders of the Vice-Chancellor dated 28.03.2023

The Principals are informed to note that the dates for lab external examinations and second mid term exams of B.Tech II year I sem, B.Tech III & IV years II sem of first midterm exam are to be scheduled as mentioned in the table below.

S.No	Event	Starting Date	Ending Date	
1.	Conducting of second mid term exams of B.Tech II year I			
а.	semester	02-05-2023	07-05-2023	
2.	Conducting of Lab Externals for both B.Tech II year I			
	semester reg/supply II year II sem supply.			
3.	Uploading of mid marks and External Lab marks On or before 15-05-2023			
4.	Conducting of first mid term exams of B.Tech III & IV	08-05-2023	15-05-2023	
	year II semester			

The cooperation of the Principals is highly solicited.

Thanking you

Sd/-DIRECTOR OF EVALUATION Institute of Engg. & Tech Avenue of Engg. & Tech Curthepally (V), Abdullapurnet (Mal), R.R. Dis

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM** I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

TIMETABL E

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

		DATE A	AND DAY	
BRANCH	19-06-2023 MONDAY	21-06-2023 WEDNESDAY	22-06-2023 THURSDAY	23-06-2023 FRIDAY
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Applied Mechanics	Engineering Chemistry	Surveying
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electrical Circuit Analysis - II	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03-ME)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Engineering Mechanics	Engineering Chemistry	Engineering Materials
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION S ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering

DATE: 15-06-2023

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Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

INCIPAL

Tech

CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H ECM I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER – R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023 T I M E T A B L E

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

	DATE AND DAY						
BRANCH	19-06-2023 MONDAY	21-06-2023 WEDNESDAY	22-06-2023 THURSDAY	23-06-2023 FRIDAY			
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement			
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering			
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (12- IT)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement			

DATE: 15-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H ECM I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER – R22 REGULATIONS I - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

			DATE AND DAY	
BRANCH	19-06-2023 MONDAY	21-06-2023 WEDNESDAY	22-06-2023 THURSDAY	23-06-2023 FRIDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML))	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS))	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT))	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
TEXTILE ENGINEERING (71-TTE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Engineering Mechanics	Engineering Chemistry	Engineering Materials

DATE: 15-06-2023

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH - II SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM

BRANCH	19-06-2023 FN MONDAY	19-06-2023 AN MONDAY	21-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY
	E5 Power Quality & FACTS	E6 Smart Grid Technologies	OE3
	Control Systems Design AI Techniques in Electrical Engineering	Electrical Distribution Systems	Database Management Systems Elements of Rocket Propulsion Basics of Virtual Instrumentation Environmental Impact Assessment Fundamentals of Robotics
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02-EEE)		Advanced Control of Electric Drives	Green Fuel Technologies High Temperature Materials Light Metals and Alloys Linear and Non-Linear Optimization Techniques Mobile Application Development Machine Learning Measuring Instruments Non-Conventional Sources of energy
			Remote Sensing and GIS in Mining Total Quality Management Solid Fuel Technology Scripting Languages

Date: 12-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH - II SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

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BRANCH	19-06-2023 FN MONDAY	19-06-2023 AN MONDAY	21-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY
	E5	E6	OE3
	Industrial Robotics	Industrial Management	Basics of Power Plant Engineering
			Basics of Virtual Instrumentation
	Composite Materials		Environmental Impact Assessment
			Database Management Systems
		Tribology	Elements of Rocket Propulsion
	Mechanical Vibrations		Energy Sources and Applications
		Production and Operations	Fundamentals of Robotics
MECHANICAL		Management	Green Fuel Technologies
ENGINEERING			High Temperature Materials
LIGHTELING			Light Metals and Alloys
(03-ME)			Linear and Non-Linear Optimization Techniques
			Mobile Application Development
			Machine Learning
			Measuring Instruments
			Remote Sensing and GIS in Mining
			Total Quality Management
			Solid Fuel Technology
			Scripting Languages

Date: 12-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

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BRANCH	19-06-2023 FN MONDAY	19-06-2023 AN MONDAY	21-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY
	E5	E6	OE3 Basics of Power Plant Engineering
			Database Management Systems
	Satellite Communications	System on Chip Architecture	Elements of Rocket Propulsion
			Energy Sources and Applications
			Environmental Impact Assessment
	Radar Systems	Test and Testability	Fundamentals of Robotics
ELECTRONICS			Green Fuel Technologies
AND			High Temperature Materials
COMMUNICATION	Wireless Sensor Networks	Low Power VLSI Design	Light Metals and Alloys
ENGINEERING			Linear and Non-Linear Optimization Techniques
			Mobile Application Development
(04-ECE)			Machine Learning
			Non-Conventional Sources of energy
			Basics of Virtual Instrumentation
			Remote Sensing and GIS in Mining
			Total Quality Management
			Solid Fuel Technology
			Scripting Languages

Date: 12-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunihapally (V), Abdullaburmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist

KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 5000 85

EXAMINATION BRANCH

IV YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023 TIMETABLE

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BRANCH	19-06-2023 FN MONDAY	19-06-2023 AN MONDAY	21-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY
		E6	OE3
		Computational Complexity	Basics of Power Plant Engineering
		Distributed Systems	Elements of Rocket Propulsion
			Energy Sources and Applications
COMPUTER SCIENCE	Organizational Behaviour	Neural Networks & Deep Learning Cyber Forensics	Environmental Impact Assessment
AND ENGINEERING			Fundamentals of Robotics
	o iguinzational 2 cha tour		Green Fuel Technologies
(05-CSE)			High Temperature Materials
(03-CSE)	5		Light Metals and Alloys
			Measuring Instruments
			Non-Conventional Sources of energy
		Human Computer Interaction	Remote Sensing and GIS in Mining
			Total Quality Management
			Solid Fuel Technology
			Basics of Virtual Instrumentation
			Linear and Non-Linear Optimization Techniques

Date: 12-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

TIME TABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH	26-06-2023 FN MONDAY	26-06-2023 AN MONDAY	27-06-2023 FN TUESDAY	27-06-2023 AN TUESDAY	28-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	28-06-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
				E2		(OE1)
				Optimization Techniques		Alloy Steels Basics of Sensors Technology
				- r	D. C. (Cloud Computing
			Power System		Power System Operation and Control	Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
			Protection	Wind and Solar Energy]	Cyber Laws
			м. ж	systems		Cyber Laws & Ethics
						Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
		1		Power Semiconductor		Entrepreneurship
ELECTRICAL				Drives		Ethical Hacking
AND						Fundamentals of Ai
						Fundamentals of Data Science
						Fundamentals of Internet of Things
S	Signals and Systems	Microprocessors &		1		Fundamentals of Management For
ENGINEERIN	0	Microcontrollers				Engineers
G					5	Game Theory
						General Geology
(02-EEE)						Industrial Management
					X	Introduction To Iot
						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
		×				Machine Learning Basics
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
					na géala a sa sa an filin. Dhadhach an	Machine Learning Basics
						Operations Research
		× .				Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
			- 0 1			R Programming
			EN L		er al a reaction of all in a	Testing of Materials
Date: 20-06-202	3					Sd/-
		PRIM	VCIPAL te of Engg. & Tech Iullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Diet		со	NTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS
		Avanthi Institu Gunthapally (V), Abd	ullapurmet (Mdl), K.N. D.			

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

TIME TABL E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH	26-06-2023 FN MONDAY	26-06-2023 AN MONDAY	27-06-2023 FN TUESDAY	27-06-2023 AN TUESDAY	28-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	28-06-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
2				EI		(OE1)
				Unconventional	Finite Element	Alloy Steels
		· ·		Machining Processes	Methods	Basics Of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
						Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
		CAD & CAM	×	Machine Tool Design		Cyber Laws
		10				Cyber Laws & Ethics
			Heat Transfer		0	Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
		· ·				Entrepreneurship
						Ethical Hacking
						Fundamentals of Ai
						Fundamentals of Data Science
MECHANICAL						Fundamentals of Internet of Things
ENGINEERING						Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
	Design of Machine					Game Theory
(03-ME)	Members-II					General Geology
(00 1112)						Industrial Management
		the provide states and state		Production Planning &	- A1	Introduction To Iot
				Control		Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
				a d ^a mang sa ang sa ang sa	- 8	Machine Learning Basics
			5			Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
						R Programming
				a second de la second	n da la	Reliability Engineering
		-Gal.	$2 \downarrow$			Renewable Energy Sources
						Testing of Materials

Date: 20-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 EXAMINATION BRANCH III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023 TI M E T A B L E

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH	26-06-2023 FN MONDAY	26-06-2023 AN MONDAY	27-06-2023 FN TUESDAY	27-06-2023 AN TUESDAY	28-06-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	28-06-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
				E2		(OE1)
	2		E2			Alloy Steels
						Basics Of Sensors Technology
				Embedded System		Cloud Computing
				Design		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
					VLSI Design	Cyber Laws
						Cyber Laws & Ethics
						Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
						Entrepreneurship
			12			Ethical Hacking
				Mobile		Fundamentals of Ai
ELECTRONICS				Communications And		Fundamentals of Data Science
AND				Networks		Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
COMMUNICATION	Antennas and	Digital Signal				Game Theory
ENGINEERING	Propagation	Processing	Object Oriented			General Geology
			Programming Through			Industrial Management
(04-ECE)			Java			Introduction To Iot
						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
						Machine Learning Basics
~						Network Administration
		s				Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
						Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
,						R Programming
						Reliability Engineering
			PAI			Renewable Energy Sources
		-	CAR			Testing of Materials

Date: 20-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

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	MONDAT	MONDAT	TOLSDAT	TOBOAT		(OE1)
				E3		Alloy Steels
						Basics Of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
				Concurrent Programming		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
						Cyber Laws
						Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
2				Network Programming		Ethical Hacking
						Fundamentals of Ai
					e	Fundamentals of Data Science
с. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —						Fundamentals of Internet Of Things
				Scripting Languages	. 1	Game Theory
COMPUTER			3 ^{- 0}			General Geology
SCIENCE AND				Mobile Application		Industrial Management
NGINEERING	Commiler Design	Machine Learning	Design and Analysis of	Development		Introduction To Iot
	Compiler Design		Algorithms		1	Introduction To Mining Technology
(05-CSE)						Iot Sensors
						Machine Learning Basics
					· ·	Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
	8			Software Testing		Operations Research
				Methodologies		Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
		and				R Programming
		- Cpl.				Reliability Engineering
			NCIPAL Toch			Renewable Energy Sources
	6	PR	Engg. & pist.			Testing of Materials
Date: 20-06-2023		Avanthi Insti Gunthapally (V), I	NCIPAL INCIPAL ute of Engg. & Tech ute of Engg. & Tech Abdullapurmet (Widi), R.R. Dist.	CONTRO	Sd/- LLER OF EXAMINA	

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

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				E3		(OE1)
		5			E3	Alloy Steels
						Basics Of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
						Coal Gasification, CBM & Shale Gas
					Internet of Things	Cyber Laws
				Data Mining		Cyber Laws & Ethics
						Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
				Scripting		Entrepreneurship
				Languages		Ethical Hacking
COMPUTER				Mobile		Fundamentals of Data Science
SCIENCE				Application Development		Fundamentals of Internet of Things
AND ENGINEERING	Artificial Intelligence	Devops	Natural Language	Cryptography And		Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
(ARTIFICIAL	Antinetal Interligence	Devops	Processing	Network Security		Game Theory
INTELLIGENCE			Trocessing		-	General Geology
AND MACHINE						Industrial Management
LEARNING)						Introduction To Iot
(66-CSE(AI&ML						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
				1		Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
			A.A	1		R Programming
			Chis	NCIPAL NCIPAL Ite of Engg. & Tech bdullapumet (Mdi), R.R. Di	N	Reliability Engineering
				NCIPAL & Tec		Renewable Energy Sources
			PRI	in of Engy RR. DI	31.	Testing of Materials
te:20-06-2023			shi Instit	Illaourmet (Mar)		Sd/-
			Avanun (V), A	baumer		CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS
			Guulhapan			

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JUNE-2023

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				E3		(OE1)
			A			Alloy Steels
		×				Basics Of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
				Software Testing		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
				Methodologies		Cyber Laws
						Cyber Laws & Ethics
				Data Visualization Techniques		Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
				roomiquos		Entrepreneurship
						Ethical Hacking
				Scripting Languages		Fundamentals Of Ai
COMPUTER SCIENCE			D' D			Fundamentals Of Internet Of Things
AND ENGINEERING	Compiler Design	Machine Learning	Big Data Analytics	Mobile Application		Fundamentals Of Management For Engineers
(DATASCIENCE)				Development		Game Theory
(67-CSE(DS)						General Geology
						Industrial Management
						Introduction To Iot
						Introduction To Mining
						Technology
						Iot Sensors
				Cryptography and		Machine Learning Basics
				Network Security	5	Network Administration
			2			Non Conventional Energy Sources
			- 1		and a second sec	Operations Research
			AA			Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
		/	100			Reliability Engineering
		-	ABIG.	- Pach		Renewable Energy Sources
			BRINCIPHE	8 160.		Testing Of Materials
te:20-06-2023		Avanthi Gunthapa	Institute of Engs.	, R.R. Dist.		Sd/-
		Gunthapa	(N (A)).		CONT	ROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCH II YEAR B.TECH - II SEMESTER - R18 REGULATION - I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JULY-2023**

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH	DATE, SESSION AND DAY										
BRANCH .	10-07-2023 FN MONDAY	10-07-2023 AN MONDAY	11-07-2023 FN TUESDAY	11-07-2023 AN TUESDAY	12-07-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	12-07-2023 AN WEDNESDAY					
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Basic Mechanical Engineering for Civil Engineers	Strength of Materials - II	Structural Analysis - I	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	Building Materials, Construction and Plannin					
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex variables	Electrical Machines – II	Control Systems	Power System - I	Digital Electronics						
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Kinematics of Machinery	Thermal Engineering - I	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines	Instrumentation and Control Systems						
DATE: 30-06-2	023	Avar	PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL athi Institute of Engg. & apally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R	Tech R. Dist.	Sd/- CONTROLLER OF EXAI	MINATIONS					

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H II YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION - I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JULY-2023

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

		DATE, SESSIO	N AND DAY			
BRANCH	10-07-2023 FN MONDAY	10-07-2023 AN MONDAY	11-07-2023 FN TUESDAY	11-07-2023 AN TUESDAY	12-07-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	12-07-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex Variables	Electromagnetic Fields and Waves	Analog and Digital Communications	Linear IC Applications	Electronic Circuit Analysis	*
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Database Management Systems	Java Programming	
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMSNTTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex Variables	Industrial Instrumentation	Digital System Design	Linear IC Applications	Electronic Circuit Analysis	

DATE: 30-06-2023

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gundhopally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCH**

II YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION - I MID TERM EXAMINATIONS JULY-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE, SE	SSION AND DAY		
BRANCH	10-07-2023 FN MONDAY	10-07-2023 AN MONDAY	11-07-2023 FN TUESDAY	11-07-2023 AN TUESDAY	12-07-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	12-07-2023 AN WEDNESDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CSIT(33)	Automata Theory & Compiler Design	Software Engineering	Operating Systems	Database Management Systems	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND ENGINEERING (34- ITE)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Database Management	Object Oriented Programming using .	
COMPUTER ENGINEERING (SOFTWARE ENGINEERING) (56-CE(SE)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Principles of Software Engineering	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
OMPUTER SCIENCE ND ENGINEERING) CYBER SECURITY) (62-CSE(CS)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Computer Networks	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
DATE: 30-0	6-2023	Avant	PRINCIPAL ni Institute of Engg. & hally (V), Abdullantirmet each P	Teath	Sd/- CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATI	ONS

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H ECM I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER – R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS AUGUST-2023

TIMETABLE

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

	DATE AND DAY								
BRANCH	21-08-2023 MONDAY	22-08-2023 TUESDAY	23-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	24-08-2023 THURSDAY					
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus Applied Mechanics Engineering Chemistry		Surveying						
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electrical Circuit Analysis - II	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement					
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03-ME)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Engineering Mechanics	Engineering Chemistry	Engineering Materials					
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION S ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering					

DATE: 11-08-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Institute of Engg. B Tech Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085

EXAMINATION BRANCHECM

I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS AUGUST-2023

TIMETABL E

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

		DAT	TE AND DAY	
BRANCH	21-08-2023 MONDAY	22-08-2023 TUESDAY	23-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	24-08-2023 THURSDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (12- IT)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Enga, & Te

DATE: 11-08-2023

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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500085 **EXAMINATION BRANCHECM** I YEAR B.TECH II SEMESTER - R22 REGULATIONS II - MID TERM EXAMINATIONS AUGUST-2023 TIMETABL E

TIME→ FN: 10.00 AM TO 12.00 Noon

			DATE AND DAY	
BRANCH	21-08-2023 MONDAY	22-08-2023 TUESDAY	23-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	24-08-2023 THURSDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Engineering Chemistry	Basic Electrical Engineering
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Electronic Devices and Circuits	Applied Physics	English for Skill Enhancement
TEXTILE ENGINEERING (71-TTE)	Ordinary Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	Physineering Mechanics	Engineering Chemistry	Engineering Materials
DATE: 11-08-2023	Ave	nthi Institute of Engs. & hapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R	R. Dist. So CONTROLLER OF	

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H II YEAR B.TECH –II SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION - II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS SEPTEMBER-2023

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

BRANCH	DATE, SESSION AND DAY									
BRANCH	12-09-2023 FN TUESDAY	12-09-2023 AN TUESDAY	13-09-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	13-09-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	14-09-2023 FN THURSDAY	14-09-2023 AN THURSDAY				
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Basic Mechanical Engineering for Civil Engineers	Strength of Materials - II	Structural Analysis - I	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	Building Materials, Construction and Planning				
ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex variables	Electrical Machines – II	Control Systems	Power System - I	Digital Electronics					
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Kinematics of Machinery	Thermal Engineering - I	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines	Instrumentation and Control Systems					
DATE: 06-09-2	023	Avanihi	PRINCIPAL Institute of Engg. & Te Institute of Engg. & Te	non C	Sd/- CONTROLLER OF EXAI	MINATIONS				

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H II YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION - II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS SEPTEMBER-2023

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

		DATE, SESSIO				
BRANCH	12-09-2023 FN TUESDAY	12-09-2023 AN TUESDAY	13-09-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	13-09-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	14-09-2023 FN THURSDAY	14-09-2023 AN THURSDAY
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex Variables	Electromagnetic Fields and Waves	Analog and Digital Communications	Linear IC Applications	Electronic Circuit Analysis	
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (05- CSE)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Database Management Systems	Java Programming	
ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMSNTTATIO N ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods & Complex Variables	Industrial Instrumentation	Digital System Design	Linear IC Applications	Electronic Circuit Analysis	

DATE: 06-09-2023

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Sunthapally (V), Abdullapurmat (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY - HYDERABAD – 500085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H II YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION - II MID TERM EXAMINATIONS SEPTEMBER-2023

TIME→ FN: 9.40 AM TO 11.00 AM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 9.40 AM TO 10.40 AM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 10.40 AM TO 11.00 AM) AN: 1.40 PM TO 03.00 PM (DESCRIPTIVE EXAM: 1.40 PM TO 2.40 PM, OBJECTIVE EXAM: 2.40 PM TO 03.00 PM)

			DATE, SESSION D	DAY		
BRANCH	12-09-2023 FN TUESDAY	12-09-2023 AN TUESDAY	13-09-2023 FN WEDNESDAY	13-09-2023 AN WEDNESDAY	14-09-2023 FN THURSDAY	14-09-2023 AN THURSDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) (66-CSE(AI&ML)	Formal Language and Automata Theory	Software Engineering	Operating Systems	Database Management Systems	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	Formal Language and Automata Theory	Software Engineering	Operating Systems	Database Management Systems	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (IOT) (69-CSE(IOT)	Computer Organization and Architecture	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Sensors and Devices	Object Oriented Programming using Java	
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (NETWORKS) (70-CSE(NETWORKS)	Discrete Mathematics	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Operating Systems	Computer Networks	Object Oriented Programming using Java	

DATE: 06-09-2023

PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H III YEAR B.TECH -I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY/AUGUST-2023

TIME TABLE

	T		DATE DAV	AND SESSION		TIME AN: 2:00	
BRANCH			DATE, DAT	AND SESSION			
DRAITER	20-07-2023 THURSDAY	22-07-2023 SATURDAY	25-07-2023 TUESDAY	27-07-2023 THURSDAY	31-07-2023 MONDAY	02-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	04-08-2023 FRIDAY
	Concrete Technology						
CULU	Theory of Elasticity				Structural Analysis-II	Engineering	
CIVIL ENGINEERING (01-C E)	Rock Mechanics	Geotechnical Engineering	Structural Engineering-I(RCC)	Transportation Engineering		Economics and Accountancy	
ELECTRICAL AND			Measurements and	Business Economics	Computer Architecture		
ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (02- EEE)	Power Electronics Power System-II		Instrumentation	and Financial Analysis	High Voltage Engineering Electrical Machine Design		
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (03- ME)	Design of Machine Members-I	Operations Research	Dynamics of Machinery	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Thermal Engineering-II	Metrology & Machine Tools	
					Error Correcting Codes	1	
ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION S ENGINEERING (04- ECE)	Control Systems	Data Communications and Networks	Microprocessor & Microcontrollers	Business Economics & Financial Analysis	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation Computer Organization & Operating Systems		

TIME→AN: 2:00 PM TO 5:00 PM

DATE: 21-06-2023

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 E X A MINATION BRANCH III YEAR B.TECH -I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY/AUGUST-2023

TIME TABLE

TIME→AN: 2:00 PM TO 5:00 PM

]	DATE, DAY AND SESSI	ON		
BRANCH	20-07-2023 THURSDAY	22-07-2023 SATURDAY	25-07-2023 TUESDAY	27-07-2023 THURSDAY	31-07-2023 MONDAY	02-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	04-08-2023 FRIDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE &					Information Theory & Coding	Advanced Operating Systems	Computer Graphics
ENGINEERIN G (05- CSE)	Formal Languages & Automata Theory	Software Engineering	Computer Networks	Web Technologies	Advanced Computer Architecture	Informational Retrieval Systems	
					Data Analytics	Natural Language	Distributed
		Image Processing	Processing	Databases			
			Principles of Programming				
ELECTRONICS AND	Control Systems	Process Dynamics and	Microprocessor &	Business Economics &	Languages Instrumentation Practices in Industries		
INSTRUMSNTTA TION ENGINEERING (10-EIE)	Control Systems	Control	Microcontrollers	Financial Analysis	Operating Systems Robotics and Automation		
INFORMATIO			-		Biometrics	Machine Learning	
N TECHNOLOG Y				Data Communications	Advanced Computer Architecture	Pattern Recognition	
(12-IT)	Formal Languages & Automata Theory	Software Engineering	Web Programming	and Computer Networks	Data Analytics		Computer Graphics
	ratomata moory			Networks	Image Processing	Database Security	
			Co	Re	Principles of Programming Languages	Advanced Operating Systems	

DATE: 21-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH - I SEMESTER - R18 REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY/AUGUST-2023

TIME TABL E

T I M E→AN: 2:00 PM TO 5:00 PM

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BRANCH	20-07-2023 THURSDAY	22-07-2023 SATURDAY	25-07-2023 TUESDAY	27-07-2023 THURSDAY	31-07-2023 MONDAY	02-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	04-08-2023 FRIDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING) (CYBER SECURITY)	Formal Languages				Compiler Design	Ethical Hacking	
(62-CSE(CS)	and			Design and	Artificial Intelligence	Data Science	Cloud computing
	Automata Theory	1	Database Cryptography and Analysis of Data warehousing an	Data warehousing and	 Distributed Systems 		
	incory	Systems		Algorithms	Data Mining	Cyber Laws	
					Ad-hoc & Sensor Networks		-
						IOT Security	
COMPUTER SCIENCE					Graph Theory	Software Testing Methodologies	
AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL					Introduction to Data	Information Retrieval	
INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)				Design and Analysis	Science	Systems	
(66-CSE(AI&ML)			Computer Networks	of Algorithms	Web Programming	Pattern Recognition	
	Compiler Design	Machine Learning		6		Computer Vision and Robotics	
					Image Processing	Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence	Computer Graphics
			-9	Re			

DATE: 21-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (MdI), R.R. Dist.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 E X A M I N A T I O N B R A N C H III YEAR B.TECH -I SEMESTER – R18 REGULATION SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY/AUGUST-2023

T I M E→AN: 2:00 PM TO 5:00 PM

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BRANCH	20-07-2023 THURSDAY	22-07-2023 SATURDAY	25-07-2023 TUESDAY	27-07-2023 THURSDAY	31-07-2023 MONDAY	02-08-2023 WEDNESDAY	04-08-2023 FRIDAY
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING					Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence	Spatial and Multimedia Databases	
(DATASCIENCE) (67-CSE(DS)	TASCIENCE)	Computer Networks	Analysis of	Artificial Intelligence	Information Retrieval Systems	-	
		-		Web Programming	Software Project Management	Computer Graphics	
					Image Processing	Dev Ops]
						Computer Vision and Robotics	
					Architecting Smart IoT Devices	Machine Learning	Microprocessors & Microcontrollers
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	Finite Automata and	Database Management			Data Analytics for IoT	Real Time Systems	
(IOT) (69-CSE(IOT)	Compiler Design	Systems	Computer Networks		IoT System Architectures	Embedded Hardware Design	
					Operating Systems for IoT	Energy Sources and Power Management	
					Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Software Engineering	

DATE: 21-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH -- II SEMESTER-- R18 REGULATION REGULAR /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY -2023

TIME TABL E

T I M $E \rightarrow$ FN: 10:00 AM TO1:00 PM

BRANCH	10-07-2023 MONDAY	12-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	14-07-2023 FRIDAY	19-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	21-07-2023 FRIDAY	24-07-2023 MONDAY
DIANCI				E2		(OE 1)
						Alloy Steels
				Prestressed Concrete		Basics of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
	×			Elements of Earth		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
				Quake Engineering	Cture at small	Cyber Laws
					Structural Engineering II(Steel)	Cyber Laws & Ethics
				Advanced Structural		Entrepreneurship
				Analysis	II(Steel)	Ethical Hacking
						Fundamentals of Ai
						Fundamentals of Data Science
~~~~						Fundamentals of Internet of Things
CIVIL						Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
ENGINEERIN	Hydrology &	Resources Engineering Engineering	al Foundation			Game Theory
G	Water Resources		Engineering	ering	68	General Geology
	Engineering	0 0				Industrial Management
(01-CE)						Introduction To Iot
						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
						Machine Learning Basics
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
						Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
				50.0 K		R Programming
					5	Reliability Engineering
			2	NO 0		Renewable Energy Sources
		-	- TAA	K		Testing of Materials

Date: 21-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.

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#### KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085 EXAMINATION BRANCH

III YEAR B.TECH - II SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION REGULAR /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY -2023

TIME TABL E

#### T I M E→ FN: 10:00 AM TO1:00 PM

DANCH	10-07-2023	12-07-2023	14-07-2023	19-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	21-07-2023 FRIDAY	24-07-2023 MONDAY
BRANCH	MONDAY	WEDNESDAY	FRIDAY	E2	FRIDAT	( <b>OE</b> 1)
				Optimization Techniques		Alloy Steels Basics of Sensors Technology
				Optimization reeninques		Cloud Computing
			Power System		Power System Operation and Control	Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Ga
			Protection	Wind and Solar Energy		Cyber Laws
				systems		Cyber Laws & Ethics
					-	Disaster Preparedness And Planning Management
				Power Semiconductor		Entrepreneurship
LECTRICAL				Drives		Ethical Hacking
AND						Fundamentals of Ai
LECTRONIC						Fundamentals of Data Science
		Microprocessors &		2 C		Fundamentals of Internet of Things
S	Signals and Systems	Microcontrollers				Fundamentals of Management For
NGINEERIN		Wherecontrollers				Engineers
G					Game Theory	
					General Geology	
(02-EEE)						Industrial Management
						Introduction To Iot
						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
						Machine Learning Basics
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
			RAL		Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions	
			CAR	The per		R Programming
			- /			Testing of Materials
Date: 21-06-20	)23		PRI	NCIPAL		Sd/-
			Avanthi Institu Gunthapally (V), Abd	te of Engg. & Tech ullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.	CC	NTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS

## KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

**EXAMINATION BRANCH** 

III YEAR B.TECH - II SEMESTER- R18 REGULATION REGULAR /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY -2023

### TIME TABL E

#### TIME→ FN:10:00 AM TO 1:00 PM

BRANCH	10-07-2023 MONDAY	12-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	14-07-2023 FRIDAY	19-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	21-07-2023 FRIDAY	24-07-2023 MONDAY
				EI		(OE1)
				Unconventional	Finite Element	Alloy Steels
				Machining Processes	Methods	Basics Of Sensors Technology
						Cloud Computing
				-		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
		CAD & CAM		Machine Tool Design		Cyber Laws
						Cyber Laws & Ethics
			Heat Transfer			Disaster Preparedness And Planning Managemen
						Entrepreneurship
					Billion generation of the	Ethical Hacking
					1.15	Fundamentals of Ai
		Y				Fundamentals of Data Science
MECHANICAL						Fundamentals of Internet of Things
ENGINEERING						Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
ENGINEERING	Design of Machine					Game Theory
(0.2 ME)	Members-II		9			General Geology Industrial Management
(0 <b>3-ME</b> )						Introduction To Iot
				Production Planning &	1	
				Control		Introduction To Mining Technology Iot Sensors
						Machine Learning Basics
		(a)				
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
						R Programming
						Reliability Engineering
						Renewable Energy Sources
				DDI		Testing of Materials

Date: 21-06-2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abduilapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

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## KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD - 500 085

**EXAMINATION BRANCH** 

III YEAR B.TECH – II SEMESTER– R18 REGULATION REGULAR /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS JULY -2023

TIME TABL E

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#### TIME→ FN:10:00 AM TO 1:00 PM

BRANCH	10-07-2023 MONDAY	12-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	14-07-2023 FRIDAY	19-07-2023 WEDNESDAY	21-07-2023 FRIDAY	24-07-2023 MONDAY
DRAILEI				E2		( <b>OE1</b> )
			E2			Alloy Steels
						Basics Of Sensors Technology
				Embedded System		Cloud Computing
				Design		Coal Gasification, Cbm & Shale Gas
					VLSI Design	Cyber Laws
				Mobile		Cyber Laws & Ethics
				Communications And		Disaster Preparedness And Planning Managemen
				Networks		Entrepreneurship
						Ethical Hacking
						Fundamentals of Ai
ELECTRONICS AND						Fundamentals of Data Science
			Object Oriented			Fundamentals of Management For Engineers
MMUNICATION	Antennas and	Digital Signal				Game Theory
ENGINEERING	Propagation	Processing				General Geology
			Programming Through			Industrial Management
(04-ECE)			Java			Introduction To Iot
(/						Introduction To Mining Technology
						Iot Sensors
			<i>x</i>			Machine Learning Basics
						Network Administration
						Non Conventional Energy Sources
						Operations Research
						Quantitative Analysis For Business Decisions
						R Programming
						Reliability Engineering
				2.4		Renewable Energy Sources
			D	RL		Testing of Materials
1			up.			Sd/-
Date: 21-06-	2023		-			
			PR	NCIPAL		

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.



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# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

## Ref: AVIH/EEE/PROJECT/Cir/2022-23/01

## DATE: 29.08.2022

## PROJECT SCHEDULE

For the academic year 2022-23, all the IV B.Tech I Semester (2019 Admitted Batch) are hereby informed that the students should undergo the course PROJECT WORK as per the JNTUH R18 Regulations. The following is the detailed schedule.

S.NO.	Review & Assessment	Торіс	Tentative Schedule
		Semester-I	
1	Project Initialization	a. Problem identification	19.09.2022
		b. Domain and Technology	to
		c. Objective of Project	24.09.2022
		d. Submission of Abstract	
		e. Weekly plan of work	
2	First Review Assessment	a. Literature Survey	10.10.2022
		b. Identification of problem	to
		c. Disadvantage of Existing System	15.10.2022
3	Second Review	a. Proposed Systems	07.11.2022
	Assessment	b. Advantages	to
		c. Design	12.11.2022
4	Third Review Assessment	a. Methodology and Expected Results	05.12.2022
		b. Implementation and Results	to
			10.12.2022
		Semester-II	
5	Fourth Review Assessment	a. Analysis	13.02.2023
		b. Progress of work observation	То
			20.02.2023
6	Fifth Review Assessment	a. Testing and validation	10.04.2023
		b. Project documentation status	То
			17.04.2023
7	Sixth and final Review	a. Conclusion and future study	01.05.2023
	Assessment	b. Submission of Project document	То
			08.05.2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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### Guidelines to students:

1. UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage – I during IV Year I Semester, Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester.

2. Each stage will be evaluated for 100 marks. Student has to submit project work report at the end of each semester.

3. First report includes project work carried out in IV Year I semester and second report includes project work carried out in IV Year I & II Semesters.

4. SEE for both project stages shall be completed before the commencement of SEE Theory examinations.

5. For Project Stage – I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall evaluate the project 10 work for 75 marks and project supervisor shall evaluate for 25 marks.

6. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

7. A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

8. For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 75 marks and the project supervisor shall evaluate it for 25 marks.

9. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - II, or does not make a presentation of the same before the external examiner as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

10. For conducting viva-voce of project stage – II, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

11. A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

Project Co-Ordinator

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

Head o Electrical & E tes Enginees Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdi), Ranga Reddy District.



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# DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

## Ref: AVIH/MECH/PROJECT/Cir/2022-23/01

DATE: 29.08.2022

## PROJECT SCHEDULE

For the academic year 2022-23, all the IV B.Tech I Semester (2019 Admitted Batch) are hereby informed that the students should undergo the course PROJECT WORK as per the JNTUH R18 Regulations. The following is the detailed schedule.

S.NO.	Review & Assessment	Торіс	Tentative Schedule
		Semester-I	
1	Project Initialization	<ul> <li>a. Problem identification</li> <li>b. Domain and Technology</li> <li>c. Objective of Project</li> <li>d. Submission of Abstract</li> <li>a. Waakky plan a famous</li> </ul>	19.09.2022 to 24.09.2022
2	First Review Assessment	<ul><li>e. Weekly plan of work</li><li>a. Literature Survey</li><li>b. Identification of problem</li><li>c. Disadvantage of Existing System</li></ul>	10.10.2022 to
3	Second Review Assessment	a. Proposed Systems b. Advantages c. Design	15.10.2022 07.11.2022 to 12.11.2022
4	Third Review Assessment	a. Methodology and Expected Results b. Implementation and Results	05.12.2022 to 10.12.2022
		Semester-II	10.12.2022
5	Fourth Review Assessment	<ul><li>a. Analysis</li><li>b. Progress of work observation</li></ul>	13.02.2023 To 20.02.2023
6	Fifth Review Assessment	<ul><li>a. Testing and validation</li><li>b. Project documentation status</li></ul>	10.04.2023 To
7	Sixth and final Review Assessment	<ul><li>a. Conclusion and future study</li><li>b. Submission of Project document</li></ul>	17.04.2023 01.05.2023 To 08.05.2023

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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### Guidelines to students:

1. UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage – I during IV Year I Semester, Project Stage – II during IV Year II Semester.

2. Each stage will be evaluated for 100 marks. Student has to submit project work report at the end of each semester.

3. First report includes project work carried out in IV Year I semester and second report includes project work carried out in IV Year I & II Semesters.

4. SEE for both project stages shall be completed before the commencement of SEE Theory examinations.

5. For Project Stage – I, the departmental committee consisting of Head of the Department, project supervisor and a senior faculty member shall evaluate the project 10 work for 75 marks and project supervisor shall evaluate for 25 marks.

6. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Project Stage - I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (ii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

7. A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation, when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

8. For Project Stage – II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 75 marks and the project supervisor shall evaluate it for 25 marks.

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10. For conducting viva-voce of project stage – II, University selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Principal of the College.

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Go-Ordinator Head of Avanthi Institute of Engg. & TecMechanical Engineering Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), RAvanehl Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthanally (Vill), Abdullanur Met (Mdi),



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# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONOCIS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

## Ref: AVIH/ECE/PROJECT/Cir/2022-23/01

## DATE: 29.08.2022

## PROJECT SCHEDULE

For the academic year 2022-23, all the IV B.Tech I Semester (2019 Admitted Batch) are hereby informed that the students should undergo the course PROJECT WORK as per the JNTUH R18 Regulations. The following is the detailed schedule.

S.NO.	<b>Review &amp; Assessment</b>	Торіс	Tentative Schedule
	1	Semester-I	
1	Project Initialization	a. Problem identification	19.09.2022
		b. Domain and Technology	to
	-	c. Objective of Project	24.09.2022
		d. Submission of Abstract	21.09.2022
		e. Weekly plan of work	
2	First Review Assessment	a. Literature Survey	10.10.2022
		b. Identification of problem	to
		c. Disadvantage of Existing System	15.10.2022
3	Second Review	a. Proposed Systems	07.11.2022
	Assessment	b. Advantages	to
		c. Design	12.11.2022
4	Third Review Assessment	a. Methodology and Expected Results	05.12.2022
		b. Implementation and Results	to
			10.12.2022
		Semester-II	
5	Fourth Review Assessment	a. Analysis	13.02.2023
		b. Progress of work observation	То
-			20.02.2023
6	Fifth Review Assessment	a. Testing and validation	10.04.2023
		b. Project documentation status	То
	~		17.04.2023
7	Sixth and final Review	a. Conclusion and future study	01.05.2023
	Assessment	b. Submission of Project document	То
			08.05.2023

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.



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PRINCIPAL

S. D. Or. Project Co-Ordinator

Avanthi Institute of Engg. & TechHead of the Depa Sunthanally (M. Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (mar),

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Techhologgddy District.



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 <u>www.aietg.ac.in</u> email: <u>principal.avanthi@gmail.com</u>

## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

## Ref: AVIH/CSE/PROJECT/Cir/2022-23/01

## DATE: 29.08.2022

## **PROJECT SCHEDULE**

For the academic year 2022-23, all the IV B.Tech I Semester (2019 Admitted Batch) are hereby informed that the students should undergo the course PROJECT WORK as per the JNTUH R18 Regulations. The following is the detailed schedule.

S.NO.	<b>Review &amp; Assessment</b>	Торіс	Tentative Schedule
	1	Semester-I	4
1	Project Initialization	a. Problem identification	19.09.2022
		b. Domain and Technology	to
		c. Objective of Project	24.09.2022
		d. Submission of Abstract	
		e. Weekly plan of work	
2	First Review Assessment	a. Literature Survey	10.10.2022
		b. Identification of problem	to
		c. Disadvantage of Existing System	15.10.2022
3	Second Review	a. Proposed Systems	07.11.2022
	Assessment	b. Advantages	to
		c. Design	12.11.2022
4	Third Review Assessment	a. Methodology and Expected Results	05.12.2022
		b. Implementation and Results	to
			10.12.2022
		Semester-II	
5	Fourth Review Assessment	a. Analysis	13.02.2023
		b. Progress of work observation	То
			20.02.2023
6	Fifth Review Assessment	a. Testing and validation	10.04.2023
		b. Project documentation status	То
			17.04.2023
7	Sixth and final Review	a. Conclusion and future study	01.05.2023
	Assessment	b. Submission of Project document	То
			08.05.2023

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PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





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Project Co-Ordinator

Head of the Computer Science & Engineering

Vanthi Institute of Engg. & TechAvanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (V), Abdullapumet (Mdl), R.R. Dist. Gunthapally (Vill), R.R. Dist. Gu



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	DEPARMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMINUCATION ENGINEERING													
	ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS													
	ACEDAMIC YEAR 2022-23													
	CO-PO Mapping COURSE OUTCOMES													
C01														
CO2	Unders	Understand the utilization of components.												
CO3	Analyz	Analyze the Field Effect Transistor characteristics and its applications												
CO4	Design	and an	nalyze	small s	signal a	mplifi	er circu	iits.					÷	
	_					CO-P	O Map	ping						
CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3		2	2	2							2	2	
CO2	3	3		2	2							2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2							2	2	
CO4	3											2		2
CO avg(M)	3	3	2	2	2							2	2	2

Head of the Department Electronics & Communication Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (VIII), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

PRINCIPAL

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





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 www.aietg.ac.in email: principal.avanthi@gmail.com

		DEPA	RME	NT OF	COM	PUTE	R SCI	ENCE	AND	ENGIN	EERIN	١G		
				HUM	IAN C	ΟΜΡΙ	J <b>TER</b>	INTE	RACT	ION				
					ACEI	DAMI	C YEA	R 202	2-23					
						CO-P	O Map	ping						
					CO	URSE	OUT	COMI	ES					
CO1	Enume	Enumerate the basic concepts of human ,computer interaction.												
CO2	Create	Create the processes of human computer interaction life cycle												
CO3	Analys	Analyse and design the various interaction design models.												
CO4	Apply	Apply the interface design standards/guidelines for evaluating the developed interactions.												
CO5	Establ	ish the	differe	nt leve	els of co	ommur	nication	1 acros	s the aj	oplicatio	n stakel	nolder.		
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	2	2	1	2	2					2		1	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2					1		2	2	
CO3	3	3	3	2	2					2		2		2
CO4	2	2	2	2	2					2	2	2	2	
CO5	2	2	2	2	2					2	2	2		
CO avg(M)	2.4	2.4	2	2	2					1	2	2	2	2

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.

PRINCIPAL

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdi), R.R. Dist.





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		DEPA	RME	NT OF	COM	PUTE	R SCI	ENCE	AND	ENGIN	EERIN	G		
	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS													
					ACED	DAMIC	C YEA	R 2022	2-23					
					C	CO-PO	MAP	PING						
					CO	URSE	OUTO	COME	S					
CO1	CO1 Ability to analyze the performance of algorithms.													
CO2	CO2 Ability to choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application.													
CO3	Ability to understand how the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods impact the											bact the		
						CO-PO	O Map	ping						
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	<b>PO10</b>	<b>PO</b> 11	<b>PO12</b>	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2									2	1	
CO2	2	3	2									2	2	
CO3	2	2	3									2	2	
CO avg(M)	2.33	2.66	2.33									2	2	

Head of the Department Computer Science & Engineering Avanthi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl) Ranga Reddy District. Telangana.

PRINCIPAL

PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.





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	DEI	PARM	ENT (	OF EL	ECTR	ICAL	AND	ELEC	TRON	ICS EN	GINE	ERING		
				HI	GH VO	OLTA	GE EN	IGINE	ERIN	G				
	ACEDAMIC YEAR 2022-23													
	CO-PO Mapping													-
	COURSE OUTCOMES													
CO1	Descri	Describe the principles behind generating high DC - AC and impulse voltages												
CO2	Develo	Develop equivalent circuit models of the different high voltage generators												
CO3	D3 Perform a dynamic response analysis of high voltage measurement systems													
						CO-P	O Map	ping						
СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2			2					2	3	2	
CO2	3	1	2			2					2	3	2	
CO3	3	2	2									3	2	
CO avg(M)	3	2	2			2					2	3	2	

HOD

Head of the Department Electrical & Electronics Engineering Amothi Institute of Engineering & Technology Gunthapally (Vill), Abdullapur Met (Mdl), Ranga Reddy District.

PETTER PRINCIPAL Avanthi Institute of Engg. & Tech Gunthapally (V), Abdullapurmet (Mdl), R.R. Dist.

